"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,935. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1915.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER

Fair today; Friday rain; moderate northwest to northeast winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 12.

WILSON'S DEMANDS WILL BE REJECTED, BERLIN BELIEVES

Rumor in High Circles That Germany Will Refuse to End Submarine Warfare.

BUT HOPES AGAINST WAR

Belief Expressed That We Will Change Our View with Regard to Blockading Tactics.

LESS HOPE IN WASHINGTON

Tone of Berlin Press Causes Gloom—One Feature of Note Explained.

NO REPLY FOR 10 DAYS

Gerard So Notifies the State Department—Italy Now Occupying Centre of the Stage.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, (Via Amsterdam,) May 19.—I learn confidentially that Germany's answer to the United States will probably reaffirm Germany's previously stated position by announcing a continuation of the submarine war.

In well informed quarters the hope is expressed that Americans are too sensible not to see the German point of view of absolute necessity in the life and death struggle and the absurdity of American travelers giving immunity to contraband. There is still the optimistic feeling that the Lusitania incident will not cause war.

Italy's possible participation in the war is overshadowing the situation in Berlin and the American note is arousing little excitement, although there is popular interest in the alleged fact that the Lusitania was an ammunition-carrying auxiliary cruiser.

Count Reventlow says today: "The submarine war will be continued. The German Government knew what it was doing when it took its present course."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, (Via London,) May 19.—Several leading German newspapers join today in a fierce attack on the United States, making a concerted demand that Germany refuse to yield to the Americn protest. Practically all of these newspapers repeat the same arguments, declaring that neutrals entering the war zone do so at their own risk and that the Americans aboard the Lusitania "were shielding contraband goods with their persons."

The Berliner Tageblatt says: "The demand of the Washington Government must be rejected. Indeed, the whole note hardly merits serious consideration. Its 'firm tone' is only a cloak to hide America's consciousness of her own culpability."

AMSTERDAM, (Via London,) May 19.—Captain Persius, writing in the Berlin Tageblatt regarding the American note to Germany, says:

"If, in spite of the German Admiralty's warning against entering the war zone American citizens intrusted themselves to the Lusitania, the blame falls upon themselves and their Government. Can America guarantee that neither guns nor ammunition were on board and, further, that a submarine, when emerging, was not exposed to being rammed by the Lusitania? If the answer is in the negative, as undoubtedly it must be, the American Government, after calm deliberation, will understand it has no right to raise a protest against the torpedoing of the Lusitania.

"The German Government, we expect, will have the firmness to retract no step and should in this case be certain of the approval of the entire people. We hope the lesson will be learned from the sinking of the Lusitania that no neutrals should intrust themselves to British ships or give them goods for transport."

CAPITAL RUMORS GLOOMY.

Washington Hears the Kaiser's Counsellors Are Antagonistic.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Reports received here today from Berlin as to the disposition of persons high in authority in the German Government have served to give a pessimistic tinge to opinion regarding the outcome of the demands contained in President Wilson's note to Germany dealing with the Lusitania disaster and the general German policy of submarine attacks.

Those who had been hopeful that Germany's course would be conciliatory do not extract comfort from these Berlin reports, and some of them are now inclined to believe that the sentiment in the German capital is decidedly antagonistic to making concessions to the American position.

According to the understanding of these reports, men who have great influence in German imperial councils are endeavoring to influence the Government's attitude in the direction of sending a response to the representations

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GERMANS TORPEDO THREE BRITISH SHIPS

Steamer Dumcree Is Sunk—Norwegians Save the Passengers and Crew.

CARDIFF, Wales, May 19.—The British steamer Drumcree, which left Barry yesterday, has been torpedoed in the English Channel. The crew and passengers were saved.

It was only on account of the bravery shown by the crew of a Norwegian steamer that the passengers and crew of the Drumcree were rescued. The Drumcree was first torpedoed when off the Cornish coast yesterday, but the projectile failed to sink her. She was taken in tow by the Norwegian steamer, but the submarine started in pursuit and the Norwegian cast her off.

A second torpedo finished the Drumcree and she was sinking rapidly when the Norwegian vessel, perceiving her peril, returned and took off the passengers and crew.

LONDON, May 19.—The Admiralty reports that the British steamer Dumfries was torpedoed at 11:30 o'clock this morning. All hands were saved. It is added that the steamer is still afloat twenty-five miles southwest of Hartland Point.

The Dumfries, which is 4,121 tons gross, left Cardiff Tuesday for Leghorn.

An Aberdeen dispatch says the trawler Lucerne was sunk by a German submarine forty miles off Rattray Head today. The crew of the trawler was landed.

The steamer Drumcree was built in Sunderland in 1905. She was of 2,557 tons net register, and 374 feet long. She was owned in Liverpool.

CUSHING'S MEN TELL OF GERMAN AIR ATTACK

Aviator Manoeuvred to Drop Bomb Into Funnel—Ample Light to See Ship's Flag.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The report of Captain Lars Larsen Herland, Master of the American tour steamer Cushing, made today upon his arrival here, leaves no room to doubt that the German airmen who bombarded his ship on April 28, knew their mark was an American. A copy of the report will be sent to the State Department.

"The airmen," Captain Herland says, "swept in narrow circles over the tanker, trying to get directly over the funnel, with the idea, apparently, of dropping a bomb into it and wrecking the engine room.

"When attacked the Cushing was about twenty-five miles from Antwerp and eight miles from the North Hinder Lightship. It was near 7 o'clock in the evening, but the sun had barely touched the horizon, and there was ample light for the pilot of the biplane to see the words, 'Cushing, New York, United States of America,' painted on each side of the vessel in letters eight feet hight and to note the Stars and Stripes at the masthead and the taffrail.

"When the airship was first noted it was several thousand feet in the air, but dropped as it approached the ship, and soon was only about 500 feet up. Suddenly it swooped down to about 300 feet above the Cushing. Then there was a tremendous explosion, and a wave flooded the stern deck. A second bomb missed the port quarter by a foot or so, and sent another wave over the lower deck.

"The biplane swung up into the wind, hung motionless for a second or so, then came the third bomb, which just grazed the starboard rail and shot into the sea.

"The airship hung around for a few minutes, then headed toward the Dutch coast. She was flying a white flag, with a black cross in the centre, the pennant of the German air fleet."

"The first bomb exploded like a battleship," said William S. Alexander, Assistant Engineer of the Cushing. "The crew scuttled below deck. The aeroplane was so close that we could plainly hear the whirr of her motor. It was only the poor marksmanship of the Germans that saved us. If they had sent one of those bombs down the smokestack it would have blown up the ship. The bomb that exploded at the stern made me think half the ship had been blown away so great was the concussion."

On her return trip from Antwerp the Cushing grazed a floating mine off the English port of Deal, but so gently that there was no explosion.

Members of the Cushing's crew have dozens of bits of jagged iron gathered from the deck after the third bomb exploded, which they are keeping as souvenirs of the experience.

MAYOR'S BEAR ESCAPED.

Only One Seen on Hunting Trip Got Away—Party Goes to Fair.

Special to The New York Times.

CODY, Wyo., May 19.—Mayor John Purroy Mitchel of New York and his party, including Mrs. Mitchel and Don Barber, arrived here late last evening from their ten days' hunting trip on the ranch of A. A. Anderson of New York, forty-five miles northwest of here. Despite almost constant hunting ever since the party left Cody, only one bear was seen on the trip, and that was not until late last Sunday evening, the last day of the hunt. Then a grizzly was sighted on the dge of some timber. The animal was a monster, according to Mr. Anderson, but too far away for a good shot. The party could not approach directly for fear the animal would scent them on the wind, and a round-about course was taken.

Then began a race between the party and the fast approaching darkness to get within range. They scrambled over rocks and fallen timbers for nearly a quarter of a mile. Mrs. Mitchel was quite as eager as the other hunters to get a shot at the bear and led the pursuit for a time. Much to the party's disappointment, when they came over a rise in the ground hoping to get a shot at the game they found the bear had retreated into the timber and it was useless to follow, because of the darkness.

The party left early this morning for Stn Francisco, where the Mayor will represent New York City at the exposition. Mr. Anderson remained at the ranch, where he will spend the Summer.

Although disappointed at his failure to bag a bear skin for his den, Mayor Mitchel said he expected to return in the Fall during the elk season for another hunt in Wyoming's big-game country.

APPLES! Party with $1,000 can secure substantial interest in large bearing Apple Orchard. Large, permanent income. Walter W. Trout, Peoples Trust Company, Martinsburg, West Va.—Advt.

EIGHT UNIONISTS FOR NEW CABINET

Only the Premier and Foreign Secretary Certain of Their Posts, Asquith Tells Commons.

HOUSE ADJOURNS TILL JUNE

Then the "National Cabinet" Will Take Office and Ask Vote of Confidence.

FISHER BACK AT ADMIRALTY

His Return Insures Shift of Churchill—Kitchen's Management Criticised.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 20.—The prolific rumors of a general reconstruction of the British Cabinet to meet the problems of war were confirmed in general in the House of Commons yesterday when Premier Asquith spoke briefly in explanation of the coming change without, however, giving any indication as to the composition of the "National Cabinet" except to say that he himself would remain as Premier and Sir Edward Grey would remain at the Foreign Office.

His statement served to remove apprehensions that had been aroused whether Sir Edward would retain the Foreign Secretaryship or whether, in view of reports about his health and particularly his eyesight, he might not think it wise to retire.

All Other Places Open.

By implication from Mr. Asquith's speech all the seats in the Cabinet are open to change, save only the two he mentioned. This means that any redistribution considered necessary can be arranged.

While there may be some changes of the plan before the Cabinet is completed, the present belief is that the national ministry will be constituted along the lines already indicated in these dispatches.

Lord Reading, the Lord Chief Justice, will probably take the Lord Chancellorship and Sir John Simon will succeed Lord Reading in that place.

Certain features of the recent crisis can now be emphasized. Of first importance is the War Office and munitions aspect of the question. It appears that faithful to its old traditions, the War Office, of which Lord Kitchener is the head, has been obsessed by the idea that it was the peculiar province of the War Office to run the war. Consequently the Cabinet as a whole has been kept in the dark respecting certain most important phases of the conflict. One of these was the supreme demand for high explosives on a tremendous scale. The Cabinet knew little of Sir John French's requests for increased supplies of ammunition.

The mystery of Colonel Repington's visit to the British headquarters in France is now unveiled. He went at the special invitation of Sir John French and sent his famous dispatch to The Times of last Friday with the special object of making it plain to the country how Sir John was handicapped. It was censored at the British Headquarters.

This full confirmation of the persistent rumors came about as a result of inquiries made by the Cabinet in regard to the course of the War Office executive. The facts were known to certain Opposition leaders before they were known to Cabinet Ministers. They were sprung upon the Cabinet as a surprise, and, according to some Liberals, were used as a lever whereby to force Asquith to accept a coalition ministry.

The second point upon which it is necessary to lay stress for a proper understanding of the crisis is the situation at the Admiralty. In this matter the pivotal point was the Dardanelles operations, in regard to which it is now admitted by Liberals that Mr. Churchill was, in certain decisions, entirely at variance with the sea lords of the Board of Admiralty.

This was well brought in the statement published in the Daily Chronicle yesterday morning.

The Scene in the Commons.

Scene When Asquith Spoke.

The Parliamentary correspondent of the Daily News writes under yesterday's date: "To-day the great ministry which has governed the empire ten years and thrice received the approval of the electors, faced the House of Commons for the last time. When Parliament reassembles, the entire landscape will have changed.

"One thought of that first scene in January, 1906, when Campbell-Bannerman met his victorious supporters and then one remembered that of all those brilliant ministers one only and he, Sir Edward Grey, remains at the department over which he then assumed control. Here he still was, answering questions now exactly as he answered them then.

"On this closing occasion it would have been in accordance with dramatic propriety if the Government had mastered in strength, but Mr. Asquith was at the Guild Hall and with one or two exceptions it was a bench of Under Secretaries. Mr. Churchill was present for a few minutes, cheerful and smiling, but one felt the old comradeship had been broken, never to be renewed.

"The coup de grace was administered during the debate on adjournment. How Gladstone would have struck the blow I cannot say, there would surely have been certain graceful flourishes of the sword before the weapon flashed upon the victim. Mr. Asquith's was the method of the guillotine. One sharp blow and all was over.

"Received with cheers he announced that the Cabinet must now be reconstructed on a broader, personal, and political basis. He would re-

Continued on Page 3.

TO BANISH SUMMER FATIGUE take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. Teaspoonful in water makes a delicious, cooling Summer drink.—Advt.

Baron Fisher's Upset of the English Cabinet

A Veteran Diplomat, who foretold Winston Churchill's downfall in The Sunday Times a month ago, writes of the personality of the First Sea Lord in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

Order the Sunday Times today. The Times is always sold out early.

PEACE CONFERENCE TALKS MOSTLY WAR

Hibben for Peace Only with Honor—Calls Security Too Dearly Bought a 'Living Hell.'

FOR A WISE PREPAREDNESS

So as to Prevent Initial Sacrifice of Life in War—Other Speakers Discuss War Problems.

MOHONK LAKE, N. Y., May 19.—At the opening here today of the twenty-first annual Lake Mohonk Conference on International Arbitaration, Dr. John Grier Hibben, President of Princeton University, stirred the delegates by taking issues with pacifists who favor disarmament and by advocating "a wise preparedness of our military forces in the United States."

"I do not advocate preparedness for war," he said, "but a preparedness against war—a preparedness which in the event of the catastrophe of war itself will prevent the enormous initial sacrifice of human lives which has characterized every war in which the United States has been engaged throughout our past history.

"Non one," he declared, "can be so blind regarding the significance of present conditions as to take the position that a grave national emergency is not at least a possibility.

"I am not in sympathy with the peace propaganda which is being prosecuted in many of ur public schools, so far, at least, as it endeavors to quicken the peace sentiment by impressing upon the minds of the young children the horrors or the economical losses of war.

"It is the weakest kind of sentimentalism gone mad, to imagine that the cause of peace is in the remotest degree advanced by teaching the children of the public schools to sing the doggerel rhymes beginning 'I did not raise my boy to be a soldier.'"

Without naming any of the belligerents, Dr. Hibben asserted that one thing tending to obstruct the progress of peace was that "this present terrible was has developed certain practnces and ucages which will revolutionize the accepted restrictions of international law so that hereafter all immemorial obligations of nation to nation is a state of war well be swept away.

"This is not a question of mere academic interest which we are discussing," he concluded. "We, as a nation, are looking into a future that is dark and mysterious. In the high tension of international hate and international suspicion, the most insignificant accident may chance to precipitate for us a national catastrophe. And in the great emergency, if it should come, what will we say? Peace? Peace at any price?

"By all means let us pay any price which can buy peace—restraint of passion, long sufferance, sacrifice of material wealth or of every personal convenience and comfort. Let us sacrifice it all, everything which can buy peace. But let us not forget that there are some things which cannot buy peace. If we sacrifice them in order to secure peace, the peace thus sought becomes for us the veriest torment of a living hell. We dare not trade honor for peace, we dare not betray duty in order that we may bargain for peace. We dare not indulge ourselves in the enjoyment of the blessings of peace while we turn deaf ears to the cry of distress or to the summons of a righteous cause."

Never in the twenty-one years of its existence had the Lake Mohonk Conference heard such a call to arms. The Princton President's appeal aroused intense interest and discussion among the more than 200 delegates here from all parts of the country.

The Conference was opened by Daniel Smiley, who, as usual, was host to all the members of the conference and their wives.

Mr. Smiley tried to strike the keynote of the Conference when he said in his speech of welcome:

"At this date one would think it unnecessary to explain that this is not nor has it been a peace conference, so-called. It is taken for granted that all here are convinced that war is undesirable and it is our purpose with earnestness but at the same time with carefulness and prudence to devise machinery for making its recurrence less frequent."

The President's address was delivered by John Bassett Moore, Professor of International Law and Diplomacy at Columbia University and formerly counselor of the State Department. Pointing out that although a world court had been established at The Hague sixteen years ago the spirit of co-operation has been lacking to support it and make it effective, Mr. Moorediscussed some of the necessary steps to secure international co-operation. The principle that every independent nation has the right to declare war, and having declared it, to assume the rights of conquest, Mr. Moore said, would have to be restricted before there was anything like a reign of law among nations.

Theodore Marburg of Baltimore, ex-Minister to Belgium, outlined the possibilities of a great peace league, which should not attempt to decide international disputes, but should insist that such controversies must not be permitted to lead to war. Such a league, he recommended, should unite to punish any power that started a war, and if there was any dispute about which belligerent took the initiative it should be decided that the power responsible for starting a war was that which first invaded another's territory. By this criterion, he declared, there was no doubt that Germany began the present war, at least in so far as concerned France.

Marcus M. Marks, President of the Borough of Manhattan, dwelt on the importance of producing internal peace if international peace were desired. The underlying causes of unrest, he said, should be studied. One remedy which Mr. Marks discussed was that provided by the Canadian act for the prevention of strikes. That did not enforce arbitration, but it did enforce investigation. It had been in force now for eight years, and by insisting on a delay of thirty days, while employers and employes could set forth their sides to the dispute and the public could make its opinion known, it had prevented 90 per cent of the threatened strikes.

In his address John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union, said:

"The war has done more than any other political influence, since the declaration of the Monroe Doctrine in 1823, to promote Pan-American solidarity and emphasize the importance of the common interests of the Western Republic. In this growth of Pan-Americanism there loms high the possibilities of a united America, using its influence for peace in Europe. It is altogether possible and feasible that not alone the United States but the United States having the co-operation of the other twenty American Republics, or a group of them, shall be able yet to respond favorably to an appeal that might be made from the Old World to arbitrate or settle its differences."

BRITISH PRIZE COURT PRODDED TO ACTION

Page's Insistence and Hints of Protest Accelerate Hearings on American Cargoes.

$20,000,000 IS INVOLVED

Nearly 400 Shipments Tied Up, Some Since Last October—Extend Time on German Goods.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—Strong official representations have been made by the American Embassy to the Government here within the last ten days urging that steps be taken to arrive at a decision in the cases of nearly 400 American cargoes which have been seized in English waters, so that the owners may know what to expect.

Ambassador Page has called on the Foreign Office at least three times within the last ten days to impress on Sir Edward Grey that American shippers owning cargoes running up to an aggregate of $20,000,000 were asking Washington to see that Great Britain acted promptly. They wanted to know if the British Government was going to buy the shipments or if they were to be thrown back on the hands of the shippers. The failure of Great Britain to act on shipments seized so far back as last October has caused shippers worry, and the Ambassador intimated that they were agitating their grievances in a vigorous way at Washington.

Incident to the cabled word from Washington that President Wilson was framing a note of protest to Great Britain came the official information to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent today that the British Goverment had been hard at work in the last five days endeavoring to dispose of every cargo in which American interest lay. Approximately twenty cargoes have been taken up by the prize court since last Friday. Of these twelve already have been disposed of, the British Government in nearly every instance arranging to buy the cargo and fully reimbursing the shippers for seizure. Other cases, it was explained today, were being considered as fast as possible, with a view to clearing the entire list. The British Government is buying outright every cargo of cotton.

NO NOTE TO ENGLAND.

High Officials Deny New Protest Is Considered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—No note of protest to Great Britain over the manner in which the British Admiralty is dealing with American cargoes detained at British ports has been drafted or decided upon by the Administration. Despite the persistent publication of statements that such a note would be sent immediately, or within a day or two, it can be stated on high authority that no such note has been sent, or drafted, or even decided upon.

It is true that efforts have been made to persuade President Wilson to send a vigorous protest to the British Government against what has been represented to State Department officials as a violation of American commercial rights and against delays and detentions of cotton ships and other vessels in British ports. It is also known that the State Department has been seriously impressed with many of the representations that have been made, and has been quietly, but nevertheless steadily, doing everything within its rights and power to facilitate the prompt disposition of specific cargoes. However, careful inquiry fails to disclose that the situation has been regarded such as to warrant the dispatch of any general note of protest to the British Government at this time.

The complaints that have reached the State Department have received consideration and messages have been sent to Ambassador Page at London converging the specific complaints that have been made. The British Embassy in Washington has also been endeavoring to facilitate the disposal of cases and to remove legitimate grounds of complaint. The commercial attache, Sir Richard Crawford, who was sent to Washington as the technical adviser of the British Ambassador on comercial matters, has been active in his efforts to satisfy American shippers, but it has been found difficult to obtain from some cotton shippers the data necessary to enable the British government to carry out its agreement to compensate for the cotton which was shipped after March 1 with the understanding that if taken by the British government it would be paid for at the contract price at which it was to be sold in Germany.

The last Americar note to the British Government dealing with the treatment of American commerce bore date of March 30. Nearly two months have elapsed without any written response from Downing Street beyond a courteous acknowledgement when the communication was delivered by Ambassador Page.

The note did not necessarily call for a reply, but it did contemplate that action would be taken by the British Government unless it saw fit to challenge the correctness of the principles of international law laid down in the American Government's statement of its attitude toward the British Order in Council.

British Spur Action.

Evidence has reached Washington this week that the British Government has been fully apprised of the character of representations that have been made by shippers of cotton and other cargoes and has already taken steps to obtain swifter action on the pending cases of cargoes and ships awaiting action by the British Price Court. In view of the evident desire of German-American propagandists i nthis country to make the most of the complaints that have reached Washington from shippers who have been seeking, through Senators and independently, to have the American Government dispatch a stiff note of protest to the British Government, it is believed in well-informed circles here that the British Government has decided up-

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SUMMER RESORTS
On line CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RWY.
For booklets apply to Ticket Office, 31st and Broadway, or Penna. Ticket Offices.—Advt.

FRANCE SHOWS HER GREAT GUNS TO THE TIMES

Creusot and Bourges Disclose Their Panorama of the Industry of Death.

THE NEW FORT DESTROYER

Fires a Shell Greater Than the German "42" and May Be First Used Against Metz.

BATTERIES READY FOR ITALY

Armored Trains Equipped Like Battleships, and a New Little Gun That Is Kept Secret.

HANDLING HIGH EXPLOSIVES

Automatic Machines Unwatched Underground Fill the Shells, Recording Their Work on a Distant Dial.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 19.—I have just completed a four days' visit to the holy of holies of France, her most sacred, most secret, most rigidly guarded possession in wartime. I mean the great cannon manufactories at Le Creusot, controlled by Schneider & Co., the only concern in the world that has rivaled the Krupps in the magnitude of its production, even surpassing them, according to a majority of artillery experts, in the ingenuity of its work.

I also passed a day at the great Government arsenal at Bourges, where artillery officers receive their training, and where explosives are manufactured for the shells, which are also made in the steel works of Le Creusot.

The trip was arranged after longer and more profound thought on the part of the Ministry of War than that preceding any permissions granted for journeys to the firing line. In fact, this is the first time in the history of the works that newspaper men have been taken there. As on my trips to the front, I was accompanied by an officer of the General Staff.

Ever since the war of 1870 Le Creusot has been the great secret of the French Government, not even the name becoming well known to the world in general, as has Essen, the home of the Krupps. Nevertheless, in several recent wars several nations that got badly battered learned that Le Creusot was responsible, for Schneider & Co. have sold cannon to all applicants except Germany and Austria—those countries always having been on the black list.

Creusots Won in the Balkan War.

England first got a taste of the Creusot guns at the hands of the Boers; but the real test came in the recent Balkan War, at the battle of Lule Burgas, when the Bulgarians and Serbs caused the débacle of the German-organized Turks. Then every press dispatch in the world carried the significant line: "The Creusot cannon silenced the Krupps." Since then European artillery experts have been in the habit of making the remark—which the public still declines to appreciate—"The French army has the best field artillery in the world."

The present war has proved them right; for, excepting Germany's heavy siege mortars of 42 centimeters, the Creusot "75s" have had the best of every artillery argument on the battle line. In fact, the Krupp's "77s," especially designed to combat the "75s," have been pronounced a failure.

So, on my trip to Le Creusot, I did not think about the "75s"; that question was settled. What I wanted to know was whether France had evolved, since the war began, a gun that would offset the work accomplished by the German monsters at Lège, Namur, Maubeuge and Antwerp. I can now say—for I have seen—that France has, not one, but two types of artillery that will beat anything belonging to Germany.

Before proceeding further, let me explain that the Captain who accompanied me on the trip, and who will personally censor this article, only today obtained from the Ministry of War the exact data of what I am permitted to describe. His censorship will be more rigid than that previously applied to any story ever cabled. He told me that I would not be allowed even to say whether the new types were guns, howitzers or mortars, and that the ranges and weights of projectiles must not be given. So I shall merely call them cannon, leaving out more specific details.

New Gun Called "the Conqueror."

Frenchmen rarely attempt to make "the biggest in the world" of anything. They prefer perfection to size. They are perfectly willing to let the Germans make the biggest things. So, despite the scores of stories told in Paris about the new monster French guns, bigger than the biggest German dreams, I can say that the biggest of the new cannon are not so large as the German 42-centimeters. My captain has just told me that perhaps I will be allowed to mention the size of the largest new type; so I change it. It is 37-centimeters, or five centimeters smaller than the German "Jack Johnson." That is to say, it's bore is fourteen and one-half inches. It is called "le Vainqueur." I have seen these guns (I may not mention their number); I have ex-

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BRITONS OF 5 FEET 2 UP TO 40 MAY ENLIST

Army Requirements Much Less Rigid Under Kitchener's Call for 300,000 Recruits.

LONDON, May 19.—An official announcement by the British War Office, in connection with the appeal by Lord Kitchener for more men for the army, says that it has been decided that recruits enlisting into the regular army for the duration of the war shall be accepted up to the age of 40 years and that the minimum standard height for such recruits shall be 5 feet 2 inches for the infantry.

This decision applies also to enlistments into the territorial force.

Replying to a declaration by several members that compulsory military service should be adopted, Harold J. Tennant, Under Secretary of State for War, said in the House of Commons this evening that the Government was alive to the need for mobilizing all resources for the war.

There were a number of persons, he said, who did not realize the gravity of the situation; but the House should weigh well all considerations before it attempted a system of compulsory service. The Government, Mr. Tennant said, realized that such a step might become necessary, and appealed to the House not to press him to say more.

Under the Reserve act of 1907 army age was between 19 and 38, and the height between 5 feet 5 inches and 6 feet 2 inches. Since the war began the minimum height was first reduced to 5 feet 4 inches and the maximum height abolished.

In the Regular Army of the United States the minimum height is normally 5 feet 4 inches, and the chest measurement 32 inches, but a certain relaxation of standards is allowed. The age of enlistment is elastic, like the physical measurements. Nominally it is from 18 to 35. But a youth under 18 may enlist with the consent of his parents or guardian, and a promising soldier over 85 is not usually rejected.

BRITISH RACE MEETS ARE CALLED OFF

Government Decided They Would Interfere With the Transit of Troops.

LONDON, May 19.—Walter Runciman, President of the Board of Trade, announced tonight that the jockey club had complied with a request by the Government to stop racing in Great Britain after this week for the duration of the war, except at Newmarket.

Mr. Runciman in a letter to the Chief Steward of the Jockey Club stated that the general feeling on both sides in the House of Commons was strongly against the continuance of the meetings, and that, owing to the war, it was necessary to keep "the whole of our British railway system free from congestion at any time for the rapid and unimpeded transit of troops for the war. An exception was made of the Newmarket meeting, because the town's industries are entirely dependent on racing.

It is thought probable that advantage will be taken of the Newmarket exception to run the Derby and some other classic races there.

GERMANS TAKE TRENCHES ON LORETTE HEIGHTS

Allies Make No Gains in Weather Which Precludes Active Operations.

LONDON, May 19.—Operations in the western theatre of war were again impeded today by unfavorable weather conditions. Such advantage as has been gained appears to rest with the Germans, who report the capture of trenches on the heights of Lorette, and the repulse of attacks by the British near Neuve Chapelle, and by the French in the forest of Le Prêtre.

This is the version of the day's fighting given out in Berlin

On the eastern bank of the canal north of Ypres, fighting developed in our favor. South of Neuve Chapelle a British attack, made after a heavy preparatory artillery fire, was repulsed.

In the Lorette heights we took some trenches and two machine guns. A French attack against the southern part of Neuville broke down under our fire, with the heaviest losses for the enemy.

In the forest of Le Prêtre the French attempted to break through a little before midnight, but were held back by our artillery.

The official communication issued by the French War Office tonight says:

Very inclement weather prevails, with a very thick mist, and there has been no action during the day on any part of the front.

The Germans last night attempted attack in the forest of Le Prêtre, but were immediately checked by our fire.

Following is the French afternoon report of operations:

The bad weather continues. There has been no development on the front during the night, with the exception of some artillery exchanges at various points. Also to the east of the Yser two attempted attacks on the part of the enemy were checked by our fire.

THINKS HE SANK SUBMARINE

Captain of American Steamer Wico Reports Collision in North Sea.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The American steamship Wico, which arrived here yesterday from Stockholm, Sweden, is believed by her Captain to have run down and sunk a submarine in the North Sea in her last voyage to Stockholm. Captain Ibson said today the vessel quivered from bow to stern and the blades of her propeller were found to be badly damaged He first thought the ship had struck a submerged rock, but as there was no land near, he believes the Wico ran into a submarine which was anoeuvering to get in position to fire a torpedo.

U. S. SUBMARINES DISABLED.

The E-2 and the K-1 Are Being Towed Into Newport.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Two of the submarines engaged in the Atlantic fleet's war game off the coast were disabled tonight and were taken in tow for Newport, R. I., to be repaired.

Reports to the Navy Department announced that the E-2 broke her crankshaft and the K-1 developed engine trouble. Just here the submarine flotilla was operating was not announced.

SARONY PORTRAITS 3 FOR $5.00 at 364 Fifth Ave. (34th St.) only address.—Advt.

ITALIAN ARMY HOLDS RAILWAYS; CADORNA AT FRONT

Generalissimo and His Staff Arrive at Vicenza, Near Austrian Frontier.

TROOPS MASSING AT BORDER

Austria Reported to Have Made an Offer of Further Concessions for Peace.

REPUBLICANS NOW FOR WAR

273 Members of Parliament Express Intention of Joining Army After Adjournment.

KING VISITS THE BARRACKS

Crowds Cheer for Victory and for Montenegro and Serbia in Ovation to Queen.

LONDON, Thursday, May 20.—Indications all point to the entrance of Italy into the war within a few hours on the side of the Entente powers, notwithstanding that Foreign Minister Sonnino is reported to have informed the Council of Ministers at its session on Tuesday evening that offers of additional territorial concessions had been received from Austria.

Advices received in Paris yesterday announced that Lieutenant General Count Cadorna, Italian Chief of Staff, had arrived with his staff at Vicenza, near the Austrian frontier.

The mobilization of troops is continuing rapidly in upper Italy. Many trains are leaving Milan, carrying soldiers in the direction of the frontier posts.

A royal decree, by which all railroad lines and stations in Italy are placed entirely under the supervision of the military authorities, was published yesterday in the Official Gazette of Rome.

Under the provisions of the decree military power is given tothe officials to prohibit suspected persons from traveling on the railroads or even approaching the lines. All travelers are warned that at certain points they must not look from the carriage windows, but must keep the shutters closed.

Any persons approaching a tunnel or bridge will be imprisoned for six months.

If war has been declared when the offense is committed they will be court-martialed. Soldiers and the police are intrusted with the enforcement of the decree, and are authorized to fire upon persons who violate its provisions.

Freight traffic between Italy and Germany by way of Cwitzerland has been stopped.

Although denial was made at the Austrian and German Embassies of the reports that Prince von Buelow, the German Ambassador, and Baron von Macchio, the Austrian Ambassador, had demanded their passports, or that their departure was imminent, a dispatch from Geneva says that several servants, having in charge heavy baggage bearing the monogram of Prince von Buelow, German Ambassador at Rome, have arrived at Chiasso, Switzerland.

Count von Thun Hohenstein of Trent, Grand Master of the Knights of Malta, an Austrian subject, left Rome yesterday for Vienna after an audience with Pope Benedict.

Whole Nation Now United.

ROME, May 19.—The statement of the Imperial German Chancellor before the Reichstag yesterday shows that Germany is still hoping against hope that Italy may not join in the war against Austria. At the same time, the overwhelming evidence here is that the whole country is united and calling for war on its traditional foe.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg's official announcement of the actual concessions offered by Austria has not tended to improve the situation, as no mention was made of either Gorizia or the Dalmatian Islands, promising allusions to which were made in the semi-official statements published from time to time in the newspapers and presumed to come from Prince von Bülow, the German Ambassador.

The days of Italy's regeneration are recalled by the events of the present. Apparently there are no factions in Italy now, all differences having been laid aside for the time being. Those who have been advocating intervention in the war and those who have been working in the interest of peace have ceased to express their views and are awaiting the action of the Government. Seemingly there exist no longer Monarchists or Republicans, Clericals or Radicals, Socialists or Conservatives, but only Italians determined to fight to the last man, if that should be necessary, to maintain and develop in Europe the world position won by their forefathers.

The Republicans have published a manifesto declaring their readiness to go to the front "to fight for the glory of the country and the rights of nations." From all the provinces come offers from volunteers desiring to enlist and willing to make all sacrifices, as some express it, "to free our Italian brothers who have so long suffered under a foreign yoke." Two hundred and seventy-three Deputies have already declared their intention immediately upon the adjournment of the chamber to ask to go to the front, in case of war, to serve their country.

King at Barracks Unattended.

King Victor Emmanuel visited the barracks today without an escort. He was recognized and acclaimed with the same enthusiasm and fervor as his grandfather was on the eve of those eventful campaigns of 1859 and 1866.

Queen Helena and the Duchess of Oosta, on leaving the Quirinal, were the object of an affectionate manifesation, in which the people shouted for victory for Italy, for Montenegro and Serbia. Colonel Giuseppe Garibaldi visited the Minister of War and asked his permission to organize a body of volunteers. The people cheered him, remembering his grandfather's leadership in the defence of Rome.

Large nnumbers of students gathered at the university and proceeded to the Ministry of Public Instruction, where the Minister, Signor Grippo, addressed them and thanked them in the name of the country, saying that much was expected of them.

ITALY'S BORDER TOWNS OCCUPIED BY ARMY

Officers and Men Enthusiastic and Confident on Eve of Great Struggle.

ITALIAN FRONTIER, (via Paris,) May 19.—The frontier towns of Udine, Belluno, Verona, and Brescia, as well as their respective provinces, are entirely in the hands of the military authorities, and trains carrying field guns, horses, troops, ammunition, and provisions are congesting all the lines. The peasants' houses are occupied by officers, every family being obliged, according to their size and means, to provide lodging, and in some cases meals, for one or more officers.

The spirit of the Italian troops is excellent, and the officers are full of confidence, not only because of the enthusiasm displayed by the men, but by reason of the superiority of arms which they carry.

It is said that Italy possesses the most powerful machine guns in existence, capable of firing 1,400 bullets a minute, covering an area of 500 square yards. Italy has also adopted a new type of gun carriage, enabling the transport, even up steep mountains, of heavy siege guns, through a mechanism in the carriage which propels the cannon.

AMBASSADORS TARRY.

Await Final Word from Italian Parliament Today.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, May 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Prince von Bülow and Baron Macchio's separate visits to the Foreign Office yesterday originated a report that their departure was imminent, especially as special trains had been kept at their disposal since Monday. This report, however, proved premature. The two Ambassadors did not ask for passports and do not intend to leave Rome until tomorrow's opening of Parliament.

They evidently have been instructed to await the eleventh hour when either mobilization has been ordered or war declared.

It is possible that circumstances may arise even before the opening of Parliament necessitating the Ambassadors' departure and this explains why the trains are kept in readiness.

The Austrian Ambassador and the Prussian and Bavarian envoys accredited to the Holy See, who are expected to leave Rome with their colleagues accrdited to the Quirinal, are now spreading the report that they intend to remain here until their departure is demanded by the Italian Government. Evdently their intention is to create complications, but the Pope, who fully realizes that their departure is indispensable, is determined in case of their refusal spontaneously to leave Rome, personally to ask the Kaiser and Emperor Francis Joseph to recall them.

It was expected that last night's Cabinet council, which lasted over three hours, would be followed by a decree ordering mobilization, but, despite the fact that the usual official communiqué was not issued, it is now known the Ministers merely deliberated upon measures connected with tomorrow's opening of Parliament.

The Green Book explaining the Italo-Austrian conversations, which will be distributed to members tomorrow, is now ready. Extraordinary precautions have been taken to prevent the contents being prematurely divulged. It will show Italy was compelled to denounce the Triple Alliance, and that when Austria asked that conversations as to concessions should e entered upon she was warned by Italy that war would be inevitable unless the conversations were successfully concluded.

As Austria did not comply with these demands, upon her rests the responsibility for war, Italy will say. Extraordinary precautions will be taken for the opening of Parliament. The chamber will be surrounded by troops, and admission of the public will be limited. A unanimous vote of confidence in the Cabinet is inevitable, since now even the most rabid neutralists hove been converted or are afraid to oppose war.

LONDON SURE OF ITALY.

Situation Regarded as Great Triumph for Allied Diplomacy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 19.—A declaration of war between Italy and the Teutonic allies is now merely a question of hours, in the opinion of close observers here. Salandra's speech in Parliament tomorrow is expected to announce the logical and necessary sequel to the denunciation of the Triple Alliance which the Italian Government made early in May.

There is some idea here that hostilities may actually precede the formal announcement by Italy of her intentions, but it is obvious that nothing can be predicated with certainty as to German plans of such a character.

In view of the extraordinary lengths to which Austro-German diplomacy has gone to stave off the long-threatened intervention of King Victor Emmanuel's Government and people and the difficulty of adjusting the respective interests of Italy and Russia and Serbia, the present situation is regarded as a great triumph for allied diplomacy.

Marked results are expected to follow the entrance of Italy into the war. Thereby an entirely new aspect will be placed upon the question of the Dardanelles, which has been the cause of much searching of hearts among the allied strategists. It will be open to the allied forces which now are ensconced on the Gallipoli Peninsula to content themselves with relatively inexpensive operations till the Turkish supplies are exhausted.

With her Balkan communications closed, Turkey can receive neither reinforcements nor munitions from Germany, as she has been doing, and as it is assumed here that Turkey's heart is not in the quarrel forced upon her by the military clique, the prospects of long continued resistance to the opening of the Dardanelles are not considered very serious.

RUMANIA IN CLOSE TOUCH.

Envoy in Daily Conference with Italian Foreign Minister.

ROME, May 19.—Rumania's attitude regarding the war is being watched with keenest interest, as no official announcement has been made as to whether the cordial relations which always have existed between that country and Italy have been transformed into an actual alliance.

There undoubtedly is a diplomatic understanding between the two Governments, as Prince Ghika, the Rumanian Minister, is the only foreign diplomat who has had long daily interviews with Foreign Minister Sonnino during the last fortnight.

GREEN BOOK BLAMES AUSTRIA.

Says Dual Monarchy Failed to Realize Italy Meant Business.

ROME, May 19.—The Green Book, containing diplomatic documents designated to show the attitude of Italy since the beginning of the war and the efforts made to reconcile the obligations of the Triple Alliance with Italian national aspirations, was "set up" in one night by the typesetters employed by the Chamber of Deputies.

Every precaution was taken to prevent the printers from communicating with persons outside their office and they were reminded that any betrayal of the secrets contained in the Green Book would make them punishable by several years' imprisonment under the law recently enacted for the defense of the State.

The Green Book is said to show that if Italy fights it will be because of necessity and that during the negotiations with Austria the representatives of the Dual Monarchy apparently had failed to realize that Italy was firmly determined to enter the war if she was unable to obtain satisfactory territorial concessions by diplomatic action.

The documents seek to demonstrate that Austria failed from the first to understand that one of Italy's chief purposes was to have her recognize the justice of the demands made by this country. For Italy it was a question of maintaining her dignity before the world and gaining her object at any cost.

The Green Book contains also the note of May 4 in which Italy, after summarizing the course of events and emphasizing that Austria's course had been contrary to the letter and spirit of the Triple Alliance treaty, denounced that treaty.

In explanation of the manner in which the treaty was denounced it may be stated that on May 4 the Duke of Avarna, Italian Ambassador at Vienna, acting under instructions from his Government, notified the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs that Italy considered Austria's declaration of war against Serbia a violation of the Triple Alliance treaty. He added that the negotiations started first by Germany and continued by Austria with a view of giving Italy compensation for maintaining neutrality, had resulted in Italy deciding to resume her complete liberty of action, both because the Austrian offers were totally inadequate and because Italy's situation had become intolerable.

Austria made no reply but continued the negotiations offering additional concessions.

VIENNA CLINGS TO HOPE.

Said to Have Gone Further in Concessions Than Is Supposed.

VIENNA, May 19, (via London.)—According to the prevalent impression here no definite indications regarding the decision reached by the Italian Cabinet as to Italy's future course have been received by the Austro-Hungarian Government.

The Salandra Ministry may decide in favor of a peaceful settlement instead of war under any or all circumstances, but this hope is believed to be too slight to justify any optimism.

The Austro-Hungarian Government has gone so far in the way of territorial concessions that a peaceful settlement seems, even to outsiders, to be quite possible if Italy is so minded, but the question at issue appears to be not so much whether a basis for the satisfaction of Italian territorial aspirations can be found as whether the Italain Government already has determined to enter the war on the side of the Allies against Austria-Hungary and Germany.

"Our concessions," said a high official today, "are great—far greater than most people imagine."

The statements of Count Tisza, the Hungarian Premier, and Count Andrassy, in the Hungarian Parliament, were intended to assure Italian patriots that the offer was made in the best faith, and was in no sense an "Indian" gift. What confidence exists in Vienna is based on the belief that the Salandra Cabinet, as the only Ministry possessing the confidence of the war party, is the only Ministry strong enough to enter into negotiations with Austria-Hungary and maintain peace at home.

Although the imminence of a crisis is realized everywhere, even down to the most humble laborer or housewife, there is a remarkable lack of excitement among the people. Vienna presents its usual appearance; life in the streets and cafés follows its normal course. There are no gatherings in the streets noticeable, and no demonstrations against or annoyance to the few Italians remaining here. The newspapers are not publishing extra editions on the Italian developments.

The people, like the Government, are facing the situation with the utmost calmness, even approaching nonchalance. They seem to feel that they have tried everything possible to satisfy Italian aspirations and avoid war, and that the rest is in the hands of fate.

The Austro-Italian frontier, extremely strong by nature, has been converted into a vast field fortress which, Austrians prophesy, will prove a far harder nut to crack than is imagined. The Carpathians are a bagatelle, they say, compared with the Tyrolean Alps.

Baron Burian von Refecz, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, today was received for a long time in audience by Emperor Francis Joseph, but at the conclusion of the conference no announcement was made.

ASK US TO REPRESENT AUSTRIA AND ITALY

Vienna and Rome Embassies to Look After Their Interests, Germany Asks Swiss.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Both Austria and Italy have asked the United States to care for their diplomatic interests in Rome and in Vienna respectively, in the event of a severance of diplomatic relations. The Washington Government has instructed its Embassies at the two capitals to be in readiness to do so.

It is regarded here as assured that if Italy and Austria declare a state of war, it will be extended also as between Italy and Germany and Turkey. In that event, the Rome Government wishes the American Ambassadofs at Berlin and Constantinople to take over its diplomatic interests. As yet there has been no request from Germany to have the United States act for it in Rome. Germany is reported to have asked Switzerland to take her interests.

ROME, May 19.—Owing to the feeling caused in the United States by the sinking of the Lusitania, Germany is reported to have decided to ask Switzerland to look after German subjects and property in this country in the event of war. It is understood that the Swiss Minister here has been unofficially informed that the mission would be intrusted to him.

D'ANNUNZIO AMAZED BY KING'S KNOWLEDGE

Says After Interview He Is the Ruler Italy Needs in Supreme Moment.

ROME, May 19.—Gabriele d'Annunzio, the poet, who has been a noted figure among the strong advocates of national expansion, was received today in private audience by King Victor Emmanuel, and when he returned from the Palace he said: "Certainly, King Victor Emmanuel is the right man in the right place—the King Italy needs in this supreme moment.

Describing the interview D'Annunzio said he was struck by the wonderful power of the sovereign and the knowledge he possessed of the complex and vast problems now agitating Europe.

"It would be impossible to imagine a better informed man," said the poet. "On hearing him speak one might almost receive the impression at one moment that he was in Paris conversing with a statesman thoroughly conversant with the subject from the French viewpoint; at others, in Berlin talking with a Minister of the German Emperor, or in London, in Vienna, or Petrograd. The Balkans and Eastern Mediterranean are so familiar to him that he might have lived there all his life.

"His lucidity of mind is astounding, and only surpassed by his unpretentious manner, which put one completely at ease. There is amazement that this ruler, in addition to fulfilling the duties of States, could absorb so much knowledge and possess such a clear and certain perception of foreign countries, interests and men."

D'Annunzio has received countless letters and messages encouraging him in his mission. One from a poor woman in Bari reads:

"All the roses blossoming in the gardens of Apulia we poor Italian mothers desire to send to thee, who defendeth our dear Italy with such force and enthusiasm. I am representative of all the poor mothers in my town. We all give with joy our children to the country, as for her alone we brought them into the world.

"Thou, who art great, shout again, shout aloud against him who wishes us to be eternally slaves. We do not want to know what advantages Italy may gain from war; we wish to avenge Belgium, to avenge the victims of the Lusitania and all the innocent people who have been so brutally killed."

WAR CERTAIN, BERLIN THINKS.

"The Street Has Won!" Says The Tageblatt's Rome Correspondent.

BERLIN, (via London,) May 19.—The Rome correspondent of the Berliner Tageblatt today sends a pessimistic dispatch from the Italian capital, declaring:

"The short Parliamentary interlude is ended. The street has won!"

Italian dispatches to other Berlin newspapers are of a similar tenor. It appears to be generally felt that only a miracle can now avert war between Itatly and Austria.

WAR WOULD SUIT GERMANY.

Berlin Said to Think Austria Might Make Peace with Russia.

THE HAGUE, May 19.—Hints have been dropped in several quarters that Germany is rather anxious for Italy to enter into hostilities, as by this means the possibility might arise for Austria-Hungary to conclude a separate peace with Russia, which would enable Germany to withdraw many of her troops from the long eastern front for service elsewhere.

Germany, some diplomatists say, is not likely to be very active against Italy, and would rather utilize the services of many of her officers now employed in Galicia on the western front, where they are greatly needed.

It is also argued by foreign diplomats that Italy's entry into the war would not immediately involve Rumania.

TO RECALL VATICAN ENVOYS.

Solution of Difficult Diplomatic Problem in Case of War.

BERLIN, May 19, via London, May 20.—It is understood here that Papal Nuncios at Munich and Vienna and the Austrian and Prussian representatives at the Vatican will be recalled in case of an outbreak of hostilities with Italy, providing the solution of a difficult diplomatic problem for which there are no precedents in history.

Technically, the Nuncios and Ministers should continue their functions, since the Vatican would not be involved in the war; but as both Nuncios are Italians, the Vatican, it is stated, has felt that it would be more diplomatic to bring them out of the countries engaged in war with Italy.

The Austrian, Bavarian, and Prussian Ministers would be compelled, if they remained in Rome after war was declared, to confine themselves within the Vatican and the gardens over which the Pope's temporal sovereignty extends. The Ministers, it is said, would, perhaps, continue their functions on neutral soil.

EXPECT ITALY TO FIGHT TURKS

Italian Correspondents Reach Athens en Route to the Dardanelles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, May 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—Correspondents of Italian newspapers are arriving at Athens with the intention of following the operations of an Italian expeditionary corps in the Dardanelles.

SWISS WAR PROBLEM.

Nearly 1,000,000 Foreigners to Protect if Italy Goes to War.

GENEVA, May 19.—There are nearly 1,000,000 Englishmen, Frenchmen, Russians, Italians, Americans, and Serbians now in Switzerland who will receive protection from the Swiss Federal Government in the event of Italy's entrance into the war. From a military standpoint all four Alpine Swiss borders will be closed. Although the Government has received formal guarantees that Swiss neutrality will not be violated, it has taken stringent measures to safeguard the frontiers.

There is no thought, however, of a general Swiss mobilization. The most important question concerns the food supply for more than 5,000,000 persons who soon may be surrounded by a wall of bayonets. Hope is expressed that the belligerent governments will give their aid.

AIM TUNES AT CONSULS.

Neighbors Keep Battery of Phonographs Turned on Teutons in Rome.

ROME, May 19.—Certain residents of Rome have discovered a new method of conveying their sentiments to the official representatives of Austria and Germany.

The German and Austrian Consulates are situated near each other in Gregoriana Street. Residents of the nearby houses have placed phonographs in their windows, the horns pointed toward the Consulates. All day long these phonographs clamorously grind out Italian national airs.

Bulgarian Reserve Officers Called.

LONDON, May 19.—All reserve officers in the Bulgarian Army have been called to the colors for a month's training, says a Times dispatch from Sofia.

WILSON AT HOME TODAY.

Mayflower Anchored to Give President Another Night on aWter.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The yacht Mayflower, returning from New York with President Wilson and his party, anchored tonight in the Potomac River below Washington and will dock at the navy yard tomorrow morning.

The vessel was met at Piney Point, Md., ninety miles down the river, by the pilot early this afternoon and could easily have made the city tonight. This was not attempted, however, it being desired to give the President another night on the water before his return to work.

Reports indicated that the return voyage from New York had been somewhat rough.

Sons of Revolution Indorse Wilson.

TRENTON, N. J., May 19.—The New Jersey Society of the Sons of the Revolution, at the annual meeting here today, adopted a resolution indorsing the President's course toward Germany. Another resolution, urging more adequate national defense, was tabled by an overwhelming vote.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH
Ask for the Non-refillable Bottle with the Green Stripe.
ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.

SEES WAR FOR US IF GERMANY WINS

Gifford Pinchot Thinks Lusitania Tragedy Has Awakened America to a World Peril.

ALLIES' VICTORY ALSO OURS

Says They Are Fighting for the Principles for Which the United States Stands.

MILFORD, Penn., May 19.—In a statement issued here today Gifford Pinchot, who recently returned from Europe, said:

"What strikes me most on getting back from Europe is that the deliberate murder of men, women, and children on the Lusitania has brought the war home to the United States. I do not believe that our people have realized until now what this war is, or what it means to us. The right of men to rule themselves is at stake. Our countrymen on the Lusitania were killed because an autocratic military empire is trying to seize the domination of the world at the expense of the self-governing nations.

"This war is a death struggle between democracy on the one side and armed imperialism on the other. France is our sister republic, England is a great and free democracy, Russia itself is on the high road toward democratic government.

"Germany, on the other hand, is not ruled by the people, but by Prussia and the Kaiser. The victory of Germany would not be the victory of her people, but the successful effort of a restricted military caste to get more power. Bernhardi expressed the belief of this caste when he said that Germany must control the world or go under.

"If the people did rule in Germany the invasion of Belgium, the calculated atrocities committed on helpless people, and the murder of our own citizens would not have taken place. The people of Germany would never have done these things of their own accord; they were done because they were ordered to be done by military autocrats. In remorse, for killing a woman and a child, a wounded German said to his nurse, sister-in-law of a man I know: 'Do you suppose it makes any difference that my officer held his pistol to my head until I did it?'

"If the German war lord should win, which it has long been evident he cannot do, we should have to face the certainty of a conflict with German militarism, because we should stand between it and world empire just as the Allies do today. We should then be forced either to have our rights treated as the rights of humanity have been treated by the ruling German military class in this war, or to defend them. We should have to take our turn in protecting the principle of self-government against imperialism in arms or lose our self-respect. In that event, of course, we should have to fight.

"But if the Allies win no such choice will be forced upon us. Their success will not mean war for the United States. On the contrary, it will mean victory for the free institutions which we hold dear and the chance for every nation to work out its own destiny in peace. The Allies are fighting for the principles for which we stand, and our people are right in hoping and believing that they will win. It is almost as important for us that they should win as it is for the Allies themselves.

"The worst calamity this war could bring upon the world, next to the success of military imperialism, would be a half-baked, inconclusive peace—a peace which would permit the German military class to get ready for a second attempt to dominate the world. That kind of peace would do nothing but insure another war. We want a just and lasting peace, and not a mere intermission in the fighting."

GERMANS POISONING WELLS?

British Correspondent Also Reports a Wounded Officer's Treachery.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 19.—A dispatch to The Morning Post from the North of France says:

"So confident were the Germans of breaking through at Ypres that they had massed some hundred thousand cavalry between Poelcappelle and Roulers with which they hoped to dash through tSeenstraete by the main road and so on to Dunkirk and possibly Calais.

This force was fully supplied with quantities of machine guns and heavily teamed galloping batteries. The projected dash explains the extraordinary effort that was made to consolidate the bridge head at Steenstraete. All this plan has now been changed by the Allies' successes, and large detachments of dismounted troopers have been brought into the firing line.

"I am informed that there was terrific fighting around the railway triangle east of Quinchy. Here, too, the Germans have been using every species of foul device. There is reason to believe that the water in the district has been poisoned—our doctors suspect with arsenic—and careful analyses are now being made to establish the point.

"As an illustration of the German methods, one may mention the case of a young subaltern, newly out, who at the risk of his life went to give a drink to a wounded German officer who was calling piteously for water. As he bent over with his flask the German seized a bayonet that was lying by his side and stabbed his benefactor through the heart. The gallant youngster had already been wounded in two places and was pluckily carrying on. The wounded scoundrel endeavored to escape but was promptly riddled with bullets by the outraged regiment that had witnessed the whole affair."

BRITISH COLONIES PRAISED BY ASQUITH

Says They Would Rather Suffer Annihilation Than Become Subject to Other Sovereignty.

LONDON, MAY 19.—The thanks of Great Britain to those dominions and colonies which have contributed so lavishly in men and money, at the same time acquitting themselves with the valor of the Canadians in France and the courage of the Australians on the Gallipoli Peninsula, were voted at a great meeting in the Guildhall this afternoon.

Premier Asquith and Andrew Bonar Law, the Opposition leader in the House of Commons, were the principal speakers. The Premier was unstinted in his praise of the oversea support of the motherland.

"We no doubt are gathering in the hour of trial the fruits of a wise and far-sighted imperial policy," Mr. Asquith said. "It is safe to say there is no part of the British Empire but would suffer annihilation rather than become subject to any other sovereignty. The colonies have rallied to our standard to defeat the machinations of an enemy who has violated every law of God or man and gone down step by step to the depths of unmeasured infamy. This enemy has mobilized against himself all the powers and influences that are at the back of the free spirit of free men. Let us never for a moment forget what we are fighting to achieve, and still more what we are fighting to avert.

"But war isn't fought with spiritual weapons. Never was an increasing flow of men and munitions more necessary, and the present situation demands a steady and unsleeping organization of all the material forces of the community."

WED BY PROXY IN PARIS.

Soldier at Front Takes Bride with Friend as Bridegroom.

PARIS, May 19.—The first marriage by proxy in this city took place yesterday at the City Hall in the Latin Quarter. Alfred Lorin, the bridegroom, a Paris attorney who is now a soldier in the Seventy-first Infantry at the front, was represented by his friend, Firmin Souq. The bride was Mlle. Marie Martigny.

The ceremony was performed in strict privacy and the bride wept as she made the responses.

$220,000,000 FOR FRANCE.

Ready to Vote Second Big War Appropriation of the Year.

PARIS, May 19.—Minister of Finance Ribot introduced in the Chamber of Deputies today a bill providing for 1,100,000,000 francs ($220,000,000,) being an additional appropriation for the first six months of 1915.

Parliament already has voted 8,500,000,000 francs ($1,700,000,000) for these appropriations.

THREE MUNITION CARGOES.

The Orduna, Georgia, and Arabic Carry Varied War Supplies.

The Cunarder Orduna and the White Star steamships Arabic and Georgia which left this port in the last two days for Liverpool, carried 34,000 tons of war munitions and provisions for the Allies.

Among the 10,000 tons carried on the Ordunia were: 32,000 case of carridges, 3,750 cases of shrapnel, 1,169 case of empty shells, 548 cases of brass rods, 25 cases of Tungsten metal, 3 cases of copper, 120 barrels of sheet brass, 3,687 bundles of steel angles, 5 auto chassis, 1 aeroplane tractor 220 barrels of crude metal, 260 barrels of nickel, 3,725 ingots of nickel, 383 copper cathodes, 4,100 copper ingots, 400 tons of steel billets, 488 bundles of skelp steel, 133 cases of infantry equipment, 476 cases of uniforms, 2 auto truck chassis, 5 cases of rifles, 4 cases of motor cycle tires, 594 cases of leather military articles, 44 cases of metal working machinery and 8 cases of brass wire.

The 12,000 tons of cargo on the Arabic included: 795 barrels of grease, 5,407 pigs of lead, 3,370 bars of copper, 5,216 ingots of copper, 400 cases of cartridges, 730 cases of barbed wire, 1,516 pieces of forgings for guns, 14,014 barrels of steel and 41 automobiles.

The cargo of the Georgia included: 4,247 cases of loaded shells, 1,000 cases of cartridges, 1 aeroplane, 670 reels of barbed wire, 1,940 steel billets, 786 bars of iron 722 bars of steel, 759 bundles of steel, 24 cases of fuses, 120 cases of forging for guns, 200 auto trucks, 643 cases of auto parts, 168 auto chassis and 1,882 barrels of lubricating oil.

Loaded shells are not likely to explode unless the fuses have been inserted. The fuses are shipped in a separate cases on the ships.

WILSON'S DEMANDS WILL BE REJECTED

Continued from Page 1.

of the United States that will be a denial of the President's call for a discontinuanc of submarine warfare involving the loss of American lives and ships. This information is being guarded and practically nothing concerning it can be obtained. But some of those most concerned find a chance for optimism in the belief that Germany will not care to have a clash with the United States on top of the added burden of Italy's belligerency.

Clears Up Point in Note.

Government officials today cleared up a misapprehension that has existed in many quarters as to the extent to which the American note insisted upon a restriction of the activities of the German submarines. The idea that a complete abandonment of the submarine as a commerce destroyer was asked for was incorrect, it was stated.

The United States pointed out its objections generally to the present method of conducting submarine warfare and the difficulties of existing visit and search, but officials explain that the legal rights of the United States only extend to the safety of Americans on board belligerent ships.

Should Germany return to the practice of torpedoing merchantmen after giving warning and time to save all members of the crew, ground for objection here, it is admitted, would be for the most part removed. Prior to the drowning of Leon C. Thresher when the British steamer Falaba was torpedoed on March 28, no American lives were lost, and the German submarine commanders sank scores of ships.

Secretary Bryan was willing today to tell inquirers that he had been notified by James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador in Berlin, that the German Government's answer to the American note would not be made for several days at least. It is the understanding that this response is not likekly to be delivered to Mr. Gerard or the State Department for ten days at least. Although President Wilson called on Germany for a prompt reply, it is believed here that he did not regard ten days from now or longer as a dilatory period.

The feeling here is that, with the crisis in the relations of Germany and Italy overshadowing every other consideration affecting Germany's international affairs, it is not to be expected that the American note will receive immediate attention. Ambassador Gerard delivered the note to the Berlin Foreign Office on Saturday, and it is realized that the importance of its subject matter renders it necessary for the imperial authorities to give the most careful and thorough consideration to the serious questions involved, and to weigh the possible effect of a refusal to show a favorable disposition to the President's demand.

The fact that the German Government has at last permitted the publication of the text of the American note is construed by some persons here as meaning that the imperial authorities are willing that public sentiment against the United States, already bitter, shall be revived and increased.

Situation More Critical.

Further evidence of an intention on the part of Germany to adopt an unyielding attitude is drawn in the same quarter from the tone of the newspaper comment in Germany and the character of the statements contained in press dispatches from Germany to American newspapers. If it were not for the advices received from the best-informed sources, these things would not be regarded as sufficient enough to produce a pessimistic view of the outcome of the present situation, but taken together they have had the effect of making it appear that a critical situation has assumed an even more critical aspect.

Everybody is agreed here that predictions of the ultimate result of the exchanges between Germany and the United States are practically useless without knowledge of the two most important factors in the situation. One of these is the course that the German Government will take. The other is the action that will be decided on by President Wilson after he has seen the German reply. One is dependent on the other, and it is pointed out generally in official circles that it is too early to attempt to form any conclusion as to what will happen until after the President has had the opportunity of thoroughly considering that document.

The President is expected to reach Washington tomorrow. Word that the Mayflower, on which he is making the trip from New York, would arrive then came to the White House by radio from that vessel today. But his return to the capital is not expected to have any effect on the condition that exists in the relations of Germany and the United States. Like everybody else connected with the Government, he must merely wait for Germany's reply. It is very well understood in Washington, however, that his note was weighed carefully, and that he was prepared to insist to the extent of his ability that the demands it contained should be granted, and was prepared to take positive action in the event that his demands were rejected. What that action may be has not been determined by the President, but from the trend of the discussion that has taken place among informed officials it is probable that its mildest form will be a severance of relations between Germany and the United States, with an accompanying declaration of this Government that it does not care to be on terms of friendship with a nation which pursues such practices as that which resulted in the sinking of the Lusitania.

The statement of the Cunard Company denying the reports that a German submarine had fired a torpedo at the liner Transylvania, which arrived at Glasgow on Monday, caused no surprise here. It was stated in a Washington dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES that the report was not credited here by those who had information that merchant vessels would not be attacked without warning by German submarines while the negotiations over the sinking of the Lusitania were in progress. The news today that two British steamers and a trawler had been torpedoed, served to raise the question as to whether the curtailment of German submarine activities meant that enemy freight vessels were to be attacked or whether the German submarines that sunk the Drumcree and the Dumbrees had not been in touch with German official sources and had failed to receive notice that orders to attack all merchantment had been modified or suspended.

FRANCE SHOWS HER GREAT GUNS

Continued from Page 1.

amined each part of them and handled them; I have seen their shells in the making from the moment the great mass of molten steel, weighing tons, was poured from furnaces like the old-fashioned hell, through the process of shaping, where ten men are required to handle one shell, up to the moment the shell was ready for the insertion of the explosive and its fuse. I have compared it with the German 42-centimeter shells, one of which fell unexploded near Verdun. I can affirm that this French shell is bigger and more deadly than the German; that "the Conqueror" is the more powerful weapon. I know it will have a convincing effect upon Germany when, perhaps, it hurls its steel fury against the forts of Metz. All I can say further about this type is that the date of its going into action is very near.

But remember, I said there were two new French types. Of the second and smaller type I may not speak at all, except to say that it is of a very odd size.

During the recent visit of a newspaper man to the Krupp works he was spied upon in a room hung with mirrors, his every movement was followed, and he was allowed to cable only meagre details of what was being done. During my visit to Le Creusot, on the contrary, everything possible in the way of entertainment was done for me. I was lodged in the clubhouse built by the Schneiders for the occasional Kings, War Ministers, and Generals who used to come to buy cannon. Everything was shown and everything explained clearly, except in the case of this second new type of weapon. The secret of it is most jealously guarded; nothing of it was shown except a portion of its carriage, which gave me a slight hint of its character. From what I heard I judge that it will proven even a greater surprise to the Germans than its big sister.

Reports from Essen are that 46,000 men are now employed at the Krupp works. On my trip I learned that even a greater number of men are now working day and night in the French arms and munitions factories, not at Le Creusot alone, but in the Schneider Company's minor works in half a dozen other places and in the Government arsenals. At the Ecole de Pyrotechnie, or School of Explosives, which I visited at Bourges, there are 10,000 men and 3,000 women. At the Etat Major d'Artillérie, also at Bourges, there are 5,000 men in the workshop. At Le Creusot there are nearly 15,000 scattered through the works, covering 1,100 acres, all going at full speed, except the locomotive shops, which have been closed since the war began.

Works Run Twenty-four Hours a Day.

There is no weed-end rest anywhere. All the works run twenty-four hours daily and all the machines twenty-two hours, two hours being allowed for inspection. It has been arranged, however, to allow all the women workers one day in the week and all the men half a day. The men, of course, have been mobilized for the army, their war duties from the beginning having been to remain at their work in the armament factories. In addition to their army pay they also receive extra pay from the Schneiders. All are delighted to have service at home and with their families rather than in marching off to the trenches. It is curious to note, however, that many of them insist on wearing army uniforms at work. The appearance of many artillery officers in uniform also gives the place an extremely martial air, aside from the fact that the factories both at Le Creusot and Bourges, are all inclosed by high walls and sentries with guns stand guard before every gate.

Naturally such places are a happy hunting ground for spies; so every man employed there must produce a special pass as well as his military record book every time he enters. On the day we were at Bourges a woman spy was executed. She had been held under arrest for two months, while every possible investigation was made, before the court martial finally condemned her on her own confession.

Protection Against Zeppelins.

Both Bourges and Le Creusot are especially prepared to repel Zeppelin raids. Guns are mounted in all districts. Le Creusot is the only place I have seen where the guns show openly; there is no attempt at concealment. On entering the city in an automobile I could see their long barrels standing out against the skyline in every direction. Military observation outposts are stationed miles outside the city, with telephone connections to the batteries, for the purpose of warning against a Zeppelin's approach. So minute are the precautions that on the signposts on all the roads around the city the name Le Creusot does not appear; so that spies endeavoring to enter must inquire their way, thus making it plain that they are strangers. At Bourges the powder magazines are all below ground and covered with heavy mounds of earth with trees growing from them.

In a fuse-making factory at Bourges I noticed four different types of American automatic machines. But the most interesting machine in the arsenal is the new French invention for packing explosives in shells so as to make a central hole for the insertion of the fuse. This is a machine which works by itself. No human eye is ever upon it as it performs its duty. The machines of this type are in an underground, armor-plated, tomb-like room, where, if a shell explodes while the machine is busy, as sometimes happens, no one is injured. I saw the rooms and saw the shells placed in rows on a steel platform. The working of the machine was explained. Then we went a considerable distance to another building, where a dial on the wall indicated just when the machines that worked by themselves had completed their work and were waiting for new shells.

A Powerful New Explosive.

The explosive used in these shells is also new, and its composition is a secret. It is a white substance that looks like sand and is said to be more powerful than melinite.

In none of the works at Bourges did I seo any sign that aluminum was being used in fuses and shell-heads, as is admittedly the case in Germany. At Bourges only copper is used for these purposes; in the yards there I saw heaps of copper dust as big as hay stacks.

There was a benevolent looking old woman in the works at Bourges who was a most interesting figure. She wore a white lace cap and large spectacles. She sat in a room in one end of which was an armor-plated chamber containing a supply of fuse explosive which could be reached only through four small apertures in the wall. She was superintending the mixing of this explosive in the fuses. Her assistants were eight young girls, half of whom sat behind tables piled high with fuse cases. The four other girls drew the explosive from the room behind the armor plate. The little old woman, peering intently through her spectacles, bounced from one table to another, seeing that the dangerous mixing of the deadly stuff was done in just the right way. She was most enthusiastic in her terrible employment. The wages for which she worked did not matter, and she declared with vigor her pleasure in contributing her "bit" to the war.

At Le Creusot we made one trip into the works at night to see the magnificent fireworks display of molten steel coming from the furnaces. Just as an indication of how the work has made progress since the war began they showed us one new furnace 25 meters deep, (about 82 feet,) used exclusively for the tempering of the biggest naval guns.

Giant Mortars for Italy.

At Le Creusot we also saw new giant mortars built for Italy. They are all ready and waiting for shipment when Italy definitely decides for war; otherwise they will be set to work for France.

We also saw the biggest experiment yet tried in the way of armored trains. A complete train, consisting of an armored engine and car, was in the yards ready to start for the front. The gun which poked its nose over the side and could be aimed in all directions was of 194-millimeter size. The French have a new device for resting the supports on the ground when the gun is fired to prevent the recoil from derailing the car. The experiments have all been successful, so a train is now in course of construction which will carry a 270-millimeter gun.

The buildings comprising the plant which originally housed Schneider & Co., long before the Second Empire, were built in the eighteenth century as a glassworks for Marie Antoinette; so the same idea in architectural construction, whether for a steel rolling mill, a locomotive works, or an artillery workshop, has been to some extent adhered to in later years. In other words, the buildings at Le Creusot are not hideous, as one might expect them to be in a factory town. In fact, they may well be called model work buildings.

Schneider & Co. also believe in promoting the all-round development of their workers. One building is a theatre, another a chapel, another an indoor tennis court. Many of the buildings are now devoted to the uses of the Red Cross; there are 600 wounded in the place. There are also a park with a lake, a permanent hospital for workmen and their families, and a special château in the centre of the park which houses the children of dead employes. These children are cared for and educated, and receive employment in the works, if they desire it, when they are grown.

On the afternoon of our arrival my Captain said: "We will start immediately on our tour of inspection." With several officers of the works we walked half an hour through the beautiful park, fresh from the recent rain. Through a clearing we came upon several acres of hot-houses. A servant approached and handed me a boutonnière—a red rose. The Superintendent of the artillery shop then led the way through the finest orchid collection in Europe.

On our last afternoon, while waiting for the train to take us away, we went to visit the home for children in the centre of the park. The chief officials accompanied us as usual. There were about a hundred orphans in the home. Those of more than six years were at school, those younger, numbering about twenty, met us at the door singing the famous French childrens' play song, "On the Bridge of Avignon." We remained only a few minutes, the officials asking questions of the matrons and answering the tumultuous questions of the children.

We motored away down the long avenue of giant trees to our train. Behind us in the door were framed a dozen children's faces. We came out of the park on a hill-top. Back among the trees we heard the echo of the children's song. Before us, every chimney belching smoke, every forge going, every hammer swinging more strokes to the day than ever before in its history, was the entire panorama of the great industry of death.

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RUSSIAN LINES ON SAN IN PERIL

Austro-Germans Cross River on Wide Front and Capture Sieniawa.

MAY ISOLATE PRZEMYSL

Nearly 1,500,000 in Massed Attacks Against Positions Extending Along 200 Miles.

RUSSIANS IN BUKOWINA

Break Austrian Extreme Right Wing in Great Counter-Drive to Save Galician Centre.

LONDON, Thursday, May 20.—The Austrian armies, in conjunction with those of Germany, continue massed attacks in Galicia against the Russians, who are attempting to form a new line behind the River San, both to the north and south of Przemysl, and to the west of the Vistula River, in Southern Poland. These attacks, according to the Austrian and German reports, have met with their greatest success north of Przemysl, where the Germanic allies have succeeded in crossing the river and have occupied Sieniawa, on the eastern bank.

They also claim to have captured some positions to the southeast of the former Austrian fortress, while their heavy guns are keeping up a bombardment from the west.

In Southern Poland their progress is not so marked, the Russians having had strong forces concentrated at Ivangorod, which they were able to bring into the field and check the advance.

It is stated from Petrograd that the Germans and Austrians are using between thirty and forty army corps on the 200-mile front from Opatow, in Poland, to Kolomea, in Eastern Galicia, east of the latter city.

In Bukowina, the Russians have broken the Austrian extreme right, and are reported to have again occupied Czernowitz, the capital.

Gaining Galician Oil Fields.

VIENNA, May 19 (via London).—The Austro-German troops have forced a passage of the San River along a wide front between the fortress of Przemysl and the Vistula River, which makes it appear that the San line will be untenable and the isolation of Przemysl inevitable if Field Marshal Baron Conrad von Hoetzendorf, the Austro-Hungarian Chief of Staff, persists in his advance.

The Russians are reported still to be suffering from a lack of ammunition and the demoralization of the units which made a long and hasty retreat from the Dunajec River and the Carpathians.

The Austro-German victories have placed the Teutonic forces in possession of not only practically the whole of the Galician oil field, but also the copper mine near Kielce. This is considered of great importance in view of the attempts made to cut their supply of petroleum, gasoline, and copper. A commission of oil men left Vienna today for Boryslaw and Drohobioz to ascertain how soon the production of oil can be resumed.

The following official war statement was given out to-night:

The Teutonic allied troops who advanced to the east bank of the San River (Galicia) yesterday, repulsed across the Lubaczowka River strong Russian forces which offered resistance northeast of Jaroslau. We captured Sieniawa and forced a crossing of the San River, taking 7,000 prisoners and eight guns. Early morning counter attacks were repulsed in stubborn fighting.

On the Upper Dniester River and in the district of Stryi the fighting is proceeding. Our attacking columns stormed several Russian positions on the heights north of Sambor and captured places which had been defended obstinately by the enemy.

On the Pruth line there is nothing important to report.

In Russian Poland fighting is proceeding in the hilly district of Rieloc.

BERLIN, May 19 (via London).—The following report of the operations in the eastern theatre of war was issued today by the German General staff:

Further enemy forces were brought up yesterday on the Shavli-Fraurburg sector. North and south of the Niemen fighting continues.

In the southeastern theatre the Russians yesterday attempted by counter-attacks to check our troops which pressed forward across the San, but all these attacks failed with heavy loss to the enemy. A division composed of Haneverian and Oldenburg troops have during the last two days made 7,000 prisoners in the fighting at the crossing of the San. They also took four cannon and twenty-eight machine guns.

Between the Pilica and the upper Vistula and southeast of Przemysl fighting continues.

RUSSIANS' WORK UNDONE.

War Will Be Prolonged by Their Defeats in Galicia.

LONDON, May 19.—"As the result of the latest German tactics," says a dispatch to The Daily Mail from Petrograd, "all that had been accomplished by the Russins in the Carpathians has been undone and months have been added to the duration of the war.

"If the German plans had succeeded completely, if General Linsingen's army had been as fortunate as General von Mackensen's, if the Austrians in Bukowina had been trimphant, if the Baltic invasion had resulted in the capture of Riga, the blow would have been terrific. Fortunately, as matters now stand, the enemy has not accomplished anything really decisive.

"The general idea of the German offensive was to advance upon Lemberg from three different directions. Von Mackensen was to attack from the west, breaking through the Russian front; Linsingen was to force Tukhalka Pass and move swiftly up the Stryi Valley; Archduke Eugene in Bukowina was to turn the Russian left. Apparently General von Mackensen alone was successful in his attack, Linsingen being held back while the Archduke's army was soundly beaten.

"The leading Russian military authority suggests that the Germans intend to follow up their success with an advance on Warsaw, but for this they will need more troops than they can muster as long as the present activity on the western front continues. This is the only road to allied victory, but let there be no mistake—the end is a very long wayoff.

The Petrograd correspondent of The Telegraph says it would be absurd to pretend that the situation developed on the Russian front in the last three weeks is anything but uncomfortable, for in almost every direction the Teutonic allies seem to be gaining ground rapidly. He asserts, however, that there is no need for pessimism, as the German successes are due entirely to the posssession of trategic railways which enable them to concentrate rapidly in any desired direction.

"These partial occupations of territory," the correspondent says, "count for little in the present war and they are gained at a tremendous cost in lives which it is more difficult for the Austro-Germans to replace than for the Russians. Hence there is no sign of weakening in the resolution of the Russian people of their confidence in the ultimate issue."

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BATTLE LINE OF 200 MILES.

1,360,000 Austro-Germans Attacking Czar's Armies in South.

PETROGRAD, May 19.—Fighting is proceeding along a 200-mile battlefront in Galicia, from the mouth of the San River to Kolomea. The Russians are sending in troops as rapidly as possible to meet the ten German and twenty-four Austrian corps, (about 1,600,000 men,) said to be operating on this front.

Operations along the San may be considered as in three sections: The first, from Przemysl south to the Carpathian foothills; the second, from Przemysl north to the mouth of the Wisloka; the third, from the Wisloka to Sandomir, in Russian Poland, fifty-seven miles southeast of Radom.

In the first section the German advance has not developed beyond the stage of patrols and scouting parties. In the second section there are large opposing forces, which are prevented from engaging in hand-to-hand encounters by the wide sweep of the San, over which sharp ratillery duels are occuring. The heaviest German forces evidently have been concentrated in the third section, in an attempt to reach the right bank of the San. Such a move is considered extremely hazardous by Russian critics, as long as the Russian ocntrol the three most important fortifications and bridges across the San, at Przemysl, Jaroslau, and Sieniawa, enabling them to throw troops across to the left bank for the purpose of cutting off advancing Germans.

On the other side of the Vistula considerable military activity is reported in the districts of Kielce and Radom. The Germans are making an effort to establish a connection between this movement and the Galician advance.

KAISER IN GALICIA.

Watched Fighting of Division Trying to Cross the River San.

AMSTERDAM, (Via London,) May 19.—An official statement issued in Berlin says Emperor William was present Sunday while fighting was in progress on the eastern front.

First he was with the General Staff and later with a division which was struggling to force a crossing of the San River.

FINDS GERMANY LACKS MEN.

Observer in Petrograd Says Eastern Campaign Is Threatened.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, May 19, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Germany's chief difficulty is lack of men, and this now threatens the failure of her entire campaign against Russia. She has no reserves to support General Eichhorn's army in the extreme north, and it has been steadily driven back, until now the Russians are fighting near the frontier station of Wirballen.

Matters are even worse in the extreme south near Bukowina, where the Austrian attempt to outflank the Russians and approach Lemberg from the east has been itself outflanked, and the Russians are pursuing the enemy, who are making a disorderly retreat across the woods of the lower Carpathians into the flat land of Eastern Hungary. Moreover, General Dimitrieff's army, which successfully holds the west bank of the San, from Przemysl to the woody swamps of the Dneister, and has Germany there on the defensive, has enabled General Ivanoff to extend his line unbroken from Opatow, South Poland, to Kolomea, in East Galicia.

Over this 200-mile line the enemy has probably thirty-five corps, of which fifteen are Germans. Operating here in a frontal attack, they failed, and lost large numbers. On the San, while attempting to establish themselves on the right bank, they brought heavy artillery by motor traction against the western sector of guns of Przemysl.

VIENNA'S MEATLESS DAY.

Regulation for Two Fast Days Every Week Goes Into Effect.

VIENNA, May 19.—Today was the first meatless day in Vienna when, according to the new Government regulation, beef, pork, and veal cannot be offered for sale. The regulation applies to two days each week—Tuesday and Friday.

Its effect was scarcely noticeable today, the restaurants and hotels providing satisfactory menus with the aid of mutton and lamb and various sorts of game. Households either made their purchases yesterday or invested in sausage, liver, and eggs, which are not affected by the regulation.

GRAND DUKE SAVES THE DAY

Personally Rushes Ammunition to Front for Recapture of Jaslo.

LONDON, May 19.—At a critical point in the fighting near Jaslo, Galicia, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Petrograd, Grand Duke Nicholas in person rushed to the scene with ammunition, making the last fifty miles at top speed in an automobile. His car was followed by a string of thirteen other automobiles loaded to capacity with ammunition.

The arrival of the Commander in Chief is said to have turned the tide, inspiring the Cossacks to retake Jaslo, which the Germans had occupied. During their brief occupation the Germans are reported to have hanged the Mayor for displaying a Russian flag.

During the recent fighting one end of the Empress Alexander's Red Cross train was splintered by shrapnel.

Gen. Kornilieff's Capture Confirmed

LONDON, May 19.—The reported capture of General Kornilieff, commander of the Forty-eighth Russian Division, which cut its way through overwhelming German forces in the Galician retreat, is confirmed by a Petrograd dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company. The General continued to command rear-guard actions, leading bayonet charges, although severely wounded.

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ALLIES SILENCE KILID BAHR FORT

Important Dardanelles Defense Apparently Disabled—Fall of Nagara Reported Imminent.

LANDING ON ASIATIC SIDE

Fresh Allied Troops Disembarked at Kum Kale—Turks Hurry Big Guns from Adrianopole.

LONDON, May 19.—A message from Mytilene, forwarded from Athens to the Exchange Telegraph Company, says that the Allies have silenced the Turkish fortifications at Kilid Bahr, on the European side of the Dardanelles, at the end of the narrows nearest Constantinople. The fall of Nagara, on the Asiatic side, opposite Kilid Bahr, is said to be imminent.

The Turks are sending reinforcements to their positions along the Gulf of Smyrna.

An Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, dated yesterday, says it is reported at Mytilene that the Allies disembarked fresh troops Monday night near Kum Kale on the Asiatic coast of the Dardanelles.

It also has been learned there that the Turks on the Gallipoli Peninsula who for weeks have lacked artillery ammunition, have obtained an abundant supply of shells in the past few days.

The following review of recent operations at the Dardanelles was given out today by the Official Information Bureau:

"The following has been received from the Mediterranean force:

"General Cox's brigade repulsed with heavy loss an attack on his position made on May 12. The following day a double company of Ghurkas advanced over half a mile. The ground thus won was consolidated during the night, in spite of very strong counter attacks.

"On May 16 the Lancashire Territorial Division made considerable progress during the night, and on the following night advanced further. The same day our howitzer battery, with the aid of aeroplanes, blew up the ammunition wagons of the Turkish heavy howitzers, and later made a direct hit on one of the guns in front of the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps. The enemy trenches and a new gun emplacement were demolished by howitzer fire.

"Every day sees an improvement in the Anglo-French position. The enemy are reported as having lost very heavily."

According to a Sofia dispatch to The Times, the Turks are hurrying troops, provisions, and munitions from Lule Burgas and Keshan to the Gallipoli Peninsula. All siege guns and modern artillery have been removed from Adrianople and sent to the Aegean coast. Keshan and Malgara are being hastily fortified.

PARIS, May 19.—A telegram from Saloniki says the Germans have lost 43 officers and 600 sailors in fighting at the Dardanelles during the last six days.

In the vicinity of Constantinople trains have been stopped owing to the shortage of coal. No food supplies are reaching the city and distress is increasing.

GERMAN WATCH ON ALIENS.

New Passport Regulations Issued by Berlin Military Authorities.

BERLIN, May 19, (via London.)—New regulations for the control of foreigners in Berlin and the Provinces of Brandenburg were today issued by the military commander.

These regulations become effective June 1. They set forth that all foreigners, except Austrians, Hungarians, and Turks, must appear personally before the police and submit their passports within twenty-four hours of their arrival in the city or the province. Foreigners desiring to leave this territory must make personal appearance before the authorities. Foreigners already in the district named on June 1 must appear before the police prior to June 10.

CASSEL PROTESTS LOYALTY.

Sir Ernest Expresses His Horror at Germany's War Methods.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 20.—Sir Ernest Cassel, in a letter to The Daily Chronicle, says:

"As many other British subjects of German extraction have given public expression to their feelings, my silence might be misunderstood. Nearly half a century of my life has been spent in England, and all my interests—family, business, and social—are centred here. All my male relations of military age are serving with the King's forces.

"My unfailing loyalty and devotion to this country have never varied or been questioned, and while affirming this I desire also to express my deep sense of horror at the manner in which the war is being conducted by the German Government."

ORDER FOR 8,000 CANNON.

Bethlehem Plant Reports Getting Check for $16,150,000.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., May 19.—The Bethlehem Steel Company today received an order for 8,000 cannon from Lord Kitchener, head of the British War Office. The order was accompanied by a check for $16,150,000, partly for work already done by the Bethlehem Steel Company for the British Government and partly in advance payment for material that will go into the 8,000 new fieldpieces.

The cannon ordered are fieldpieces of the kind that can be turned out in about a month.

The projectile contracts are well under way, and the shells are being made so rapidly that Bethlehem is fast catching up with the demand of Lord Kitchener. Shrapnel is now being turned out at the rate of 12,000 shells a day, and of the one-pounder and smaller shells the product is 50,000 and upward every twenty-four hours. Buildings are being erected and machinery installed largely to increase the output of shrapnel.

KUEPFERLE CASE IN CAMERA

Court Provides Against Secrets of Evidence Going to Germany.

LONDON, May 19.—The trial of Anton Kuepferle, who says he is an American citizen, once a resident of Brooklyn, on the charge of giving military information to the enemies of Great Britain, was resumed in Old Bailey today.

The hearing today was in camera "in the interests of the national safety." The purpose of this measure is to prevent the precise information which Kuepferle is alleged to have tried to disclose to the enemy from becoming public property.

Anton Kuepferle was known in New York as De Fallois. Under that name he worked for S. Langsdorf & Co., Spring and Crosby Streets, and under that name he was known among his friends. Until shortly after the outbreak of the war he is said to have boarded with a Mrs. Zimmermann in Brooklyn. Since early last Fall neither the man nor the woman has been seen by any of their former associates.

The above information was given at the offices of S. Langsdorf & Co. yesterday.

"All I know about this man," said Mr. Langsdorf, an official of S. Langsdorf & Co., "is that he once worked as a shipping clerk for us and that he called himself De Fallois. Yesterday I told a reporter that no such man as Kuepferle ever worked for us. This morning, however, one of our men called my attention to the fact that Kuepferle and de Fallois were the same person. Our books show that De Fallois left us on April 14 of last year, and since then we have heard nothing of him.

"I remember De Fallois as a powerful fellow who spoke German most of the time, but who, according to others employed in the department with him, professed to be a Swiss. He had a flat nose which looked as if it had been broken."

"Did he ever say where he got the name 'De Fallois'?" Mr. Langsdorf was asked.

"No, he said he was a Swiss, and that was all," he answered.

An employe of S. Langsdorf & Co. had a clipping from a German newspaper which told of the arrest of Kuepferle in England. This article said Kuepferle lived in Powers Street, Williamsburg, where it was said he boarded with a Mrs. Zimmermann. It is said that Mrs. Zimmermann had threatened to put "De Fallois" out because of his denunciation of the Kaiser. Both Mrs. Zimmermann and De Fallois disappeared from Powers Street many months ago, the article added.

"This is undesired publicity for us," said Mr. Langsdorf, "and I am very sorry that our name, even so innocently, has been brought into the affair. We knew nothing about the man to indicate that he was not all right, and, as our books show, he left us months before the war started."

Keystone Masons Support President

Special to The New York Times.

STROUDSBURG, Penn., May 19.—The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania, representing 165,000 members, now in annual session here, today passed a resolution extending to President Wilson "our loyal support and congratulations for his efforts to maintain peace with honor to himself and our great country. We trust that he be guided in the future, as he has been in the past, by Him who said, 'I will be with you even unto the end.'"

France's New Artillery Head.

PARIS, May 19.—Albert Thomas, a member of the Chamber of Deputies, was appointed Under Secretary of War today. He will have special charge of the artillery department.

BRYAN ASKS ABOUT FRYE IN PRIZE COURT

Action of Germany Puzzling in View of Official Admission of Liability.

MAY BE MERE FORMALITY

This Government in Note of April 25 Suggested Settling Damages at German Embassy at Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Secretary Bryan has cabled to Ambassador Gerard at Berlin, asking for information concerning the action of the German Government in putting the case of the American sailing ship William P. Frye before a German prize court for consideration and inquiring whether that action is intended as an answer to the American note of April 28.

The note of April 28 was the communication in which Ambassador Gerard was directed to say to the German Foreign Office that, "while the promptness with which the Imperial Government has admitted its liability is highly appreciated, the United States feels that it would be inappropriate in the circumstances of this case and would involve unnecessary delay to adopt the suggestion that the legality of the capture and destruction, the standing of the claimants, and the amount of indemnity should be submitted to a prize court."

The United States Government took this position because it felt that the destruction of the Frye by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich was unquestionably a violation of the obligations imposed upon the German Government under existing treaty stipulations between that country and the United States, and because the note of April 5 from Herr von Jagow, the German Foreign Minister, was understood by the United States Government as admitting the liability of the German Government for damages resulting from the sinking of the Frye.

Since Germany had admitted its liability for damages, the Washington Government took the position that it would be unnecessary to send the Frye case into a prize court. The admission of liability left only the questions of the standing of the claimants and the amount of damages to be determined. It was suggested by the United States Government on April 28 that evidence on these points could be produced and examined more conveniently in the United States than elsewhere on account of the presence here of the owners and Captain of the Frye, their documentary records, and other possible witnesses and papers.

The Washington Government suggested the advisability of transferring the negotiations for the settlement of these points to the German Embassy at Washington and was greatly surprised when informed by Consul General Henry H. Morgan at Hamburg that the Frye case had been ordered before the Prize Court of Hamburg. Washington is now wondering whether this is Germany's answer to the note of April 28 or whether the ordering of the case before the Prize Court was something that could not be averted under German laws.

In one of the communications from the German Government dealing with the Frye case it was pointed out that even if the Prize Court should condemn the Frye as lawful contraband, the Prize Court would be bound by the treaty provisions between the United States and Germany under which Germany has admitted her liability for damages for the loss of the Frye. As this treaty rises superior to any action the Prize Court may take, it has been suggested that the handling of the case by the Prize Court may be intended as a formality.

GERMAN SNIPERS TIRELESS.

Heavy Loss of British Officers Said to be Due to Them.

Francis Janssens, who was an attaché of the Belgian Legation in Washington several years ago, arrived yesterday at the Wolcott on his way to Havana, where he will become Chargé d'Affaires for Belgium, relieving Chevalier de Waepenaert, the Minister, who has obtained a leave of absence.

Mr. Janssens thinks the large mortality among British officers at the front has been due to the fearless way in which they have exposed themselves.

"The Germans have thousands of snipers, whose task is to pick officers," said Mr. Janssens, "and while one of them may not get a victim today or tomorrow, nevertheless if you put your head up on the next day he is still waiting, and his aim is sure."

WON'T EXCHANGE PRISONERS

Germany Refuses Because of Treatment of Her Submarine Crews.

LONDON, May 19.—Correspondence between the British Minister at the Vatican and the Foreign Office discloses the fact that Germany has revoked the agreement made at the request of the Pope for the exchange of British and German civilian and incapacitated prisoners independent of the question of military age.

The Prussian Minister at the Vatican has explained that the action was taken because Great Britain was not treating German submarine prisoners as ordinary prisoners of war.

CITES KAISER AS MURDERER

Ramsgate Coroner's Jury Accuses Emperor in Zeppelin Killing.

RAMSGATE, England, May 19.—A Coroner's Jury today returned a verdict of "willful murder" against Emperor William in the case of John Smith, who died as the result of shock following injuries sustained in the Zeppelin raid of Monday.

The Coroner suggested that the jury fix the responsibility on the persons whom it regarded as being to blame for this sort of war.

PORTUGAL BARS POLITICS.

New Cabinet Resolves to be Neutral Toward All Parties.

LISBON, Portugal, May 19.—The newly formed Portuguese Cabinet has decided, it was announced to-day, to maintain an absolutely neutral attitude toward all political parties.

The newspapers of the capital to-day comment on the visits exchanged between the commanders of the Spanish warships anchored in the Tagus River and the Lisbon authorities.

EIGHT UNIONISTS FOR NEW CABINET

Continued from Page 1.

main Prime Minister and Sir Edward Grey would continue as foreibgn secretary. Otherwise by implication all, including the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and countless minor positions, was uncertain. But continued the Prime Minister, certain conditions must be made plain. The war would be prosecuted with all energy as hitherto and no party would be asked to sacrifice its political convictions. More he could not state at the moment.

"The house was friendly and each material point was cheered. When Bonar Law rose, he also was generously received. What he said amounted to this, that no political considerations should weigh for a moment against the best arrangement for conducting war. There was no debate nor means of testing the sense of the house."

Chronicle Wants Redmond to Serve.

The Daily Chronicle's parliamentary correspondent writes:

"The reconstruction of the Government is to be of a very thorough character, extending down from the Hierarchy of the Cabinet to minor offices and under Secretaryships. The unionists will secure nearly half of the offices, this will involve the retirement of many Liberal Minisiers, who will be penalized, not for any failure of their own, but for the shortcomings and errors of others. The Labor Party will get two offices in the new Ministry—one in the Cabinet and one under-Secretaryship. The British Nationalists can rightfully claim to have two, if not three, representatives in the Ministry; but there is reason to fear they will prefer to be unidentified with it.

"Apart from its desirableness in the interests of the nation and empire, John Redmond's presence in the Cabinet would give special gratification to the Liberal Party. If Mr. Redmond cannot see his way to enter the Cabinet himself, it is greatly to be hoped that he will nominate thereto one of his principal colleagues. T. P. O'Connor, who has given his whole public life to the noble task of recruiting British and Irish democracies, would make an admirable representative of Ireland in the Cabinet.

"With the exception of Sir Edward Grey, whose retirement from the Foreign Office is withheld so long as he has health and strength to perform its arduous duties, practically all the members of the old Government have placed their resignations in the hands of the Prime Minister. Some of his old colleagues who have done grand work for Liberalism and given illustrious service to their country have with self-effacing patriotism that cannot be too highly extolled told Mr. Asquith they are ready, even eager, to steps aside, if by so doing they can serve the national interests.

"Mr. Asquith has therefore a clean slate on which to write. He may take advantage of the opportunity offered by reconstruction to reduce the number of Cabinet Ministers. At present the Cabinet consists of twenty-one Ministers. This is too large a number, and the inevitable result is the formation of an inner Cabinet for graver affairs requiring rapid decision."

The Parliamentary correspondent of The Daily News expresses doubt that the new War Ministry will be able to command a majority in the House of Commons. "It will need a great effort toward a national spirit in Parliament to keep them in power. From the very facts of the situation a real Opposition is being created—an irresponsible Opposition, formed of irregular critical forces. Some Liberals, some Unionists, Labor men and Nationalists, and some Radicals may sit on the Opposition side of the House. They and others will be critical of individual Ministers to whom they owe no party loyalty. It may in the future be a factious Opposition, whereas in the past the Unionist opposition has on the whole been very loyal since the war began."

"We see grave dangers in the coalition," says The Morning Post editorial, "but there are dangers every way, and there is at least this advantage that now both parties will be committed up to the neck to the cause of victory, while the future of both parties will be bound up with victory. If they are discredited the party system is at end in this country, and the nation will have to look for a new form of government; if they succeed, it may perhaps be preserved."

All for War Says the Premier.

LONDON, Thursday, May 20.—In announcing to the House of Commons yesterday the coming reconstruction of the Cabinet, Premier Asquith said:

"Nothing has been definitely arranged as yet, but in order to avoid any possible misapprehension, I wish to make clear here and now three things.

"First, any changes will not affect the position of the Prime Minister or of the Foreign Secretary; second, there will be no change of any kind in the podicy of the country as regards the continued prosecution of the war with all possible energy and by means of every available resource, and third and last, and of great importance to the honorable friends behind me and I have no doubt to the Opposition, is this: Any reconstruction of the Cabinet that may be made will be for the purposes of the war alone and is not to be taken in any quarter or for any reason as indicating anything in the nature of a surrender or a compromise on the part of any person, or body of persons, of their several political ideals.

"This is as far as I can go. Nothing definite yet has taken place, but if any arrangement is made the House will have the fullest opportunity of expressing its views."

The reference of the Premier to the prosecution of the war were greeted with prolonged cheering.

The Prime Minister was followed by Andrew Bonar Law, leader of the Opposition, who said:

"I think it only necessary to say, on behalf of my friends and myself, that at the stage this has reached our only consideration in regard to the further steps to be taken is the sole idea of what is the best method of finishing the war successfully, and we leave out of our minds absolutely all considerations, political and otherwise, beyond that.

"Of course, if such an arrangement should take place it is obvious our convictions on other subjects will remain unchanged, and will be settled when the war is over."

Parliament adjourned last night until June 30. Before its next meeting the new Cabinet will be formed and the first act of the Cabinet will be to challenge a vote of confidence from the House of Commons to demonstrate its position as representing the whole House.

The Liberal members held a meeting tonight and expressed confidence in Premier Asquith who explained the Government's position to them. The Conservatives also held a party council.

Recent reports have changed yesterday's forecasts of the personnel of the Ministry in only two or three details. There is no doubt that the reorganization of the Government will mean the snuffing out of some high political ambitions.

Fisher Back at Admiralty.

Lord Fisher, first Sea Lord of the Admiralty, was in his office at the Admiralty yesterday, which was taken to mean that the Government had refused to accept his resignation, making inevitable the departure from the Admiralty of Winston Churchill, First Lord of the Admiralty. It is believed by many that Mr. Churchill will have the Marquis of Crewe's portfolio at the India Office or succeed Mr. Harcourt as Secretary of State for Colonies.

The Conservative members of Parliament are reported to think eight Cabinet members as their share, and Bonar Law, Opposition leader in the House of Commons, Balfour, Austen Chamberlain, the Earl of Curzon, Lord Selborne, F. E. Smith, the Earl of Derby, and Walter Humelong are regarded as certainties.

The Daily Telegraph regards the following appointment to the coalition Ministry as almost certain

A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty; Bonar Law, Chancellor of the Exchequer; Austen Chamberlain, Secretary for the Colonies; Winston Churchill, Secretary for India; Earl Kitchener and David Lloyd George, Secretaries for War, Lord Kitchener performing the military and Lloyd George the civil duties of the War Office.

There is a widespread belief that although Baron Fisher has tendered his resignation as First Sea Lord such arrangements will be made as will enable him to retain his post under the new First Lord of the Admiralty, if he does not assume the First Lordship himself.

Regarding the Lord Chancellorship, the question is raised in some quarters whether Lord Reading could take the position, on account of his Jewish faith, as the Lord Chancellor is "keeper of the King's conscience."

DENIES MORGAN MONOPOLY.

Britain May Buy from Any Concern, Official Tells Commons.

LONDON, May 19.—It was revealed in the House of Commons this afternoon by Harold Baker, Financial Secretary of the War Office, that the existing contract between the British Government and J. P. Morgan & Co. did not debar the giving of business to other concerns in the United States.

Mr. Baker made this announcement in answer to a question asked by Sir Richard A. Cooper, Unionist, who wanted to know if firms in America which declined to negotiate with or through J. P. Morgan & Co. were still able to supply munitions of war to Great Britain. Mr. Baker said: "The War Department is free to place orders with any firm in the United States, and will do so on any proper occasion."

WAR BURDEN ON GRADUATES

Those of This Year Told They Face Heavier Responsibilities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In an address today to the graduating class of Fairmont Seminary, Philander P. Claxton, United States Commissioner of Education, made this statement:

"In Europe they are burying in trenches young men who should have led the world. This puts this leadership up to us and places heavier obligations and greater opportunities on the 1915 graduates of the schools and universities of the United States than have ever been faced by graduating classes in this country. When this war is ended I predict that young men and women of Europe will flock to our shores to enter our institutions of learning, and America will lead the world in ideas."

FAMOUS COXSWAIN KILLED.

Lieut. Stanley Maclagan Among the List of Dead at Ypres.

LONDON, May 5.—Included in the recent lists of killed at Ypres is the name of Second Lieutenant Stanley Maclagan, known to rowing enthusiasts as the greatest coxswain of recent years. He steered the Oxford crew for four years, 1899 to 1902, and later steered many winning Leander crews, including the famous eight which won the Olympic Regatta at Henley in 1908.

At the time of his death he held the post of Secretary of the Amateur Rowing Association. He was a member of the London Stock Exchange and was 35 years old. He was killed in action on April 25.

Dying, American Soldier Writes.

HOUGHTON, Mich., May 19.—Herbert Thomas, an American enlisted in the Canadian contingent, is dead of wounds received in the fighting in Northern France, according to a note received today by his sister, Lottie Thomas, at Hubbell, Mich.

"Wounded three times today. Am dying. Good-by," the note read. It was dated Margate, France, May 1. Thomas enlisted at Winnipeg last Fall.

Inquiring Into War Crucifixion.

LONDON, May 19.—In the House of Commons today Harold J. Tennant, Parliamentary Under Secretary of War, announced that the Government was inquiring into "the allegation that Germans had removed the figure of Christ from a large village crucifix and fastened a wounded Canadian sergeant to the cross."

Mr. Tennant said his inquiry had not been completed.

Lackawanna Railroad

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Will Leave NEW YORK, 8:30 P. M.
" " HOBOKEN, 8:55 P. M.
" " NEWARK, 9:09 P. M.
" " BRICK CHURCH, 9:16 P. M.
AND
Arrive BUFFALO, 7:30 A. M.

The Best and Most Used Train Operated Between These Two Terminals

The New Schedule Makes All Important Canadian and Western Connections

The Road of Anthracite

Manhattan Island Is 2¼ Miles Wide

THERE'S the width of Manhattan Island between how you feel *before* buying a Suit and *after*. Satisfaction isn't in facing the looking-glass, but the world.

If it's a Stein-Bloch, your satisfaction will grow day by day, for your Suit will soften and smarten like a thoroughbred glove.

Good tailoring gets in its fine hand-work, moulding the body-lines to every hill and valley of your figure.

Town-and-Country Suits and Topcoats
$20.00 to $45.00

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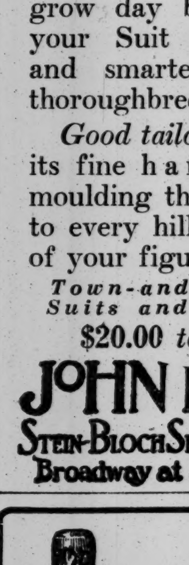

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Sanitary Paper Towels, Soft Tissue

Large size, very smooth, absorbent; 15 CENTS PER ROLL (150 Towels). Free roller.

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An investigation of old age

Only with the greatest care is it possible for civilized man to prevent the accumulation in the alimentary canal of noxious poisons arising from the fermentation of improperly digested and non-assimilated food. These poisons are known to cause indigestion, headache, biliousness, constipation, arteriosclerosis, nervous diseases and the petty ailments of advancing years, including premature old age itself.

Intesti-Fermin Tablets

contain the finest strains of sour milk ferments of Bulgaria, where people frequently live to be 125 years of age. The ingredients were discovered by the scientists of the Pasteur Institute, Paris, and have been approved by the highest medical authorities and include the Bacillus Bulgaricus and Glyco-Bakter—making a double-culture of exceptional power, which tends to prevent the growth of unfriendly, poison-forming germs in the lower digestive tract and to reduce intestinal auto-intoxication and the many ailments arising therefrom.

Intesti-Fermin Tablets are pleasant and easy to take, contain no drugs, and are rather a food-guard product in highly concentrated form. Get them from your druggist today, or by mail direct for $1 from

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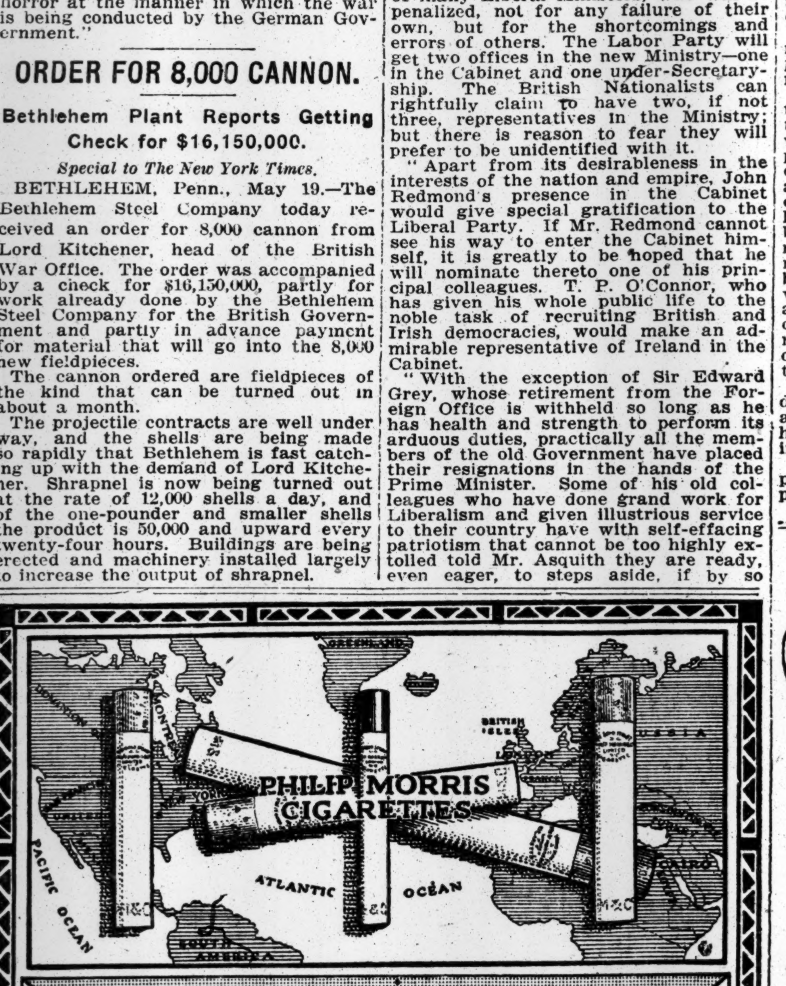

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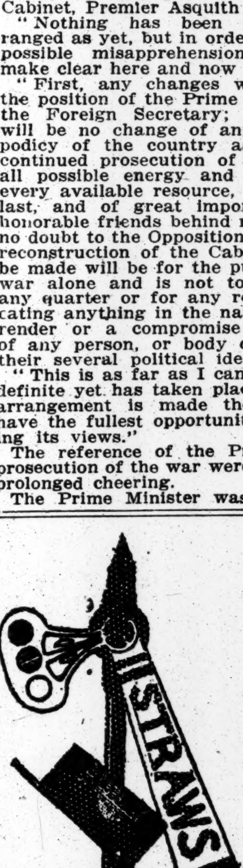
Unquestionably the only brand recognized for sixty years as the International Standard of Unadulterated Turkish Smoke of the Highest Quality Obtainable.



The signal is set for a clear track to straw style. You have the "right of way" and the main track leads to Young's Shops.

All correct shapes and braids, $2, $3 and $4.

Young's stiff straws have the "fortified edge"—an exclusive feature—prevents broken brims.

Leghorns, $4 and $6. Panamas, $5 up

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NONE BETTER MADE

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

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Writing Paper by the Pound and Box. Note Cards with or without Initials. Monogram and Address Dies. Desk Requisites.

A detailed list of the specials will be mailed upon request or handed to you upon entering the shop.

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Should see these wonderful Laces

Duchesse and "Rose Point," 7 inches wide, of the most exquisite quality. At (yd) **$12.44.**

Other "Duchesse" Lace, in 1½ to 7 inch widths, **$1.65** to **$8.98** a yard.

Also the finest Irish crochet, Point de Venise, Rose Point, real Binche, Bruges, Carrickmacross, Milan and Filet Laces, at most tempting prices.

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"Quaker"

Double "Jabot Effect" Collars—for Milady

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Of French organdie, with tiny pearl button trimmings. Blue-white, flesh-white, tan-white, lavender-white, etc.

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For traveling—and therefore hooded

Made of a fine quality of tub silk, in softly attractive and *practical* colors.

Fitted with *one* pocket. Irresistible—at **$4.98.**

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UNUSUAL SALE of Slightly Used Pianos

Grands and Uprights

These instruments have been used during the past Winter and comprise:

Steinway,
Weber,
Baldwin,
Briggs,
and other standard makes.

They are all in perfect condition, fully warranted, and will be sold at prices ranging from $100.00 up.

Terms to suit convenience of purchaser.

We also carry a large assortment of Player-Pianos. Full value allowed for your piano in exchange.

Your inspection is invited.

PIANOS TO RENT

Small Uprights for Summer cottages.

CHAS. H. DITSON & CO.
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WARNS AMERICANS OF NEEDS OF JAPAN

Dr. I. Iyenaga Says Situation Now Is More Serious Than California Episode.

CONGESTION HURTS EMPIRE

Japanese Professor of History in Chicago Addresses Men at Dinner at Plaza.

The failure of Americans to understand the position of Japan in the Far East is likely to result in a more serious situation than that caused by the "Japan-California controversy," Dr. I. Iyenaga, professor of history at the University of Chicago, told prominent Americans and Japanese at a dinner given at the Hotel Plaza llast night by Major George Haven Putnam, Charles A. Coffin, Lindsay Russell, and Emerson McMillin.

The dinner was the occasion of bringing out a book "America to Japan," which is a companion volume to "Japan to America," which was published several months ago. The first volume contained appreciations of this country by many eminent Japanese, and the book which came out last night is a cordial reciprocation containing contributions upon Japan from many well-known Americans. The speeches by Americans who preceded Dr. Iyenaga were all in a ton eof great admiration to Japan.

"After all the golden words for Japaa which I have heard from so many distinguished Americans," he sead, "I don't know if it is right for me to speak bluntly, but the Chairman has asked me to speag, and it would be discourteous of me to remain silent. Even at the height of the California-Japanese controversy, that affair appeared to me as less serious than the matter which has been before us in the past few weeks. Until Japan and America come to a better understanding and until Americans see and appreciate the position of Japan in the Far East, I am afraid that it will be a little more serious than at present.

You know that Japan is only about one-half the size of Texas and has a population about two-thirds of that of the United States. Now what are we going to do? How is our nation going to continue to exist in so small a territory? We are advised to promote industries and create wealth. We are doing that as well as we can, but our resources are limited.

"I hope that upon this question we will receive the counsel of American friends which has been of great benefit to us before. Japan intends to remain the best friend of China, to be sure. It will help China; China will benefit, so will Japan, and so will the United States. I hope that you will help us in solving this great problem. What is the best attitude for us to take toward China? What policy is the best for us in the Far East?"

Ex-Governor John Franklin Fort of New Jersey compared the attitude of Japan in the Far East to that which we had taken toward the Western Hemisphere in proclaiming the Monroe Doctrine, and said that he believed Japan would have the sympathy of the United States in following a policy which seemed at present to be that which the United States had taken in similar circumstances.

Dean C. Worcester, ex-Governor General of the Philippines, said that there was such a thing as tyranny by one nation over another, and such a thing as one nation helping another. He said that an example of the latter policy was our control of the Philippines.

He said that it was necessary to obtain a thorough knowledge of the facts before reaching any conclusions regarding Japan's policy, and added that our relations with Japan had suffered through thep revailing ignorance in this country regarding that empire. Every week he had once again to kill the old story that in Japan the bankers employed Chinese clerks because they could not trust their own countrymen. As to the Philippines, he said, the attitude of most Japanese was that they had enough trouble of their own without robbing the United States of any.

Other speakers were Major Putnam, Dr. Jeremiah W. Jenks, Mr. Russell, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, Charles A. Coffin, Consul General T. Nakamura, and Howard Mansfield.

TRANSYLVANIA NOT ATTACKED

Agents Send a Cable Denying the Submarine Story.

The agents of the Cunard Line received a cablegram yesterday from Henderson Bros. of Glasgow, managers of the Anchor Line, which owns the Transylvania, denying the cabled reports of the narrow escape of the steamship from being torpedoed on her eastward voyage. The message read:

"Absolutely no foundation for report that Transylvania was chased by submarine, or that any attempt was made to torpedo her."

LUSITANIA FUND $13,767.

$330 Added by the Subscriptions Made Yesterday.

Frank A. Vanderlip, Treasurer of the Mayor's committee for the relief of sufferers by the Lusitania disaster, reported yesterday these subscriptions to the fund:

Elkan Naumberg	$200
Henry Hentz	25
Frederick Layton	25
A. Beller & Co.	25
Anonymous	25
Brown, Lent & Pett	20
James N. Rosenberg	10

With the $13,437.50 already reported, these contributions bring the fund up to $13,767.50.

THREE MORE BODIES FOUND.

Two Men Who Perished on Lusitania Are Identified.

QUEENSTOWN, (via London,) May 19.—The bodies of three victims of the Lusitania disaster, two men and one woman, were recovered from the sea yesterday.

The men presumably are Charles H. Lund of Chicago and Montagu F. Grant of London and Chicago. The body of the woman has not been identified.

RIDDER WARNS OF ENGLAND

Not to America's Interest That Germany Be Crushed, He Says.

Herman Ridder, in a signed article on "America's Golden Opportunity," in today's Staats Zeitung, says:

"The action of the Government of the United States on pending international questions which is expected within the next few weeks will have a decisive influence upon the history of the present century.

"Far-seeing leaders must and will, we hope, recognize that the strengthening of the British Empire beyond reasonable limits will result in the domination of the whole world by Great Britain, to the detriment of the United States. No single nation should be given the power to dictate to the rest of the world.

"Many Americans do not desire to see England defeated, but they must admit that the destruction of Germany would bring no advantage to us. In the interest of the United States, Germany should be preserved, and by crushing her we would deprive ourselves of a check on other nations that may become some time our rivals, and this check would act without any risk or cost to us.

"The German-Americans are absolutely convinced that the British Empire is a growing menace to the independence and peaceful development of the United States, and it is their firm belif that the general policy of the Administration is fraught with danger, exposing this country to continually increasing domination on the part of Great Britain."

CREMATED THE WRONG MAN.

Husband Mrs. Koester Mourned Returns to Her Home.

Wearing mourning for the man she though dead, Mrs. Emma Koester of 434 Bleecker Street, Ridgewood, Queens Borough, was surprised last night when her husband entered her house.

On Dec. 19, 1913, Mrs. Koester reported to the Glendale police that her husband was missing. A few days later she received word to call at the City Farm on Staten Island, as there was a body there that tallied with descriptions she gave of the missing man. Mrs. Koester went to Staten Island, identified the body, and had it taken to her home.

Mrs. Koester had the body cremated and kept the ashes in an urn on the mantelpiece of her home. She collected $610 insurance on the life of her husband.

Mrs. Koester said her husband looked prosperous and that he had given up all of his bad habits. Although she had the ashes of some one she did not know, she meant to keep them, Mrs. Koester said.

DRILL HELPS AUSTRALIANS.

Police Chiefs All See Benefit of Compulsory Service.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MELBOURNE, March 27.—The Australian system of compulsory military training, which seems to have attracted considerable notice in the United States in connection with the agitation for a larger army and navy, is having a beneficial effect upon the youth of the Commonwealth, according to official statements.

Last year the Premiers of the several States asked for expression of opinion from the respective heads of the Police Departments as to the result of the universal training system on the conduct and bearing of the lads of Australia. All the States have now replied, and the substance of the opinions has been made public by Mr. Jensen, Assistant Minister for Defense.

The police authorities are all agreed that the training has helped the boys and striplings subject to it. The principal effects to which reference is made in the reports are increased self-respect, diminution of cigarette smoking, and in general a tendency toward a sense of responsibility and a desire to become good citizens.

"No doubt," said Mr. Jensen, "the opinion may be held in some quarters that the withdrawal of lads from their homes at night to attend training and the opportunity to loiter after drill may have a tendency to interfere with parental control, but I do not personally consider the loss in this direction is commensurate with the gain physically, mentally, and morally which must result from the training, especially when properly equipped drill sheds have been established.

"It is also necessary to bear in mind that a number of the youths would possibly be loitering about the streets or spending their time in a less desirable manner if not occupied in attending training, and in cases in which parental control is (as in some instances) a more or less negligible quantity the beneficial effect of the system of training is apparent."

WILL SIGN DIRECT TAX BILL.

Governor Announces Decision on $19,500,000 Measure.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19. — Governor Whitman, after closing public hearings on financial bills today, announced that he would not call the Legislature to pass a Direct Tax bill for a lower amount, but would sign the measure already passed, which provides $19,500,000.

The Governor announced tonight that he had saved $2,301,948 from the money bills. The amounts eliminated today totaled $66,060, representing cuts of $64,769 for the National Guard and $1,291 from the Controller's department.

TO DROP ENEMY KNIGHTS.

Royal Warrant Said to be Contemplated in England.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 20.—The Times says:

"We have reason to believe it is in contemplation to issue a Royal warrant removing all enemy aliens from the rolls of British orders of Knighthood."

Has Confidence in Wilson.

The Jeffersonian Alliance, of which Bert Hansen is Chairman, has adopted a resolution expressing its reverent gratitude that at this crisis the country is in the keeping of a President hose "wisdom, patriotism, ability, and firm righteousness have world-wide recognition," and its absolute confidence in President Wilson's leadership in upholding the rights and protecting the interests of this nation, and in meeting its responsibilities in behalf of civilization and humanity.

BRITISH PRIZE COURT PRODDED TO ACTION

Continued from Page 1.

on vigorous steps for the removal of the principal grounds of complaint.

Some of the Senators and Representatives who have been so active in urging the matter upon the attention of Secretary Bryan felt tha tthey had about won their case before that department when the Lusitania tragedy occurred.

At least one Senator believed that if the Lusitania disaster had not occurred a note would have been decided upon for delivery to the British Government within forty-eight hours. This Senator believes that nothing except the German-American issue interfered with the dispatch of such a protest. He doubts now whether such a note will be sent while the American Government is awaiting the reply of Germany.

Astonishment has been expressed in official circles over the persistency of the statements that a note to England was being prepared. It was suggested tonight that the only possible explanation of the repeated assertions that a note of protest to the Briish Governmen had been prepared was that those unofficial persons who were making those statements had prepared it themselves.

From a high official source it was learned tonight that even if the Government was convinced that the situation arising from the detention of American ships or cargoes by Great Britain demanded attention, no note of general protest bearing on the subject would be sent at this time for the very good reason that it might raise a new international issue at the moment when the United States was deeply concerned with the grave questions arising out of the destruction of the Lusitania. The issue embraced in the detention of ships or cargoes, it was said, was of minor consequence compared with the matters brought to the attention of the German Government in connection with Germany's submarine warfare. While negotiations on this subject were pending between the United States and Germany, it was explained, there was no likelihood that the Government would become involved in what might be a serious controversy with any other belligerent power.

Counselor Barclay Active.

The information from London in tonight's cablegrams to THE NEW YORK TIMES saying that the British Government has been working hard for five days endeavoring to dispose of cargoes in which Americans are interested seems to be confirmed by the evident activity of the British Embassy in Washington in endeavoring to facilitate the handling of these cargoes. Counselor Barclay of the British Embassy was at the State Department on Monday in conference with officials regarding the effort of his government to obtain definite data from American cotton shippers upon which they might be reimbursed for the seizure of their cargoes.

In connection with Counselor Barclay's visit it became known that the data asked for by England regarding the contract prices of this cotton had been furnished in the case of only one of twenty-four enumerated vessels, although it was announced through the State Department in a statement to the press on May 5 that, in order to facilitate identification of consignments, data concerning the contract price per pound should be furnished promptly.

Another evidence of the conciliatory spirit of the British Government was furnised today when it notified the State Department through its embassy here that it had been decided to extend until June 15 the time within which German goods may be shipped to the United States, provided they were bought before March 1. Soon after the British Orders in Council were issued American importers complained that they had bought goods in Germany before March 1, the delivery of which would be unfairly interrupted by the British blockade.

The mater was taken up with London and the British government agreed to allow the export of German and Austrian goods bought by American citizens before March 1, and which if shipped through neutral ports like Rotterdam, were to be allowed to pass through the cordon of British blockading ships under special permits. Originally it was agreed that these shipments would be allowed to come through June 1. Now the time in which the shipments may be made has been extended until June 15, so that those who bought these goods in Germany before March 1, still have another month in which to bring them to the United tSates.

FRENCH PASS A BILL TO BUY DACIA CARGO

American Owners of the Cotton to Receive Rotterdam Prices for It.

PARIS, May 19.—A law was promulgated today, according to the Temps, opening a credit for the payment of the cargo of the steamship Dacia, formerly of the Hamburg-American line, but later under American register, which was seized by a French warship on February 27. The cargo of cotton, however, was not confiscated, owing to an agreement existing between the French and British naval authorities.

"The law proposes," says the Temps, "that the value of the cargo be reimbursed to the American owners, who demand 3,820,756 francs ($764,151.) Whether this amount or a lesser sum will be paid will be determined by a committee of assessors, who will use the cotton market at Rotterdam as a basis of calculation. It was to that port that the vessel was bound. The cargo will then be the property of the French Government, which will be able either to dispose of it at the most advantageous price or keep it for the needs of France."

Only Two Americans Sail on Arabic.

The White Star liner Arabic sailed at noon yesterday for Liverpool with eighty cabin passengers, among them two Americans, Mrs. G. Platt of Boston and John Coyne of Chicago. There were 250 in the third class, all British or Canadians.

A few hours before sailing John Ruddle, the chief engineer, received news of the death of his son in action with the English army in France.

BOYS' PRANK STARTS PANIC IN A THEATRE

Cry to "Fire" to Stone Throwers, Followed by Missiles, Causes Stampede of Crowd.

The Variety Theatre, a moving picture house which seats more than 700, in Third Avenue between Thirteenth and Fourteenth Streets, was well filled at 10 o'clock last night when a gang of boys and young men appeared in front of the place and, at a cry to "fire" from a leader, let fly a hail of rocks and stones which smashed through the glass doors and caused a panic inside. Some of the missiles carried into the theatre and struck persons there and, at a second volley, there was a rush for the doors, someone starting a report that the place was burning.

Albert Sadacca, manager, and Sol Josephs, an usher, shouted to the crowd that there was no danger, but many women and children rushed wildly for the exits, knocking one another down. Children were trampled and more than a score of the first out were cut by the jagged glass of the broken doors when the crowd behind pushed them through.

In the street a crowd gathered and through this the hoodlums tried to escape. Detectives Grecco and Smith of the East Twenty-second Street Station caught two youths running away and grabbed them. They were Peter Gigalinto of 408 East Seventeenth Street and John Bennetti of 549 East Sixteenth Street, each 17 years old.

They denied they had had any hand in the stone throwing, but Josephs said they were two of a crowd that had attacked him the night before and they were taken to Night Court where Magistrate Levy held them in $1,500 bonds each to keep the peace for six months with the alternative of spending thirty days in the Workhouse. Neither youth got the bonds last night.

Josephs said he believed the attack was directed at him though he said he did not know what he had done to incur the enmity of the hoodlums.

DRESDEN AMERICANS PROTEST

Germans Quote a Letter Said to Have Been Sent to Wilson.

According to the Frankfurter Zeitung leading members of the American colony at Dresden have addressed to President Wilson a letter, of which the following is an extract:

"Recently the English declined to permit the import of dyestuffs to our manufacturers from Singapore, unless previously attested under oath before the English Consul as destined for manufactured goods not to be used in Germany. Is this in consonance with your oath of office? Are we, indeed, on the point of surrendering the freedom for which our forefathers fought and bled and to become English colonies again?

"By fanning into further flame the present world conflagration, in permitting the shipments of war materials, you again act contrary to your vows. Your prayers for the cessation of hostilities, while you at the same time prolong these hostilities by means of shipments of war materials, are true hypocrisy. By fostering mass murder in this respect you are breaking one of the most important of the Ten Commandants. You assert that there is no case of precedesce for an embargo on export of arms. Why not create one? This would be your most distinguished privilege. You would undoubtedly earn thereby the blessings of all humanity, while now you must hear the cries of the wounded and crippled, whose injuries are caused by American instruments of murder."

GET BLACK HANDER IN A POLICE TRAP

John Nykel, Waiter, Is Accused of Trying to Extort $5,000 from Samuel Berger.

THREATS MADE IN LETTERS

Prospective Victim Carries Dummy Package and Detectives Rush Alleged Blackmailer.

From a Central Railroad of New Jersey ferry boat which left Liberty Street at 8 o'clock last night there alighted at the Communipaw ferry house a man who drew a package from his pocket and holding it ostentatiously passed through the station and out into Johnson Avenue, a dark thoroughfare which traverses the railroad yards. Behind him umbled an express wagon, and, just ahead of it, a second man hurried along on foot.

The walkers had proceeded for a few blocks, and the man behind was drawing close to the one ahead when, from behind some freight cars, two men sprang and grabbed the second pedestrian. From the express wagon jumped Detectives Donohue and Collins and, joining the two about the captive felt quickly through his pockets and drew out a revolver. At a shout from them the man ahead turned back and then all six, joined by a dozen others who emerged from the shadows of railroad cars, marched to the Jersey City Detective Bureau.

All but the prisoner and the man who had turned back at a call from Donohue and Collins were detectives, and at Headquarters a charge of blackmail was made against the captive, who said he was John Nykel, an Austrian waiter out of work and living in a Bowery lodging house. The complainant was the second man, Samuel Berger, who has a big employment agency at 72 Greenwich Street and lives at 33 West 113th Street. Berger was nervous and frankly glad that it was all over, especially when he saw the revolver which had been removed from Nykel's pocket.

Berger said he had known Nykel for twelve years, having seen him frequently in his employment agency, which the waiter had come in search of work. According to the police Nykel admitted that he was responsible for Black Hand letters that Berger had received and that he was alone in a scheme to blackmail the employment man out of $5,000.

Berger received several letters and many telephone calls between May 11 and 76 demanding the $5,000 on pain of death for himself and his family, and he was warned especially against telling the police, since the blackmailer declared there were others in the plot and Berger surely would be killed even if he had one or more men arrested.

Neverthelesr, Berger notified Donohue and Collins, and they advised him to keep the engagement, carrying a dummy parcel, when a letter received last Monday ordered Berger to cross the ferry, proced along Johnson Avnue and drop a package containing money when a man should approach him ad utter the command: "Drop it!"

Mantime Donohue and Collins had communicated with Acting-Captain Kelly of the Jersey City Detective Bureau, and Kelly had a dozen of his men hiding behind cars in the railroad yards. Detectives Casey and Kelly were among the number, and they grabbed Nykel when they began to fear he woud let Berger get beyond their reach before accosting him.

Donohue and Collins said Nykel had trailed Berger across the ferry, and they had taken refuge in the express wagon, the driver of which they took into their confidence, in the fear that Nykel would identify them as policemen.

According to the police, Nykel said he had intended to intimidate Berger with the revolver, but had not meant to shoot him.

FIGURE POLAND'S LOSSES.

Citizens Put the Total Damage at Half a Billion.

WARSAW, May 1, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The amount of damage directly inflicted upon Russian Poland by the war up to Jan. 1 is estimated at 1,014,668,000 rubles ($507,334,000) by the Polish Central Citizens' Committee, which has just finished a thorough investigation of Poland's losses. Of this amount, 698,767,000 rubles ($349,383,500) is called a direct loss, and 315,901,000 rubles ($157,950,500) is attributed to damage sustained indirectly during the course of the war.

In the occupied portion of Poland 27,000 large and 10,000 small estates are in various stages of destruction, from superficial defacement and mutilation to complete ruin. The damage done to furniture and other movable property, excluding live stock, amounts along to 51,800,000 rubles, ($25,500,000.) The loss in buildings is 47,500,000 rubles, ($23,750,000,) live stock 156,069,000 rubles, (78,034,500,) grain 141,763,030 rubles, ($70,881,500;) the loss in destroyed timber 31,680,000 rubles, $15,840,000.) Over 3,000,000 rubles' worth of dairies and an equivalent value of distilleries are a total loss.

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PICTURES OF THE DAY.

The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial gives illustrations of important events. The war pictures are beautifully printed representations of actual occurrences in the field of operations. On all news stands, 10 cents by mail. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

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Georgette Crepe	Crepe de Chine	Fine Laces
White and Flesh Color	*White and Flesh Color*	*With Flesh Color Chiffon*

"Prince Imperial" Blouses of Georgette Crepe and Crepe de Chine—the latter with frills of embroidered Georgette Crepe.

Trotteur Blouses of Crepe de Chine, with organdie collars and cuffs, finished with tiny ruffles of lace and hems of black-and-white silk.

Chiffon Blouses inset with filet lace. Others with boleros of silk lace.

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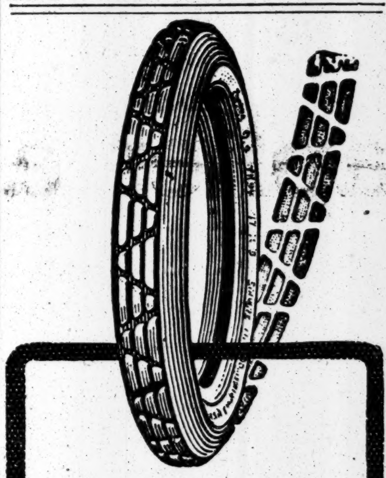

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Blouses—formerly $10 to $20 at—$5—$7 & $9.

White and colors, in Georgette crepe, crepe de chine, silk and linen.

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Spring Suits $18 to $45
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PASTORS CONDEMN COLORADO FUEL CO.

Rockefeller, Jr., Hears Witnesses Tell Industrial Commission of Injustices to Miners.

DIRECTED STATE POLITICS

Letter Read from Chairman of the Company Telling of Its Methods Before He Took Charge.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The Commission on Industrial Relations kept John D. Rockefeller, Jr., waiting again today while it heard testimony of other witnesses who, like Mr. Rockefeller, were summoned to give testimony concerning the Colorado mine strike and conditions among the Colorado mineworkers. Mr. Rockefeller heard witnesses condemn the methods of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. The expectation at the close of today's session was that Mr. Rockefeller would be called tomorrow.

The commission today heard two clergymen who have lived in mining communities owned by the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. They were the Rev. Eugene Gaddis of the Methodist Church and the Rev. Samuel McCorkle of the Presbyterian Church. For two years the Rev. Gaddis was the sociological agent of the company. According to his own statement, he was dismissed last February because he and a superior official of the company were not in accord, and he had called to the attention of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and the officials of the company, many abuses and conditions of hardship of which the miners complained.

Mr. Gaddis said that while he was in the employ of the company he had not made public what he knew of the injustice under which the men worked, because he thought he could accomplish good in his work. He described how, after laws were passed to aid the miners, the State authorities did not enforce these statutes. The company, said Mr. Gaddis, dominated the politics of the region. The Justices of the Peace were usually company employes, the men were made to vote as the company directed, controlled their schools and churches, put in mine bosses who were brutal and merciless, and by a long-continued systematic oppression drove the men to strike to defend themselves and their families. The Sheriffs, gunmen, detectives and militia, he charged with taking the position that the State was the same as the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company.

The Rev. McCorkle told the Commission that when he went to Sunrise, Wyo., he was informed by the Church authorities that the Colorado Company maintained the Church, but that this fact was to be kept secret. He said he urged that this be made public.

Chairman Walsh read a letter from L. M. Bowers, Chairman of the Executive Board of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company and Mr. Rockefeller's representative in Colorado. This letter was addressed to Mr. Heydt, the secretary of Mr. Rockefeller, and Chairman Walsh said that it was of emphatic value as showing that many of the things complained of by the miners actually existed. The letter, dated May 13, 1913, was in part as follows:

"The Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, for many years were accused of being the political dictator of Southern Colorado, and, in fact, were a mighty power in the entire State. When I came here it was said that the company voted every man and woman in their employ without any regard to their being naturalized or not; and even their mules, it used to be remarked, were registered if they were fortunate enough to possess names. Anyhow, a political department was maintained at a heavy expense. I had before me the contributions of the company for the campaign of 1904, amounting to $80,605, paid out personally by President Hearne. So far as I can discover, not one particle of good was accomplished for the company; but Mr. Hearne was an aspirant for the posion of United States Senator and devoted a vast amount of time and money with this end in view, I have no doubt.

"The company became notorious in many sections for its support of the liquor interests. It established saloons everywhere it possibly could. A Sheriff, elected by the votes of the company's employes, and who has been kept in office a great many years, established himself or became a partner in sixteen liquor stores in our coal mines.

"Since I came here not a nickel has been paid to any politician or political party. We have fought the saloons with all the power we possess. We have not lobbied in the Legislature, but have gone directly to the Governor and other able men and have demanded fair treatment. We have secured the past Winter a mining law almost entirely written by our own Superintendent, E. H. Weitzel, with four other men appointed by the Senate committee, including representatives of labor, a capable engineer, and two representatives of the operators.

"We have now reached the point where we have the respect of the prominent men, as well as the common laborers of Colorado, because of our fair treatment and continual efforts to improve the conditions of mining. Even the old-time bitter political enemies of the company now say that they have not one word of criticism to offer against the company from a political standpoint. The newspapers for the most part are courteous, and it is not often we see an article upbraiding our company or its employes."

POTTER REFEREE NAMED.

Charles S. Guggenheimer to Take Testimony in Divorce Suit.

Charles S. Guggenheimer was made a referee yesterday by Justice Donnelly in the Supreme Court to take testimony in Mrs. Gwendolen Cary Potter's suit for a divorce from her husband, Francis Hunter Potter.

Mr. Potter is a nephew of the late Bishop Potter and for a number of years was a member of American legations in Europe. Mrs. Potter is a cousin of Mrs. Burton Harrison, the author. Mr. and Mrs. Potter were married on Oct. 21, 1907, in St. Margaret's Church, Westminster, London. They are well known in society here and in Baltimore, where Mrs. Potter's family lives. Mr. Potter has a wealthy aunt, Miss Sophia E. Blatchford, who lives in Newport.

The application was presented to the court by Charles S. Blandy, Jr., in behalf of the plaintiff. It said that the reference was asked for in order to avoid the "notoriety which would ensue in the event of a trial in open court, because of the social prominence of the parties, various accounts with pictures of the plaintiff having already been printed in all of the New York journals," at the time of the beginning of the action.

The application also said that "the witnesses in behalf of the plaintiff are persons of social prominence in this city and would, I fear, become hostile or unavailable if asked to testify in open court." The court was asked to take into consideration the fact that Mrs. Potter was "a person of small means and has received nothing toward her support or that of her child for four or more years."

CITY'S SHEEP SHEARED.

Crowd Watches New York Get 720 Pounds of Fine Wool.

The big attraction at Central Park yesterday was the annual shearing of the sheep. The bleatings of the flock drew an interested crowd to the fold in the southwestern end of the park.

The yield was about twelve pounds to the sheep; sixty were sheared. This wool is of the finest quality and sells for thirty-three cents a pound. It has been taken for years by a New York firm of clothing manufacturers. The Central Park product is sufficient to supply cloth for 120 all-wool suits. The flock has one ram, "Bob," which will be sheared today all by itself. The sheep are English Dorset, which yield only to the Merino in the quality of their wool.

The shearing was done by D. J. Wallace, who was a sailor until he was paid off two months ago from the North Dakota. He is now in the employ of the National Security League.

T. J. Hoey, Central Park's shepherd, says he will sell fifty pedigreed lambs to breeders this month at an average of $25 each.

HERLIHY IS CLEARED.

Author of Letter Attacking Captain Cooper Is Unknown.

Ex-Police Lieutenant John J. Herlihy, who was arrested several weeks ago on a warrant charging him with sending a scurrilous letter to Clement J. Driscoll of the Bureau of Municipal Research, reflecting on the character of Acting Captain Alonzo Cooper of the Fourth Detective Branch, and several detectives, was discharged yesterday by Magistrate Appleton in Harlem Court, after several hearings had been held.

Detectives had testified as to the handwriting of the former police Lieutenant on the police blotters, as compared with the writing in the letter, saying both were identical. Similar testimony was given by Walter J. Kingsley, a handwriting expert. Herlihy stoutly denied having written the letter and the magistrate said he was satisfied that no conviction could result. He said Herlihy's record in the department was without blemish and that he had testified in thousands of cases where his word was taken. Herlihy thanked Magistrate Appleton. Captain Cooper and a dozen or more detectives were in court.

ADMIT APPEALING TO GRAND JURORS

Mayor Griffin of Hoboken and Some Others Confess They Opposed Indictments.

DENY INTENT TO DO WRONG

Father Toohey Disavows Idea of Improper Influence—Contempt Hearings on Monday.

Mayor Patrick R. Griffin of Hoboken admitted yesterday that he had approached Dr. R. B. Gelbach, foreman of the Grand Jury, in regard to indictments growing out of Hudson County election frauds of 1913, but he denied that he intended to violate any law. He said he thought the election officials had been punished severely enough.

It was when the Grand Jury on Tuesday failed to hand up twenty-three indictments which Supreme Court Justice Swayze believed to have been voted Friday that he started an investigation which showed that the indictments had been reconsidered after jurors had been approached by prominent Hoboken citizens, including the President of a trust company and a priest. Twelve of the nineteen Grand Jurors said that after Friday, when the indictments had been found but not handed up, persons had seen them about the true bills.

Justice Swayze ordered the Grand Jurors to retire at once and think it over. Later the twenty-three indictments which had been suddenly reconsidered were just as suddenly handed up. The Justice ordered all persons mentioned by the twelve jurors to appear in court Monday and show cause why they should not be adjudged guilty of contempt. Subpoenas were drawn up yesterday by County Prosecutor Robert Hudspeth and will be served today and tomorrow.

Mayor Griffin Explains.

In explaining why he had complimented Dr. Gelbach for favoring a reconsideration of the election indictments, Mayor Griffin said that after the quashing of the original indictments by the Court of Errors, Prosecutor Hudspeth had said that he was satisfied to let the matter rest.

"I went to Mr. Hudspeth," said the Mayor, "after the indictments had been quashed and told him that I thought the election officials had been sufficiently punished; that no injustice had been done any one, and that while it was unfortunate any such thing had happened, no one had been robbed of office.

"I don't think I did anything wrong when I spoke to Dr. Gelbach as I did, and I think that he did the right thing when he submitted the whole matter to Justice Swayze for his further consideration."

Mayor Griffin is recognized as the Democratic boss of Hoboken, and was at the head of the campaign in 1913, when the election frauds occurred, but at that time he was not the Mayor.

Dr. W. J. Arlitz, City Physician of Hoboken, who was mentioned by several of the jurors as having approached them, refused to discuss the case.

Frank Cordts, former Fire Commissioner of Hoboken, and former Councilman A. J. Volk admitted that they had talked with R. Bernegau of the Grand Jury, about the indictment of Simon Mayer, a Jersey City pawnbroker, but denied that they had gone any further than to inquire what was to be done with Mayer.

Father Toohey, assistant curate of St. John's Church, said he was surprised that his name had been mentioned in connection with the election cases by John R. Hennessy, a Grand Juror. He said he had talked with Hennessy about a man named Brady with absolutely no intention of influencing Hennessy in the performance of his duty.

Question the Prosecutor.

Some others named by the Grand Jurrors admitted they had talked with them, but denied they had brought undue influence to bear. The Prosecutor's telephone rang all day with inquiries from the men involved who wanted to knew what was to become of them. The Prosecutor referred all inquiries to Justice Swayze.

Among those mentioned by Grand Jurors who will be supoenaed to appear in court Monday are: Christopher Muller of Hoboken; David Hamilton, a newspaperman; Leo Harz of Jersey City, Joseph Perlmutter of Jersey City, W. J. Flanagan, Deputy Surrogate of Hudson County; George Limouze, member of Hudson County Board of Elections; General William C. Heppenheimer, President of the Trust Company of New Jersey, and Michael J. Coyle, Superintendent of Hudson County Boulevard.

GERMANS SIP ENEMY DRINKS

Broker Wins Bet on It at Luncheon at Delmonico's.

Two Germans and a German-American were observed lunching together at Delmonico's downtown yesterday, and the broker at the next table bet that when they came to a liqueur they would not stick to purely German drinks. He won. One of the three took kuemmel with a Russian label on the bottle, and the other two sipped crême de cacao, poured from a bottle stamped "Bordeaux."

"If they did that in Berlin they would probably be arrested for lèse majesté," remarked the broker. Then he wanted to bet that a short fat man at an adjoining table was a German spy.

Where's the sense of keeping a wall between your stenographer and her work?

TWO hours gone to waste! Blame yourself! If you still have your letters written *twice*—once in shorthand and once on the typewriter—you are wasting time and throwing away money.

In the average business office the shorthand system eats up about two hours a day of every stenographer's time. And in the meantime, her typewriter stands idle.

Get out of the "relay" class in correspondence. Realize your own responsibility in sticking to the time-wasting, work-doubling, costly shorthand system.

You pay for finished typewriting. Get it. Let your typist earn her wages. It's as simple as a, b, c,—putting letter-writing on a rational, efficient, businesslike basis. Get more letters, and better letters, and at least one-third less cost per letter. But all this is not half the story. Fifteen minutes of your time—and we can tell you more and show you more about the efficiency and economy of the Dictaphone system than ten advertisements could ever hope to. We can show you why you should dictate to the Dictaphone.

THE DICTAPHONE
REGISTERED
83 Chambers Street

You owe it to yourself to investigate. If you happen to find it true, it's a pretty big thing. If it doesn't happen to be true, then you can nail us down. Arrange for a demonstration in your own office on your own work. Just reach for your telephone and call the Dictaphone. The number is Worth 3272. Or, tear off this little call card, pin it on your letterhead and mail it to us. We'll have the Dictaphone man come to you. Do it now, while you think of it.

Dictate to the Dictaphone

The only "Dictaphone" is THE Dictaphone.

Dictaphone—our trade name.
Man at the desk—our trade-mark.

Tear this off, pin to your letterhead, and mail.
The Dictaphone, 83 Chambers St., N.Y.C.
Send the Dictaphone man along.

Name ....
Address ....
See Mr. ....

This Advertisement was dictated to the Dictaphone

Mahogany Tan Oxfords

COWARD Mahogany Tan Oxfords combine a very pleasing style with the well known remedial features of the Coward high shoe. They are cool and comfortable, trim fitting and serviceable.

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U. S. PAT. OFF"

is made for discriminating men, women and children who want comfort and durability in their footwear without sacrificing style.

Sold Nowhere Else

JAMES S. COWARD
264-274 Greenwich Street, N. Y.
(Near Warren Street)

Mail Orders Filled — Send for Catalog

Delightfully Delicious 35¢ Grade
Gillies Broken Coffee 25¢
FROM WHOLESALER DIRECT. Per pound

Better Coffee at a Saving of One-third the Retail Price. That's what you get when you buy direct from us, New York's oldest wholesalers. Our business is wholesale, but we accommodate the public by making deliveries (free) direct to the home, in lots of five pounds or over. This is a privilege which you cannot afford to overlook, as coffee coming fresh from the roaster is at its best when you receive it. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or we refund your money.

Gillies Broken Coffee is the broken and small beans taken from higher priced coffees, carefully selected, scientifically blended. Bean or ground, as desired.

A FAVORITE COFFEE WITH BOARDING HOUSES AND HOTELS.

Free Delivery—In Greater New York and within 25 miles we deliver (free) 5 lbs. of Coffee C. O. D. Within 300 miles, 10 lbs. C. O. D., or 5 lbs. cash with order. Beyond 300 miles, 10 lbs. cash with order.

Interesting Booklet, "The Story of Coffee," Free on Request.

Gillies Coffee Co. 233-237 Washington St., New York.
Between Park Pl. and Barclay St.
Established 75 Years.

Phone 3471 Cortlandt.

Arnold, Constable & Co.
TODAY—THURSDAY

Removal 8 Specials

1200 Pairs
Women's Silk Hose
33⅓ to 40% Under Regular Price

Pure thread black Silk Summer weight.	58c Pair Formerly 85c	Regular width double Cotton Soles and Tops.
3 pairs for 1.70—6 pairs for 3.30		
Pure thread Ingrain Silk, black or white, medium weight.	78c Pair Formerly $1.00	Strongly reinforced Cotton Soles and Tops.
3 pairs for 2.30—6 pairs for 4.50		
Pure thread black Ingrain Silk, extra fine, desirable weight for present wear.	95c Pair Formerly $1.50	Strongly reinforced Soles, double Silk garter tops, sizes 9, 9½, 10, 10½.
3 pairs for 2.75—6 pairs for 5.40		

Special Offering of 200
Women's and Misses'
"Roseberry"
Raincoats
Priestley's "Cravenette"

In Tan, Navy and Black; all sizes from 14 years to 44 bust.

Regularly 8.75 *$12.50*

Lustrous, rubberless, dressy, lightweight, adapted for motor, traveling and general utility wear.

Figured Challies

27 inches wide; comprising neat stripes, floral and Persian effects and borders, in the latest colorings; desirable for Summer Dresses, House Gowns, Kimonos and Children's Frocks.

For This 22c Sale Only

250 Silk Petticoats

Of fine taffeta silk, handsome grade of peau de cygne and Milanese Jersey, shadings most in demand and black and white.

Value $3.75 to $6.75
2.75

Taffeta Dress Skirts

Three choice models—spiral, shirred and plaited model with yoke. Black only. Sizes 26 to 34 bands.

Actual Value $8.00
5.50

Silk Sweaters
For Women and Misses

Of the better grade of art silk in two tone effects of most wanted colors. The smart "Strand" model.

Value $7.75
4.95

Women's Boudoir Gowns

Of imported Ratinelle, "Poiret" model; full, generous cut. Pink, Copen, gold, rose, light blue.

Actual Value $10.50
3.95

Waists and Blouses

Our Regular Stock. — ⅓ Under Price — Only 1000 in the lot.

Voile with fancy organdie vestee; pale pink and white. Voile, embroidered front; lace trim. *Regularly $2.25.*	1.50
Tub silk in stripes, short sleeves. Voile, tucked with double lace frill. Voile, embroidered lace trim, convertible collar. *Regularly $3.00.*	2.00
Marquisette, embroidered and hemstitched. Wash silk in sport shirt model; white. Batiste, tucked high neck, long sleeves. *Regularly $4.50.*	3.00

Organdie embroidered and tucked. — 95c — Striped Voile in tailleur model.
Value $1.50

Women's Tub Dresses
For the House, Garden or Beach
All Sizes to 46 Bust Measure

Dresses of striped Ginghams, Percales and Chambrays in dainty colorings, contrasting collars and cuffs.	1.50
Dresses of Gingham and Tissue; several choice models, organdie collar and cuffs. White Cordeline contrasting collar and cuffs.	2.25
Dresses of white Pique, two smart models suitable for sports, also shepherd checks with Pique collar and cuffs hemstitched.	3.00

Broadway & 19th Street

BOWERS SUMS UP FOR ROOSEVELT

Barnes Suit Termed "Purposed Act of Machine" to Destroy Ex-President's Leadership.

ASKS CLEAR-CUT VERDICT

No Six-Cent Judgment, but Whether Colonel or His Adversary Is Right.

ROOSEVELT SIDE SCORES

Court Refuses to Order Verdict for Barnes—Jury Gets Case Today After Ivins Sums Up.

Special to The New York Times.

SYRACUSE, May 19.—John M. Bowers, chief counsel for Theodore Roosevelt in the Barnes-Roosevelt libel trial, summed up the evidence for his client today in an eloquent argument that lasted three and a half hours. He then made a vigorous plea to the jury for a verdict in Mr. Roosevelt's favor. He did not want a nominal six-cent verdict for the plaintiff, or even a disagreement.

"Nothing," said Mr. Bowers, "but a clear-cut decision as to whether Mr. Roosevelt or Mr. Barnes was right would satisfy the Colonel."

William M. Ivins, chief counsel for Mr. Barnes, will take about two hours tomorrow morning summing up the evidence for his client. Justice William S. Andrews will charge the jury on the questions of law for about an hour more, and in all probability the jury will start its deliberations early in the afternoon. It is the custom here in libel trials for the presiding justice to have the jury locked up for the night if a decision has not been reached by 5 P. M., with provision for a sealed verdict, if any, to be opened at ten o'clock the following morning. It is not known whether Justice Andrews will alter this precedent.

Mr. Bowers struck an entirely new note in his summing up. He dramatically declared that the present action was not confined merely to the plaintiff.

"It was," he asserted, "the purposed act of the political machine to destroy Theodore Roosevelt's usefulness to the people, the Nation," and he appealed to the jury to allow Mr. Roosevelt to remain a powerful medium for good during the allotted period of his life.

Great Issues Involved.

Mr. Bowers made the plea that a decision against the Colonel would strike at the very foundation of the Government, for here was a man who had dedicated his life and services to the people, who had fought for them on bloody battlefields, who had wrestled with corrupt politicians and crooked political machines to save to the people their inalienable rights, and whose name was linked with those of the great heroes and statesmen of the country—Washington, Patrick Henry, Benjamin Franklin, Lincoln, Grant, and Sherman.

"Jurors," cried Mr. Bowers, reaching the climax of his appeal, "will you let him be broken and destroyed? Stand for him, stand for the people. Give no vote to accomplish the purpose sought by this action."

Then, in a voice shaken with emotion, the lawyer said he had assumed the responsibility of counsel in the case only because he had felt it to be his duty to the public. He closed his argument by reading to the jury Lincoln's Gettysburg speech. Earlier in his argument Mr. Bowers made forceful reference to the Colonel's display of nerve under trying conditions, his fearlessness, and his honesty.

"He is a nervy man," he declared. "When in Milwaukee a bullet was fired into his breast—a bullet which might, save for the providence of God, have snatched him from life then and there. Did he flinch or falter? No. He went on, he made the speech which he had determined to make. He did his duty then as he has done it from the first, and will do it to the last.

"He has always been fearless—always honest. When Senator Platt sent his emissary, Lemuel Ely Quigg, to him in regard to becoming a candidate for Governor, and when Quigg asked him if he would like to be nominated, he gave a plain and direct answer. He said, 'Yes, I would like to be nominated.' He made no secret of the fact that the office of Governor of the great State of his birth and his upbringing appealed to him. He is plain, direct, truthful. He does not know how to be aught else. Evasion has never appealed to him. He has not learned its tricks."

The jurors gave earnest heed to the lawyer's peroration, and the spectators did not stir. Colonel Roosevelt never removed his eyes from Mr. Bowers, and when the plea was finished he grasped his counsel's hand and with tears in his eyes thanked him for what he had done. Mr. Barnes looked bored.

Attacks Barnes's Credibility.

Mr. Bowers has a quiet but none the less forceful manner of speaking. With painstaking care he went through the mass of evidence and sought to show that Mr. Barnes was not worthy of belief, that on the question of credibility alone the jurors would be justified in finding that he had warped his conversations with the Colonel to fit his case, that his connection with the printing situation in Albany showed that he was always in the pursuit of money, while the defendant was giving his services only for the good of the community. He insisted that the Colonel was justified in uttering his alleged libel because of the evidence relating to the so-called alliance between corrupt business and corrupt politics.

He said the jury would be justified in determining that Mr. Barnes, as head of the Republican organization, had conspired with Charles F. Murphy, as head of the Democratic machine, to bring about the election of William F. Sheehan as United States Senator. The proof of this, he said, was that Mr. Barnes kept the Republican legislators voting for Chauncey M. Depew during the deadlock, and that he had given his consent that they vote for an independent Democrat only after it was established that Mr. Sheehan could not be elected.

The Roosevelt forces scored heavily at the beginning of the day's session when Justice Andrews denied the motion of the Barnes attorneys that the jury be directed to return a verdict in favor of the plaintiff.

Henry L. Wolff, for Mr. Ivins, made the argument in behalf of the motion. He reviewed the evidence relating to the alleged alliance between Barnes and Murphy, and said that the defense had not succeeded in proving directly, circumstantially or inferentially its points.

"We respectfully refer your Honor to the rule of law which provides that the justification must be as broad as the libel," said Mr. Wolff. "In this libel there are points which have not even been touched upon.

Says Evidence Is Lacking.

"We hold that a person working through corrupt methods must obtain some personal or pecuniary benefit. At all events, we hold that there is no evidence that Mr. Barnes committed any act that could properly be called corrupt, even in the meaning of the word given it by your Honor or treacherous and improper, and that there was no evidence of an alliance between Barnes and Murphy.

"Passing on to the second charge that Mr. Barnes worked in an alliance between crooked business and crooked politics, we hold that in no way has it been borne out by the evidence. In order to connect Mr. Barnes with such an alliance it must have been shown that there was such an alliance, that Mr. Barnes knew it and that he used his influence to obtain contributions and promised or afforded protection in return for them."

Mr. Wolff maintained that the only evidence which had been produced in support of this statement was in the form of alleged admissions on the part of Mr. Barnes when "a young man of 32 or 33 years, and of no great prominence in the party," when it was said that he defended Senator Platt's attitude in opposition to the Franchise Tax bill and urged the defendant to follow Senator Platt's advice and not sign the bill.

"In 1899," said the lawyer, "Mr. Barnes was one of the great army of active workers who went to make up the machine in this State dominated by Senator Platt. There is no evidence that Mr. Barnes had any power in the party. If such conditions as the defendant says Mr. Barnes told him of existed seventeen years ago, Mr. Barnes was not responsible for them. That he was a party to or was responsible for any such arrangement there is not the slightest word of evidence. If these conversations took place, the fact simply shows that Mr. Barnes, like the defendant, merely recognized the state of affairs that existed at that time.

"Is it conceivable that, if the defendant had believed that Mr. Barnes was responsible for such a condition, he would have associated with him, received him as his friend into his home and asked his advice and counsel?"

Justice Andrews's Decision.

Justice Andrews gave this decision:

"My holding is that not a part of the article but the whole is libelous per se; the whole matter is concerned with a corrupt alliance between Mr. Barnes and Mr. Murphy. In addition, I have held that one of the subordinate charges that Mr. Barnes makes in an alliance between crooked business and crooked politics is libelous per se. The other charges are susceptible of an innocent or a guilty meaning alike and deal mostly with prophecies as to what will happen under certain circumstances. I therefore do not consider them of sufficient importance to submit to the jury.

"I have held and still hold that such an alliance as the defendant claims to have existed between Mr. Barnes and Mr. Murphy, if it existed, was a corrupt alliance. In regard to the subordinate charge that Mr. Barnes worked through an alliance between crooked business and crooked politics, the evidence is slight, and consists mostly of conversations on the subject of campaign contributions made by Democrats to the Republican campaign fund. I think this evidence should be submitted to the jury for what it is worth as bearing upon this charge.

"I shall not submit to the jury any question of privilege. If the jury finds that this plaintiff, a public officer, has been damaged in his career and his character, it is to consider that the statement was made in the heat of a political campaign; but if it finds that the libel was not justified, it will be instructed to assess punitive damages."

Mr. Bowers started his summing up at 11:10 o'clock. He said the case was the most important in which he ever had taken part and one of the most important that a jury ever had been called upon to decide.

"The case is not important in regard to its pecuniary results to Mr. Barnes," said Mr. Bowers. "The defendant was the game that Mr. Ivins wanted, and his entire aim and object was to bring him down from his high place before the people of the United States. The defendant, as Governor and President, was a faithful, efficient, and unselfish public servant. He served the people nobly and to the best of his great ability.

"Mr. Ivins has told you that I am a Democrat. I am. I did not vote for Theodore Roosevelt for Governor, I did not vote for him for President either time he ran. But I have the deepest respect for him as a man who as Governor had the courage and the strength to stand for the rights of the people against the great political machine which ruled and dominated the Republican Party in the State of New York."

Barnes Head of Machine.

Mr. Bowers pictured Mr. Barnes as the head of this machine. As State Chairman, he said, Mr. Barnes committed acts—and acknowledge them over his own signature—"which no man in his position had ever before performed or attempted and which showed beyond all question his entire dominance and complete rule over the people of his party in the State and over the Legislatures chosen by the people."

Mr. Bowers read from Colonel Roosevelt's article "The Man with the Muck-rake," in which the Colonel expresses his opinion of men who make hasty references injurious to the character of an individual, and said:

"The man who penned these words would not attack a fellow man wantonly and without thought. If he did make an attack feeling it to be his duty to do so, his attack would be and must be scathing and severe. The article complained of is libelous per se, according to his Honor's ruling; our defense is that it is true. It is a noble thing to make such a statement if it is true and if the public ought to know it."

Mr. Bowers reviewed the evidence regarding Mr. Barnes's purchase of the McCarthy State printing contract and his sale of it to James B. Lyon, who paid him $20,000 for it in the form of a salary, besides giving him an $11,000 interest in it. He told how Mr. Barnes received 750 shares of the Lyon Company stock without any consideration, and how he sold this stock back to the company later for $69,000, and added:

"Remember that these acts—this payment of $20,000 salary, this transfer of 750 shares of Lyon Company stock—took place in 1899, 1900 and 1901, when he was dickering with members of the State Printing Board and begging the Governor not to recommend a State Printing Office. Remember this, gentlemen, and ask yourself whether his character is so immaculate as it has been painted."

Mr. Bowers then read the letter containing Mr. Quigg's instructions as how the Colonel was to act as Governor, and said:

"They told him what they expected of him. They reminded him that it was to the organization and to Senator Platt thathe would owe his nomination and election. And from Montauk Point this man, fresh from the corpse-strewn battlefields of Cuba, wrote declaring that he would not act other than in accordance with his conscience, that there was no question of pledges or promises, much less of bargaining for the nomination, that he would always consider good government and good faith toward the people of the State."

Mr. Bowers told how the Colonel was elected, how he consulted with Platt, Odell, Barnes, and the other Republican leaders, and how his first trouble with Platt came over the Franchise Tax bill.

Roosevelt a Nervy Man.

"Governor Roosevelt was a nervy man," said Mr. Bowers. "He was not afraid to strike. He would cling to his friend like death, but if that friend erred against justice and against duty to the people he forgot all considerations of friendship and his own grief.

"This man, this great President, this hero and soldier, has been before you on the stand, heckled under cross-examination by two lawyers. What have they brought out? That at one time he asked for a political appointment of an old cowboy who had served by his side in many battles. The man was shown to be unfit for the office and the Colonel withdrew his application in his behalf."

Mr. Bowers then read extracts from the report of the Bayne Committee which investigated Albany printing conditions, from the articles in Collier's describing conditions in Albany, from newspaper articles, from the testimony of ex-Senators Hinman, Agnew and Newcombe and from Mr. Whitman's letter to Mr. Duell to show the Colonel's attitude of mind when he penned the alleged libelous article. He also read the editorials in Mr. Barnes's paper, The Albany Journal, bearing upon the Senatorial contest of 1911, and said:

"We contend that Mr. Barnes was a party to an arrangement with Mr. Murphy, directly or indirectly, to keep the Republicans voting for Mr. Depew in order that the Democrats might be free to settle their own differences. That that act was purposed on Mr. Barnes's part and was in his mind from an early date is evidenced by these articles in his newspaper. As early as Jan. 13 he was distinctly in favor of Mr. Sheehan and opposed to Thomas Mott Osborne. Why did Elon R. Brown consult Mr. Barnes about the candidacy of Mr. Carlisle? Because he knew that Mr. Barnes had the power to nominate him if he chose to exercise it. Barnes never took any step to end the deadlock until the latter part of March, when, according to his own statement, he made up his mind that something must be done. Why? Because the Sheehan candidacy had gone to pieces. Why did these Republican legislators have conferences at Mr. Barnes's house? Because he was the only man in the State who could change the situation. Mr. Barnes was the active and controlling spirit. Nobody lifted a hand until he sent for them."

Contrasts Barnes with Roosevelt.

Mr. Bowers cited the evidence of ex-Senators Wainwright and Franklin D. Roosevelt as showing that Barnes dominated the situation because of his agreement with Murphy. He went over the testimony of William Loeb, Jr., and said there was no doubt that he had the conversation with Mr. Barnes at the office of J. S. Bache early in 1911, and that Mr. Barnes told him he had a working agreement with Murphy regarding the Senatorship. He went into detail regarding the conversations between Mr. Roosevelt and Mr. Barnes over the alleged contributions to the Republican Party by Democratic representatives of corporations. He contrasted Mr. Barnes's attitude on the stand with that of Mr. Roosevelt. Barnes, he said, hesitated and never answered directly, while the Colonel never evaded and blurted out the truth.

After reviewing other evidence, Mr. Bowers sketched a history of the trial and said:

"You have seen both the defendant and the plaintiff on the stand, and you must form your own opinions as to their credibility. It is not a case for compromise. The issue is clearly drawn. The defendant is entitled to a verdict. No six-cent verdict for the plaintiff will do. The issue is simply whether the defendant is right or wrong."

Mr. Bowers read his peroration manuscript. He sketched briefly the growth of the nation, beginning with the Revolution. From the moment we accepted the Philippines, he said, it was apparent that we accepted responsibility of the first magnitude.

"That responsibility is now before us in the form which requires action of the utmost moment to this nation," said Mr. Bowers. "That action will be determined by Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States. Among those closely following as guides of the nation is the gentleman I represent in this action. The purpose of this action is not confined to the plaintiff. It is a purposed act of the machine to destroy Mr. Roosevelt's usefulness to the people of the nation—ex-President, ex-Governor of our State, the people's true representative."

Mr. Bowers closed by reading Lincoln's Gettysburg speech from a copy of "The Perfect Tribune" by Mary Raymond Shipman Andrews, wife of the presiding Justice. Mrs. Andrews has been a constant visitor at the trial. Today she sat with ex-Judge Charles Andrews and his wife, father and mother of the presiding Justice.

HITS AT CHARITIES BOARD.

Commissioner Doherty Criticises It in Speech at Baltimore.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 19.—Second Deputy Commissioner William J. Doherty of the Department of Public Charities of New York City severely criticised the New York State Board of Charities in address before the Charities Convention here today. He said the State Board employed defective methods and held it responsible for the inefficient standards in many of the insitutions supervised by it. He declared the board has failed to measure up to its responsibilities in the matter of making inspections of child-caring institutions and compelling those in charge property care for these children.

Mr. Doherty discussed a number of institutions where the methods in operation were of low standard and told of one institutions for the care of girls where what was "termed "vocational training" practically amounted to overworking children who have no redress. In another place, he said, girls were employed as cheap labor, working nine hours a day without pay. This was "educational work."

Mr. Doherty said that children in institutions in New York do not receive adequate dental, medical, and surgical care, that a number of institutions do not furnish sufficient nourishing food; play and recreation facilities are inadequate, and education below standard.

The Advisory Board of Charities, of which Mr. Doherty is a member, found, he reported, that New York City was a contributing cause for these conditions in that it did not think the problem of sufficient importance to see that high standards govern such institutions. The prime and most responsible cause, he found, was the State Board of Charities.

Patrolman Shot Accidentally.

Patrolman Robert E. McCarthy, 27 years old, 309 East Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, reported at the Oak Street Station yesterday that his automatic revolver accidentally fell out of his pocket while he was ascending the north stairway of the Brooklyn Bridge and was discharged, the bullet striking his companion, Patrolman Henry C. McCarthy of 1,913 Fifty-second Street, Brooklyn, in the left leg. Robert E. McCarthy said he helped the other patrolman into an automobile and took him to Gouverneur Hospital, where he was attended by Dr. Gambill. Both patrolmen were in civilian clothes at the time. Although they bear the same name, they are not related.

PEOPLE HERE EAGER TO SIGN FRANK PLEA

Children Work Hard in Campaign to Get 1,000,000 Names in New York.

ANXIOUS TO SAVE LIFE

Woman's Peace Society Hopes to Induce Georgia Officials to Halt Young Man's Execution.

A million persons, appealing for the life of Leo M. Frank, sentenced to die next month for the murder of Mary Phagan, the little factory girl of Atlanta, Ga., will be represented by the lists of signatures which began to deluge the Woman's Peace Society yesterday at its quarters on the first and second floors of the Cosmopolitan Garden, 32-46 West Twenty-third Street. This city is being circularized by scores of little girls and boys, some of them as young as 6 years, by young men and young women, and their elders, as follows:

"Come and help us. Every hour counts. Sign the protest against the death of Leo M. Frank."

When a million names shall have been obtained the petition will be forwarded to the Governor and Pardoning Committee of Georgia.

The children, particularly, lent their untiring efforts to this movement to save the life of the condemned man. A large number of the boys and girls who worked all day getting signatures were free from school yesterday on account of a Jewish holiday. When they heard of the plan to get a million signatures to an appeal for Frank they went to the headquarters of the Woman's Peace Society and placed themselves at the disposal of the women directing the campaign.

Thousands of lists, carrying from 100 to more than 2,000 signatures were returned to the Woman's Peace Society soon after they had been placed in the hands of the little ones. Others were brought in by persons of all ages and classes to whom they had been distributed by mail or otherwise.

On the main floor of the Cosmopolitan Garden a large space near the entrance was set aside for children working with the petitions. More than a dozen little boys and girls stood behind a long, low counter all day, and as thousands of persons passed in and out of the building they halted them and explained the nature of the petition. Nearly every one signed gladly.

The crowds of persons gathered around the registry attracted others and at all times the number of persons was very large. Many waited patiently for a chance to sign the appeal.

On the second floor, where the signed petitions were kept, there also was a large crowd who believed the young man condemned to death in the Georgia capital ought to have another trial and a fair one. Many of them signed the petition there, and hundreds of them carried away petitions to procure signatures.

So many petitions already have been signed and so many petitions have been sought that the Woman's Peace Society is about to run short of blanks.

This appeal for Frank's life was started by Mrs. D. J. Adams, Corresponding Secretary of the Woman's Peace Society, and more than a dozen of her associates, including Miss Bertie Shipley, Mrs. Emma L. Muller, Mrs. Ethel Stewart, and Mrs. K. T. Woolsey.

They explained that the Woman's Peace Society, which opposed the death penalty as well as advocated peace and woman suffrage, believed Leo M. Frank was entitled to a fair trial, which he had not obtained, and that there was every reason why he should not be made to pay with his life for a crime of which millions of persons believe him innocent.

"The idea of saving human life," said Mrs. Adams yesterday, "has appealed to us more strongly since the European war. Many of us had been in Europe and when we returned we decided to make a practical application of the principles we stand for. Of course, we first thought of trying to stop the war, but that seemed impossible just at present. Finally we turned out attention to matters at home, and the one life which it seemed ought to be saved was that of Leo M. Frank."

One of the first little girls who went out to get signatures was Sadie Garfinkle, 7 years old, of 257 Seventh Avenue. In less than thirty minutes she returned with more than 100 names.

Louis Perlman, 7 years old, and his sister, Rose, 8, living at 120 West Twenty-fifth Street, worked together to get signatures and obtained more than 1,500 in the course of the day.

Harry Ancess, 9, of 405 West Twenty-fifth Street was another youngster who worked faithfully. When he made a report to headquarters his petitions had more than 500 signatures.

Lillian Meyer, 10, of 214 Seventh Avenue obtained as many signatures as the other children, as did Louis Offner of 215 West Fifteenth Street. The zealousness of the children was hardly greater than that of older persons who circulated petitions.

More than 500 names each were obtained by H. Moskowitz, 32 East Sixtieth Street; Richard D. Sager, 1 Madison Avenue; Harry Gendzier, 161 Clinton Street, and Mrs. Pauline Blitz, 158 East Eighty-fourth Street.

Several business men who were in too great a hurry to stop and give their names left petitions for Frank signed by 1,000, 1,200, and 1,500 persons.

One list of 1,500 signatures represented the students of the Eron Preparatory School, 187 East Broadway.

The Woman's Peace Society received hundreds of letters yesterday from business men and individuals requesting blank petitions.

As a precaution Julius Glassman of 240 Fifth Street went to Police Headquarters to ascertain whether persons procuring signatures to the Frank petition were required to obtain a permit to stand on the streets and ask men and women familiar with the Frank case to sign the papers. He was informed by Lieutenant Thompson that they would need no permits as long as they conducted the campaign in an orderly manner.

BUFFALO SPEAKS FOR FRANK.

Petitions Urging Executive Clemency Signed by 50,000 Persons.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, May 19.—Petitions bearing 50,000 signatures have been obtained here within ten days in the effort to save Leo M. Frank from execution. This work is supplemented by an endless chain of letters and telegrams to the Governor of Georgia.

"The justice of his cause," said Rabbi Louis J. Kopald of Temple Beth Zion, "has impressed thousands, who are using their influence to urge Executive clemency."

Rabbi Drob of Temple Beth-El, said: "With his college education and high ideals, Frank was incapable of committing that atrocious crime. Our laws and Constitution declare every man shall have a fair trial. Yet Frank was tried and convicted in an atmosphere of intense hatred. The jury dared not acquit him. It should be made plain that, although Frank is a Jew, absolutely no religious question is involved. I have wanted to preach about the case but felt that to do so would inject religious issues, which have no place therein."

It is planned for a committee of three representative citizens to convey the petitions to Georgia.

Real Estate Troubles

have brought to us many owners who have used our services in renting and managing their buildings. Their satisfaction is our best asset.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street

Dustproof Concrete Floors

Made with SMOOTH-ON Iron Cement No. 7
Write for Catalogue.
SMOOTH-ON MFG. CO.,
Jersey City, N. J.

Make Your Home Beautiful

Dale Lighting Fixtures Create an Atmosphere of Elegance.

A handsome type of hanging fixture for drawing room, library or dining room. Direct lighting with individual shaded electric candles.

The importance of selecting the right fixtures for the home is realized by all who are about to build or remodel.

Why not come to our factory show rooms and let us help you? Our experienced lighting engineers will gladly lend their assistance in selecting the kind of fixtures that will give the artistic touch to your home.

The advantages in dealing direct with the factory are that you have a greater range of selection, expert advice in selecting and at the same time effect a saving in cost of from 20 to 35 per cent. You get Dale Quality at less than ordinary prices.

Send for new booklet—
"Lighting the Home"
A choice selection of showroom samples at attractive prices while they last.

DALE LIGHTING FIXTURE CO.
111 West 13th Street New York

SB

Stern Brothers
42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

desire to inform their patrons that for a limited period they will accept orders for

Tailor-made Suits and Afternoon Gowns

At the following reduced prices:

Modish Suit, made-to-measure, of gabardines, serges, wool failles and basket weaves, at $69.50 upwards

Gowns, designed from the latest styles, of taffetas, crepe de chines, failles, poplins and Georgette crepe. at $85.00 upwards

Superior workmanship and finish assured.

Dressmaking Department Third Floor

W.L.DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE

W. L. DOUGLAS

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.50, $4.00 $4.50, $5.00 SHOES FOR MEN

BOYS' $2.00 $2.50 $3.00

W. L. Douglas shoes are made of the best domestic and imported leathers, on the latest models, carefully constructed by the most expert last and pattern makers in this country. No other make of equal prices can compete with W. L. Douglas shoes for style, workmanship and quality. As comfortable, easy walking shoes they are unsurpassed.

When looking for shoes call at any one of W. L. Douglas 80 stores located in the large cities and see the many styles and kinds of shoes for men and boys. After a careful examination, you will be convinced that W. L. Douglas shoes have no rival for the price.

The $3.50 and $4.00 shoes will give as good service as other makes costing $4.00 to $5.00. The $4.50 and $5.00 shoes compare favorably with other makes costing $6.00 to $8.00. Wherever you live there are many men wearing W. L. Douglas shoes. Consult them and they will tell you that W. L. Douglas shoes cannot be excelled for the price.

IN 1852 AT SEVEN YEARS OF AGE W.L.DOUGLAS BEGAN TO PEG SHOES. NOW THE LARGEST MAKER OF $3.50 AND $4. SHOES IN THE WORLD

ESTAB. IN 1876 WITH A CAPITAL OF $875

CAUTION! When buying W. L. Douglas shoes look for his NAME AND PRICE stamped on the bottom. Shoes thus stamped are always worth the price paid for them. For 32 years W. L. Douglas has guaranteed their value and protected the wearer against high prices for inferior shoes by having his NAME AND PRICE stamped on the bottom before they leave the factory. Do not be persuaded to take some other make claimed to be just as good. You are paying your money and are entitled to the best.

If you could visit the W. L. Douglas factory at Brockton, Mass., and see how carefully the shoes are made, and the high grade leathers used, you would then understand why they look and fit better, hold their shape and wear longer than other makes for the price.

If your dealer cannot supply you write for Illustrated Catalog showing how to order by mail.
W. L. DOUGLAS, 160 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES

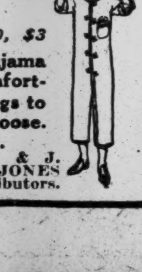
W. L. DOUGLAS STORES IN GREATER NEW YORK:

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.
847 Broadway, near 14th St.
*1352 Broadway, cor. 36th Street.
1495 Broadway (Times Square).
*984 Third Avenue.
*1452 Third Avenue.
*2202 Third Av., cor. 120th Street.
*2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
*250 West 125th Street.
*NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Ave.
*TRENTON—101 E. State St. cor. Broad

BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton.
1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
*478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
*859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.

Stores marked with a * also carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas $3.00, $4.00 and $4.50 shoes for Women

OLUS
COAT CUT UNION SUIT



¶ Built on entirely different lines from all other makes.

¶ Coat-cut a patented feature—opens all the way down the leg.

¶ Easy to put on; easy to to take off—no struggle to dress and undress.

¶ Fits perfectly with more freedom of action than any other union suit.

¶ If it isn't coat-cut, it isn't OLUS, but a substitute.

$1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3

OLUS one-piece pajama for lounging and comfortable sleep. No strings to tighten or come loose. *$1.50* and upward.

For Men and Women. B. & J. BURGHEIMER, PHILIPS-JONES CO., Inc., Wholesale Distributors.

Trustees' Sales at

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18th to 19th STREET
Meet me at the Fountain

(By Order of the United States District Court)

Now is the time to buy everything you need,—for never in the memory of the oldest inhabitant was there held a series of sales of such importance to everybody as are those in progress here NOW.

Worthy, Seasonable Merchandise of All Kinds at Sharply Reduced Prices.

To realize ready cash is our object;—and to do this as quickly as possible, we offer bargains such as follow.

For every item quoted here you will find hundreds displayed in the store.

NOTICE:—Because of the remarkable success of these sales, we find it impossible to guarantee to fill Mail or Telephone Orders.

Men's Furnishings

50c Fine Silk Neckwear—large open-end shapes; sale price	29c
65c Negligee Shirts—with soft cuffs; sale price	39c
$1.50 to $2.50 Negligee Shirts—satin striped madras and silk bosom in dozens of beautiful patterns; sale price	98c
$3.50 Terry Cloth Bathrobes—good patterns; sale price	$1.95

Knit Underwear and Hosiery

Men's and Women's 25c Cotton and Lisle Thread Hosiery—"seconds" of a guaranteed brand; sale price, pair	12c
Boys' 25c to 50c French and Domestic Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers—sale price	19c
Men's 50c Natural and White Merino, Open Mesh and Plain Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers—sale price	29c
Women's 50c and 65c Fine Lisle Thread and Soft Cotton Combination Suits—regular and extra sizes; sale price	35c
Men's $1 Shirts and Drawers—Spring weight; natural wool; sale price	59c
Men's $1 and $1.25 Union Suits—fine ribbed; ecru and white; sale price	69c

Boys' Clothing

$1 to $1.50 Wash Suits—sale price	65c
$1.50 to $2 Wash Suits—sale price	95c
$2 and $2.50 Norfolk Suits—one and two pairs of trousers; sale price	$1.25
Black Rubber Raincoats—sale price	$1.50

Men's Clothing

$3.50 to $5 Blue Serge and Fancy Worsted Trousers—sale price	$2.65
$10 and $12 Imported Raincoats—sizes to 40 only; sale price	$3.95
Prices to $20 Imported Raincoats—your choice of any in the store; sizes to 42; sale price	$8.95
$20 and $22.50 Blue Serge Hand-Tailored Suits—sale price	$12.75
$18 to $30 Fancy Worsted and Cassimere Suits—sale price	$14.65

Office Supplies

25c doz. Lead Pencils—various finishes; sale price, doz	12½c
25c Dandy Dust-proof Letter File—with brass catch; sale price, each	18c
75c per 1,000 Index Cards—size 3x5; record ruling; excellent quality; sale price, per 1,000	39c
$1 Ream Legal Typewriting Paper—bond finish; size 8½x14; sale price, ream	49c
"Blaisdell" Lead Pencils—No. 151; blue and red; sale price, each, 5c; doz	50c

Refrigerators

$22.50 Apartment House Style—"Model"; 54 inches high; ice capacity about 90 lbs.; white enamel lined provision chamber; sale price	$15
$24 Side Icer Style—"Universal"; porcelain lined; 44 inches high; ice capacity about 70 lbs.; sale price	$17.50
$26.75 Side Icer Style—"Universal"; porcelain lined; 45 inches high; ice capacity about 80 lbs.; sale price	$19.50

Women's Gloves

35c Chamoislisle Gloves—natural color; sale price, pair	19c
$1 (16-button length) Silk Glove—black, white and colors; sale price	59c
$2.50 (12-button length) Doe Skin Gloves—imported; washable; sale price	$1.69

Women's and Misses' Coats

$3.95 Tan Rubberized Canton Raincoats—sale price	$2.95
$7.95 Coats of Serge, Shepherd Check and Covert Cloth—sale price	$5

Umbrellas and Parasols

$1.25 Umbrellas—for men and women; sale price	90c
$1.89 Silk Parasols—fancy ribbon border; sale price	$1.29

Women's Shoes

$3.50 & $4 "Walk-over" Sample Low Shoes—all styles, all leathers; sizes 2½ to 5; A, B and C widths; sale price	$1.49
$2.50 and $3 "Peggy" Pumps—gun-metal calf, fancy cloth inlaid; Cuban Louis leather heels; all sizes; sale price	$1.95
$4 and $5 "Foot-Mould" Low Shoes—discontinued lines; all styles, all leathers; all sizes in the lot, but not in every style; sale price	$2.95

Toy Department

Rose O'Neill's Famous "Kewpie" Dolls—some have movable arms, others have movable arms and legs;

39c, 45c and 50c Kewpies—sale price	24c
65c and 69c Kewpies—sale price	38c

Dog Goods

25c to 50c Dog Muzzles—sale price	15c
49c Dog Leashes—green and red; sale price	25c
50c to $1 Dog Collars—sale price	35c

Trunks and Bags

$8.50 Genuine Cowhide Traveling Bags—with sewed frame and sewed corners; leather lined; sale price	$5.95
Saratoga Dress Trunks—all riveted, bound hard fibre; two straps; two trays; linen lined; $9.15—32-inch—sale price	$6.15
$9.60—34-inch—sale price	$6.75
$10—36-inch—sale price	$6.95

From Our Sporting Goods Dept.

20c Pyrographic Round Hand Mirrors—ready to decorate; sale price	12c
25c Pocket Knives—sale price, each	15c
30c English Made Snelled Fishing Hooks—sale price	15c
$6 Couch Hammocks—sale price	$4.50

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Usual Complimentary
S&H Green Trading Stamps Free Today
Distribution in Our Annex Building.

As many sets of these S&H Green Stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given, but only one set of any one date good in any one book. Only 100 Complimentary Stamps good in any one book, but you may start as many books as you please.

Double S&H Green Trading Stamps with Purchases Till 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

ASKS 10-YEAR TERM FOR SERVICE BOARDS

Willcox Would Also Put Them Under Constitutional Protection from Politics.

ABLE MEN FEAR INSECURITY

Tells Convention Committee He Would Take Away No Powers of Regulation.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19.—William R. Willcox of New York appeared before the Public Utilities Committee of the Constitutional Convention today to advocate making Public Service Commissioners constitutional officers, thus removing them from politics, and extending the term from five to ten years.

"I can say without betraying confidence that Governor Whitman is experiencing great difficulty in getting men of proper calibre for the Public Service Commissions," said Mr. Willcox. "One reason is the short term, and another is the fact that without constitutional protection the places are subject to political control."

The occasion was a hearing on the proposal of Senator Foley, which would safeguard the commissions from removal by legislative enactment or Executive action.

"I believe the protection now given to Justices of the Supreme Court should be given to Public Service Commissioners," said Mr. Willcox. "Commissioners should be removable by the Legislature or by the Senate alone on recommendation of the Governor, and then only after a hearing."

Mr. Willcov favored commissions of five members, but said they should be bi-partisan. He rejected the suggestion that the commission for New York City should be named by the Mayor. He also opposed the transfer of subway construction to the Board of Estimate. Mr. Willcox surprised the committee by eulogizing Chairman McCall and other Democratic members of the First District Commission.

"I am glad of this opportunity to say that I regard the man who succeeded me (Judge McCall) as a very high minded and efficient Commissioner," said Mr. Willcox. "I think the work of the commission in New York City compares favorably with the work of any other department and I think the up-State Commission is on par with the New York City Commission."

Would Take Away No Powers.

Mr. Willcox was asked what he thought of the suggestion to make Public Service orders subject to court review.

"There should be no review except as to questions of law," he replied.

"It has been suggested that the power to fix rates should be taken from the Legislature, now that it is exercised by the Public Service Commissions. What do you think of that suggestion?" asked Senator Foley.

"I doubt whether that would be wise," Mr. Willcox replied. "I should not like to go so far as to deprive the body that is the source of the rate fixing power of that prerogative, though I think it would be wise for the Legislature to refrain from generally exercising it."

"Do you think the power of the commissions to regulate the issue of stocks and bonds should be curtailed?" asked Senator Foley.

"Decidedly not," said Mr. Wilicox. "The commissions have that power because the people want them to have it and for no other reason. The abuses of bonds and stocks by public service corporations had much to do with the creation of the commissions. It was the absence of such regulation that allowed the improper issue of securities by the Metropolitan and the Third Avenue Railroad Companies, which led to their ruin and gave New York City the worst street car service it ever had. If you take that power away you have no regulation at all. I should like to see all the public service corporations monopolies, for there is no danger as long as there exists in somebody the proper powers of regulation."

John N. Carlisle, who was Public Service Commissioner under the Hughes Administration, also urged constitutional protection. "Unless these places are removed from political influences we will find it very difficult to get men worth the salary," said Mr. Carlisle.

In Administration circles here it is expected that Governor Whitman will give a decision on the charges pending against members of each of the Public Service Commissions. While the Governor has not indicated his intention, it is thought in some quarters that he may oust them all. If he does it is expected that he will fill the vacancies before he starts for California on Wednesday next. The Governor is also expected to announce three members of the Industrial Commission which will be created when he approves the bill to abolish the Labor Department and the Compensation Commission and the new Superintendent of Elections.

FOR BROADER LABOR LAWS.

Mr. Elkus Wants Legislature's Powers Enlarged and Defined.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19.—The Committee on Industrial Relations of the Constitutional Convention listened this afternoon to an argument by Abram I. Elkus, who was counsel for the State Factory Commission, in favor of a clause giving the Legislature power to regulate hours of labor, establish minimum wages, and restrict or prevent manufacturing in tenements.

"The Legislature has enacted laws regulating the working hours of women and children," said Mr. Elkus, "and the courts have upheld these laws, but I doubt if they would uphold a general law affecting men. I think, now that a Constitutional Convention is in session, that doubt ought to be removed."

"Samuel Gompers, who is to appear before this committee next week, thinks that if the Legislature began to regulate the hours of labor the regulations might be unfavorable to organized labor," said Seth Low, a member of the committee. "There is no doubt in my mind that the Legislature can protect men as well as women and children."

Mr. Elkus said that, while labor unions felt strong enough to get what they wanted from employers and did not want legislation, there were unorganized trades where men were working twelve and fourteen hours for small pay under undesirable conditions. "I have in mind one particular plant at Niagara Falls," said Mr. Elkus. He thought a broad provision in the Constitution should permit the Legislature to regulate all matters affecting labor.

"I have seen women manufacturing goods in tenements," Mr. Elkus said, "aided by little children who were kept at work so late that they could not keep awake in school the next day. I have seen children sitting about a bed where a woman was lying ill with scarlet fever, cracking nuts with their teeth for the consumption of guests at some Fifth Avenue dinner party."

With regard to the minimum wage Mr. Elkus said the Factory Commission had found 30 per cent. of all working women and girls getting less than they could properly live on. Mr. Elkus did not favor fixing a minimum, but thought wages should be suited to living conditions in localities.

Mr. Elkus advocated a department of public welfare, consolidating the Labor Department, the Health Department, and the Compensation Commission, with wide powers for the enforcement of labor and health laws.

WOULD OUST P. S. BOARDS.

W. M. K. Olcott Has Proposal Before Constitutional Convention.

An amendment to the Constitution that would abolish the present two Public Service Commissions, and replace them by two Public Utilities Commissions, with the same powers but a different status, has been introduced into the Constitutional Convention by W. M. K. Olcott. If adopted it would take the place of the two amendments concerning the Public Service Commissions, which have been introduced by Senator Foley and Dr. Jacob Gould Schurman.

Mr. Olcott would get rid of all the present Commissioners, but would leave the organizations they have built up intact, and would pass them over with all the records and unfinished business of the commissions to the two new Public Utility Commissionr he would create. These would have the same jurisdiction, scope and authority as the present commissions, and the new Commissioners, like the existing ones, would be appointed for five years at $15,000 a year.

Mr. Olcott's board would be a bipartisan one, and in the first place would be appointed so as to have three Republican members to two Democrats, and the Governor, as he nominated new Commissioners, would be required to see that no political party could ever claim more than three Commissioners. Mr. Olcott would give the commissioners the same security as the Justices of the Supreme Court, and would require a concurrent resolution of both houses of the Legislature, with a two-thirds majority of both houses before they could be removed.

As things are, the right of the Publice Service Commissions to regulate rates, fares and other charges imposed upon the public by utility corporations depends merely on legislative enactment, and could be repealed at any time. Mr. Olcott would give the commissions constitutional authority over these matters.

STATE BUDGET FINDS FAVOR.

Controller Prendergast Tells Convention of City's Method.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19.—The Committee on State Finances of the Constitutional Convention today heard Controller William A. Pendergast tell of New York City's annual budget. After the hearing it was intimated that some such system would be recommended for the State.

Mr. Prendergast recommended a budget with each item clearly segregated, in preference to lump-sum appropriations or the unit cost system, which can be adopted to advantage only after the work of departments have been standardized.

"I have invariably found that the heads of departments invariably ask for more than they need or expect," said Mr. Prendergast.

"Your experience is not different from that of the State Controller," suggested Chairman Stimson.

"No," said Mr. Prendergast, "150 miles does not make much difference in human nature."

Mr. Prendergast said budget making in New York is a year-round function, and that the machinery should be permanent, so that the budget for the next year could be begun on Jan. 1.

As an illustration of the advantages of the city's specialized budget, Mr. Prendergast gave figures which showed that in 1910, before that system was adopted, the unexpended balances from the previous year aggregated more than $9,000,000, while in 1913, after it had been in use two years, the unexpended balances totaled only $3,000,000.

Chairman Stimson, after the hearing, spoke in favor of the specialized budget.

CELEBRATE MAGNA CHARTA.

Constitutional Convention Picks Mr. Root for Orator on June 15.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19.—To commemorate Magna Charta, which is 700 years old, the Constitutional Convention decided today to hold exercises in the Assembly Chamber on June 15, the anniversary day. Elihu Root was invited to deliver the principal address.

Mr. Root, who was presiding, had an embarrassing time of it as delegate after delegate arose and eulogized him in connection with the suggestion that he be the orator.

Among proposals thrown into the convention hopper today was one by Charles A. Webber of Kings, designed to stop "ripper" legislation by providing that when any office is abolished or its functions curtailed through legislative action the duties shall not be transferred to any other office created by the same Legislature.

William M. K. Olcott of New York introduced a proposal to convert the Public Service Commissions into public utilities commissions and make them constitutional bodies appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Senate, at for five years at $15,000 a year.

DYED SPARROWS YELLOW.

Peddlers Arrested in Jersey Sold Fake Canaries.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., May 19.—Charles Herman of 127 Charlton Street, and Julius Scherer of 241 East Thirteenth Street, New York, were fined $5 each in the City Court here this morning. They sold sparrows dyed yellow to look like canary birds, and were arrested on the street with a wagonload of the birds. The charge against them is peddling without a license.

John Herbert, who said he was a veteran of the civil war, and 80 years old, drove the wagon. He showed a veteran's license which bore the name of Herbert Barnes.

Judge Costello looked at the name on the license and then at Herbert.

"What's your name?" he asked.

The old man admitted his name was John Herbert.

"Guess you're a faker," put in the Judge.

"That's right, Judge," replied the prisoner. "I am a faker; I'm a poor old faker."

The Judge allowed him to go.

1794 CENT FETCHES $245.

Coins of the United States Bring Good Prices at Auction.

The collection of United States coins belonging to a prominent American, containing the most remarkable series of early coins, fifty-nine varieties of 1794 cents, over fifty varieties of 1796 cents, choice cents of 1793 and other dates, and a fine lot of gold coins, was put on sale yesterday by the United States Coin Company at 200 Fifth Avenue. Daniel R. Kennedy acted as auctioneer.

A half-cent of 1796, without pole, die cracked across obverse, fine for this rare date, brought $120.

A cent of 1794, from the Gilbert collection, sold for $40. An about uncirculated cent of 1794, (Hays 3.) also from the Gilbert collection, went for $106. Another variety, (Hays 9,) realized $31. An about uncirculated example of the same coin (Hays 25) brought $165, and an extremely fine specimen also of 1794 (Hays 49) was knocked down for $245. Other cents of 1794 (Hays 42) brought $150 and (Hays 47) $135. The Chapman variety of the 1794 cent sold for $85.

The total was $5,378. The sale will be continued today.

Heavy Snowstorm in Kansas.

KANSAS CITY, May 19.—Snow reaching a depth of three inches fell in Northwestern Kansas today. Heavy rains, ranging to 4.14 inches at Wichita, fell over other parts of the State and northern Oklahoma.

BEGIN TO VACCINATE ALL NEW ROCHELLE

Officials Take Steps to Safeguard the City Against Smallpox Epidemic.

TREATMENT COSTS NOTHING

Employes of the Municipality Ordered to Bare Their Arms and Others Asked to Do Likewise.

Every man, woman, and child in New Rochelle who has not been vaccinated within three years and who does not object is to be vaccinated at the city's expense within the next ten days.

This is the task which Health Officer Dr. Edwin H. Codding has set himself to accomplish, with the co-operation of Mayor Edward S. Griffing and every other member of the city administration. Those who object cannot be forced to submit, for when the compulsory vaccination law was passed it was changed to be effective only in cities of the first and second class.

The Mayor issued an order yesterday requiring every one of the 350 city employes to be vaccinated, and in the afternoon they began to drop into the office of the Health Department in the Police Headquarters building to be "scratched." Dr. Codding's Inspectors began yesterday a house-to-house canvass, each bearing the city's invitation to be vaccinated and ready to do the job.

The doctor wants to neglect no precaution, for there is danger that smallpox may have spread. The two smallpox patients are Harry Jackson of 475 Main Street, who came to New Rochelle from Tampa some weeks ago, and William Boulle, a fifteen-year-old errand boy, who lives at 20 Lawton Street. Jackson's case was reported on April 27. He had then been ill some days, during which time he went freely about the city. The case of Boulle was reported on May 16 and it emphasized the danger of the disease spreading. Jackson is now convalescent and Boulle is in the Kingston Avenue (Brooklyn) Hospital.

"Thirty-five employes of the city have already been vaccinated," said Dr. Codding last night. "The first reports from the Inspectors who are out have already come in, but from these we can form no estimate of the number of persons who will be vaccinated, but I believe that we shall vaccinate about 3,000 persons.

"Out of our school population of 6,000 about 95 per cent. have been vaccinated within the time limit. Vaccination is required by the School Board. Then it is safe to say that private physicians will vaccinate about 5,000 persons.

"Of course, not everybody will be vaccinated. There are those who do not believe in vaccination, and these will not submit themselves or allow those in their care to submit.

"There is little trouble in dealing with our foreign born. A majority realize we are working for their good, but where they protest we do not attempt compulsion."

Most of the city employes will be vaccinated tonight, and Dr. Golding is arranging what he calls a special vaccination party.

ORATOR FOR NEW CITIZENS.

Justice Morschauser Makes an Event of Naturalization Day.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 19.—Justice Morscnauser of the Supreme Court today invited Colonel Ralph E. Prime of Yonkers, the oldest member of the Westchester County Bar Association, to address the candidates for citizenship papers, when he holds naturalization day at White Plains on May 28. This is an innovation of Justice Morschauser's which he first put into practice at Poughkeepsie several weeks ago when he had Professor Shear of the High School in that city tell the various candidates what it really means to be a citizen of the United States.

Colonel Prime, who was in court this morning, told the Justice that he would be on hand on the appointed day. He will tell the various applicants the history of the Stars and Stripes and what the flag stands for, and he will also explain the Constitution of the United States and who brought about its foundation.

East Orange Boy Disappears.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, May 19.—Mrs. Samuel B. Whitman of 91 Watson Avenue is prostrated today because her 17-year-old son, Harold B. Whitman, who left home on May 8 ostensibly to view the fleet, has not been heard from since. The father has searched New York thoroughly, but without obtaining any clue other than the fact that the boy tried to enlist as a clerk in the navy. The young man attended high school and wished to go to Annapolis. When he disappeared he wore a light checked suit, dark gray soft hat and black shoes and stockings. He is 5 feet 11 inches tall, has dark hair and eyes, and weighs 120 pounds. He had no troubles at home or at school so far as known.

ALCOHOL'S ENEMIES CELEBRATE JUBILEE

National Temperance Society Is Full of Optimism for the Future of the Cause.

CLAIMS 18 "DRY" STATES

It Hails the Action of the Warring Nations to Curb and Suppress Drink as a Great Triumph.

This is the most remarkable year in the whole history of the temperance movement, according to the report made at the fiftieth annual meeting of the National Temperance Society and Publication House, held in William E. Dodge Hall, 373 Fourth Avenue, yesterday afternoon. The half century of the society's existence was the more gladly celebrated because the jubilee year of the National Temperance Society, according to the report, comes coincidentally with these reforms:

> State after State in the United States, falling into step with the prohibition States, until eighteen are now visible on an up-to-date map. The nations of Europe, and, by territorial possessions, all sections nearly of the entire globe engaged in a terrible warfare, yet find opportunity to stop and destroy the common enemy—alcohol.

In its fifty years' existence the National Temperance Society has circulated more than 110,000,000 copies of its periodicals, The National Advocate, Youths' Temperance Banner, and The Water Lily, containing in all more than 513,000,000 pages. More than 12,000,000 pledges have been distributed. Of its tracts, pamphlets, and books the society has issued 1,325,000,000 pages, and in this vast work it has administered more than $2,000,000. In part the annual report says:

> The National Temperance Society and Publication House began its work with the beginning of the peace period which followed the civil war. Drinking habits of the soldiers who had just returned home helped on the establishment of a partnership between drink and Government which the war brought about, and which has continued ever since. Through that partnership the drink business has maintained itself as a national ally, when it has all the time been a national curse.
>
> The year 1914 saw such a change in general public sentiment, and such a revolution in the policy of States, concerning the liquor traffic as was never before witnessed. It is true that in the decade of the fifties our country beheld a revolution similar in extent, and apparently like it in character, during which fourteen States and one territory passed prohibitory laws, and this fact is now cited by liquor sympathizers as one proof that the revolution now going on will end, as that ended, with prohibition again repealed wherever enacted and with the liquor traffic as powerful as before. But we may comfort ourselves and encourage our friends with the thought that recent progress has had a basis quite unlike that of 1850 to 1854, and that such educational work as the National Temperance Society has done, in co-operation with all other agencies of like purpose, has laid a new foundation for total abstinence for the individual and prohibition for the State.

The Rev. Dr. David Stuart Dodge was re-elected President of the National Temperance Society, while John W. Cummings was re-elected Manager and Treasurer. Most of the Vice Presidents were re-elected, and the New York representatives included ex-Congressman William S. Bennet, the Rev. Dr. James M. Buckley, the Rev. Dr. James M. Farrar, the Rev. Dr. Charles E. Jefferson, John D. Rockefeller, Bishop Luther B. Wilson, and Bishop David H. Greer.

NEW BIG MORTARS TESTED.

Coast Defenses Can Hurl Half-Ton Projectiles 8½ Miles.

BOSTON, May 19.—Several new mortars recently mounted at Fort Andrew and capable of hurling projectiles weighing half a ton eight and a half miles were tested today. The are said to be the most powerful weapons on the coast.

The projectiles are not explosive, being designed to sink a vessel by tearing a hole through her by the force of their fall from a great height.

AN UNUSUAL TRUSTEE

As trustee of an estate we selected a mortgage for investment of some of its funds.

Neighborhood values went down and foreclosure threatened.

We assumed the investment and relieved the estate of all risk of loss.

Are there many trustees either individual or corporate who are willing and able to do this?

When you make your Will—appoint us as your executor or trustee.

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Capital . . $ 5,000,000
Surplus (all earned) 11,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

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Dyspeptics Now Enjoy Rich, Hearty Meals

Every dyspeptic or sufferer from indigestion knows that craving for hearty and to them, indigestible food. It is the natural calling of the body for the rich nourishment that milk-and-nursery diet cannot supply. The next time this craving is on you, yield to it. Try one more good dinner—eat anything and everything your instinct suggests, just as if you had the stomach of a day laborer. But while eating it sip a glass or two of that delicious, clear, non-laxative mineral water, Man-a-cea. It immediately restores good digestion. Sold by all druggists and by Charles & Co., Park & Tilford, Acker, Merrall & Condit Co. and other leading grocers. Good for rheumatism, too.

The Summer Schedule of Business Hours will become operative on JUNE 15th

B. Altman & Co.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Complete Summer Outfits

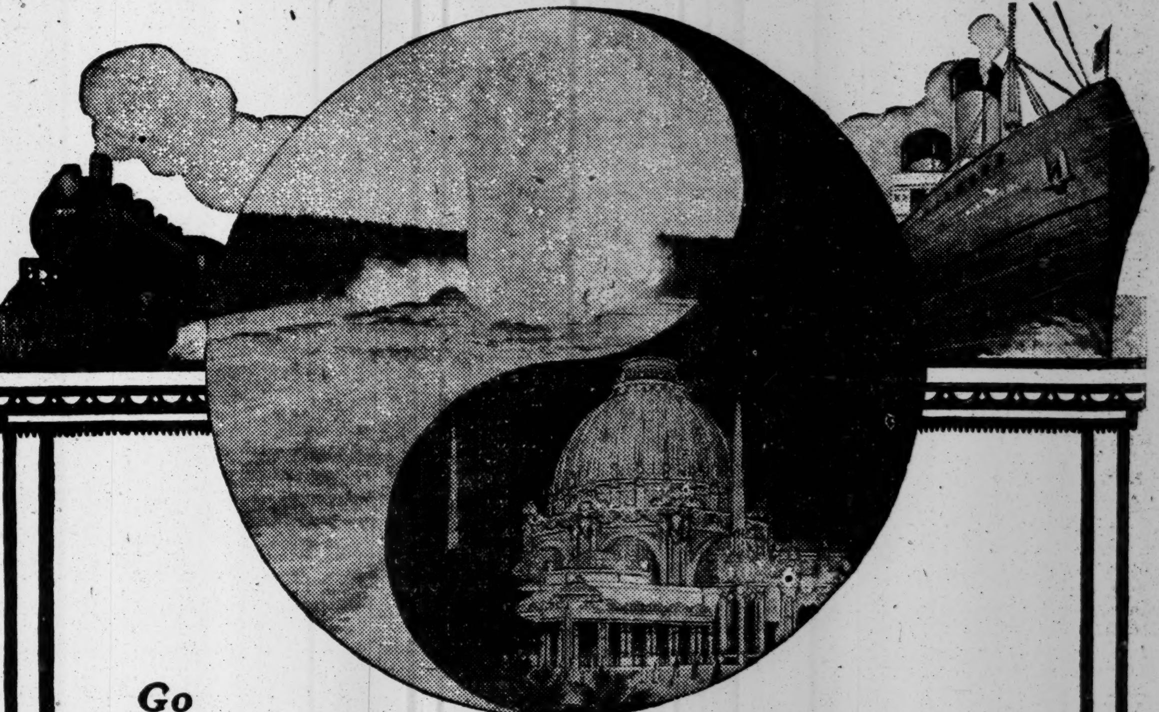
for sea and shore, the mountains, the country, travel and sports wear.

The sports season is already here; the vacation season is rapidly approaching. The need of clothing appropriate for the simple life out-of-doors is daily becoming more insistent, and is shared equally by maturity and youth.

Here, in the Store's various Departments, are Golf and Fishing Suits; Riding Equipments; Bathing Suits and Costumes; Motor and Travel Coats; Raincoats, Sweaters; Golf Hose; Outing Shoes, Hats, etc.

THE SPORTS GOODS DEPARTMENT has been materially enlarged and is now amply equipped with Golf Clubs (including the English "Lillywhite" make, with tubular steel shaft); Golf Balls; Caddie Bags, Golf Scores and Tees; Polo Sets; Tennis Rackets, Covers, Posts, Nets and Marking Tapes; Croquet Sets; Baseballs, Bats, Masks, Protectors, Gloves and Mitts.

KODAKS AND KODAK SUPPLIES



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Travel via the cool, scenic highway in palatial transcontinental trains crossing two Ranges of the famous American Rockies and the picturesque Cascade mountains to Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and North Pacific Coast Cities. Choice of routes via Puget Sound or along the Columbia River from Spokane.

Stop at Yellowstone National Park

Enter via Gardiner Gateway reached only by Northern Pacific Railway. See America's only Geyserland and Nature's Own World's Exposition. Excellent transportation and hotel accommodations—ask about personally escorted tours to, through and from the Park during season.

Write, call or telephone for Expositions folder and travel literature, and let us assist you in planning your 1915 vacation. It will be a pleasure.

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SAVE MONEY
INSURE IN THE VULCAN

Fire and theft insurance on your automobile at a premium materially less than that charged by other companies.

EXAMPLE:

List Price	Insurance	Annual Premium
$1,000	$1,000	$15.00
2,000	2,000	26.00
4,000	4,000	48.00

We reduce to a minimum loss of use of your car by accepting estimate of the manufacturer of same to repair damages.

VULCAN INSURANCE CO.,
89 FULTON STREET

Chauffeur's Outfit Special at $43.50

Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

Smart, neat, perfect fitting, well made and durable; the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought.

A light-weight Double-breasted Spring Overcoat.
A Smart Norfolk Jacket, with Trousers or Breeches.
A Cap of Regulation Chauffeur's Style.

Made of fine quality worsted whipcord in two shades of gray and in tan—the whole outfit complete at $43.50; or, as follows:

Overcoats $25.00—Suit $16.50—Cap $2.00

Suit with 2 pairs of Trousers or Breeches or one pair of each—$23.50

Other Outfits of Better Grade at $57.50, $75.00 and $125.00

Dusters That Beat Anything in America at $5.00. Made of Splendid BRILLIANT GRAY MOHAIR.

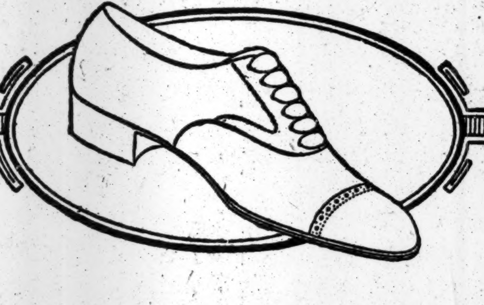
Brill Brothers
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET

MICHAEL
Tailleur pour Dames

FINAL SALE OF Exclusive Models of Chic Styles

At $25, 35 & 45

734 5TH AVENUE
NEW YORK
AT 57TH STREET



The Navy Oxford

A good-looking business shoe with plenty of room for comfort while retaining the trim appearance so much desired. Gun Metal Calf.

Price, $6.50

Good shoes are an economy

Hanan & Son

Eight New York Stores

Broadway, corner 31st St.
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FISK NON-SKID

AT LOW PRICES WITH FISK SERVICE

FISK TIRES

Emphatically! The Best Tire Proposition On The Market

FISK established quality at Fisk Low Prices offers car owners for the first time an absolutely sure way to cut tire costs.

You can get Fisk Non-Skid—the most effective traction and non-skid tire—at a price lower than is charged for many plain treads.

Note These Non-Skid Casing Prices

3½x30	12.20	4½x34	27.30
4 x33	20.00	4½x36	28.70
4 x34	20.35	5 x37	33.90

You can get Fisk Plain Tread—the perfectly balanced, real long-mileage tire—at a price which sets a new standard for value.

To pay more than Fisk Prices is knowingly to turn down an assured definite saving in tire up-keep.

Fisk Tires For Sale By All Dealers

THE FISK RUBBER COMPANY of N. Y.
Chicopee Falls, Mass.
New York Branch 1725 Broadway
Brooklyn Branch, 1207 Bedford Avenue

Trade Mark Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
Time to Re-tire? (Buy Fisk)

$3 ROUND TRIP TO WASHINGTON

SPECIAL EXCURSION
SUNDAY, MAY 23d
VIA
ROYAL BLUE LINE
New Jersey Central, Reading and Baltimore and Ohio R.R.'s

A rare opportunity to visit the national capital with its wonderful attractions.

SUNDAY, MAY 23d
Also Sunday, June 6.

Leave W. 23d St., 11:50 P. M.; Liberty St., 12:01 Midnight Saturday nights.

Tickets on sale week in advance at Liberty St., W. 23d St., and Jersey City Terminals; 245, 379, 1276, 1440 and 2081 Broadway, 7 Cortlandt St., N. Y.; 4 and 24 Court St., Brooklyn.

80%

More than 80% of all purchases in retail stores are made by women.

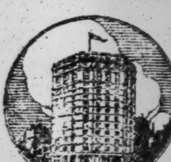
And even when they do not actually make the purchases themselves, they exercise a great influence in the transaction.

The percentages of purchases made or influenced by women have been estimated to be as follows:

Men's Suits	24%
Men's Gloves	32
Men's Socks	65
Men's Underwear	70
Men's Neckwear	55
Men's Jewelry	50
Men's Handkerchiefs	65
Men's Shirts	30
Men's Nightshirts	55
Boys' Clothing and Shoes	95
Apartments	60
Vacations	70
Schools	60
Pianos	85
House Furnishings	90
Automobiles	30
Women's Clothing	98
Toilet Goods	80
Food Products	90

Have you a "purchasing agent" in your home?

BUTTERICK



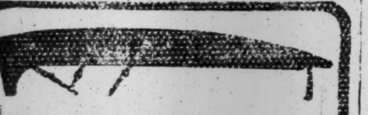
RESINOL SOAP FOR THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION

Is your skin tender? Try Resinol Soap

Any soap will clean your skin—a bar of laundry soap will do if you do not care what becomes of your complexion. But you know that laundry soap contains harsh, drying alkali that would ruin your skin and hair, so you never think of using it for your toilet.

Many toilet soaps contain this same injurious alkali. Resinol Soap contains absolutely no free alkali, and to it are added the Resinol balsams. These give it soothing, healing properties which clear the complexion, comfort tender skins and keep the hair rich and lustrous.

Sold by all druggists. For sample free, write to Dept. TT, Resinol, Baltimore, Md.



Not *all* good cars are as *yet* covered with Pantasote tops—*but* you can *always* take

Genuine
Pantasote
as the *sure* sign of a good car

It shows that the maker of the car is giving full value. It shows that the present price cutting competition in the automobile industry has not turned that maker toward a less expensive and less durable top material.

Genuine Pantasote is the top material that is recognized as without a peer—for perfect shelter, perfect appearance, longest wear and ability to withstand all weather conditions, folding and misuse.

In buying a *big* thing like a car, the top material may be considered an unimportant little detail, but just think about this for a minute. Consider that the top is chiefly responsible for the trim, new and *stay-new* appearance of your car and your personal comfort in bad weather.

The Pantasote Company
1751 Bowling Green Bldg., N. Y. City

POMPEIAN
OLIVE OIL
ALWAYS FRESH
PURE—SWEET—WHOLESOME

THE WORLD'S FINANCES.

The Annalist, every Monday, reflects commercial conditions and discusses financial operations in a way that interests students of economics, merchants, bankers, and all other men of business and affairs. 10 cents by mail. The Annalist, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

BIG WRESTLING TOURNAMENT—TENNIS—ROBESON WINS SCHOOLBOY GOLF

WORLD'S WRESTLING TOURNAMENT STARTS

Fifty Champions from All Parts in $10,000 Contest—Last Night's Winners.

Professional wrestling came into its own at the Manhattan Opera House last night when the first international tournament held in this city was staged. Fifty representatives of twenty-five nations are entered, which is for the championship of the world, with prizes aggregating $10,000. Not within the memory of the patrons of the sport has such a gathering been drawn together, and the memory of the old days when Billy Muldoon and his famous troupe of mat grapplers toured the country were revived when the contestants paraded before an admiring crowd of spectators as a preliminary to the serious business which was to follow.

Europe has in the past been the stamping ground of the professional wrestlers, and the tournaments held annually in Paris, Berlin, and Vienna have attracted the best talent in the world. From these tournaments graduated men whose names are familiar as household words in the wrestling world. George Hackenschmidt, who for many years was invincible, was first introduced to the public through his prowess on the mat at the Folies Bergeres at Paris. Yussof Mahmout and Stanislau Zbyszko also received their introduction to the wrestling public through these tournaments, while many of lesser note were made famous through their European triumphs.

During the past decade many promoters have attempted to hold professional tournaments but the sport had received a black eye through the palpable hippodroming of the contestants and it remained for a foreign promoter to demonstrate to the American public that the spor can be made popular when conducted along legitimate lines. More than 6,000 persons crowded the Opera House to witness the preliminary round of what gives every indication of being the greatest event in the history of wrestling in this country, and the applause that rewarded the efforts of the contestants indicates that if the policy inaugurated by the management is continued the tournament should prove a big success.

opera orchestra the fifty contestants marched on the stage, each man being decorated with a sash emblematic of the country which he represented. According to the official announcement the following countries are represented in the tournament: Bohemia, Holland, Finland, Greece, Saxonia, Turkey, Denmark, Silesia, Belgium, Portugal, Spain, Japan, Russia, Germany, Prussia, France, Denmark, Austria, Italy, Switzerland, Norway, Sweden, China, Ireland, and the United States.

After the parade the wrestlers took up their positions in the rings on the stage and watched the efforts of the men who had been drawn to compete in the first round of the tournament. Of the six bouts scheduled, five were decided by legitimate falls, the sixth, which went the limit allotted for each bout, found both men on their feet at the end of the stipulated time. The two men in this contest will be compelled to wrestle again later in the tournament.

Under the rules of competition the defeated men are eliminated and will not be allowed to compete again during the tournament. The winners will be rematched until the entry list is reduced to two contestants and the winner of this bout will be declared the champion of the world.

With perhaps the exception of Alex Aberg, who was announced as the world's champion, very few of the contestants showed any real knowledge of the Graeco-Roman rules under which the tournament bouts are contested. Aberg threw Fritz Mohl of Switzerland in 58 seconds and showed that he at least had some claim to his title.

Enthusiasm was rampant as the men appeared on the mat to perform. There was a pronounced disposition on the part of the spectators to show their feelings from a nationality standpoint, and, as in all cases of competitions, the lighter man obtained the sympathies of the crowd. From a competitive standpoint, however, the crowd was very impartial, and a victory for one of the contestants met with a well-merited reward in the form of deafening applause.

The draw for tonight's competition will bring together several wrestlers of international reputation, including Leo Pardello, champion of Italy; Waldek Zbyszko, the Polish title holder; Sulo Hevonanpaa, champion of Finland, and many others whose names are well known in wrestling circles. The results follow:

Pierre Le Closse, France, defeated Karl Vogel, Bavaria, arm lock and side hold. Time—3:30. Wilhelm Berner, Germany, and Karl Pospisil, Bohemia, draw. Time—20:00. Sulo Hevonpaa, Finland, defeated Hans Fuerst, Austria, head lock. Time—7:10. George Levrich, Russia, defeated Georgios Landele, Greece, head and chanvery over shoulders. Time—5:10. Alex Aberg, Finland, defeated Fritz Mohl, Switzerland, reverse head lock. Time—0:58. Joan Sigan, Mongolia, defeated Giovanni Quarno, Italy, body lock. Time—0:51.

MOORE RETAINS TITLE.

De Oro Wins Last Block of Billiards, but Could Not Overtake Lead.

In what was probably the greatest three-cushion carrom billiard match ever played in this city George W. Moore, the champion, defeated the challenger, Alfredo de Oro, last night at the New York Theatre Concert Hall by a score of 150 to 144 in three nights' play. The score last night was 53 to 50 for De Oro, but Moore's advantage of 9 points lead enabled him to win finally. Not only in pointof execution was the game remarkable, but also in the enthusiasm which it aroused. There had been some bets on the result with Moore as the favorite, and there was a high tension evidenced in the last innings. The counts that each of the contestants made were greeted with wild yells and then an instant later there was a deathlike quiet as another stroke was played.

Moore started the final night's play with an advantage of 9 points, but this was quickly wiped out by the wonderful execution of De Oro. The Cuban was at his best, and in the twentieth inning assumed the lead. Gradually he went into an 8-point advantage, and then Moore's game picked up and a few innings later he took the commanding position by a slight margin. Moore appeared to be beaten at one point, but his iron nerve was never shaken. He was as cool as an iceberg, while De Oro was stirring around on his chair and explaining to some Cuban friends why he had missed. In the sixty-eighth inning Moore gained a 2-point advantage, and eight innings later won the match.

William Huey of Chicago has challenged Moore, but the match will probably not be played before Fall. Last night's scores:

Moore—0 0 1 0 3 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 1 3 1 0 4 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 3 0 0 2 0 0 2 0 4 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 4 1 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 2. Total—50. High runs—4, 4, and 4. Grand total for three nights' play—150.

De Oro—3 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 1 4 3 2 3 1 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 2 2 0 1 1 2 0 0 3 1 1 3 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1. Total—53. High runs—4, 3, and 3. Grand total for three nights' play, 144.

LEHIGH'S TRACK MEN WIN.

Lafayette Defeated in Closely Contested Athletics, 64 to 48.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Pa., May 19.—Lehigh defeated Lafayette in Taylor stadium at Lehigh today in a dual track meet, 64 to 48. The score does not show how closely contested and exciting the meet was. Lehigh excelled in the track events and Lafayette in the field.

The meet was nip and tuck until the discus throw was reached and here Grumback of Lehigh sprung a surprise by beating out Maxfield of Lafayette with a heave of 114 feet. The tide turned toward Lehigh after that.

One Lehigh and one Lafayette record were smashed. Morrissey of Lehigh clipped one-fifth of a second off the 220-yard dash mark and Maxfield of Lafayette threw the shot one foot and nine inches further than his old mark. Carlson in the quarter mile equalled the Lehigh record of 51¼ seconds. In the half mile pole vault and mile Lehigh's runners too kall the points, while Lafayette did the same in the hammer throw. Lehigh had eight first places and five seconds.

Pretty races were the 100 yard dash with all the runners nearly bunched at the finish. The 440-yard dash in which Hanway with a great burst of speed came in second and two mile run in which McGrath's burst of speed on the home stretch landed him in first place. Morrissey and McGrath of Lehigh and Maxwell of Lafayette each captured ten points.

Cutler in Two Final Matches.

BOSTON, May 19.—C. F. Cutler of Williams College gave another exhibition of sensational tennis in the New England intercollegiate championship tournament today. Cutler and R. S. Maynard defeated J. Larrabee and P. D. Flint of Bowdoin in the upper half of the semi-final round of doubles, the Maine pair taking only one match in the two sets. Cutler was the chief factor of the offense and supported Maynard splendidly on the defense. Cutler won his way to the finals of the singles easily by defeating John Stewart of Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 6—0, 6—2. His opponent in the match for the title will be S. A. Edsall of Trinity.

Championship Doubles, Semi-Final Round.—C. F. Cutler and R. S. Maynard defeated J. Larrabee and R. D. Flint, Bowdoin, 6—1, 6—0; Stewart and Woodbridge, M. I. T., defeated Cady and McCloy, Amherst, 6—3, 13—11.

Singles, Semi-Finals.—C. F. Cutler, Williams, defeated John Stewart, M. I. T., 6—0, 6—2; S. A. Edsall, Trinity, defeated J. Hoffman, Wesleyan, 6—4, 12—10.

UNIVERSITY CLUB GOLFERS ON LINKS

S. Clifton Mabon Captures Gross Prize on Adsley Club Links.

With an entry list of more than eighty, the lasgest for several tournaments, the semi-annual thirty-six hole medal play handicap of the University Club Golf Association was run off yesterday over the links of the Ardsley Club. This competition is confined to members of the University Club.

Sl Clifton Mabon of the home club, former Treasurer of the Metropolitan Golf Association, won the gross prize with rounds of 79, 83—162, while the prize for the best single scratch score was the 78 of George T. Brokaw, whost alma mater is Princeton. He had an indifferent total in the morning.

G. A. Phelps of Yale won the prize for the best thirty-six hole net score with a card of 176—26—150. There were two other awards, and they were taken by G. D. Hamlen of Wesleyan and A. L. Curtis of Yale, whose respective totals were 185—34—151 and 189—34—155. The scores:

G. A. Phelps, Yale, 176, 26—150; G. D. Hamlen, Wesleyan, 185, 34—151; A. L. Curtis, Yale, 189, 34—155; S. C. Mabon, Rutgers, 162, 6—156; A. D. Meacham, Brown 176 A. C. Rounds, Amherst, 195, 38—157; G. H. Abbott, Yale, 178, 20—158; H. Minot, Princeton, 186, 28—158; F. W. Belknap, Mass., Tech., 195, 36—159; R. L. Harrison, Virginia, 197, 38—158; J. T. Gillespie, Yale, 177, 16—161; D. H. McAlpin, 2d, Princeton, 167, 6—161; J. French, Dartmouth, 198, 36—162; F. B. Pratt, Amherst, 183, 20—163; Percy R. Pyne, 2d, Princeton, 165, 2—163; H. H. Fries, Berlin, 191, 28—163; R. H. Milliken, Yale, 185, 22—163; R. C. Hill, University of Pennsylvania, 199, 36—163; J. F. Eagle, Yale, 214, 50—164; Howard Hasbrouck, Cornell, 180, 16—164; J. C. Greenleaf, Yale, 204, 38—166; W. D. Brown, Amherst, 195, 26—167; R. Perry, Jr., Yale, 180, 12—168; George T. Brokaw, Princeton, 169, 0—169; M. Delano, Yale, 201, 32—169; A. P. Alvord, Amherst, 185, 16—169; W. B. Whitney, Amherst, 192, 22—170; A. B. Halliday, Harvard, 190, 20—170; E. H. Hart, Yale, 172, 2—170; C. R. Dean, Harvard, 201, 30—171; A. Borden, Harvard, 201, 30—171; H. A. James, Yale, 214, 32—172; W. Byrd, Harvard, 205, 32—173; R. S. Hooker, Hobart, 211, 38—173; J. B. Deane, Amherst, 200, 26—174; H. J. Wright, New York University, 193, 18—175; W. C. Breed, Amherst, 197, 20—177; E. C. Mason, Yale, 191, 10—181; F. W. Stelle, Princeton, 217, 34—183; F. C. Hodgson, Tufts, 219, 36—183; W. Darrach, Yale, 228, 42—186; J. S. Walradt, Yale, 218, 32—186; James A. Stillman, Harvard, 197, 8—189; C. Gillette, Yale, 230, 36—194; J. D. Voorhees, Princeton, 234, 36—198.

GOLF CHAMPIONS PLAY.

Walter Hagen, Professional Champion, Best of Stars at Greenwich.

Golf champions delighted a select gallery in a one-day special invitation tournament on the links of the Grenewich Country Club yesterday. Both professionals and amateurs were there, and the "pros" clearly carried off the honors, the star being Walter Hagen, the national title holder, from Rochester. Without ever having seen the course before, Hagen made a 74 in the morning.

By getting a 74 in the morning Travers won a cup, while Herreshoff came in for a trophy later because and Hagen had a best ball of 65. Alec Smith and Travers had a best ball of 69, which entitled Smith to $50.

Travers played finely all day, supplementing his 74 of the morning with a 71 after luncheon. There were a couple of instances where he did not hole his putts.

McNamara and Kirkby contributed a 72 in the afternoon, Kirkby getting a 74 himself. Topping and Macdonald Smith also had a 72.

The results follow:

MORNING ROUND.

Walter Hagen, Rochester—										
Out	3	2	4	5	6	4	4	4	4—36	
In	3	5	4	4	7	3	4	4	4—38	74
Jerome Travers, Upper Montclair—										
Out	4	3	4	5	5	5	4	5	2—37	
In	2	4	3	5	6	3	5	4	5—37	74

Macdonald Smith, New York	38	39	77
Tom McNamara, Boston	41	36	77
Henry J. Topping, Greenwich	37	41	78
Oswald Kirkby, Englewood	40	40	82
Fred Herreshoff, Garden City	41	41	82
Alec Smith, Wykagyl	40	43	83

AFTERNOON FOURSOMES.

Herreshoff and Hagen—										
Out	4	3	4	5	3	4	5	4	3—35	
In	3	3	3	2	5	3	4	4	3—30	65
Travers and Alec Smith—										
Out	4	3	4	5	4	4	4	4	2—34	
In	3	4	3	5	5	2	4	4	5—35	69
Topping and M. Smith—										
Out	5	3	5	5	4	5	4	4	3—38	
In	4	4	3	5	5	3	4	3	3—34	72
Kirkby and McNamara—										
Out	3	3	5	5	5	5	4	4	3—37	
In	3	4	3	4	6	3	4	4	4—35	72

NEW TITLE FOR ROBESON.

Pawling Schoolboy Defeats Dean for Interscholastic Honors.

A new champion came to the front yesterday when Filmore K. Robeson of Pawling defeated Simpson Dean of Lawrenceville 5 up and 3 to play in the thirty-six-hole final match for the eastern interscholastic golf championship over the links of the Wykagyl Country Club.

The title won yesterday was not the first for Robeson, for he captured the North and South championship at Pinehurst a short while ago, coming through a brilliant field to do so. Neither Robeson nor Dean played championship golf and it was largely through the fact that both of the young men wasted strokes on the putting green. The cards:

MORNING ROUND.

Robeson, out	4	5	6	4	5	4	3	6	6—43	
Dean, out	5	4	6	5	3	4	4	6	6—43	
Robeson, in	4	6	6	4	4	4	4	5	5—42	85
Dean, in	4	5	5	4	5	6	4	5	6—44	87

AFTERNOON ROUND.

Robeson, out	4	4	7	5	3	3	3	5	5—39
Dean, out	5	4	6	6	3	3	4	5	5—41
Robeson, in	4	4	6	4	5	5			
Dean, in	4	6	5	4	5	6			

Hard Match for Touchard.

Several interesting matches were played in the invitation tennis tournament of the Sleepy Hollow Country Club yesterday at Scarborough-on-the-Hudson, when the ranking players maintained their form and advanced at the expense of their opponents. Harold Throckmorton, the young Princeton interscholastic champion, scored an easy victory over Walter L. Pate of New York, at 6—8, 6—1. The winner was at the top of his form and made many brilliant strokes, outclassing his opponent from the start. Gustave F. Touchard found a hard opponent in J. S. Cushman in the first round of the singles, losing the first set, which went to deuce, but he recovered himself, and, after a smart rally, carried off the second set at 6—4, and then overwhelmed his opponent. In the same round Alrick H. Mann, Jr., the former Yale expert, scored an easy victory over E. H. Hooker. The summaries:

Sleepy Hollow Men's Invitation singles—First round:—Gustave F. Touchard defeated J. S. Cushman 6—8, 6—4, 6—2; Hugh Tallant defeated Lyle S. Mahan by default; Harold Throckmorton defeated Walter L. Pate, 6—8, 6—1; G. M. Bodman defeated E. H. Whitney by default; W. F. Andrews defeated R. A. Plummer, 6—3, 7—5; Cedric Major defeated Lindley Dunham, 6—1, 6—1; Alrick H. Man defeated E. H. Hooker, 6—1, 6—3.

Second round—Theodore R. Pell defeated Walter Merrill Hall, 6—1, 6—3; Robert LeRay defeated G. M. Bodman, 6—1, 6—3.

Men's doubles; first round—Cedric Major and Alrick H. Man defeated H. A. Plummer and J. S. Cushman, 6—3, 6—2; Harold Throckmorton and Lindley Dunham defeated E. H. Hooker and E. W. Peaslee, 6—4, 6—3; Lyle E. Mahan and G. M. Bodman defeated Hugh Tallant and Walton L. Pate, 6—1, 6—3.

N.Y.U. Defeats C.C.N.Y. at Tennis.

The New York University tennis team defeated C. C. N. Y. yesterday at the University Heights Courts, by the score of 6—0.

Princeton Tennis Victory at Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 19.—Princeton's tennis team defeated Yale here today, seven matches to two.

NORWAY CHAMPION WINS AT PELHAM

Miss Bjurstedt, with Miss Cassell, Defeats Miss Wagner and Partner in Tennis.

Miss Molla Bjurstedt, the national and metropolitan tennis champion, was again seen to advantage yesterday in the invitation tennis tournament of the Pelham Country Club at Pelham Manor, when, with Miss Clare Cassel, she defeated Miss Marie Wagner, the former indoor title holder, and Miss Bessie Moore in straight sets, at 6—3, 6—4. While the result was not a surprise, the straight-set victory was hardly expected, as the defeated pair are a strong combination and very difficult to beat. Miss Bjurstedt was at her best. Her hard smashes and drives down the lines, supported by the net work of Miss Cassel, proved entirely too much for the opposing combination. By their victory Miss Bjurstedt and Miss Cassel advanced to the semi-finals of the women's doubles.

Mrs. Marshall McLean and Miss Molla Bjurstedt were the only two players to reach the semi-final round of the women's singles. Mrs. McLean won in straight sets from Miss Mirian Vanderhoef, at 6—1, 6—2, while the national indoor champion scored an easy victory over Miss Florence Sheldon at 6—3, 6—1.

Mrs. McLean will play the winner of the Miss Cassel-Mrs. Barger Wallach contest in the upper half of the singles, while Miss Bjurstedt will be opposed by the victor in the contest between Miss Marie Wagner and Mrs. Frederick Schmidt. The summary:

Women's Singles.—Second Round—Miss Clare Cassel defeated Mrs. William Lester, 6—3, 6—2; Mrs. Frederick Schmitz defeated Miss Florence Ballin, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Marie Wagner defeated Miss Jane Rowson, 6—4, 6—0. Third Round—Mrs. Newhall McLean defeated Miss Marian Vanderhoef, 6—1, 6—2; Miss Molla Bjurstedt defeated Miss Florence Sheedon, 6—3, 6—1.

Women's Doubles.—First Round—Mrs. W. H. Chapman and Mrs. Marshall McLean defeated Miss Louise Witherbee and Mrs. William Lesher, 6—3, 6—3; Miss Florence Ballin and Mrs. S. Fullerton Weaver defeated Miss Florence Sheedon and Miss Jane Rowson, 6—0, 2—6, 6—1; Mrs. A. G. Miles and Miss Edna Wildey defeated Miss Eleanor Coward and Miss Bessie Wilson, 7—5, 6—3; Mrs. Frederick Schmitz and Mrs. B. F. Briggs defeated Miss Ina Kissel and Miss Lindley, 5—7, 6—4, 6—3.

Second Round—Miss Molla Bjurstedt and Miss Clare Cassel defeated Miss Bessie Moore and Miss Marie Wagner, 6—3, 6—4.

Austrians Lose at Tennis.

Form was maintained in the open tennis tournament of the Harlem Tennis Club yesterday on the club courts at 136th Street and St. Nicholas Avenue, and material progress was made in both the singles and doubles events. The recent rainy spell has caused several postponements, but an effort will be made to complete the tournament before the opening of the annual event of the New York Lawn Tennis Club on Saturday at Columbus Oval. The Austrian entry, Count Otto Salm and F. C. Zehmann, made a poor showing against Paul Meade and G. P. Yarkes in the doubles, losing in straight sets at 6—1, 6—3. Benjamin M. Phillips and Vanderbilt Ward proved a winning combination by taking the measure of Paul Goold and H. H. Manchester. The summary:

Harlem Tennis Club Open Men's Singles.—Second Round—E. Fixman defeated G. Steinacher, 6—2, 6—1; L. Bry defeated H. Hjertberg by default.

Third Round—H. H. Manchester defeated Harold Swain, 6—2, 6—2; A. J. Ostendorf defeated A. S. Harkavy, 6—1, 6—2; Vanderbilt Ward defeated L. Bry, 7—5, 6—1.

Fourth Round—Benjamin M. Phillips defeated Dr. A. C. Waite, 6—1, 6—3; Charles Chambers vs. Abraham Bassford, Jr., 4—6, 6—3, unfinished.

Men's Doubles.—First Round— I. W. Einstein and C. Isaacs defeated L. Bry and H. Radt, 3—6, 6—3, 8—6; George S. Groesbeck and Allen Behr defeated W. J. Toussant and Ingo Hartmann, 6—8, 6—2, 6—3; Paul Meade and G. P. Parkes defeated Count Otto Salm and F. C. Zehmann, 6—1, 6—3; Benjamin M. Phillips and Vanderbilt Ward defeated Paul Goold and H. H. Manchester, 6—1, 6—1.

Steinkampf Surprises Voshell.

One of the biggest surprises of the tennis season occurred yesterday on the courts of the Bedford Park Lawn Tennis Club, when Harry Steinkampf defeated S. H. Voshell, the playing through champion in the semi-final round of the Bronx Men's singles championship, in straight sets, at 6—1, 6—1. It was an off day for Voshell, while Steinkampf was at the top of his form and scored almost at will. In view of his early rounds, the champion was expected to secure a second leg on the championship trophy, but he made many court errors.

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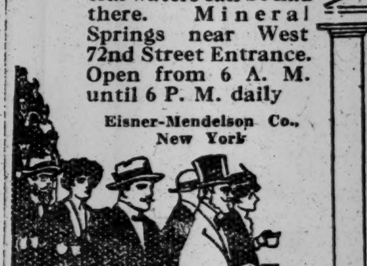

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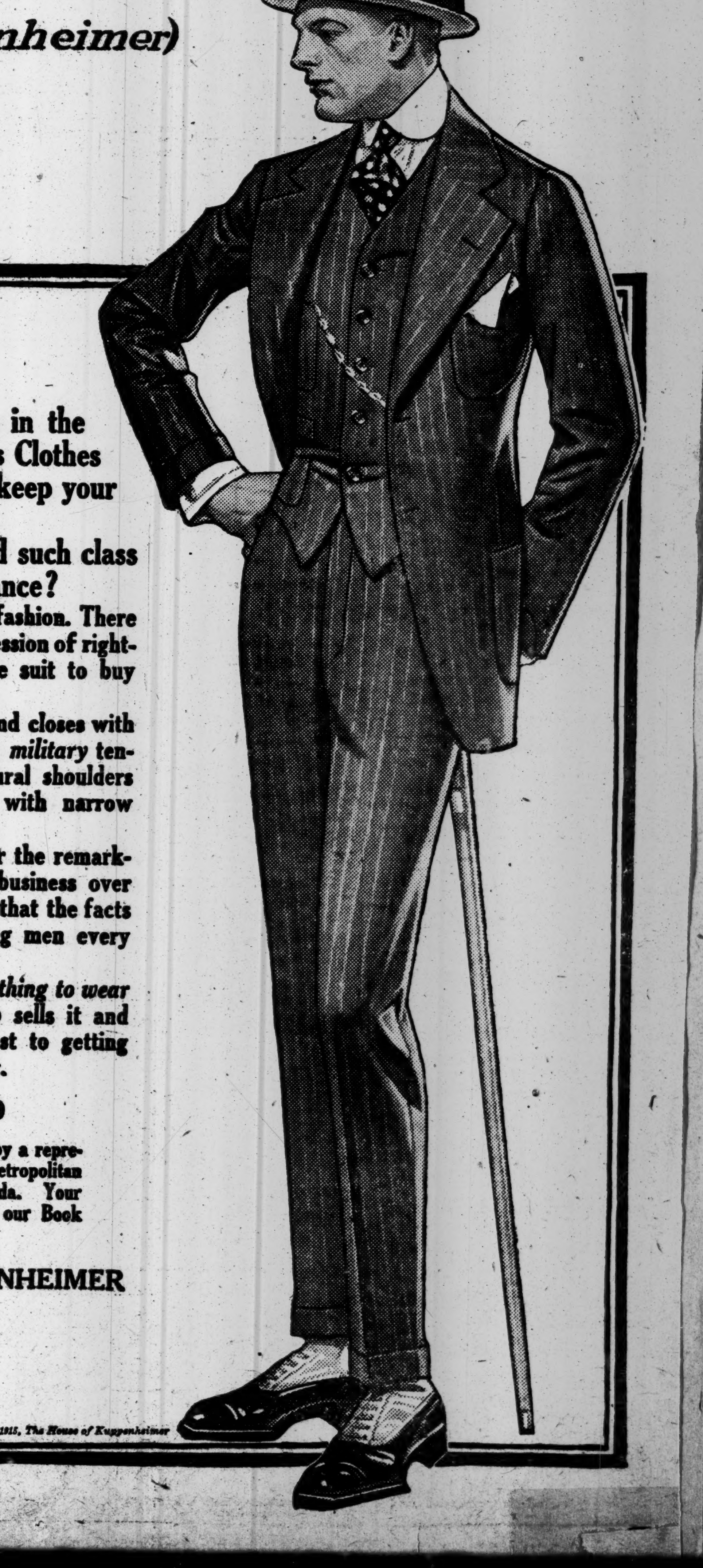

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GIANTS DEFEAT CUBS—DODGERS VICTORS OVER REDS—YANKEES LOSE—COLLEGE BASEBALL

CUBS TRIED IN VAIN FOR RUNS IN NINTH

With Bases Loaded and One Out, Marquard Forced Two to Fly Out.

The Giants are out of the cellar, and here's one sure thing, while they were down there, it was the best baseball club that ever occupied that position. They polished off the Cubs at the Polo Grounds yesterday by a score of 5 to 1, after a fashion which would lead a citizen up a tree to think that ere long the league will turn a somersault and the Giants will wake up some morning to find themselves near the top.

Red Murray broke out in turbulent revolution against the Cubs. He cut up capers in the field and at the bat which made him stand out in bolder relief than if all the searchlights of the Atlantic Fleet had been turned on him in the dead of night.

Red picked one floater out of the azure in the third inning, just as mysteriously as a magician picks an egg out of his left ear. Later he rounded out a day's work by wading boldly into Big Jim Vaughn's pitching for a home run, which kicked a big hole in the centre field portières.

They say Red's going back; yes, going back, just like a dog with a tin can tied to his tail.

High up in the attic of the grandstand, where on Tuesday, the softly gowned suffragists clapped their gloved hands in polite applause, yesterday there were more than 1,000 school boys and girls who turned their high shrill voices loose and filled the stadium with "Murray, Murray, Murray!" until Red blushed as pink as his hair. It takes the "kids" to recognize a good play when they see one.

The Giants grouped hits on Jim Vaughn in the fourth and sixth sessions like bunches of grapes. It was aplenty. For the Giants, Ralph Stroud was on the verge of being lashed effectively several times, but got out of trouble as smoothly as a crook who has a pull with the leader of his ward.

When the ninth inning came and the Giants had the game 5 to 1, Stroud weakened and, with two Cubs on the bases and Roger Bresnahan himself and his black stick up at the bat, Manager McGraw yanked Stroud out of his perilous place and sent Rube Marquard in to fire at the enemy. Rube came through flying. The former Duke of St. Louis walked and filled the bases, with only one man down.

Trouble is brewing here, mates. Rube unfurled some pitching which made Phelan and Fisher hoist high rockets into waiting fielders' hands and retired the side, leaving the three Cubs on the bases, feeling as foolish as a man with yellow shoes at a full dress ball.

Jim Vaughn used to be lazy when he played with the Yanks here, but the Giants took all that out of him yesterday. In the fourth inning, Grant got an infield single and Lobert went out at first. So did Fletcher. Robertson was hit by a pitched ball and he and Grant uncorked a double steal, Attorney Eddie scoring.

It was a close decision by Umpire Klem at the plate and Jimmy Archer would have sworn on a stack of Bibles that he tagged the player. Robertson wasn't satisfied with stealing second and stole third right away. Brainerd walked and Meyers hit to right centre, scoring Robertson. Brainerd scored on Murray's safe tap toward first base.

Two Giants were out in the sixth when Meyers got a pass and jogged home ahead of Murray, as "Red" slammed the ball to the fence in deep centre. The Cubs' only run appeared in the fourth inning. After Heinie "Zim" had skied to Robertson, "Vic" Saier tripled to centre and scored on "Cy" Williams's single.

Chicago's last turn at bat stirred up lots of warm excitement. With one gone, Jimmy Archer doubled to left. He went to third on Kniseley's infield single. Bresnahan then ordered himself to bat for Adams. After Stroud had served him two balls, Marquard went to the rescue, but Roger walked anyway. Then Phelan flied to Fletcher and Fisher zeppelined to Murray. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Grant, 2b.	4	1	2	0	2
Lob'rt, 3b.	3	0	0	1	1
F'ch'r, ss.	4	0	0	1	3
Rob'son, rf.	3	1	1	1	0
Br'n'd, 1b.	2	1	0	8	0
Meyers, c.	2	1	1	7	2
Mur'y, cf.	3	1	2	5	0
Stroud, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Marq'd, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Total	28	5	6	27	9

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Ph'lan, 3b.	5	0	0	0	0
Fisher, ss.	5	0	1	2	3
Sch'lte, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Zim'n, 2b.	4	0	2	2	4
Saier, 1b.	4	1	1	10	0
W'ms, cf.	4	0	2	3	0
Archer, c.	4	0	1	3	2
Knisely, rf.	3	0	1	3	0
V'gh'n, p.	2	0	1	0	2
*McLarry	0	0	0	0	0
Adams, p.	0	0	0	0	0
†Bres'h'n	0	0	0	0	0
Total	35	1	10	24	11

*Batted for Vaughan in seventh inning.
†Batted for Adams in ninth inning.
Error—Robertson.

New York ....0 0 0 3 0 2 0 0 .—5
Chicago ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Zimmerman, Archer. Three-base hit—Saier. Home run—Murray. Stolen bases—Robertson, (3,) Grant. Earned runs—Chicago, 1; New York, 5. Double play—Meyers and Lobert. Left on bases—New York, 4; Chicago, 10. Bases on balls—Off Vaughan, 3; off Adams, 1; off Stroud, 3. Hits—Off Vaughan, 6 in 6 innings; off Adams, none in 2 innings; off Stroud, 10 in 8 1-3 innings; off Marquard, none in two-thirds of an inning. Hit by pitcher—By Vaughan, (Robertson.) Struck out—By Stroud, 4; by Vaughan, 3. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

Pirates Shut Out the Braves.

BOSTON, May 19.—Mamaux held the Braves without a run today, while Pittsburgh scored seven times off the delivery of Ragan in five innings. Crutcher, who took Ragan's place in the Boston box, did not allow a hit in the last four innings. The score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	4	1	1	1	0
John, 1b.	5	1	1	11	0
Baird, cf.	5	1	1	2	0
H'ch'n, rf.	3	2	2	1	0
Wag'r, ss.	4	1	1	4	4
Viox, 2b.	4	1	3	1	4
G'ber, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
Gibson, c.	4	0	0	6	0
Mam'x, p.	4	0	0	0	1
Total	36	7	10	27	11

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	3	0	1	1	1
Cather, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Egan, 2b.	4	0	1	2	1
Con'y, lf.	1	0	0	1	0
Magee, cf.	4	0	0	4	0
Sch'dt, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1
Smith, 3b.	4	0	0	2	1
Mara'e, ss.	4	0	3	2	1
Gowdy, c.	2	0	0	5	0
Wh'l'g, c.	2	0	0	1	0
Ragan, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Crut'r, p.	1	0	0	0	3
*Gilbert	1	0	0	0	0
Total	31	0	6	†26	9

*Batted for Ragan in fifth inning.
†Wagner out, hit by batted ball.
Error—Moran.

Pittsburgh ....3 0 0 0 4 0 0 0 0—7
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Schmidt, Maranville, 2; Carey, Viox. Three-base hit—Hinchman. Stolen base—Carey. Double plays—Viox, Wagner and Johnston; Moran, Schmidt and Smith; Wagner and Johnston. Left on bases—Boston, 8; Pittsburgh, 5. Bases on balls—Off Ragan, 1; off Crutcher, 1; off Mamaux, 4. Hits—Off Ragan, 10 in five innings; off Crutcher, none in four innings. Hit by pitcher—By Ragan, (Hinchman.) Struck out—By Ragan, 4; by Crutcher, 1; by Mamaux, 6. Wild pitch—Ragan. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Hart. Time of game—One hour and thirty-eight minutes.

Tinker to Escape Operation.

CHICAGO, May 19.—A simple course of treatment is expected to restore Manager Tinker of the Chicago Federals to his normal health, according to physicians who examined him today to ascertain the cause of severe pains in his side which have kept him out of the game much of the time this season. It was decided a surgical operation would not be necessary.

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COOMBS HUMBLES REDS.

Pitches Masterly Ball and Dodgers Shut Out Cincinnati, 2 to 0.

If further confirmation were needed to show that Jack Coombs had really returned as a star among baseball pitchers it was evidenced during every minute of the game yesterday afternoon in Brooklyn, when the former Athletics' moundsman turned back the clamoring Reds with a shutout by a score of 2 to 0. It was his third straight victory of the season and at no time has he appeared to better advantage. His arm had entirely regained its cunning and the Reds were helpless against the speed and elusiveness of his delivery.

And further encouragement is to be found in the fact that Jack has his eye on the ball just as in the days of old. He sent one screaming double to the right field fence and just missed getting another hit in his three times at bat. His first attempt was a stinger to Groh. It really looked as if the ball would go past, but the Red fielder stuck out one hand in a blind hope and managed to stop the shot.

Several times Coombs found himself in difficulties, and he pitched himself out of the trouble in masterly fashion. In all he allowed but five hits and not one after the fifth inning. In the third the Redlegs had two men on bases with only one out, but neither Herzog nor Killifer could produce the hit that was necessary for a tally. The nearest approach to a Red score was in the fifth. Clarke had singled and stole second. Ames flied out to centre and then Tommy Leach whiffed the breeze. He was real excited about that, too. Herzog shot out a single to right and Clarke started for home. Poor chap, he never reached home. Stengel made a wonderful throw to the plate and the Reds' manager was nipped by ten feet.

Wheat was the first to score for the Dodgers. Daubert singled and after Stengel had struck out Daubert was doubled on a failure of the hit and run play. Wheat singled, stole second, and scored on Cutshaw's single to Von Kolnitz. Wheat also made the second run. He forced Stengel and came in on Myer's double over Leach's head. The victory gave the Dodgers their third straight win from Cincinnati. The score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
Herz'o, ss.	4	0	1	6	1
Kil'fer, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
Groh, 2b.	3	0	0	0	6
G'ffith, rf.	3	0	0	0	0
V.K'tz, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2
M'witz, 1b.	3	0	0	11	0
Clark, c.	2	0	2	4	2
Ames, p.	3	0	0	0	5
Total	30	0	5	24	16

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'M'ra, ss.	4	0	0	4	0
D'bert, 1b.	3	0	1	2	0
St'ngel, rf.	4	0	2	1	1
Wheat, lf.	4	2	1	4	0
C'sh'w, 2b.	4	0	1	1	1
Myers, cf.	3	0	2	5	0
Sch'tz, 3b.	3	0	0	3	1
Miller, c.	3	0	1	7	1
Coombs, p.	3	0	1	0	1
Total	31	2	9	27	5

Errors—O'Mara and Ames.

Brooklyn ....0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 .—2
Cincinnati ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Myers, Coombs. Three-base hit—Killifer. Stolen bases—Clark, Wheat. Earned runs—Brooklyn, 2. Sacrifice hit—Griffith. Double plays—Groh, Herzog, and Molowitz; Clark and Herzog. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 6. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 1; Brooklyn, 1. Bases on balls—Off Ames, 1; off Coombs, 2. Struck out—By Ames, 3; by Coombs, 5. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Eason. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes.

PITCHED TO 27 BATTERS.

Griner's Remarkable Performance Against Phillies—Byrne Hurt.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Griner performed the remarkable feat in today's game in which St. Louis shut out Philadelphia 3 to 0, of pitching to only twenty-seven batsmen in nine innings. Griner was touched up for only two singles and he did not give a pass, while he received perfect support from his teammates. Chalmers also gave a splendid exhibition of twirling, but he got poor support. In trying to reach second base when Becker fanned in the first inning, Byrne was touched out by Butler, whose foot struck the runner on the head. Byrne suffered a slight concussion of the brain and Stock took his place. The score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b.	4	1	0	2	3
Beck, 3b.	4	0	1	0	2
Dolan, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Miller, 1b.	4	1	1	11	0
Long, rf.	4	0	1	3	0
Wilson, cf.	3	0	1	6	0
Butler, ss.	4	0	1	1	3
Snyder, c.	4	0	0	4	1
Griner, p.	4	1	1	0	0
Total	35	3	6	27	9

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
B'croft, ss.	3	0	0	1	4
Byrne, 3b.	1	0	1	0	0
Stock, 3b.	2	0	0	2	3
Becker, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
C'vath, rf.	3	0	0	2	1
P'kert, 1b.	3	0	0	10	0
N'hoff, 2b.	3	0	0	1	0
Weiser, cf.	3	0	1	0	0
Kil'fer, c.	3	0	0	10	3
C'lmers, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*Dugey	1	0	0	0	0
Total	27	0	2	27	13

*Batted for Chalmers in ninth inning.
Errors—Bancroft, 3; Cravath, Killifer.

St. Louis..........0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1—3
Philadelphia ......0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hits—Beck, Long, Miller. Stolen bases—Wilson, 2. Earner runs—St. Louis, 2. Double plays—Snyder and Butler; Beck, Huggins and Miller; Killifer and Bancroft. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6. First base on errors—St. Louis, 4. Bases on balls—Off Chalmers, 1. Struck out—By Griner, 3; by Chalmers, 9. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Orth. Time of game—One hour and forty-two minutes.

Newark Federals Beat Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, May 19.—The Newark Federals defeated Pittsburgh here today 7 to 3. Moseley for the visitors for unhittable in the pinhces, while Hearne was touched for five hits in the third inning, which netted three runs and was again hit hard in the seventh when he gave way to Barger who stopped the scaring. The score:

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	3	0	0	1	3	0	0	7	10	0
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	3	7	2

Batteries—Moseley and Rariden; Hearne, Barger and O'Connor.

O'Day to Umpire in Federal League.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Henry O'Day, veteran umpire and manager in the National League, practically has concluded negotiations for joining the Federal League staff of umpires, it became known today. President Gilmore of the Federal organization said he had reached terms with O'Day on all proposals, with the exception of salary, which he expects to speedily settle. Gilmore has had several complaints against two of his present umpires, and it is said that the man in question may be released.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT ROCHESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	2	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	8	11	6
Rochester	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	2	.	9	5	2

Batteries—Bruck, Sherman and Yelle; Hoff, Erickson and Erwin.

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	5	5	3
Buffalo	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	4	.	9	10	2

Batteries—Hooper, Bentley and Haley; Beebe and Lalonge.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Richmond	1	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	2	8	10	1
Toronto	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	4	10	1

Batteries—Morisette and Kritchell; Cook, Cocrehan and Kocher.

AT MONTREAL.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	6	8	0
Montreal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0

Batteries—Chabek and Heckinger; Fullerton, Richter and Madden.

At Easton, Penn.

										R.	H.	E.
Lafayette	0	0	0	2	0	0	3	0	3	9	9	7
Seton Hall	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0	2	8	9	11

Batteries—G. Brown, Hammer, Gerard, and Wright; Dillon and Fish.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; St. Paul, 0.

New York State League.

At Albany—Albany, 4; Troy, 0.
At Elmira—Utica, 9; Elmira, 4.
At Binghamton—Binghamton, 2; Syracuse, 2.
At Scranton—Scranton, 4; Wilkesbarre, 3.

New England League.

At Lewiston—Lewiston, 2; Lowell, 1.
At Lawrence—Lynn, 10; Lawrence, 4.
At Worcester—Worcester, 4; Fitchburg, 0.
At Portland—Manchester, 5; Portland, 2.

Southern Association.

At Atlanta—Little Rock, 2; Atlanta, 1.
At New Orleans—New Orleans, 7; Memphis, 5.
At Mobile—Chattanooga, 1; Mobile, 0.
At Birmingham—Birmongham, 8; Nashville, 2.

COBB RUNS WILD; STEALS FOUR BASES

And Ty Scores Run That Defeats Yankees in Last Game of Series.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., May 19.—Detroit made an even break with New York today, stopping the winning streak of the Yankees by a score of 3 to 1. It was a tough battle until the eighth, when Pitcher Caldwell, who succeeded Keating at the end of the third, went wrong. Two bases on balls became runs as a result of a wild pitch. Two steals and two hits were made after two were out. Cobb and Young of the Tiger team were the big stars of the contest. Tyrus got three bases on balls and a base hit that drove in a run, stole four sacks and scored the run that won the game. Young drove in the run that won the contest, and possibly saved another by a great play on Maisel in the eighth. Bush fielded brilliantly for Detroit. Coveleskie pitched the best game he has shown this Spring and also got two doubles. Caldwell, who lost the game, has been beaten only once before this Spring.

It seemed like old times for the Tigers' fans when Bill Donovan stepped into the box and warmed up. Smiling William was wildly cheered. Donovan had no serious intentions when he stepped in for a workout. He merely wanted some exercise.

The Yankees started the run-making in the second frame. Cooke first got free transportation. He pilfered second base and scored when Hartsell pushed a single into centre. In the third Covelskie started the rally which netted the first Detroit tally by sending one to the scoreboard for two bases. Bush was an infield out and Coveleskie was held at second. Vitt sent Covey along to third with a neat sacrifice and Cobb drove a single over second base, scoring Coveleskie. Cobb stole second and third, and Crawford walked. Veach was unable to help them. There was nothing doing in the way of runs in the fourth, fifth, sixth, and seventh innings.

The game was won in the eighth this way. Cobb walked, Crawford flied out, Ty stole, took third on a wild pitch, and scored on Young's single after Veach had walked and Kavanagh had fanned. Stanage also hit, scoring Veach. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maisel, 3b.	4	0	1	4	1
P'k'gh, ss.	4	0	1	0	4
High, cf.	3	0	0	2	0
Pipp, 1b.	3	0	0	7	0
Cook, rf.	3	1	0	1	0
H'tzell, lf.	4	0	3	3	0
Boone, 2b.	2	0	0	1	2
Nu'ker, c.	2	0	1	6	1
Keat'g, p.	1	0	0	0	1
C'ldw'l, p.	2	0	0	0	0
*Cree	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	1	6	24	9

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss.	4	0	0	2	4
Vitt, 3b.	3	0	1	0	0
Cobb, cf.	1	1	1	1	0
C'wf'd, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
Veach, lf.	3	1	0	2	0
K'v'gh, 2b.	4	0	1	5	0
Young, 2b.	4	0	1	4	3
Stan'ge, c.	4	0	0	10	4
Cov'kie, p.	3	1	2	1	1
Total	29	3	6	27	12

*Batted for Pipp in ninth inning.
Errors—Pipp, Nunamaker, Stanage.

Detroit ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 .—3
New York ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Coveleskie, (2.) Stolen bases—Maisel, Cook, Cobb, (4,) Crawford, Veach, Young. Earned runs—Off Coveleskie, 1; off Keating, 1; off Caldwell, 1. Sacrifice hits—Boone, Vitt. Left on bases—New York, 5; Detroit, 9. First base on error—Detroit. First base on balls—Off Coveleskie, 3; off Keating, 2; off Caldwell, 4. Hits—Off Keating, 4 in 3 innings; off Caldwell, 2 in 5 innings. Struck out—By Coveleskie, 6; by Keating, 2; by Caldwell, 3. Wild pitch—Caldwell. Umpires—Messrs. Nallin and Dineen. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

Cleveland Evens Up Series.

CLEVELAND, May 19.—Cleveland evened up the series with Boston, winning 5 to 2. The locals knocked Foster from the box, but Ruth held them safe. Hagerman was a mystery until the ninth, when three hits and two passes netted two runs. Joe Jackson made his debut as a first baseman and did well. Third Baseman Wambsgans of Cleveland and Catcher Thomas of Boston retired because of injuries. The score:

CLEVELAND.	AB	R	H	PO	A
L'bold, cf.	4	0	1	5	0
T'rner, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2
C'man, ss.	4	2	2	3	3
J'kson, 1b.	4	0	2	7	0
Graney, lf.	3	1	1	1	1
Smith, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
W'b's, 3b.	1	0	0	0	0
B'tare, 3b.	2	0	0	1	2
O'Neill, c.	3	0	1	7	2
H'rman, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total	32	5	10	27	11

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	3	0	0	2	0
W'ner, 2b.	4	0	0	3	3
Sp'ker, cf.	4	1	2	0	0
Lewis, lf.	3	0	1	3	0
H'tzel, 1b.	4	1	1	9	0
Scott, ss.	4	0	0	2	2
McN'y, 3b.	2	0	1	0	0
J'vrin, 3b.	1	0	1	0	0
Thomas, c.	3	0	0	4	1
Car'gan, c.	0	0	0	1	1
Foster, p.	1	0	0	0	2
Ruth, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*H'cksen	1	0	0	0	0
†Wood	0	0	0	0	0
‡Gainer	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	6	24	9

*—Batted for McNally in seventh.
†—Ran for Carrigan in ninth.
‡—Batted for Ruth in ninth.
Error—Hagerman.

Cleveland ....1 0 0 3 1 0 0 0 .—5
Boston ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Earned runs—Cleveland, 5; Boston, 2. Two-base hits—O'Neill, Chapman, Speaker, Hoblitzel. Hits—Off Foster, 9 in 4 2-3 innings; off Ruth, 1 in 3 1-3 innings. First base on balls—Off Hagerman, 6; off Ruth, 1. Struck out—By Hagerman, 5; by Foster, 2; by Ruth, 3. First base on errors—Boston, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 4; Boston, 8. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpire, Mr. Evans.

Mack's Pitchers Wild and Lose.

CHICAGO, May 19.—The wildness of the Philadelphia pitchers paved the way for a 9-to-7 victory for Chicago today in the final game of the season. After giving his eighth base on balls in the eighth, Wyckoff was succeeded by Pennock, who allowed three more. This, coupled with opportune hitting, including a safe bunt by E. Collins and a double by Schalk, gave the locals the game. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'phy, rf.	5	0	0	1	0
Oldr'g, lf.	4	2	1	4	0
Str'k, 1b.	4	1	2	8	1
Sch'g, c.	5	1	1	5	1
Lajoie, 2b.	3	1	3	2	2
Walsh, cf.	2	1	1	1	0
Barry, ss.	4	1	1	3	3
Bost'k, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2
W'koff, p.	4	0	1	0	0
Pen'k, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	35	7	10	24	10

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Felsch, cf.	3	1	0	3	1
Roth, 3b.	2	2	1	2	3
E. C's, 2b.	4	0	3	1	4
F'nier, lf.	4	0	0	1	0
J. C's, rf.	2	1	0	1	1
W'ver, ss.	4	1	1	3	2
Brief, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0
Schalk, c.	4	2	2	4	1
Cicotte, p.	0	0	0	0	3
*Quinlan	0	1	0	0	0
Benz, p.	0	0	0	0	1
†Denmitt	1	0	0	0	0
Scott, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Total	29	9	8	27	17

*Batted for Cicotte in third inning.
†Batted for Benz in fifth inning.
Errors—Strunk, Pennock, Felsch, Brief.

Chicago ....0 0 1 0 3 0 0 5 .—9
Philadelphia ....0 3 1 0 2 0 1 0 0—7

Two-base hits—Oldring, Lajoie, Schalk. Three-base hit—Roth. Stolen bases—Lajoie, Schang. Earned runs—Off Cicotte, 2; off Scott, 1; off Benz, 2; off Wyckoff, 6; off Pennock, 3. Sacrifice hits—Lajoie, Scott. Double play—Strunk to Barry to Strunk. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 6; Chicago, 9. First base on balls—Off Cicotte, 2; off Wyckoff, 8; off Benz, 2; off Pennock, 3. Hits—Off Cicotte, 4 in 3 innings; off Benz, 3 in 2 innings; off Scott, 3 in 4 innings; off Wyckoff, 5 in 7 innings, (none out in eighth;) off Pennock, 3 in 1 inning. Hit by pitcher—By Wyckoff, (Felsch.) Balk—Cicotte. Struck out—By Wyckoff, 3; by Scott, 3; by Pennock, 2. Wild pitch—Scott. Umpires—Messrs. Chill and Connolly. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes.

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BASEBALL

Results of Yesterday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 5; Chicago, 1.
Brooklyn, 2; Cincinnati, 0.
St. Louis, 3; Philadelphia, 0.
Pittsburgh, 7; Boston, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit, 3; New York, 1.
Cleveland, 5; Boston, 2.
Chicago, 9; Philadelphia, 7.
Washington at St. Louis.
(Postponed; cold weather.)

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Newark, 7; Pittsburgh, 3.
Brooklyn at Kansas City.
(Postponed; rain.)
Baltimore at Chicago.
(Postponed; cold weather.)
Buffalo at St. Louis.
(Postponed; cold weather).

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester, 9; Jersey City, 8.
Buffalo, 9; Providence, 5.
Richmond, 8; Toronto, 4.
Newark 6; Montreal, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	17	10	.630
Chicago	17	12	.571
Boston	14	12	.538
Brooklyn	14	14	.500
Pittsburgh	14	15	.483
St. Louis	14	17	.451
Cincinnati	11	16	.407
New York	11	15	.423

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	16	9	.640
Detroit	19	11	.633
Chicago	19	12	.613
Boston	13	10	.565
Washington	12	14	.462
Cleveland	12	16	.429
St. Louis	10	19	.345
Philadelphia	9	19	.321

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	19	12	.613
Newark	18	12	.600
Chicago	17	13	.567
Brooklyn	15	13	.536
Kansas City	15	13	.536
St. Louis	12	14	.462
Baltimore	12	18	.400
Buffalo	8	21	.276

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Providence	11	6	.647
Richmond	11	6	.647
Montreal	10	7	.588
Rochester	8	8	.500
Buffalo	6	6	.500
Jersey City	7	8	.467
Newark	5	7	.417
Toronto	3	13	.188

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Pittsburgh at New York.
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis.
Washington at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Detroit.
Boston at Chicago.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at Chicago.
Buffalo at St. Louis.
Baltimore at Pittsburgh.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Newark at Rochester.
Jersey City at Buffalo.
Providence at Toronto.
Richmond at Montreal.

Princeton Victor Over Dartmouth.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 19.—Chaplin pitched his best game of the year against Dartmouth this afternoon, and defeated the visitors 5 to 1, limiting them to three hits. The Tigers, on the other hand, had no trouble lacing Parrott's delivery, and collecting ten safeties. Parrott had poor support, and dropped flies in the outfield, which cost him two runs. Errors contributed to Dartmouth's lone run, too. Law threw wide of first base in the sixth inning, and Wanamaker went to second on the error. He reached third when Chaplin threw wild in trying to catch him off second base, and scored on Perkins's out. Princeton got one run in the fourth and two more in the fifth on a pair of singles, a walk, and errors in the outfield. Hard hitting and more Dartmouth errors gave the Tigers their last runs in the sixth. Ferrish fell a victim to the old hidden-ball trick in the feature play. The Dartmouth shortstop tripled to deep left, and then, after the ball had been returned to Gill, stepped off the bag and was tagged out. The score:

PRINCETON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hanks, lf.	4	1	2	2	0
Scully, 2b.	4	0	0	2	2
Gill, 3b.	4	0	1	1	2
Driggs, cf.	4	0	1	1	0
Tibb't, rf.	3	1	1	3	0
D'glas, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0
Law, ss.	2	0	2	1	1
Mad'n, ss.	1	0	0	1	0
Kelle'r, c.	4	1	1	4	4
Chap'n, p.	2	0	1	0	4
*Tally	0	1	0	0	0
Total	32	5	10	27	13

DARTMOUTH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
P'kins, 2b.	4	0	0	2	0
Eske'e, cf.	4	0	0	0	1
Gerr's, ss.	4	0	1	1	2
M'phy, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
Th'l'r, 3b.	2	0	0	4	4
Paine, 1b.	3	0	1	7	2
Will's, lf.	3	0	0	4	0
Wan'r, c.	2	1	0	5	1
Parr't, p.	2	0	0	1	3
Total	28	1	3	24	13

*Ran for Law in third and fifth innings.
Errors—Scully, Douglas, Madden, Chaplin, Thielscher, Williams, and Parrott.

Princeton ....0 0 0 1 2 1 0 0 .—5
Dartmouth ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1

Left on bases—Princeton, 5; Dartmouth, 4. Sacrifice hits—Tibbott, Thielscher. Sacrifice flies—Chaplin, Parrott. Two-base hit—Hanks. Three-base hit—Gerrish. First base on balls—Off Chaplin, 2; off Parrott, 1. Struck out—By Chaplin, 5; by Parrott, 2. Passed balls—Wanamaker. Time of game, One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Sternberg and Conahan.

Penn Rallies in Ninth and Wins.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—By a rally in the ninth inning the University of Pennsylvania Baseball team defeated Villanova College today 3 to 2. Score:

										R.	H.	E.
Villanova	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	5	0
Pennsylvania	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	5	1

Batteries—Molineaux and Reagon; Wallace, Spielman and Koons. Umpire—Mr. Fletcher.

Scores of Other Games.

At Lewiston—Bates, 5; Colby, 5. (Eleven innings; darkness.)
At Annapolis—Navy, 6; Catholic University, 4.
At State College, Penn.—Pennsylvania State, 2; Lebanon Valley, 0.
At Andover—Phillips-Andover Academy, 6; Harvard Freshmen, 4.
At Brunswick, Me.—Maine, 9; Bowdoin College, 3.
At Exeter, N. H.—Phillips-Exeter Academy, 11; Holy Cross Freshmen, 4.
At West Point—Army second team, 2; Dickinson High School, 0.
At Morristown—Morristown School, 1; Kent School, 0.
At Essex Fells, N. J.—Kingsley School, 10; Summit High School, 3.
At Hackensack—Newman School, 12; St. Peter's College, 11. (Ten innings.)
At Blairstown, N. J.—Blair Academy, 1; Lafayette scrubs, 0.
At Fordham Field, interclass baseball—Juniors, 6; Sub Medical, 1.
At Lexington, Ky.—Transylvania University, 8; Georgetown College, 2.

HARVARD AGAIN WINS IN THE TENTH

Holy Cross Vanquished Second Time by Crimson in Extra Inning.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 19.—Ten days ago it took ten innings for Harvard to beat Holy Cross 5 to 3, and today another extra inning game of the same length was played on Soldiers' Field, the Crimson again being returned the victor, 2 to 1. Whitney and McCarthy were the opposing pitchers, each holding the batters for four hits, but Harvard finishing strong when two successive doubles broke up the matinée.

Harvard got a run in the first inning on a pass to Abbott, Mahan's sacrifice, and a hit by Harte. In the tenth inning Gannett doubled to left field and Harte again came through with a hard punch along the left foul line and good for a double as well as the winning run.

Holy Cross's run in the fifth was a gift, Whitney passing McCarthy and then making a wild tnrow on Newman's bunt, and another trying to catch McCarthy napping at second. With two out, a pass to O'Neil filled the corners. McCarthy then scored on Graney's infield hit, but First Baseman Nash got the ball to the plate in time to head off Newman with what would have been the winning run.

Percy Haughton, the new coach, sat in the grand stand and allowed his baseball charges to run their own game. The score:

HARVARD.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Abb't, 2b.	3	1	1	2	2
Mahan, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Nash, 1b.	4	0	0	11	1
Gann't, rf.	5	1	1	0	1
Harte, c.	5	0	2	9	3
H'dw'k, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Phill's, ss.	2	0	0	2	2
Beal, 3b.	4	0	0	3	3
W'tney, p.	3	0	0	0	1
Total	34	2	4	30	13

HOLY CROSS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
O'Neil, 2b.	4	0	0	1	5
G'ney, cf.	3	0	1	3	0
Norton, ss.	4	0	1	2	2
Carroll, rf., lf.	3	0	0	1	0
M'phy, c.	2	0	0	8	1
M'C'hy, p.	3	1	1	0	1
N'man, lf.	3	0	0	0	0
Hast's, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Devlin, 1b.	4	0	1	12	0
Grif'n, 3b.	4	0	0	1	0
Total	31	1	4	*28	9

*One out when winning run was scored.
Errors—O'Neil, Norton, Newman, Whitney, (2.)

The score by innings:

Harvard ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Holy Cross ......0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Abbott, Gannett, Harte. Sacrifice hits—Mahan, Murphy. First base on errors—Harvard, 3; Holy Cross, 1. Left on bases—Harvard, 9; Holy Cross, 6. Stolen bases—Abbott, Phillips. Bases on balls—Off Whitney, 5; off McCarthy, 5. Struck out—By Whitney, 9; by McCarthy, 4. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Conway and McLaughlin.

Army Blanks St. John's, 4 to 0.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., May 19.—The Army got back into its winning stride today when it defeated St. John's College of Brooklyn in a fast game on the Plains, Sarcka, the Army's southpaw pitcher, recording his fifth straight win in a shut-out contest. The score was 4 to 0. The Cadets' youngster kept his hits well scattered and, except in the seventh, when with two down he filled the bags by walking Murphy, he was never in danger. He got out of the hole by fanning Merolla, a pinch hitter. Oliphant's catching and hitting was a feature. The score:

ARMY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gerh't, 3b.	3	1	1	1	0
Merr't, cf.	4	0	0	1	0
Hobbs, rf.	4	0	1	0	0
M'ch'l, 1b.	4	1	2	9	1
Brit'n, 1b.	0	0	0	4	0
Oliph't, c.	4	1	3	9	1
B'dley, lf.	4	1	1	0	0
P'ch'd, ss.	3	0	1	2	2
Coffin, 2b.	3	0	0	0	3
Sarcka, p.	3	0	1	1	5
Total	32	4	10	27	12

ST. JOHN'S.	AB	R	H	PO	A
N'klas, ss.	4	0	1	5	0
J. Carey, cf, rf.	4	0	2	3	1
Yates, 3b.	4	0	2	3	1
E. C'rey, p.	3	0	1	0	4
Mah'y, 1b.	4	0	1	5	0
M'D'd, 2b.	4	0	0	1	1
Ch'b'u, c.	4	0	2	4	1
M'phy, lf.	2	0	0	2	0
M'M'n, cf.	2	0	0	3	0
Mer'a, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
Total	32	0	7	24	8

Errors—Coffin, E. Carey, 2; Mahoney.

Army ....0 0 1 0 0 3 0 0 .—4
St. Johns...........0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Stolen bases—Gerhardt, 3; Hobbs, Bradley, Yates, Charboneau. Sacrifice fly—Sarcka. Three-base hits—Oliphant, Yates. Double plays—Prichard to Britton; Yates to Nicklas. Struck out—By Sarcka, 8; by Carey, 5. Bases on balls—Off Sarcka, 2; off Carey, 3. Left on bases—Army, 8; St. Johns, 5. Time of game—One hour and fifteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Cullum and Lamar.

N. Y. U., 7; Mt. St. Joseph's, 6.

New York University baseball nine made it four straight victories yesterday by defeating Mount St. Joseph's College of Maryland by the score of 7 to 6. With only two defeats by college teams out of eighteen games played by the Southerners this year the visitors expected to repeat last year's victory. R. Wolf, the Violet's mound star, however, put a crimp in their hopes and won his third straight game, fanning seven of the Southerners. The score:

N. Y. U.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Connell, 2b.	5	1	2	1	2
Pfaw, c.	3	2	2	7	1
Woolf, lf.	3	2	1	3	0
McN'y, ss.	5	1	2	2	1
McI're, 1b.	4	1	1	9	1
Waters, cf.	3	0	0	3	0
F'tag, 3b.	4	0	1	1	1
G'vese, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
R. Wolf, p.	4	0	0	0	3
Total	35	7	9	27	9

MT. ST. JOSEPH'S.	AB	R	H	PO	A
W'sley, lf.	4	2	1	0	0
Harris, 1b.	4	2	1	9	0
Malone, 2b.	5	1	1	0	1
Morgan, c.	3	0	1	8	0
Cahill, cf.	4	0	1	3	0
Miskell, ss.	4	0	2	2	5
Nolan, 3b.	4	0	1	0	0
C'lier, p, rf.	4	0	0	2	0
M'd's, rf.	0	0	0	1	0
J'kson, p.	3	1	0	0	1
Total	35	6	8	*25	7

Errors—Connell, McNally, Nolan, Miskell, (2.)
*One out when winning run was scored.

N. Y. U. ....4 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—7
Mt. St. Joseph.....1 0 1 0 0 0 2 2 0—6

Two-base hits—Woolf, McNally, Harris, Miskell. Sacrifice hits—McNally, Harris, Morgan, Cahill. Struck out—By Jackson, 7 in eight and one-third innings; by Woolf, 7. Bases on balls—Off Woolf, 5; off Jackson, 3; off Comilier, 1. Hits—Off Woolf, 8; off Jackson, 7 in eight and one-third innings; off Comilier, 2 in two-thirds of an inning. Stolen bases—Woolf, (2,) Pfaw, Malone, (2,) Morgan. Left on bases—New York University, 7; Mount St. Joseph's, 9. Balk—Woolf. Passed ball—Morgan. Umpire—Mr. Swenson.

Cornell Gets Only a Scratch Hit.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 19.—With Sister pitching masterful ball and holding Cornell to one hit, Michigan beat Cornell today 2 to 0. The one single Cornell garnered was a bunt by Keating in the first inning. At all other times the Western "phenom" held the Red absolutely safe. Michigan scored in the second inning. Benton singled, Maltby sacrificed him to second, and Benton tallied on Labadie's single to left. In the nintt Maltby was safe on Donovan's "boot" of his grounder. Labadie and Waltz each singled, sending home the second run for the Westerners. In the fourth Sheery robbed Keating of a likely two-base drive when he made a brilliant shoe string catch of the former's wallop to centre, and from his own impetus turned a somersault. The score:

CORNELL.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Don'n, 2b.	4	0	0	1	3
Gord'n, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
K'ting, 1b.	3	0	0	9	1
Bills, ss.	3	0	0	2	1
Mellen, 3b.	3	0	0	0	1
Clary, c.	3	0	0	12	2
Burpee, cf.	3	0	0	0	0
Sut'by, rf.	2	0	0	1	0
W'ney, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Bryant, p.	2	0	0	0	3
*Strebel	1	0	0	0	0
Total	29	0	1	27	11

MICHIGAN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'hy, cf.	5	0	1	1	0
M'Q'n, 2b.	3	0	0	2	2
B'ndell, ss.	4	0	1	2	3
Sister, p.	4	0	0	2	4
Benton, c.	4	1	3	11	1
Malt'y, 1b.	3	1	1	9	1
Niem'n, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Laba'e, rf.	4	0	3	0	0
Waltz, 3b.	3	0	1	0	1
Total	34	2	10	27	12

*Batted for Bryant in ninth inning.
Errors—Brandill, Benton.

Michigan ....0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2
Cornell ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base hit—Maltby. Sacrifice hit—Maltby. Hits—Off Sister, 1; off Bryant, 10. Struck out—By Sister, 11; by Bryant, 10. Hit by pitcher—By Bryant, (Waltz.) Wild pitch—Bryant. Time of game—One hour and thirty minues. Umpire—Mr. Flynn.

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YALE LOSES TO BROWN.

Cram's Home Run in Ninth Inning Breaks the Tie.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 19.—Harry Legore today performed the feat of driving a home run with the bases filled. He scored Captain Lou Middlebrook, Milburn and Hanes of the Yale nine ahead of him. He had overtaken Hanes and had been compelled to slow down to avoid passing him. Catcher Donovan almost tagged both at the plate. Brown finally won, 8 to 7, Cram's home run in the ninth inning clinching the game for the visitors, who were defeated by Yale at Providence, 3 to 2, last month.

Captain Middlebrook reached first base every one of his five times at bat, scored four runs, and registered three stolen bases. His wonderful throw to the plate in the sixth inning nailed Donovan. The lead passed five times during the gabe, which was one of the most fiercely fought ever seen on Yale field.

Pitcher Crowell of Brown fanned eleven and was effective when the bases were occupied. Brilliant fielding by Reilly, Murray, and Babington was offset by a wild throw by Reilly in the eighth inning, giving Brown two runs.

Spencer Pumpelly was unable to check the Brown batsmen for five innings, but retired in favor of the veteran Way when Yale took the lead through Legore's home run in the fifth. Way was unable to hold back the hitting during the last five innnings. The score:

BROWN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dike, lf.	3	1	2	2	1
Andr's, 1b.	5	1	0	8	0
Murr'y, 2b.	3	0	1	0	2
Bab'n, 3b.	5	0	2	0	1
J'nston, ss.	5	0	1	1	2
Cram, rf.	5	3	3	1	0
Or'sby, cf.	1	1	0	1	0
D'ovan, c.	5	1	1	12	0
Crowell, p.	3	1	2	0	2
F'berg, c.	0	0	0	2	0
Total	35	8	12	27	8

YALE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'b'ok, cf.	3	4	2	2	1
M'b'rn, 2b.	3	1	0	2	3
Hanes, rf.	4	1	2	2	1
Legore, ss.	5	1	2	4	3
Reilly, 3b.	5	0	0	2	4
Easton, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Bush, 1b.	5	0	3	9	0
Hunter, c.	5	0	2	6	4
P'pelly, p.	2	0	0	0	4
Way, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*Rhett	1	0	0	0	0
Total	39	7	11	27	22

*Batted for Easton in ninth innings.
Errors—Murray, Babington, Johnston, Legore, Reilly, (3.)

Brown ....2 0 0 1 0 1 0 3 1—8
Yale ....1 0 0 0 4 1 0 1 0—7

Sacrifice hits—Murray, Ormsby, Hanes, Crowell. Stolen bases—Middlebrook, (4,) Legore. Two-base hits—Hunter, (2,) Legore. Three-base hits—Babington, Bush. Home runs—Legore, Cram. Hits—Off Pumpelly, 6 in five innings; off Way, 6 in four innings. First base on balls—Off Pumpelly, 3; off Way, 3; off Crowell, 4. Left on bases—Brown, 8; Yale, 10. Struck out—By Pumpelly, 3; by Way, 1; by Crowell, 11. Batter hit—Pumpelly. Balk—Way. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes. Umpires—Messers. Stafford and Egan.

RACING AT BELMONT PARK.

Westchester Association Begins the Season This Afternoon.

With the Metropolitan Handicap at a mile and the New York Steeplechase at two miles as its features the Westchester Racing Association will begin the Metropolitan racing season at Belmont Park this afternon. The advance sale of all the boxes and the added attraction of a thé dansant in the clubhouse, with the receipts, as well as a part of those taken at the gate, for the benefit of three war relief funds, insures an exceptionally large attendance of the society element to welcome the season's sport. That the "regulars" will be out in force is certain, the Hunt Club meetings having conclusively proven that they are hungry for a revival of their favorite sport, which promises to play a more important part with the race-loving public than it has since 1910.

Next week the horses which have been racing in Kentucky will be back and the class of the fields of horses will be materially improved over those announced for the opening day. Dates set for the running of the more important events during the meeting are: May 2, Juvenile States, for two-year-olds, and Hollis Stakes, for three-year-olds and up; May 25, International Steeplechase; May 27, Bouquet Stakes, for two-year-olds; May 29, Amateur Cup, for three-year-olds and up, for which only amateur riders are eligible, and Withers Stakes, for three-year-olds, at a mile; May 31, Toboggan Handicap, for three-year-olds and up, and the Grand National Steeplechase; June 2, Fashion Stakes, for fillies two years old, and Harlem, for three-year-olds and up; June 5, Ladies' Handicap, for three-year-olds and up, and the Belmont, for three-year-olds, at a mile and three furlongs; June 9, Keene Memorial, for two-year-olds, this being the closing day of the meeting.

Entries for the races this afternoon are:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs; main course. Huraken, 110 pounds, *Broomleaf, 95; Perthshire, 115; Uncle Jimmie, 111; *He Will, 105; *Gnat, 108.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; conditions; four and a half furlongs, straight. Broomvale, 105 pounds; Ormondale, 105; Sun God, 105; Tea Caddy, 105; Damrosch, 105; Socony, 105; Grasp, 102; White Hackle, 105.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile. Amalfi, 116 pounds; *Robinetta, 100; Blue Thistle, 116; Wooden Shoes, 105; Astrology, 98.

FOURTH RACE.—The Metropolitan Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile. Slumber II., 107 pounds; Tartar, 103; Stromboli, 118; Rockview, 124; Sharpshooter, 103; Addie M., 109; Sam McMeekin, 95.

FIFTH RACE.—The New York Steeplechase, for three-year-olds and upward; about two miles. Flanders, 154 pounds; Ballybay, 149; Election Bet, 134; Mission, 152; Indian Arrow, 141; Syosset, 149; Meshach, 136.

SIXTH RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; four and a half furlongs, straight. After Night, 105 pounds; *Pleione, 100; *Tralee, 100; Fernrock, 110; Bosslien, 99; Rabbit, 107.

*Apprentice allowance of five pounds claimed.

Jockey Club Refuses Reinstatements

The stewards of The Jockey Club yesterday denied the application for reinstatement of F. M. Johnson, whose license was revoked and refused at the Jamestown track in 1912, on account of the running of the horse J. H. Barr. The application of John G. Dorsey, who was ruled off the turf in 1905, was also denied. The ruling of the steward of the Spring meeting of the Harford Agricultural and Breeders Association in revoking the trainer's license of J. W. Hedrick, and refusing further entries from him was continued, pending a hearing to be granted J. W. Hedrick by the License Committee. The application of J. H. Buscher, Clyde Phillips, John Powers, and Charles Pyles for trainers' licenses and the application of Jockeys Joe Rooney and Robert W. Small for jockeys' licenses were denied, and the applications of Richard Jackson and George J. Miller for trainers' licenses and Jockey J. Prendergast for jockey license were laid on the table, as recommended by the License Committee.

Mack Refuses Offer for Baker.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Efforts of Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the Chicago Americans, to induce Connie Mack, manager of the Philadelphia Americans, to change his mind regarding selling "Home Run" Baker, have proved futile, according to a story printed here today. Mack is said to have repeated his statement that Baker would not be allowed to play with any other team except the Athletics. Besides a big cash price, the Chicago team is said to have been willing to give a pitcher for the third sacker.

ADVENTURESS BEATS GREENTREE CHASERS

Mrs. Payne Whitney's Pair, 1 to 4 Favorites, Outrun in United Hunts Race.

With a card of seven races, four of which were of the cross-country sort that would be expected as features at a Hunts Club meeting, the United Hunts Racing Association closed its Spring season in the presence of a goodly number of the hunting set yesterday at Belmont Park Terminal.

It was a day full of surprises, in which the stable of James Park, the amateur rider, played a principal part. Mr. Park donned the silks of his friend, F. Ambrose Clark, who is ill of typhoid fever, to ride the Clark horse, Indicator, in the race for the Smithtown Steeplechase, which was a run of three miles and a half. Indicator was a hot favorite in the betting, and led his field twice around the course. Mr. Park evidently thought the second trip was the last he would have to make, and so pulled into the straight track for a triumphant finish. He had miscalculated the distance of the race by a trifle over a mile, however, and before he could get back on the course the rest of the field was so far away from him that he found it was useless to try and catch them. So he began the day by throwing away a race he might have won easily. In the race which followed he intrusted the handling of his own mare, Native Maid, to the professional jockey Chandler, and saw her tumble and go out of the race at the first jump. In the fifth event he had the leg up on his own horse, Duke of Duluth, and managed to get him home in front, with the third straight victory of the season for the Duke.

Most sensational of the races, from a sporting standpoint, was the sixth, which was a two-mile hurdle race with Mrs. Payne Whitney's two racers—Meeting House, making his first appearance as a steeplechaser, and Cabaret, considered so nearly invincible that only Adventuress of the fourteen other entries would try issues with the pair. The Greentree Stable pair were hot favorites at the practically prohibitive odds of 1 to 4, while 4 to 1 was laid against Adventuress. As is so often the case in these sure-thing races, the unexpected happened, and Adventuress, fencing boldly and cleanly and showing a fine turn of speed, led the hunt from start to finish and won as she pleased from Cabaret, which all through the running showed an inclination to run out, and was only held true to the course by having Meeting House as a sort of patrol runner to keep him on the narrow way over which the course was laid. At the end of a mile Meeting House suddenly refused to take a hurdle, and it took so much of Meany's time to get the horse over the sticks that Meeting House trailed along far in the rear thereafter. Then Cabaret "chucked it," and the rest was easy for Adventuress, which was greeted with a salvo of cheers as she came home such as generally greets only a marvelous victor. There was a reason. The crowd had backed her at 4 to 1 rather than play the favorites, and so put a crimp in the bankroll of the layers of the odds. The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Merillon Highweight Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse, $300; about six furlongs; no time taken.
Ambrose, Philip Stevenson's b. g., 5 years old, by Disguise-Ambrosine, 160 pounds, 11 to 20 and out, (Dugan)..............1^{4}
Roger Gordon, Captain C. K. Rockwell's ch. g., 4, 135, 3 to 1 and 4 to 5, (Fairbrother) ....2^{1}
Grecian Bend, Robert L. Gerry's c. m., aged, 135, 20 to 1 and 5 to 1, (Chandler).3^{1}
Culvert, Rosa Russell, and Lly Orme also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Smithtown Steeplechase for registered hunters; purse, $400, and plate of the value of $100, presented by Alex. Smith Cochran; about three and a half miles over post and rail course. No time taken.
M. J. Shannon, Mr. Archdale's blk. g., 6 years, by Ruskin II.-Replica; 177 pounds; 12 to 1, and 3 to 1; (Mr. E. Voss) ....1^{10}
Unico, Thomas F. White's b. g., aged, 172, 9 to 2, and 8 to 5; (Mr. M. Kennedy)..2^{10}
Gus Heim, H. E. Drier's b. g., aged, 172, 9 to 2, and 8 to 5; (Mr. B. B. Lewis).. 3
Uncas and Indicator also ran, the latter, running out of the course, failed to finish.

THIRD RACE.—Freeport Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; purse $400; about two miles. No time taken.
Foxcraft, P. S. P. Randolph's ch. g., 6 years, by Alvescot-Mytilene, 154 pounds, 7 to 10 and out, (Haynes)..............1^{10}
Overseer, W. H. Henry's b. g., 6, 155, 5 to 1 and 6 to 5, (Clark)....................2
Native Maid fell and did not finish.

FOURTH RACE.—Members' Handicap Plate, for registered hacks and hunters; purse $300 and plate of the value of $100 presented by the Hon. Perry Belmont; about one mile and three furlongs on the flat. No time taken.
Cloud, A. Ludlow Kramer's br. g., aged, by Albert-Scotch Lassie, 175 pounds, 9 to 20 and out, (J. Tucker)..............................1^{8}
Superstition, Harry N. Price's b. g., aged, 159, 7 to 1 and 2 to 1, (Captain C. K. Rockwell) ....2^{3}
Nosegay, Henry W. Warner's ch. g., aged, 150, 15 to 1 and 4 to 1, B. B. Lewis).....3^{5}
Zellwood, Gandow, and Duty also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Bellrose Steeplechase, handicap, for registered hunters; purse $400 and plate valued at $100 presented by Edward F. Whitney; about two miles and a half over the brush course. No time taken.
Duke of Duluth, James Park's b. g., aged, by Royal Flush III.-D. A. R., 163 pounds, 7 to 10 and out, (Mr. J. Park)..1^{5}
Web Carter, Greentree Stable's b. g., aged, 165, 8 to 5 and 2 to 5, (Mr. C. L. Appleton) ....2^{3}
Ben Cabell, Mr. Archdale's ch. g., aged, 151, 5 to 1 and 6 to 5, (Mr. C. Brabazon) 3
Aggravate pulled up at the end of a mile and did not finish.

SIXTH RACE.—Hempstead Steeplechase, handicap, for four-year-olds and upward; purse, $500 and cup of the value of $100 presented by W. R. Coe; about two miles over the brush course. No time taken.
Adventuress, Leonard Jacob's br. m., 6 years, by Knight Errant-Something Doing, 141 pounds, 4 to 1 and out, (Booth) ....1^{10}
Cabaret, Greentree Stable's br. g., 5, 149, 1 to 4, (coupled with Meeting House,) (Powers) ....2^{100}
Meeting House, Greentree Stable's ch. g., 5, 149, 1 to 4, (coupled with Cabaret,) (Meaney) 3

SEVENTH RACE.—Pony race; private sweepstakes for stakes of $10 each, ($100,) and cup for winner presented by the United Hunts Association; dash of a quarter of a mile on the flat. No time taken.
Overyonda II., E. J. Deasey's b. f., 4 years, by Marta Santa-Concert, 160 pounds, 3 to 5 and out, (Mr. H. L. Bell).1^{1}
Dr. Cook, James Bowen's ch. g., aged, 160, 5 to 1 and 2 to 1, (Mr. J. Tucker).......2^{8}
Reindeer, Fred Post's ch. g., aged, 160 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, (Mr. E. Tucker)........3^{1}
Chimney Sweep, Pepper, Texas, Malbe, and Old Gold also rain.

DENVER WINS ON SPEEDWAY

Nathan Straus's Big Gray Gelding Starts Matinee Season Well.

Trotting in sensational form for so early in the season, Nathan Straus's Denver won the 1:05 class brush, the feature event of the matinée held yesterday on the Speedway.

The trot was virtually a match race between J. A. Murphy's Oakland Boy and Denver, as the other two Straus entries, H. O. McKinney and Fair Maiden, were scratched. The pair got away to a good start and came down the drive like a team. There was never more than a head between them. Fifty yards from the finish Denver poked his nose in front and took half a length lead. Oakland Boy held on gamely, but the big gray gelding shook him off and raced in front and passed the stand a length to the good. The time of 1:01 is considered particularly fast for this time of the year. The second heat was much slower, the time being 1:06¾.

I. V. Hunt's Clover Patch, the Speedway pacing champion, captured the 1:05 pace after a hard contest, which went three heats. W. J. O'Neill's bay mare Hortha was the contender. The other split heat affair was in the 1:11 trot, which was won by G. Gall's Kitty Oakland after she had lost the first heat to J. F. O'Neill's Humboldt.

Trotter Honey Boy Wins.

Honey Boy, the bay gelding belonging to Dr. J. H. Tillman, won the Class A trotting event, taking the last two heats from J. Lockwood's Thomas Reed yesterday in the feature half-mile race on the Brooklyn Speedway.

THE TURF. THE TURF.

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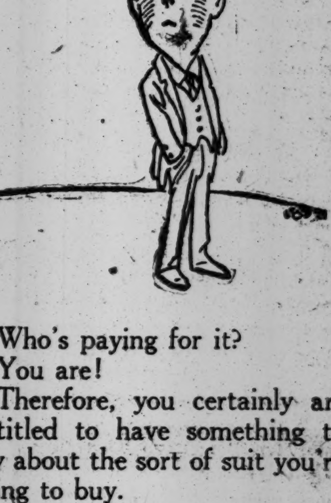

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1915.

NO TAX RELIEF THIS YEAR.

It is announced that the Governor will not veto the direct tax. It is a singular sequel to his own demonstration that the direct tax is unnecessary to pay the State's current costs. A direct tax for surplus is worse than unnecessary. In vain will Governor WHITMAN proclaim that it was made necessary by Governor GLYNN's veto of the direct tax. Mr. GLYNN desired a good financial showing for his administration, and achieved it. The motive was creditable, and Governor WHITMAN doubtless also feels it. But the methods were different. Governor GLYNN saved taxation by an objectionable method. Governor WHITMAN uses that method and establishes a surplus from taxes which he seeks to debit to his predecessor.

It may be that the surplus established this year will obviate a direct tax next year. But it will be credited to the tax which the Governor signed, not to the vetoes of the Legislature's errors. The harm done by Governor GLYNN's veto of the direct tax is obscured by the freedom from the tax. The good done by Governor WHITMAN's scrutiny of the appropriations is obscured by the direct tax which he will sign. It is not his fault that the appropriations which he is administering were voted in his predecessor's term. The State's fiscal year corresponds to no other year, neither to the financial nor calendar year, nor to other fiscal years. Neither do the Legislature's appropriations correspond to the Governor's term. Each Governor inherits appropriations to be administered, and bequeaths appropriations to his successor. Consequently debits and credits of both appropriations and administrations are sadly mixed. Nobody can be held responsible for faults or establish a clear title to merits.

It would have more than political merit if the Constitutional Convention could amend the methods in such manner that each Governor could point with pride to his record apart from entanglement with his predecessor's. When people's minds are as confused as they necessarily are now, praise and blame are not apportioned according to deserts, and that tends to defeat the franchise.

ANTI-SUFFRAGE ALLIES.

"What is the President, anyway?" asks Mrs. BELMONT. This view of the performance of her agents at the Biltmore, struggling to get to the President, stigmatizing him contemptuously as a "little evader" to his secretary, and yelling "Votes for Women!" as he passed by, does not commend itself to that element among the suffragists on whom rest whatever hopes the cause has of persuading New York men to vote for the amendment. Miss MARY GARRETT HAY, Chairman of the Woman Suffrage Party, declares that "to obtrude outside elements upon "him at such a time is most uncalled "for and decidedly unpatriotic." Mrs. STANLEY MCCORMICK, Vice President of the National Woman Suffrage Association, calls it "the sort of thing "which in the opinion of many women "might serve to set back suffrage in "this country." But Mrs. BELMONT announces that "this is only the beginning of an organized campaign"; that the President is to be followed everywhere and heckled at public meetings in every city where he speaks.

There are only two or three suffrage associations which adopt these tactics. The others must look with dismay on the injection of this brawling element in a situation which has heretofore looked promising to them. In England militant tactics were alleged to have been made necessary by the refusal of a hearing; but in this country the suffragists have the amplest kind of hearing, they pervade the newspapers and the platforms. The President has twice listened to them and addressed them in the White House, though discourteously treated on one of these occasions.

The suffrage cause by a conservative course has won its victory in many States. But it gives little opportunity for excitement, notoriety, for the gratification of the feverish desire to make a noise and be talked about. So Carrie Nationism is introduced into the suffrage campaign to the imperiling of its success, to the great satisfaction of the participants and to the pecuniary benefit of newspaper photographers, and to the dismay and discouragement of those suffragists who had been looking forward hopefully to the New York election.

NEEDS LOOKING INTO.

Scandal has seldom touched the conduct of the State Board of Charities. Commissioner STEWART, its respected head, is justly proud of that fact. Therefore he will be quick to examine into the behavior of the commission representing the board which is now investigating this city's Department of Charities.

The immediate occasion for this comment is the commission's introduction into the proceedings on Tuesday last of the lawyer representing Mrs. MARY C. DUNPHY, suspended as Superintendent of the Children's Hospital and Schools on Randall's Island on a charge of cruelty. The commission welcomes the testimony of this lawyer, as of "any representative citizen," while it rejects the testimony offered by Mr. BAILEY B. BURRITT, head of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor. Is the commission's work somehow involved in the defense of Mrs. DUNPHY? Or is it solely anxious to do this city a service in overhauling Commissioner KINGSBURY's department?

Mr. STEWART would do well to inquire whether persons interested in the improper municipal charges from public and private charitable institutions which Commissioner KINGSBURY cut off last year are zealous to advise the commission in its inquisitorial work. Of course Mr. KINGSBURY did right in dismissing from institutional care all those whose families or relatives, by a little constructive effort, could be put in position to support them. It is proper that, while Mr. KINGSBURY housecleans his department, with the approval of the Mayor and of men specially qualified by training and experience, outside influences be not injected to mess and muddle the work. The present State Civil Service Commission under the headship of Mr. ORDWAY—a far better commission than its predecessor—has disapproved the "investigation" of the Charities Department instituted by the old commission. Possibly Mr. STEWART will find that use is now being made of his board by discredited influences.

THE STATE SINKING FUND.

The muddle over the State sinking fund arises from the application to the State debt of a rigid interpretation of a constitutional provision, rather than from the principles of amortization as practiced by financiers. The Constitution requires "the pay- "ment of the annual interest on such "debt and the creation of a sinking "fund of at least 2 per cent. per "annum to discharge the principal "at maturity." Two per cent. per annum on a fifty-year loan obviously equals the principal, besides the accumulations upon the 2 per cent. annual additions for the fifty years. There are other contributory causes to the large surplus now in the sinking funds. Among them may be mentioned starting the sinking funds before the bonds were issued. Also the fixing of a rate of tax, regardless of increasing valuations for taxation. Our loan for highway purposes, according to the report of the Controller for 1913, would be completely amortized in thirty-one years, nineteen years before maturity. That is excessive provision for the payment of the principal at maturity. To that extent it is inequitable distribution of the cost of the loan over the period of the loan. The constitutional provision is kept in the letter, but not in the spirit. Needless to say, this is no more the intention of the Legislature than of the Constitution. There is no intention about it. No financial advice was asked. A subordinate clerk read the Constitution for himself, and prepared the legislation for the lawmakers. It is chance that the sinking funds are too large rather than too small.

It is unnecessary to dwell upon the importance of this state of affairs, as the State is midway in its declared purpose to incur a debt of a quarter of a billion dollars. The prospect is that when the bonds all are out the sinking funds will require contributions equal to the present direct tax to which there is so much opposition. It is not necessary that the contributions shall be by direct tax. It is only necessary that they shall be made from State revenues. There is no prospect of relief through the serial methods discussed before the Constitutional Convention. The merits of the serial method are not its cheapness, but its simplicity, its certainty, its freedom from such errors as have crept into the administration of the sinking funds. Its cheapness is due to the fact that it extinguishes debt, and the payment of debt is not remarkable for its ease. The idea that the sinking fund method is easy is due to the fact that it defers payment, and spreads the payment of a larger sum over a longer period, with a smaller portion for any one year. Thus it makes credit easy and cheap, and it has intoxicated legislators and people alike. What was a quarter billion debt to a State which had none, and which has ten billions of taxables? So the money was voted, and it was left to clerks to run the sinking funds. Now the subject is before the Constitutional Convention.

Good financial authorities said that the buyers of the State securities were not reassured by the surplus in the sinking funds. They paid more attention to the ease of the raids upon it, and to the uncertainty of what may be done. The requirement that the bonds shall be issued at par at a fixed rate hampers the marketing of them. The serial method, requiring repayment of a certain sum annually, provides an assortment of long and short maturities, from which each class of investors may supply itself. The fixed annual payments are not matter of calculation, or doubt as to what may happen over a long term of years. They are simple and certain, and each of them improves the credit of the State, as payments on a mortgage improve the security. The sinking fund method requires the keeping of the debt alive for the fifty-year term, and calls for investments subject to all the unforeseen changes of that long period. The serial method saves money by the economy of interest on the money repaid, and it checks borrowing by making the burden felt. The State needs that influence now as much as the State's creditors need the serial method to quiet the questions which are asked about the methods of the State.

No one will admit that there is the slightest question about the payment of principal and interest of any debt of New York, whatever may happen to its sinking fund. Yet the fact remains that no sinking fund ever is administered according to intentions, not that of England, nor that of the United States, nor this city's. It is a fact, also, that twenty-six American States have defaulted, and that the defaulted bonds of American cities and counties aggregate a billion dollars. In one rich State nine-tenths of the cities and counties have defaulted. In another rich State one-third of 300 cities defaulted. With these facts on the record New York should take an excess of care to keep its course straight. The simplicity of the serial method is its best recommendation. It is good for both debtor and creditor that something should be paid every year.

HEALTH BY COMMAND.

The transformation of Saratoga into a health resort of the character of the leading European spas is full of interest to Americans who have made their more or less regular pilgrimages to Carlsbad or Wiesbaden or Homburg or Nauheim. It is greatly to be hoped that all vigilance will be exercised in establishing the Saratoga cure on the right basis. Nothing will avail, not curative waters or modern bath houses or the Casino, if the physicians in charge are not experts in their subject, with full knowledge of what has been done abroad and of how it has been done.

In all the successful German resorts a large part of the cure consists of a rigorous discipline in diet, exercise, and rest, and this discipline is regulated not by arbitrary rule, as many suppose, but by study of the individual patient. Everything is subordinated to the recovery of health, and at such a place as Bad Nauheim, where heart patients are received, only the mildest amusements are encouraged. It is obvious that only physicians who have earned the right to exercise strict authority and are able to impress their patients with the necessity of a minutely regulated life during the stay at Saratoga will succeed in establishing a permanent reputation for the place as a health resort. All idea of making it a fashionable and highly profitable watering place in the American sense of the word must be eliminated if it is to rival its Continental forerunners in the only real virtue proper to a health resort, ability to restore health.

No doubt the Saratoga Commission understands this necessity and is ready to make any sacrifice required and to take the most effective measures to secure the continued co-operation of experts in organizing the régime of the place. It is desirable, however, for the public also to realize that the doctors, not the waters, make the fame of the Continental health resorts, and that in this country the case is precisely the same.

MR. ROCKEFELLER'S TAXES.

The statement is made as coming from those who ought to know, and ought not to tell, that Mr. ROCKEFELLER's income tax this year is $3,590,000, or about 4 per cent. of the total expected to be collected. It is dubious information, but through the same grapevine route comes the further statement that the gentleman's income has been $137,000,000, and runs usually something above a million dollars a week. Looking at the wealth possessed, the question is suggested why there should be any reluctance to pay any tax, however great. How pitiful seems the reluctance of Mr. ROCKEFELLER to pay the paltry tax on some $300,000,000 assessed on him in Ohio, because the accident of his wife's illness gave color to the demand that his lingering at her bedside made him an unwilling resident of Ohio. That is losing sight of the fact that, huge as Mr. ROCKEFELLER's fortune is, it is insignificant beside the interests dependent upon the administration of the law with reference to everybody, rather than with regard to him in particular.

If the law were to be administered for all in the manner it was sought to administer it against Mr. ROCKEFELLER all of us would be liable to pay taxes wherever anybody possessed anything. That is not a far-fetched suggestion, because it is now sought to fasten upon New York the methods of tax collecting which have just failed in Ohio. Those who wish to relieve realty from taxation seek to fasten upon New York the Ohio law for the equal taxation of all property. No wonder that Mr. ROCKEFELLER preferred to live where there was not such a law, and would prefer to live elsewhere than in New York if such tax laws should be enacted here.

Ohio was so savage on its tax dodgers that it even taxed the bonds of Ohio, with the result that there was haste to get rid of them, and the State's credit suffered. The Ohio farmers, like most farmers, think that because their personal property cannot be concealed or removed, therefore a tax on all personal property would operate like a tax on that which farmers own. It worked so differently that the receipts under the 1 per cent. Ohio law were less than before it was passed, and it was necessary to raise the assessment to get the income the State had to have.

Real estate in New York does need relief, but it can best get it by economy, rather than by new and savage taxes. It is true that Mr. ROCKEFELLER does not pay here what the courts said it was wrong to seek to collect from him in Ohio. But he pays not a small sum, and it is all clear gain compared with what would be lost if he should be driven to another State. The saving of taxes on realty is a small matter compared with the increase of value of realty through making New York an attractive place in which to reside or to do business. It is a primary rule of taxation to tax nothing which can move unless it is desired to get rid of it. Ohio has lost Mr. ROCKEFELLER's taxes, but there is no reason why the little taxpayers of New York should not benefit by the attractiveness of New York as a place of abode for wealth.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Confident Because Uninformed. Most of the comments in the newspapers of Germany on the sinking of the Lusitania have for basis an assumption which, outside of Germany, was conclusively disproved for all within two days after the ship went down. That assumption is that the Lusitania not only carried contraband, including military supplies, but that she was armed for offensive as well as defensive operations against German submarines, and therefore was fair game as an auxiliary cruiser, part of the British Navy.

As a matter of fact she was not armed in any manner. On this point there is available, besides the denials of the British Government and the Cunard officials, the positive statement made by Collector MALONE of New York. It was his duty to know whether the steamer was armed or not, and he says that she was not. The confident prophecies, therefore, of the German papers, as to what their Government's answer to President WILSON's note will and must be—their inability to see what the reply can contain except a firm assertion that the sinking of the ship was justifiable and the drowning of her American passengers regrettable but not blameworthy—are almost as pathetic as they are irritating.

Their Government has for days past been in possession of better information than theirs, and it is under no such compulsion as they think exists for taking the position outlined in their forecasts. What it will say is, of course, still unknown, in spite of the various "trial balloons" that have been sent up in Berlin and Washington in an obvious effort to ascertain the exact state of public sentiment in both of the countries directly concerned. But it can, if it chooses, be conciliatory in the tone and substance of its reply, and there is opportunity, as well as many cogent reasons, for adopting that policy.

The editors of German papers printed in the United States, better informed than their colleagues at home, unlike the latter, see no necessity for a refusal to make concessions—no impossibility of reaching, without recourse to desperate measures, a settlement of the enormously important questions concerning our rights and privileges as neutrals.

Submarine Used as a Ram. Among the many inabilities of submarines there has always been counted that for utilization directly as rams against enemy vessels. So great is their admitted fragility that merchant craft, though helpless against even the smallest of surface-going naval units, were supposed to be dangerous foes for the submarine and to be safe from anything except torpedo attack. Yet off the Isle of Orleans, in the St. Lawrence near Quebec, Tuesday night, according to present report, a small steamer was accidentally rammed by a Canadian submarine and sank so quickly that several men in her crew were drowned.

What happened to the submarine is not revealed in the dispatches now at hand, but if the absence of news on this point means that she was able, after making a big hole in her unintended victim's hull, to back away uninjured, or not seriously injured, then a new and terrible efficiency of the submerged boat seems to have been disclosed.

Submarines are neither so small nor so slow that the blow one of them could deliver could be despised by merchant ships of any size, and those heavily armored are almost equally vulnerable a short distance below the water-line. The Canadian officials will probably be chary of details of this accident, but presumably they are wide awake to any lessons that are to be learned from it by practitioners of the now eagerly studied art of wholesale slaughter. For attaining that end in ways closely analogous to those of the assassin there is apparently no reluctance in some quarters and little anywhere.

Perhaps the next news to come will be that, in spite of innumerable denials, submarines are not, after all, so blind when under water that they cannot fight each other. That is what, in common decency, they ought to do, and the modern electrician does not deserve his reputation as competent to solve any problem set for him if he cannot devise delicate instruments that will be for the submarine better eyes than is the betraying periscope.

Freudian Theories Illustrated. A Colorado woman, who has been prominent in the past as an advocate of votes for women and politically efficient enough to get an office, which she still holds, is quoted as utterly discouraged by the results of enfranchising her sex and as determined never again herself to cast a ballot. This is news sure to cause an excited flutter in the suffrage camp, and it can and will be taken by not a few out of that camp as justification for saying, "I told you so!"

One cannot but observe, however, and no matter how reluctantly, that the one definite reason given for her anger and disgust by this deserter of the suffrage cause is worse than no reason at all. She has just been an active participant in a hot campaign for municipal offices, and her bitter complaint is that "the women have shown that they can't stand together." If "can't" as here used means, and presumably it does, that they wont, all vote the same ticket—if it means, and it presumably does, judging from politics as played by men, that in this particular contest the women didn't vote as their critic desired—then they showed a capacity for thinking and acting along other than sex lines which has been often denied to them.

Stand together? Why should they? They claim the vote, and, where they have it, claim to vote, not as women but as human beings, divided in opinions, ambitions, and beliefs about as other human beings are.

The charge of the Colorado woman against her sister possessors of the franchise is therefore a defense of them, if she did but know it. She should have been more careful when, as a Freudian psychologist would say, she "sublimated" her disappointments. But there!—she cannot help herself. The psychic censor who stands over her as over all the rest of us has in this instance refused to let her give the right name to the cause of her anger and forced her to give it another and less painful one. It's a very common phenomenon for those who have eyes to see it.

ART SCHOOL EUGENICS.

Graduate Instructor System Like First-Cousin Marriages.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My conception of a school would indeed be curious, and, I agree with Mr. Sterner, absolutely useless, if it were based on the principles conveyed by the caption put over my letter of May 1. I fully appreciate that the technical side of art, the implements of expression, are far removed from that which is expressed. The first can and must be taught the same as writing. Expression, the latter, is the result of that latent something which moves the soul to give life to that which is immortal. It is the duty of a school to impart the knowledge of the means of expression to the smallest detail, but it is also the further duty of the school to inspire the student to experiment to convey in what he expresses his latent individuality. The influence of science, the knowledge of the spectrum, have influenced the way in which things are seen by the artist and the way in which he produces these effects with color. This seeing, as also the individuality in technic in expression, are the result of knowledge.

The main fault, to my mind, lies in the employment of "graduate" students as instructors. These having gone through the routine of still-lifes, portraits, and life drawings, I have described, command practically nothing with which to inspire a young student. This is not only the fault in Pratt, but also in other schools. It has somewhat the effect of inter-marriage. In France or Germany the professors of the art schools are, in many cases, former students of those schools, but they were not appointed to give instruction until they had graduated from that larger and more important institution, the school of practical experience—of life.

Art is timeless; there is no pace in art. "The elements of technic should be exercises in accuracy, patience, and sincerity. All taught slowly." Language students invent new stories year in year out with which they teach the elements of grammar, and this is my point.

Let us change our subjects, varying them with interiors, or problems of artificial lighting, or by the use of sanguine instead of charcoal, always seeking new fields. Then, some one will discover a new way how to use his pen and ink, or his brush and color, or crayon, and we will not be bored and haunted by this continual repetition and imitation. A school must advance in method and the kind of problem. There is no pace. It is always art.

HERBERT E. MARTINI.
New York, May 13, 1915.

DAWN.

Hail, Rosy One, who stabs the pallid breast
Of Heaven with thy darting wounds of flame—
Whose breath incarnadines with happy zest
The ere-while ennui of the world's huge frame.
Bound softly is thy brow in gilded mesh,
And 'tween thy smiling lips red poppies blow,
Whose sheeny splendor is as brightly fresh
As pearls of rain, or thawing stream's first flow.

Now has the crocus yielded up her sweet
Unto the wooing of the morning bee,
And yonder leaps the wakened stag, his beat
Of mottled hoofs a-thud upon the lea.
First dun, then silver, turns the fountain spray,
The frightened nymphs seek shelter from the glare
Of all the coppered liveries of day,
Which climbs the sky, swift shod in azure air.

The desert's amber cheek, the coral strand,
Far Indian gardens, sweet with jasmine scent
And nightingales' delight—all hast thou scanned,
And to their charms thy blush's crimson lent.
A thousand centuries crown thy flaming brow,
Yet is thy vermil glow so ravishing
That age thou knowest not, and at thy prow
The planets tremble when they hear thee sing.

MILDRED STEWART.

MR. BRUERE'S IDEAS.

One Officer Ought to Perform the City's Fiscal Functions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I be permitted a brief comment on your interesting editorial in today's issue bearing upon my report on the reorganization of the Chamberlain's office, effected and proposed? In regard to your suggestion that to centralize collections in one office would involve new borough agencies, may I say that these agencies are already in operation as branches of the tax-collecting system in the department of finance and for the collection of water and several other classes of revenue? I think I may say emphatically that there would be decided economy in this arrangement as well as greater convenience to tax and rate payers, and a more even distribution of work for the central collecting offices.

You question the advisability of consolidating in a single office the receiving and disbursing functions. This is already done in the City of New York to the extent that the Controller collects the major portion of revenues and is himself the auditor of revenues. The physical act of disbursement is now made in the Controller's office, although no checks are drawn without the authority of the Chamberlain. In the new and excellent charter of the City of Cleveland the treasury and the auditing functions are in the same office. Customarily, the treasury collects revenues and disburses them. I think this is the practice in a majority of cities in the United States. The major protection of the city lies in proper accounting and proper auditing. With the Commissioners of Accounts to perform this audit I feel certain that no disadvantage would result through the exercise of the fiscal functions completely by a single officer.

With regard to the use of banks of deposit for borrowing, may I say that the additional $3,000,000 paid for the redemption of foreign borrowings had nothing to do with the city's new policy with reference to interest on bank balances? Foreign borrowing had been in practice for several years, due to the wider acquaintance of Europe with New York's securities. At the very time that the war broke out New York had an extensive exhibit in Lyons which was designed to call attention to the favorable character of New York's short-term notes. Of course it was impossible for the city to anticipate the European war. Except for this unforeseen contingency the development of the foreign market for New York City securities was a distinct advantage to the city.

HENRY BRUERE,
City Chamberlain.
New York, May 18, 1915.

Premature Publicity.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The finding of a number of indictments by the Grand Jury against the officials of the most important labor organizations of the city seems to have again set into action the press agent bureau of the District Attorney's office. It seems to have become the custom on the part of the District Attorney's office in course of the preparation of some of the important cases to inject an atmosphere of bias against the defendants against whom bills have been returned.

All these indictments against men, including some of the highest, most faithful, and unselfish workers in the cause of labor, have been found upon the confession of one of the most notorious gangsters in the city. The District Attorney's office proceeds to tear down the reputations of people who have enjoyed the utmost amount of respect and affection in the community.

If these alleged crimes have been committed by all means let the District Attorney prosecute and bring to justice the guilty offenders, but let him not try to create an atmosphere in the public mind that may prejudge the defendants in these cases. It is high time that trials by newspapers ceased. It is against justice, good morals, and is in utter violation of the ethical side of the practice of the law. We want no more martyrs in the cause of legal jingoism.

SAMUEL GOLDING.
New York, May 13, 1915.

Mr. Kishi for Free Speech.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Relative to the sinking of the Lusitania there are two unpleasant incidents about to fade into oblivion without due attention from the public.

One is the nationwide ostracism accorded Dr. Dernburg on account of his statement about the Lusitania, and the other is the reported indignation felt by a group of persons over Vice President Marshall's "National Tendencies." While no one is asked to share the views of those two gentlemen, ought not the big-hearted America give a hearing to their speech, no matter how disagreeable it may sound? To call any one names simply because he fails to satisfy the audience is, indeed, against the American ideals. The foundation of the Republic has not been built of such a frail material that it cannot afford a home, a temporary home, for the Kaiser's man. Better invite the whole army of Prussia, and make a convert out of it.

J. KISHI.
New Haven, Conn., May 17, 1915.

Measles, Not Atrocities.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent "G. D.," by way of refuting the statements of Roderick C. Jackson concerning the Boer detention camps, draws attention to the fact that a monument had been erected at Bloemfontein in memory of the great number of Boer women and children who had died there. I have been informed on good authority that many of these were the victims of a virulent form of measles, which was epidemic during the war. Some criticism might be made of the management which allowed the epidemic to spread so rapidly, but any one who has had experience with this disease knows that it is highly contagious and most difficult to check even under favorable conditions.

TRAINED NURSE.
Princeton, N. C., May 16, 1915.

The Bryce Report as Literature.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

When you call the Bryce report "cold and dry," "hard reading," and "with little more literary merit than is a catalogue or index," I feel constrained to protest. My friends who have read the report agree with me that it possesses the keenest literary merit in the calm objective recital of horrible facts so arrayed as to form a document most powerful and convincing in its entirety. The recital is all too vivid. Greater detail and exclamatory sentiment would have cloyed the reader's mind and destroyed the throbbing fascination which grips one in its perusal from beginning to end.

ROBERT CHAMBERS, JR.
Cincinnati, May 16, 1915.

Already Sanctioned.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Quite properly your headline in the issue of the 17th inst. reads "Lusitania Attack Miscalled Piracy," but it may not be amiss to call attention to the fact that Roosevelt merely borrowed the word from the German vocabulary employed the first few months of the war in reference to the British seizure of merchantmen. In fact, the figure of speech was applied to the "prize court," pro-German orators frequently alluding to that tribunal as the "Court of Piracy."

New York, May 18, 1915. X. Y. Z.

From Greenock to Glasgow.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your paper yesterday it was stated—re the safe arrival of the Transylvania—that Greenock is nine miles from Glasgow. In today's paper it says, "a few miles south." Greenock lies twenty-two miles west northwest from Glasgow.

A. M. W.
New York, May 18, 1915.

WHY THERE IS NO FRENCH PROPAGANDA.

The Burden of Proof Will Rest on the Defendant Before the World Court, and It Is Very Heavy.

A Letter from M. EDMOND POTTIER, Musee du Louvre, to a Boston Lawyer.

Paris, April 10, 1915.

It is asked in a friendly way why the French do not strive more actively in America against the propaganda made by the partisans of the Germans. Compared with the quantities of papers, letters, prospectuses, and reviews with which neutral countries are being swamped and inundated, our very modest communications and pamphlets attract but little attention.

I quite understand this; and often among our friends we have been a little disturbed by this disproportion. Already efforts have been made to counteract this, and several associations have been organized to make clear to those in other countries the position we have taken in this great European struggle.

The Historical Pamphlets published by Berget-Levrault comprise some thirty small volumes, relating to the causes of the war, to the diplomatic correspondence, to the opinions of distinguished persons, to military facts, to the manner of treating invaded countries, &c. Armand Colin & Co. have issued "Studies and Documents upon the War," under the patronage of members of the universities and over the signatures of well-known Academicians. The Alliance Française has translated in several languages its "Bulletins," in which every fortnight the current events of the war are commented upon. A special magazine, "Les Amitiés Françaises," maintained by the pens of statesmen, artists, and littérateurs, has assumed the task of organizing a propaganda in neutral countries for denouncing the German barbarities. Doubtless I have omitted some, but these examples suffice to show that something is being done, and that the work will continue.

Is this to say that we shall succeed in rivaling the enormous production of the German system, which one of your countrymen, a professor in the University of Cleveland, Mr. Borgerhoff, described recently (April 7, 1915,) to the readers of the Paris Temps? Certainly not. For the "colossal" is not our rôle, as you very well know. For we neither hope for the "colossal" nor desire it.

In the first place, we have the feeling, and it is an impression gathered from what reaches us from neutral countries, that the German propaganda, exuberant and overladen, has already overshot the mark. It has exhausted the patience of those to whom it is addressed. As elsewhere, Germany proceeds by brutal and invading attacks. To seize a man by the throat in order to compel him to say that you are right is a procedure to which we will not resort. It is not the way of a brave man, who, wrongly accused, explains tranquilly and shows calmly that one has been mistaken in his case. It is the excited folly of the guilty, who, feeling the heavy hand of the police ready to strike, piles up vehement protestations to make one believe that a blunder has been made. How many, assuming the airs of gentlemen, have entered thus with heads high the police court, only to come out with handcuffs on their wrists!

One of my Italian colleagues, who from the beginning had courageously taken sides against Germany, wrote in La Tribuna of Rome the 5th of February:

> I have expressed my sentiments of invincible horror for the torture inflicted upon innocent and heroic Belgium. I have expressed also, notwithstanding the deluge of German newspaper clippings which every day heap up the waste basket in my office—I have expressed my absolute conviction that this conflict was let loose by the agreement and by the deliberate wish of Austro-German imperialism.
>
> Immediately open war against me was declared by my honorable colleagues and by the German press. I saw pour in torrents into my house, like discharges of a famous "420," not only insulting articles from newspapers of the Goths, but personal letters of protestation, of rage, of threats.

This is something of which the French could never be accused.

We would take good care not to imitate the indiscreet and stupid measures which, far from obtaining the result expected, either exasperate or make smile, according to their disposition, those who are the butt of these persecutors. Such a lack of moderation and of tact will lead always to the quick confusion of propagandists. Ne quid nimis, said the Latins. "Excess in everything is a fault."

For another reason: Does it at all concern us to answer back in ceaseless protestations, as do the Germans? Certainly not. Facts have spoken for us. What could we add? Is it not enough to recall the facts and to confirm them? One can well understand how our adversaries feel the need of pleading their cause. What a mass of assertions they must prove before the world!

First, Belgium, believed innocent, and invaded in spite of signed treaties, as the Chancellor of the Empire admitted at a memorable session of the Reichstag; Belgium was, on the contrary, guilty and a traitor, having entered into foul conspiracies with Great Britain.

Next, Germany did not, as a matter of fact, first declare war; but was strangled, choked by the closing in upon her of perfidious enemies. It was necessary for her to submit to the ordeal of war in order to defend her homes and firesides.

Third, the abominations committed by their troops proved by official inquests, and by their victims, or by eyewitnesses, these are pure calumnies, simple lies; save the inevitable necessities of war.

Fourth, Germany has the right to declare a blockade of all the coasts of England and of France with thirty submarines, and to torpedo, as much as she likes, without previous warning; for no law as yet has been agreed upon for submarine warfare.

Fifth, colonial and commercial expansion is indispensable for Germany, like the air one breathes; and other nations ought to give her a place in the sun, even to their own disadvantage.

What a state of affairs! And I am not sure of not having forgotten something! What important cases to plead! And, let us say it, not very simple ones either! What artful lawyer would undertake even one of these cases without calling to his aid all the subtleties of his mind, all the twists and turns of his profession? How worthless scribblings pile up upon scribblings, books upon pamphlets, magazines upon reviews, a Pelion on Ossa!

Many a one would recoil before such a formidable undertaking, before such senseless asseverations. Yet neither the Germans of Germany, nor the Germans of America have shrunk from this task; and we pay our tribute of respect to their intrepid persistence.

But much good may it do them! We would not like to be in their place. We would rather say in a few words:

That for the whole world the King of Belgium is the man who has preferred honor to safety.

That the condition of the military forces in England, in Russia, in France, (the latter the better prepared, however, by reason of the former contest with Germany,) proves that in July last not one of these powers wished for war.

That all the diplomatic documents which have been published, including those of Germany and Austria, show that the three allies tried sincerely to find a peaceful solution, while Germany, admirably prepared, desired an attack without restriction.

That the official investigations are confirmed by the German soldiers' notebooks, proving the hideous reality of the massacres planned and ordered.

That the ruins of Louvain, of Ypres, of Arras, and of Rheims will attest forever to the savagery of the destroyers whom no military tactics placed under any compunction.

That no one, anywhere in the world, so long as there shall be a thinking humanity, shall have the right to lay hands on the property or on the lives of non-combatants, above all upon the lives of women and children.

And, finally, that every nation has the right to life and prosperity, where not injuring the development and the security of other nations.

These are both clear and essential truths, which will not be disputed by any human being of civilized race, except by such as have some personal interest to serve in repudiating them.

But of what use is it to argue? And why prolong the discussion? Does a prosecuting attorney waste words when he demands justice for a victim assassinated, whose body lies before him, covered with blood, or for one robbed, whose purse is found in the pocket of a highwayman? Who is it who pleads and argues, who explains, who beseeches, who implores? Is it not the lawyer of the culprit? With pleasure we leave this rôle to the defenders of Germany.

E. POTTIER.

WHAT OF THE GERMAN SOUL?

A Woman's Thought on How Cruelties to Others Will React.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Perhaps one reason that so few women have written to THE TIMES in regard to the Lusitania is that women are inarticulate about some things. The best lullabies have been written by men, for it is so beautiful that we can't talk about it, the putting a little baby to bed. The best protests against the Lusitania cruelty will be written by men, because for us the thought of those babies is too terrible for speech. But because I am a woman I seem to see beyond the waxen bodies of the Lusitania children to the waxen souls of German children done to everlasting ugliness by joy at such horror.

Granted that Germany should win everything she wants in this war, she would still be the feeblest nation that ever lay supine before the sure vengeance of history. While Germany goes lightly on, sowing her crop of hatred abroad, does she ever stop to contemplate the crop of destruction she is sowing at home?

Does she dream that soldiers and sailors glutted on Belgium and submarine atrocities will go home to be simple, law-abiding citizens? If a man loses all respect for property as such, is he always afterward going to respect it merely because it is German? The soldier who has wronged a Belgian woman, has wronged his own wife more, and his own soul most. If a woman is not sacred to a man because she is a woman, she will never be sacred to him because she is his mother, wife, or daughter. If a child is not sacred to a man because it is helpless, it will never be sacred to him because it is his own. The children of Germany will reap in many a blow to body and mind the brutality let loose upon the children of Belgium.

Long before the war the German Government was giving pained study to its child suicides. These need no explanation now, for the measure of a man's cruelty is determined by his treatment of other men's children, even an enemy's cruelty and immorality, indulged and encouraged in German warfare, are strange assets to guarantee that the German soldiers of today will return on any day to be the gentle husbands and fathers still existing in the hopeful Teutonic imagination.

WINIFRED KIRKLAND.
Asheville, N. C., May 14, 1915.

THE DRUG TRADE RETORTS.

Physicians Held Responsible for a Traffic in Narcotics.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

We are pleased to see the open confession by the medical profession through their official organ, the New York Medical Journal, that they are responsible for the narcotic drug habit of the public today, as shown by your sub-editorial headed "Narcotic Laws Defective," in today's issue of THE TIMES.

It has been the effort of that profession to place the responsibility of these conditions on the retail drug trade, to the end that laws have been placed on the statute books by the efforts of the drug trade, restricting that traffic in lives which the medical profession take without reason, the only excuse they can offer being that "the mode of living today demands narcotic drugs."

Permit me to cite these illustrations:

Salesman representing a large drug house inquired if we could use any part of a thousand gallons of laudanum at a price below the market, stating that his firm sold this liquid narcotic to physicians in the South for many years, but the returns for credit, owing to the Harrison law, found them with this amount on hand.

Again, a salesman representing a pharmaceutical firm informed the writer that his loss in commissions on the sales of narcotic pills and tablets, which he sold to physicians in New York City, due to the Harrison law, would amount to $700 a year. In other words, his sales were $14,000 (at 5 per cent. equals the $700 loss.)

Again, one of our customers submitted a list of narcotic pills and tablets, also drugs, (codein and morphine in small bottles,) requesting us to price the same at lowest wholesale price, as the said list represented a stock of a neighboring physician, who desired to dispose of his stock of narcotics. We priced it at $300 wholesale, and any one with a knowledge of the drugs in question will recognize this as an enormous stock for a physician to have on hand. We advised the druggist not to touch the goods and inform the physician that the best thing he could do was to place this stock of drugs in a case with a heavy stone and dump the whole thing in the river, charging the loss up to profit and loss in his books.

May it be said with honor to the medical profession, that there are some physicians who work against this nefarious practice in the profession and assist the retail drug trade in attempting to correct conditions brought about by their brothers in the years past.

S. V. B. SWANN,
General Manager New York Consolidated Drug Co.
New York, May 18, 1915.

MISS DOUBLEDAY, BRIDE IN COUNTRY

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank N. Doubleday Weds F. H. Babcock at Oyster Bay.

CHRIST CHURCH CROWDED

Dean Rousmainier of Boston Officiates—The Attendants—Reception Held at Effendi Hill.

The wedding of Miss Dorothy Doubleday, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nelson Doubleday of Oyster Bay, and Frederick Huntington Babcock of New York, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Babcock of Providence, L. I., was celebrated yesterday afternoon in Christ Episcopal Church at Oyster Bay. Dean Rousmainier of St. Paul's Cathedral, Boston, performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. George E. Talmage, rector of the church.

While the guests were arriving a musical program was rendered by Claude A. Clewer, the church organist. The little church was taxed to its capacity, about 350 guests attending. The guests from New York went down on a special train.

The chancel of the church was banked with white lilacs and dogwood. The Lohengrin wedding march was played as the bridal party walked up the nave. The bride, who walked with her father, wore a robe of white satin and tulle, with a veil of rare old lace, an heirloom in the bridegroom's family. Her only ornament was a pearl necklace, the gift of the bridegroom. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and white lilacs.

Miss Florence Johnson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. Coit Johnson of Mill Neck, L. I., was maid of honor. She wore a costume of apricot colored taffeta with touches of palest green, topped with a hat of tulle of apricot shade.

There were four bridesmaids, including the Misses Ruth Fitch of Milwaukee, Wis., a classmate of the bride at Vassar; Eleanor De Graff of Plainfield, N. J., a cousin of the bride; Baroness Vera de Ropp of New York, and Dorothy Baldwin of Garden City. They were gowned alike, in apricot colored taffeta with leghorn hats of the same color.

Harold Babcock acted as best man for his brother. The ushers were Felix D. and Nelson Doubleday, brothers of the bride; Donald Babcock, another brother of the bridegroom; Clarence Stetson of New York, Stuart Johnson of Mill Neck, and Philip Johnson of Norwich, Conn.

A large reception was held after the ceremony at Effendi Hill, the country home of the bride's parents, where the decorations consisted mostly of Spring flowers. The weather conditions were ideal for a country wedding.

Later Mr. Babcock and his bride left on their bridal trip, and on their return will spend the Summer at Oyster Bay, where they expect to build a home later on.

The couple's engagement was announced last Autumn. The bride is a graduate of Vassar College, and Mr. Babcock was graduated from Brown University, class of '07, and from Harvard Law School, class of '10. He is practicing law in this city, and belongs to the Squadron A and Seawanhaka Yacht Clubs.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Maurine Curtis, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Halsey Curtis, and Grayson Farquhar Lathrop will take place this evening at 8:30 o'clock in the Church of the Ascension, followed by a reception at the Hotel Gotham.

Miss Alice Preston of Tuxedo Park has leased Mrs. Oliver W. Huntington's place at Newport for the season.

Mrs. Charles A. Johnson of 801 West End Avenue entertained at luncheon yesterday for her daughte, Miss Louise E. Johnson, who is to be married on June 2 in the Church of the Heavenly Rest to Franklin Wheeler Palmer, Jr. The guests included Miss Johnson's bridal attendants.

The annual reunion of the Hewlett family will be held on Saturday afternoon at the Garden City Hotel, Garden City, L. I.

A tea dance will be held between races at the opening of the Spring meet today at Belmont Park, at which a part of the receipts are to be turned over to the Lafayette Fund, the Committee of Mercy, and the Blue Cross Association. Society is to be well represented. Albert Eugene Gallatin, President of the Motor Car Touring Society, will give a luncheon of forty covers at the Turf and Field Club.

The wedding of Miss Marion Eckford de Kay, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles de Kay, to Dr. Peyton Rous on June 15 will be private, with none except relatives present. It will take place at the de Kay residence, 413 West Twenty-third Street. The details have not yet been decided.

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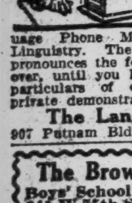

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MISS RUTH BIXBY WEDS.

Daughter of St. Louis' Wealthiest Resident Marries Ira A. Stevens.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—Miss Ruth Bixby, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William K. Bixby, was married tonight to Ira A. Stevens, son of Mrs. I. C. Stevens of Brookline, Mass.

William K. Bixby, financier, is the wealthiest man in St. Louis since the death of James Campbell.

Mrs. I. C. Stevens, mother of the bridegroom, was here for the wedding. The wedding at the handsome Bixby home was the most elaborate since the Drummond Jones-Marie Busch wedding several years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Stevens left tonight on a bridal tour, the destination of which is kept secret.

ARRIVALS IN BERKSHIRES.

Miss K. S. Buckingham and Mrs. W. B. Bacon Open Their Homes.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., May 19.—Dr. and Mrs. Royal Whitman have leased one of the cottages on Ashintully Farm in Tyringham of Mrs. James McLennan. Mrs. McLennan arrived at Ashintully today for a stay of several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sedgwick will arrive tomorrow at the Mansion in Stockbridge from the Pacific Coast, where Mr. Sedgwick has been since early Winter as resident commissioner of Massachusetts at the Exposition. Miss Christine Sedgwick is convalescing from an attack of typhoid fever of which she was attacked when enroute to the Fair.

Miss Adelaide B. Bayliss, who has been in Stockbridge since the beginning of Spring, has gone to New York. Among those departing for New York were Mrs. J. Frederick Schenck, Ward Pearson, and Giraud Fountaine.

Miss Kate S. Buckingham, who has been at Curtis Hotel, has opened Bald Head Farm.

Mrs. George A. Crocker, Jr., who was at the Red Lion Inn, Stockbridge, has gone to New York. Mrs. George A. Crocker is remaining there for some time.

Mrs. Richard Auchmuty will arrive tomorrow at her country place in the North of Lenox. She will be accompanied on the journey by her brother, F. Augustus Schermerhorn.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. de Gersdorf will arrive in Stockbridge June 3, to pass the season.

Mrs. Richard C. Dixey of Boston, who will open Tanglewood next week, will have her sister, Miss Mary A. Tappen as her guest for the season.

Mrs. William B. Bacon came to Rock Lawn tonight from New York.

Mrs. Arthur W. Swann is visiting with Mrs. John Swann in Stockbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Merriam, who have been at Curtis Hotel, have gone to Boston.

Mrs. Drexel Dahlgren, who is to have the Belair villa, arrived with the Misses Dahlgren tonight.

Miss J. W. Hunt of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Allen, Jr., of Boston, registered at Curtis Hotel.

SECRETARY DANIELS IS HOST.

Gives a Dinner to Rear Admiral and Mrs. William S. Benson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Daniels, who returned today from New York, were hosts at dinner this evening to the new Chief of Naval Operations, Rear Admiral William S. Benson, U. S. N., and Mrs. Benson. Admiral and Mrs. Benson came to Washington from Philadelphia a day or two ago, and are stopping with friends until the selection of a home in this city.

Colonel William H. Harts, U. S. A., Mrs. Harts, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Van Reypen, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Sturtevant, Mr. and Mrs. Victor Kauffmann, and Mr. and Mrs. Harold Walker all entertained large dinner companies this evening at the Chevy Chase Club.

Mrs. Robert Patterson has left town for the Summer, and after a short stay in Pennsylvania will go to her villa at Lake Forest, Ill. The Countess Gizycka, formerly Miss Eleanor Patterson, will remain at the du Pont Circle home of the family some time longer before joining Mrs. Patterson at Lake Forrest.

Mrs. Robert McCormick, formerly of Chicago, will not go to Lake Forrest, as she intends taking a cottage at Newport, where she spent a part of last season.

Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds Hitt will pass the season at Newport, where Mr. Hitt's mother, Mrs. Robert R. Hitt, has taken a cottage.

MISS HELEN WISSNER WEDS.

Married to Edward C. Schmidt at Her Parents' Home in Brooklyn.

The marriage of Edward C. Schmidt, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Schmidt of Atlantic City, and Miss Helen K. Wissner, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto Wissner, took place at noon yesterday at the home of the bride's parents, 76 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. J. W. Loch of the Schermerhorn Evangelical Church.

The bride wore a white satin gown trimmed with Venetian point, her tulle veil was fastened with orange blossoms, and her bouquet was lilies of the valley and orchids. Miss Marguerite Wissner was her sister's maid of honor. She wore a white charmeuse gown with an embroidered tunic. Otto R. Wissner, a brother of the bride, was the best man. There were no ushers.

After their honeymoon trip, Mr. and Mrs. Schmidt will live in Germantown, Penn., in a home given by the bridegroom's parents. Mr. Schmidt is the manager of his father's brewery in Philadelphia, and Mrs. Schmidt's father is a piano manufacturer.

NEWPORT SOCIAL LIFE.

Seaverge Is Opened for Commodore and Mrs. E. T. Gerry.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 19.—Commodore and Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry have opened Seaverge, where they will soon arrive with the Misses Gerry.

Lispenard Stewart is at White Lodge for the Summer.

Russian Ambassador Bakhmeteff and Mme. Bakhmeteff will arrive from Washington at the James Gordon Bennett estate June 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones of New York plan arriving at Sherwood June 10.

Mrs. Herman Oelrichs has returned to New York, returning here for the Summer next week.

Governor and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman and Mr. and Mrs. Amos Tuck French start Saturday on a trip West which will include a stay at the Exposition in San Francisco.

Mrs. J. J. Townsend of New York has rented from the Rev. and Mrs. George Grenville Merrill of Stockbridge, Mass., the Gilliatt cottage on Rhode Island Avenue for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Casimir Derham of New York, arrive at Foxcroft Saturday.

Miss Anna Sands of New York arrives next month. She will have as guests for the season Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Havemeyer, William H. Sands, and Charles E. Sands.

Mrs. Henry Ward Putnam of Boston will spend the Summer with Mrs. Frederick D. Williams, who has taken the Bookstaver Place.

Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer will arrive in June at Friedheim.

Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss is at Hammersmith Farm for the Summer.

Miss Cuming to Wed Dr. F. P. Riggs

Mr. and Mrs. Edward O. Cupming of Rosebank, S. I., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margery Cuming, to Dr. Francis P. Riggs of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

ABBOTT—HARDING.

The marriage of Charles Kempton Abbot of Atlantic City, N. J., and Jean Forster Harding, formerly of Lockport, Penn., took place yesterday afternoon, in this city, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Dr. George C. Houghton, rector of the Church of the Transfiguration. After their bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Abbot will live in Atlantic City, where Mr. Abbot is employed in the newspaper business.

Passengers from Bordeaux.

Some of the passengers arriving yesterday on the Niagara from Bordeaux were:

Miss H. Brun, Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Ducrot, J. E. Healy, Mrs. H. D. Mason, F. Richard, Miss H. Shadd, Edward Shattuck, Miss M. L. Vernier, Miss M. Wright, G. C. Broome, T. Dubois, E. Heney, and Miss P. Roche.

DEDICATE A HOME FOR BRITONS HERE

King George and Queen Mary Send Best Wishes to Imperial Daughters' Charity.

THANK ORDER FOR WAR AID

Organization of British Women Has Sent Thousands of Tons of Supplies to Troops.

The Victoria Home of the Imperial Order Daughters of the British Empire of the United States of America, Inc., at West New Brighton, S. I., was dedicated yesterday afternoon. Representatives of all the British organizations in this country, and more than five rundred persons interested in the work of the order were present.

Bishop Courtney, formerly of Nova Scotia and now rector of St. James's Church in this city, gave the benediction, asissted by Canon Harrower of St. John's Church, West New Brighton. After a brief religious service the home was declared open for guests.

At the meeting following the service, letters were read from President Wilson, King George, Queen Mary, Queen Alexandra, Lady Spring-Rice, Lady Brunet, Lady Purdon Clark and others interested in the home. The President said he regretted that he was unable to attend the ceremonies, and congratulated the order. King George and Queen Mary sent their best wishes and thanked the Imperial Order for the hospital and trench supplies sent to the British army in the last six months. The King and Queen presented their autographed pictures to the order and these have been hung in the main hall of the home.

Mrs. J. Elliot Langstaff, President of the order, accepted the home on behalf of the order. She said that the institution was to afford a home for aged British men and women.

"This is the old Clark Dunham estate," she said, "and the home proper afford accommodations for a number of old ladies as it stands at present. Beside this we expect soon to be able to build wings that will take care of the old English gentlemen who wish to enter the home and the two cottages that will soon be added will also be used for the men guests."

She then told of the thousands of tons of supplies that the order had shipped to the front and of work being done now and planned for the future.

"The great boxes of woolen goods which have been shipped bore testimony to the industrious knitting," she said, "of those out on the furthest western prairies, up in the most northern mountains, and down in the warm-hearted South. A Captain of one of the great battleships wrote recently, 'Every man on the ship is equipped through the Imperial Order of the United States, and is able to withstand any sort of weather. We are fully equipped with the comfortable things and have plenty left for the mine sweepers.' This equipment consists of Balaclava cap, scarf, abdominal belt, socks and wristlets."

Delegates from other chapters of the order were Mrs. J. W. Dwyer of the Prince of Wales Chapter of Chicago, Mrs. Carrcll Finley Knight of the Queen Mary Chapter of Florida, and Mrs. R. H. Greaves of the Connaught Chapter of Toronto. Calvin Victor Campbell attended as the representative of Dr. E. R. L. Gould of the Toronto University Club, and others who were there were Mrs. R. L. Beecher, Dr. M. Lee Edwards, Mrs. von Pustau, Mrs. James Robb, Mr. and Mrs. George Quirk, Mrs. Fred S. Woodcock, and Mrs. William D. Mitchell. The Nelson and Coronation Chapters of Staten Island attended in force, and during the afternoon tea was served to more than 500 guests.

The home is a large, old-fashioned house, surrounded by seven acres of lawn, trees, and flower beds, and is at 297 Jewett Avenue, West New Brighton.

MISS TAYLOR IN NEW PLAYS.

One to be Acted Here Will Be a Comedy by J. Hartley Manners.

Klaw & Erlanger yesterday amplified the announcement made in a London cable dispatch to THE TIMES, printed in yesterday's edition that Laurette Taylor would appear under their direction in association with George C. Tyler the coming season. Miss Taylor will return to New York in September, and a few weeks later will begin an engagement in Chicago in a repretoiré of new plays. One of these will be a comedy by her husband, J. Hartley Manners. It is not probable that the actress will be seen in New York until after the holidays.

In London Miss Taylor has duplicated her New York success in "Peg o' My Heart," in which she has been appearing since last Fall in the Globe Theatre. She has also been a social favorite, Cyril Maude, the English actor, having introduced her upon her arrival in the British capital last Summer.

HELEN FREW'S BRIDAL PARTY.

Plans for Her Marriage to Ralph Peters, Jr., on Saturday.

The marriage of Ralph Peters, Jr., the son of Ralph Peters, Sr., President of the Long Island Railroad, and Miss Helen Frew, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter R. Frew, will take place on Saturday in Christ Presbyterian Church at Hempstead, L. I., and the reception will be held at the home of the bride in West Fulton Avenue, Hempstead.

Miss Frew's attendants are to be the Misses Edith Blakeman, Sybil Melcher, and Dorothy Peters of New York, and Mrs. Frederick P. Clarke and Mrs. George Pierpont of New York, and Mrs. Warren Church of Philadelphia.

Mr. Peters's best man is to be E. C. Gardiner, Jr., and the ushers selected are Samuel T. Peters, Nicholl Floyd, Samuel Fleming, Jr., George Pierpont, Frederick P. Clarke, and George H. Frew, Jr.

Otto Weil Off for Europe.

Otto Weil, business representative of the Metropolitan Opera Company, sailed yesterday on the Scandinavian-American liner Frederick VIII. for Copenhagen to make a tour through Germany, France, and Switzerland in the interests of the opera company.

Herman Taushy, foreign representative of Henry W. Savage, was another passenger on the liner, going abroad in search of new plays.

A Benefit for Russian Actors.

Nicholas Dunaew, a Russian actor of the Vitagraph staff, is organizing a benefit for Russian actors whom the war has impoverished. The entertainment will be given Friday night of next week in the McKinley Square Theatre. Among those who will appear will be Anita Stewart, Earle Williams, Maurice Costello, Flora Finch, Kate Price, Robert Edeson, S. M. Spedon, James Young, and Clara Kimball Young.

S. E. Rogers Century Opera Receiver

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum yesterday granted the request of the Century Opera Company, made on Tuesday, for the appointment of a temporary receiver, and named Saul E. Rogers. The application was presented by Strong & Mellen, attorneys for the company. It bore the signatures of Edwar Kellogg Baird, Andreas Dippel, Roland Holt, Alvin W. Krech, George McAneny, Henry W. Winthrop, Frank W. Vanderlip, Thomas L. Leeming, and Charles H. Strong. The applicants say that the property owned by the company is not sufficient to pay its debts. The receiver will furnish a bond of $5,000.

Aunt Leaves Molineaux Only $500.

The will of Miss Anna Molineaux, who died on May 1, was filed in the office of Surrogate Ketcham in Brooklyn yesterday. She was a sister of General Edward B. Molineaux and an aunt of Roland B. Molineaux. The estate is valued at $12,000. The will leaves $5,000 to each of two nephews, Leslie E. and Cecil S. Molineaux, sons of General Molineaux, and $500 to Roland B. Molineaux. Roland B. Molineaux, who was twice tried for the murder of Mrs. Adams, is in a private sanitarium.

NAVAL WAR GAME STARTS.

Part of the Fleet Now Steaming for Theoretical Attack.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The naval war game between the Atlantic battleship fleet, commanded by Admiral Fletcher, and a theoretical enemy fleet, commanded by Rear Admiral Beatty, beban at midnight tonight. The vessels in Rear Admiral Beatty's fleet are somewhere near the middle of the Atlantic Ocean. Each of his ships represents a division of battleships and battleship cruisers that have been assigned a constructive value for purposes of the war game, and this theoretically powerful fleet, acting as the navy of an assumed foreign nenemy, is heading for some point on the Atlantic coast between Cape Hatteras and Portland, Maine, with the purpose of attempting to bombard some American port and effecting a landing. The duty of Admiral Fletcher's fleet will be "to seek and destroy the enemy."

The armored cruiser Brooklyn carrying Rear Admiral Knight, President of the Naval War College at Newport, who is to umpire the war game, sailed from New York yesterday and will take up position between the two fleets. The Brooklyn will carry two officers, serving as the scout cruiser commanders of the rival fleets, and will be in radio touch with each fleet by different sets of cipher codes, so that neither fleet will be able to understand the other's messages.

SUNDAY CONVERTS TESTIFY.

More Than 5,000 People Attend an Experience Meeting.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., May 19.—One of the first tangible evidences of the work accomplished by Billy Sunday in Paterson was shown today when Homer Rhodeheaver, the choir leader, conducted an "experience" meeting this morning. More than 5,000 people attended and many testified to the peace of mind that their coming to hear the evangelist had brought them.

In his sermon tonight on "The Atonement" Sunday lashed the principles of Unitarianism.

"More battles, both theological and nonsensical, have been fought over the question of atonement," said Sunday, "than over any other question of the Bible. Away with the damnable views of salvation by character and every one won't be saved. The doctrine of universalism crawled out of the pit of hell."

Sunday announced tonight that on tomorrow afternoon he would preach on "The Incarnation of Christ."

"And I invite all the Unitarians to come and hear it," he shouted.

One hundred and twenty-five members of the G. A. R., with their shattered flags, and about 800 Sons of Veterans, with flags and drum corps, attended the meeting tonight. David Rutan, a G. A. R. color bearer, tried to stampede the veterans into hitting the trail, but they refused to follow him.

Obituary Notes.

JAMES EDGAR GOLDEN, chief clerk in charge of the United States mail trains between New York City and Washington, D. C., died on Tuesday at his residence, 13 Spencer Place, Brooklyn, aged 54 years. Mr. Golden was born in New Jersey and had lived in Brooklyn most of his lifetime. His widow survives him.

Mrs. CATHERINE HORAN, widow of Thomas A. Horan, who was one of the most prominent Catholic laymen in Brooklyn and a Director of the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum, died yesterday at her home, 149 Fifty-ninth Street, South Brooklyn, in her eighty-eighth year. Mrs. Horan was the mother of the Rev. Thomas F. Horan of St. Anne's Roman Catholic Church, who will offer a requiem mass at the Roman Catholic Church of Our Lady of Perpetual Help on Saturday. Besides Father Horan, she is survived by another son, Eugene, and two daughters, Sister Mary Louise of the Roman Catholic Order of St. Joseph and Mrs. Andrew J. Robertson.

HENRY B. BUCKINGHAM, for twenty-five years in the employ of the Home Insurance Company and formerly prominent in the Knights of Pythias, having been a Past Chancellor of Black Prince Lodge, 156, died on Tuesday at his home, 1,019 Lefferts Avenue, Morris Park, L. I., aged 61 years. Mr. Buckingham also held for eight years the position of Brigadier General of the State of New York, Uniform Rank, K. of P.

GEORGE McLAUGHLIN, 55 years old, a retired wholesale milk dealer, is dead at his home, 8,782 Bay Twenty-fourth Street, Bath Beach, from Bright's disease.

WILLIAM F. SIMONSON, one of the oldest liverymen in Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at his home, 4,127 Jerome Avenue, Woodhaven, L. I., in his eighty-seventh year.

Mrs. MARIA LOUISE SPENCER, 87 years old, widow of Harvey Husted Spencer, died in St. Mary's Hospital on Tuesday from old age. She lived at 457 Manor Avenue, Woodhaven, L. I., and left two sons.

Mrs. BEATTIE SMITH, a native of Perth, Scotland, and widow of James Smith, died of heart disease on Tuesday at her residence, 1,893 Pacific Street, Brooklyn, aged 88 years.

ALBERT SCHARF, a veteran of the civil war, who lost a leg at the battle of Gettysburg, died in St. John's Hospital on Tuesday at the age of 78 years. Mr. Scharf was a retired hotel proprietor and lived at 915 New York Avenue, Brooklyn.

JAMES T. MOORE, a retired Battalion Chief of the New York Fire Department, died at his home, 1,965 Sixty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday, in his fifty-fourth year. Mr. Moore became a member of the Fire Department thirty years ago and was retired in April, 1914. He left a widow, two daughters, and three sons.

JOHN BROOKS, a retired restaurant keeper, for forty years in business on Grand Street, Brooklyn, died on Tuesday at the home of his daughter, Mrs. P. Friel, 43 Hopkinson Avenue, Brooklyn.

JOSEPH SPERZEL, 35 years old, a salesman in the imported hat trade, died of Bright's disease on Tuesday at his home, 2,396 Catalpa Avenue, Ridgewood.

Mrs. ALMARSIA FLEMING, widow of John Coe Fleming, a commercial traveler, is dead at her home, 981 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, aged 74 years. She is survived by two sons.

WILLIAM H. MURPHY, 28 years old, a broker, for the last ten years in business in Broad Street, died on Tuesday at his residence, 256 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn.

Mrs. MARY T. McROBERTS, who celebrated her ninety-second birthday last week, died on Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Ermina Preston, in Amityville, L. I.

A. F. NORRIS, who had designed more than 400 homes in Montclair and vicinity, died at his home, 78 Union Street, in that city on Tuesday night, in his fifty-fourth year. He was a member of the American Institute of Architecture and is survived by his widow and a son.

Mrs. ELIZABETH BRINCKERHOFF NICHOLS, a daughter of the late General Morris T. Miller and the wife of Colonel William A. Nichols, U. S. A., died in San Francisco, Cal., on Tuesday. She made her home in Rye, N. Y., with Mrs. William G. Nichols.

GEORGE W. DAY, a comedian, living at 400 Manhattan Avenue, died yesterday in the Manhattan Hospital, where he was awaiting an operation. He was born in this city in 1864 and was taken ill in Topeka, Kan., where he was appearing in vaudeville with his daughter and Jack McBride.

JACOB KATZ, German and Hebrew interpreter of the Fifth District Municipal Court, died on Tuesday at his home, 160 East Seventy-second Street. He was a native of Germany and was 68 years old. Mr. Katz was a Mason and a member of the Knights of Pythias. His widow, three sons, and three daughters survive him.

CARROLL SCHUYLER MATHEWS, son of F. Schuyler Mathews, the naturalist, died on Tuesday at his home in Cambridge, Mass., in his twenty-first year. His father was formerly a resident of this city, and his mother before marriage was Miss Caroline Maynard, a daughter of George W. Maynard of Morristown, N. J.

Mrs. HENRIETTA LOUISA ATKINSON, one of the few women printing contractors of this city, died on Tuesday at her home, 807 Summit Avenue, Jersey City. She was 73 years old and is survived by three daughters.

JOHN O. MORSE, 55 years old, for fifteen years an employe of the Post Office in Middletown, N. Y., dropped dead yesterday as he was stamping letters. He is survived by his widow.

JAMES CARTER PETTIT, a wealthy retired resident of East Orange, N. J., died at his home, 77 South Munn Avenue, yesterday. He was born in Newark sixty-six years ago. Early in life Mr. Pettit was organist for the First and Second South Presbyterian Churches, Newark, and active in musical organizations of that city. For a quarter of a century Mr. Pettit was paying teller of the National Park Bank, New York. He retired twenty years ago. A daughter, Mrs. William H. Dane, and a brother, Frank A. Pettit, survive.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

David W. Griffith, who produced the feature film, "The Birth of a Nation," now being shown in the Liberty, has announced "The Quest of the Holy Grail" as the title of his next picture. Mr. Griffith has long been an admirer of Edwin A. Abbey's pictures in the Boston Library, and has made several trips there this Spring to study them with a view of weaving a scenario about them. Work on the picture will be begun early next month, and several leading romantic actors will act for it.

GEN. T. H. HUBBARD, FINANCIER, DEAD

Backer of Rear Admiral Peary Succumbs at His Home in His 77th Year.

A VETERAN OF CIVIL WAR

Lawyer and Associate of Late C. P. Huntington Was a Director in Railroads and Banks.

General Thomas Hamlin Hubbard, civil war veteran, lawyer and director in many railroads and financial institutions, died early yesterday morning in his home at 16 West Fifty-eighth Street, in his seventy-seventh year. Although a man of many activities, he had come before the public eye in late years no more prominently than as the President of the Peary Arctic Club, which helped finance Peary in his successful north pole quest, and as one of the principal supporters of Rear Admiral Peary in the Cook controversy. One of Peary's first acts on arriving in this country under the shadow of the Cook claims in 1909 was to go to Portland, Me., and place in General Hubbard's hands his proofs of the pole discovery. General Hubbard thereafter was in charge of Peary's side of the controversy.

General Hubbard was born in Hallowell, Me., He was the second son of John Hubbard, who had been Governor of Maine and during whose tenure of that office the Maine liquor law was passed by the Legislature. The son was prepared for college in his native town and entered Bowdoin College in 1853, being graduated in 1857 and receiving the degrees of B. A. and M. A. in due course.

Then he took up the study of law in Hallowell and, after being admitted to practice to Maine, attended lectures in the Albany Law School, afterward being admitted to the New York bar and entering the office of Barney, Butler & Parsons.

He had been practicing only a short time when the civil war started. In 1862 he went to the front with the 25th Maine Volunteers as First Lieutenant and Adjutant. On July 11, 1863, he was mustered out, but immediately reenlisted He was engaged in raising the 13th Regiment of Volunteers and was commissioned Lieutenant Colonel of that regiment. His service in the war was active and in some respects unusual. He helped construct the famous Red River Dam, which raised the river water sufficiently to float out the Federal gunboats. He also took part in the bridging of the Atchafalaya River with a line of boats for the passage of troops. In 1864 he was made Colonel of his regiment and soon afterward was transferred to the Shenandoah Valley, where he served through 1864-5, also acting as President of the Court Martial.

After the review of his command in Washington in April, 1865, he was ordered to Savannah, Ga., where he conducted a board for examining volunteer officers who desired to enter the regular service. He was commissioned brevet Brigadier General in July of that year and soon afterward left the service.

General Hubbard returned to the practice of the law in New York, becoming a member of the firm of Butler, Stillman & Hubbard, with which he continued until 1894, when he gave up active practice and devoted his time to many business interests.

He was associated for several years with the late Collis P. Huntington and served as First Vice President of the Southern Pacific, being also concerned in other of the so-called Huntington properties. He was twice offered the Presidency of the Southern Pacific. He was President of the Pacific Improvement Company, President of the International Banking Corporation, which acted as the agent of the United States in collecting the Boxer indemnity from China; President of the Guatemala Central Railroad, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the American Light and Traction Company, and a Director of the National Bank of Commerce of New York, Equitable Trust Company, Wabash Railroad Company, the Toledo, St. Louis & Western Railroad Company, Western Union Telegraph Company, Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, and other companies.

Among the clubs to which he belonged were the Army and Navy Club, the Union League of New York, Metropolitan, Century, Republican, Riding, Lawyers' and Downtown. He was for four years Commander of the New York Commandery of the Loyal Legion of the United States and for two years President of the New England Society in New York. He had served as Trustee of Bowdoin College, to which he presented a library building, and Trustee of the Albany Law School, where he endowed a chair for instruction in legal ethics.

General Hubbard was married in 1868 to Sibyl A. Fahnestock of Harrisburg, Penn., who survives him. The children are John Hubbard, Miss Anna Hubbard, and Mrs. H. S. Darlington.

BOY RIDES A PORPOISE.

Movies at Dinner Here Show Incidents of Fishing Trip.

A fish dinner, accompanied with motion pictures of fish, mounted fish, and fish stories, was given at the Hotel Astor last night in honor of their New York City friends by a party of young fishermen and fisherwomen who had just arrived here from Florida and Delaware with the fish, which were served at the dinner.

The motion pictures showed how members of the fishing party had been jerked from their canoe by six-pound shad. In one picture a negro boy was seen jumping from the canoe to get astride a porpoise that was harpooned. The youngster kept his seat until he got a ducking. Some of those at the dinner were George H. Clifford, Arthur B. Young, M. Kensington, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Culver, Miss Jeannette Dreyfus, and Miss Adelaide Cruikshank.

$5,000 for Broken Knee Cap.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 19.—A jury in the Supreme Court today awarded a verdict for $5,000 damages to Bernard O'Rourke of East Chester against the McMullen, Snare & Triest Company, for a broken knee cap. O'Rourke, who sued for $15,000 damages, was employed in subway construction work at 125th Street and Lexington Avenue, Manhattan. A fifteen-ton rock which had been loosened by a blast lodged half way down the side of the cut. O'Rourke was ordered to drill through it and while doing so it became dislodged and rolled to the bottom of the cut, pinning the workman's leg beneath it.

Rev. Dr. Robert J. Floody.

WORCESTER, Mass., May 19.—The Rev. Dr. Robert J. Floody, who originated the plan of garden city work for boys and girls, died today from grip and bronchitis after a long illness. He was a native of Cartwright, Canada, and had pastorates in Gladwin, Mich., and in Boston before coming to Worcester. He was a graduate of Albion College. While pastor of Immanuel Church in Worcester he developed the garden city plan, which extended into many cities of this country and Canada.

Major Arthur M. Greene.

TROY, N. Y., May 19.—Major Arthur M. Greene, a former resident of Andover, Mass., and Philadelphia, died here today at the home of his son, Professor Arthur M. Greene, Jr., one of the Faculty of Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute. Major Greene, who was 76 years old, served with the Fiftieth Massachusetts Volunteers at the outbreak of the civil war, and was subsequently Major of the 127th United States colored troops. After the war he went to Philadelphia, where for many years he was a prominent contractor.

ADDICKS PUT IN JAIL AGAIN.

Fails to Get $18,000 Bail in Contempt Proceedings.

Bent and feeble and looking even older than his 73 years, J. Edward Addicks was taken to Ludlow Street Jail again yesterday and locked up. He had failed to get $18,000 bail imposed in the contempt proceedings against him. When Mr. Addicks was at the height of his business and political fame in Delaware his wealth was said to exceed $10,000,000. Now he apparently is unable to pay the judgment of less than $16,000 obtained against him by Hiram W. Burton. His refusal to be examined in supplemental proceedings led to the order for his arrest.

Mr. Addicks, who had been in the custody for two Deputy Sheriffs since Monday, talked yesterday morning with Clifford C. Roberts of 27 Cedar Street, and when the talk was ended he said that he had given up all hope of getting bail. Mr. Roberts is the counsel for Walter R. Addicks, a brother of the prisoner and a Director of the Consolidated Gas Company.

When he was waiting in the Sheriff's office Mr. Addicks boasted of his good health and fine physique, and said he expected to live until he was 150 years old. He laughed when he said it, as though he recognized the thought as being funny.

The prisoner will be taken to court tomorrow on the contempt charge. He can clear himself by consenting to the examination in supplemental proceedings or by paying the money due on the judgment.

FEIN DENIES 'SQUEALING.'

Former Gang Leader Reassures His Followers Through Newspapers.

Benjamin Fein, known among gangsters as Dopey Benny, was questioned by newspaper reports in the Tombs yesterday for the first time since he confessed to District Attorney Perkins.

Fein sent for the reporters to deny that he was a "squealer." He said he wanted his former gang associates on the east side to know that he wasn't telling their names, but only the names of labor leaders against whom he bore a grudge.

"They tried to frame me up on the extortion charge on which they had me arrested," he said. "They knew I knew too much and they thought they had better get me out of the way. So with treacherous methods they lured me into a case where it appeared that I was trying to extort money from one of them, and then they called in the police and District Attorney."

Officials of Cleveland, Ohio, telegraphed to the District Attorney yesterday. They wanted to know who hired thugs furnished by Fein and others for service in strikes in Cleveland.

Plimpton Treasures to be Shown.

The Trustees of the New York Public Library have issued invitations to a private view next Tuesday evening, May 25, from 8 to 10 o'clock, of an exhibition of manuscripts, books, portraits, and needlework from the library of George A. Plimpton of this city. The exhibition relates to the education of women from 300 A. D. to the present time, and is considered the most important collection of its kind in this country, if not in the world. The occasion also commemorates the twenty-fifth anniversary of the opening of Barnard College of Columbia University. Mr. Plimpton has been for years Treasurer of Barnard, and is also President of the Board of Trustees of Amherst College. The main exhibition room of the library will be devoted to the display of objects.

Plan a Memorial to Arthur Hoeber.

Special to The New York Times.

NUTLEY, N. J., May 19.—Friends in the local art colony of Arthur Hoeber, painter and critic, who died a few weeks ago, are behind a movement to have a memorial of him in the Free Public Library here. It will consist of a representative Hoeber canvas hung over a shelf of books on art, to be selected by a committee of artists. It is expected that the books will form the nucleus of an Arthur Hoeber art library. Those interested in the project include Guy Du Bois, W. L. T. Armstrong, William Eville, F. I. Bennett, I. B. Hazleton, Edgar Sargeant, A. J. Elder, and Earle Stetson Crawford.

CITY BREVITIES.

A concert for the benefit of the children of killed or disabled French officers will be held this evening at the Women's Cosmopolitan Club.

Carl Anderson, a painter, of 33 Buffalo Avenue, was killed yesterday by falling a hundred feet from the Brooklyn end of the Williamsburg Bridge, where he was working.

A delegation of Washington Heights taxpayers complained yesterday to the Public Service Commission of inadequate elevator service at the 168th Street Station of the Subway.

William H. McElroy will speak at the opening of the Authors' Club sale for the benefit of the Belgian sufferers at 2:30 P. M. today in the Anderson Galleries.

Harry Bentel, a cabaret performer, was held in $5,000 bail yesterday by United States Commissioner Houghton, charged with violating the white slave act. His accuser is Gertrude Thomson, who came here from Philadelphia with Bentel.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married

ABBOT—HARDING.—On May 19, 1915, by the Rev. George Clarke Houghton, D. D., rector of the Church of the Transfiguration, Jean Forster Harding to Charles Kempton Abbot, both of Atlantic City, N. J.

COLIE—EDGAR.—At the home of the bride, Nutley, N. J., on May 19, 1915, by the Rev. Cornelius Brett, D. D., Louise Huntington, daughter of Mrs. Howard Edgar, to Runyon Colie.

POLLARD—CARR.—May 18, 1915, Carrie B. Carr to Charles W. Pollard, both of Philadelphia, Penn.

Brooklyn.

McGUINNESS — DOBBINS.—May 18, Ethel E. Dobbins to Richard C. McGuinness.

SCHMIDT—WISSNER.—May 19, Helen K. Wissner to Edward C. Schmidt.

Long Island.

ROBARY—HOCK.—May 16, Astoria, Lillian M. Hock to Charles C. Robary.

Died

ABBOTT.—On Tuesday, May 18, 1915, at 5:40 P. M., at his residence, 150 West 105th St., Robert Abbott, husband of Eliza Nightingale, in his 78th year. Funeral services at the Scotch Presbyterian Church, 96th St. and Central Park West, Friday, May 21, at 1:30 P. M. Interment private. By his wish, please omit flowers.

AUERBACH.—On Wednesday, May 19, at her home, Hotel Newton, 2,528 Broadway, Josephine Binger, widow of Benny Auerbach, in her 83d year. Funeral private.

BRIGGS.—At San Antonio, Texas, Tuesday, May 18, James Harvey Briggs, in his 64th year. Funeral services at San Antonio, Texas. Boston and Nantucket papers please copy.

BLAUVELT.—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Wednesday, May 19, 1915, Martin Blauvelt, in his 69th year. Funeral service at his late residence, 3 Robbins Place, Yonkers, Friday evening, at 7:30. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery, Paterson, N. J., Saturday, at 2:30 P. M.

BUCKINGHAM.—On Tuesday, May 18, 1915, Henry B. Buckingham, aged 61 years. Relatives and friends invited to attend the funeral services at his late residence, 1,019 Lefferts Av., Morris Park, L. I., on Friday, the 21st inst., at 8:30 o'clock.

CHADWICK.—Mrs. Jane Botts, on Wednesday, May 19, widow of Henry Chadwick, in her 96th year, at the home of her son-in-law, William C. Edwards, 881 Park Place, Brooklyn. Funeral services 2 P. M. Friday.

CHATFIELD.—Suddenly, on May 19, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. D. M. McLaughlin, 839 Park Place, Harriet Taylor, wife of the late Charles N. Chatfield. Funeral services will be held at the above address Friday evening, May 21, at 8 o'clock, Interment at Bridgeport, Conn.

COHN.—On Tuesday, May 18, Dr. Sigismund Cohn, beloved husband of Frances Cohn, father of Florence. Funeral at his late residence, 16 East 96th St., Thursday, May 20, 10 A. M.

DALTON.—On May 19, at his residence, 2,728 Broadway, John J. Dalton, in the 73d year of his age. Funeral Friday morning at 10 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

DAY.—George, aged 51. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d, (Campbell Building,) Friday morning, 11 o'clock.

DONALD.—After a lingering illness, Eliza Mackie Donald, in her 86th year. Relatives and friends are invited to the funeral services at the residence of her son, James M. Donald, 27 West 74th St., Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Friday at Greenwood.

HUBBARD.—At his residence, 16 West 58th Street, on Wednesday, May 19, Thomas Hamlin Hubbard, in the seventy-seventh year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Madison Square Presbyterian Church on Saturday morning, May 22, at 10 o'clock.

HUBBARD.—Association of the Bar of the City of New York, 42 West 44th St. May 19, 1915. The President and Officers and Executive Committee of the Association have been appointed a committee to represent the Association at the funeral of the late General Thomas H. Hubbard, to be held at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner Madison Av. and 24th St., on Saturday, May 22, 1915, at 10 A. M. They are requested to meet in the vestibule of the Church at 9:45 A. M.
S. B. BROWNELL, Secretary.

JONAS.—On Tuesday, May 18, at his residence, 2 West 89th St., Louis August Jonas, beloved husband of Louise Jonas. Funeral at the convenience of the family.

KATZ.—Jacob, beloved husband of Caroline, father of Mark J., Herman J., Maurice J., Rea Meyer, Henriette Hofeld, and Jeanette Katz, passed away suddenly at 12:10 A. M., May 18. Funeral from his late residence, 160 East 72d St., at 1 P. M. sharp, on Thursday, May 20. Relatives, friends, and members of Navigator Lodge, No. 232, F. and A. M.; Franklin Lodge, No. 447, F. and A. M.; Mozart Lodge, No. 38, K. of P.; Rogowet Society, B. S., and Justice Benevolent Association are invited to attend. Omit flowers.

KETCHAM.—Suddenly at Tupper Lake, N. Y., May 17, 1915, Frank Vermilyea Ketcham, son of Mary A. and the late George E. Ketcham of Yonkers, N. Y. Funeral at his late residence, 148 North Broadway, Yonkers, on Thursday morning, May 20, at 11:30. Conveyances will meet the 10:45 train from Grand Central Terminal and train arriving at Yonkers at 11:19 from the North.

KOCH.—On May 18, Emilie Koch, (nee Knapp,) wife of the late Herman Koch, in her 51st year. Funeral services Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 1,167 Washington Av., Bronx. Funeral Thursday, May 20, 1 P. M. Interment Lutheran.

KOLB.—On May 18, 1915, after a short illness, Bernhard Kolb, our beloved father and grandfather, in his 76th year. Relatives, friends, also the Church Council members and Young Men's Association of St. Peter's Lutheran Church; Navigator Lodge, No. 232, F. and A. M.; Feuerbach and Friedens Lodge, I. O. O. F.; Euphernia Lodge, No. 440, K. and L. of H.; New York Undertakers' Association, New York Maennerchor, and House Owners' Association of the 12th and 19th Wards are respectfully invited. Services Friday evening, May 21, at 8 o'clock, at St. Peter's Lutheran Church, 54th St. and Lexington Av. Interment private.

LAVANBURG.—On Wednesday, May 19, Milly Lavanburg, widow of Simon Lavanburg, in the 68th year of her age. Funeral service will be held at the Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St., on Friday morning, May 21, at 9:30 o'clock.

LEHMAN.—May 18, Marie Lea Lehman, (nee Ballacey,) beloved wife of Charles Lehman. Funeral Thursday from McLarney's Funeral Parlors, Lexington Av. and 65th St. Requiem mass at St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington Av. and 66th St., at 10 A. M. New Orleans and Morgan City, La., papers please copy.

LEVIN.—On Wednesday, May 19, at New Canaan, Conn., Emma Benson, wife of the late Martin H. Levin. Notice of funeral hereafter.

LE VINO.—Minna, Wednesday, May 19, 1915, beloved mother of Monroe, Benjamin, Claudia, and Selma. Funeral Friday, May 21, from 135 East 79th St. at 10 A. M.

MARCUS.—At his residence, Caldwell, N. J., May 18, 1915, in his 53d year, Jacob M., beloved husband of Harriet Marcus and son of the late Solomon and Hannah S. Marcus. Funeral services at 2 P. M., Friday, May 21, at Washington Cemetery, Brooklyn.

MASON.—On May 18, Elizabeth Mason, mother of Stephen, Joseph, and Elizabeth Mason. Service Thursday, May 20, at 8 P. M., at her late residence, 231 East 79th St. Interment Friday, 1 P. M., Greenwood Cemetery.

MASON.—James Kent, on Wednesday, May 19, at his residence, 318 West 89th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MAY.—On Wednesday, May 19, 1915, at 7:20 o'clock A. M., Fernand Francois, aged 49 years, a native of Montreal, Canada, and a resident of New Orleans, La., for the past twenty-nine years. Interment New Orleans, La. Montreal, Canada; Paris, France, and Nottingham, England, papers please copy.

MECABE.—On Wednesday, May 19, Eloise P. S., wife of Frederick Wilbur Mecabe and daughter of the late Frederick and Juliette Crommelin Sherwood. Funeral from her late residence, 244 Berkeley Av., Orange, Friday, at 3:15 o'clock.

MINTURN.—In London, England, on Tuesday, Feb. 9, 1915, Hugh Minturn, youngest son of the late Robert Bowne Minturn, in the 33d year of his age. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Holy Communion, corner of 6th Av. and 20th St., on Friday morning, May 21, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment private. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent.

MOORE.—On May 19, 1915, Elizabeth C., widow of Major J. A. Moore, aged 70 years. Funeral services at the residence of her son, Dr. J. L. Moore, 175 6th Av., Brooklyn, Friday evening, May 21, at 8 o'clock. Friends invited to attend.

MORAL.—On Tuesday, May 18, Hannah, widow of Meyer Moral and beloved mother of Harriet and Estelle M. Altmayer, in her 75th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, 312 Manhattan Av., Friday, May 21, at 11 A. M.

NEAFIE.—On Tuesday, May 18, 1915, Sarah Elizabeth Acker, widow of Stephen Personett Neafie, in her 83d year. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Clark Bogert, 70 West 93d St., Thursday at 2 P. M.

NICHOLS.—New York, May 18, 1915. Elizabeth Brinckerhoff Nichols, May 17, 1915, in the 57th year of her age, at San Francisco, Cal., wife of Colonel William A. Nichols, United States Army, daughter of the late General Morris S. Miller. Interment Elmwood Cemetery, Detroit. Notice of date hereafter.

NICHOLS.—The Colonial Dames of the State of New York announce with regret the death on May 17, 1915, of Mrs. William A. Nichols, a member of the society.
KATHERINE M. BEEKMAN, President.
THERESE K. THORNE, Recording Secretary.

NORRIS.—At Montclair, N. J., on Tuesday, May 18, 1915, Albert Francis, husband of Julie Coffin Norris. Funeral service at his late home, 77 Elm St., Montclair, on Friday, May 21, at 10:30 A. M. Interment private.

PETTIT.—After a lingering illness, at East Orange, N. J., May 19, 1915, James Carter Pettit in his 66th year. Funeral services will be held at his home, 77 South Munn Av., Friday, May 21, 3 P. M.

POMEROY.—May 19, Lina Pomeroy, at the home of her niece, Mrs. J. F. Stueck, 352 East 201st St. Funeral services Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

RICHARDSON.—Suddenly, at Newark, N. J., on Tuesday, May 18, 1915, Willis S., husband of Danelia Richardson. Funeral services at his home, 85 South 10th St., Friday afternoon, May 21, at 3:30 o'clock. Interment in Fairmount Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

PICKETT.—Suddenly, May 19, John A. Pickett, 61 years. Funeral services from the Flatbush Congregational Church, Dorchester Road and East 18th St., Brooklyn, Friday, May 21, 5 P. M. Please omit flowers.

SMITH.—At Smithtown, L. I., May 18, Anna Brower, wife of Theron L. Smith and daughter of the late Benjamin B. and Mary D. Blydenburgh. Funeral on Friday, at 2 o'clock, from her late residence.

ROPER.—On May 19, at Norfolk, Va., Isabelle Place Hayward, wife of George W. Roper.

SPERZEL.—On Tuesday, May 18, after a lingering illness, Joseph Sperzel, beloved brother of Josephine Zickler, Henry Sperzel, and Anthony Sperzel, in his 35th year. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services on Friday, 8:30 A. M., from his late home, 2,396 Catalpa Av., Ridgewood, Brooklyn; from there to St. Matthias's Church, where a requiem mass will be celebrated for the repose of his soul. Interment St. John's Cemetery.

VERMEULE.—On May 18, 1915, John D. Vermeule, in his 94th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 101 Clinton Av., New Brighton, S. I., Friday, May 21, on arrival of boat leaving New York at 3:20 P. M. Interment Greenwood at convenience of family.

WALLIN.—Andrew, in his 84th year, at his residence, Easthampton, Conn.

BIESENTHAL.—Julius, 622 East 182d St., May 18. Funeral today.

BRESLIN.—Ephraim, 125 West 46th St., May 17, aged 52.

CALLAGHAN.—John, 451 West 17th St., May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:45 A. M.

COAN.—George, 328 East 29th St., May 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CORRIGAN.—William, May 17. Funeral 69 8th Av.

ECHEVERRIA.—Alexander P., 526 West 152d St., May 17.

ELLIOTT.—Julia, 529 West 111th St., May 18. Funeral tomorrow.

FRANK.—Pearl, 502 East 17th St., May 17. Funeral today, 11 A. M.

GRIFFIN.—Sarah M., 446 West 164th St., May 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HALL.—Mary A., 1,277 Hoe Av., Bronx, May 18. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

HERRICK.—Margaret, 139 East 43d St., May 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

HUBBARD.—Thomas H., 16 West 58th St., May 19, aged 77. Funeral May 22, 10 A. M.

HYMAN.—Harry, 540 West 122d St., May 18. Funeral private.

IVES.—George D., May 17, aged 84. Funeral 171 8th Av.

JAHN.—Lina, Fort Wadsworth, S. I., May 18. Funeral notice later.

JOHANNSEN.—Peter W., 1,727 2d Av., May 17, aged 45.

JONES.—Hanora, 596 St. Ann's Av., Bronx, May 18. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

KENNY.—Sarah, 270 Spring St., May 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

KOCH.—Emilie, 1,167 Washington Av., Bronx, May 18. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

KRAEMER.—Adam, 1,585 1st Av., May 18, aged 90. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

KRUHMING.—Gertrude, 307 East 88th St., May 17.

McDONALD.—Josephine, 2,259 Houghton Av., Bronx, May 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

McGUIRE.—Mary, 424 West 47th St., May 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

MACMILLAN.—Lucille, 95 Brandt Place, May 18. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

MAIER.—Frederick, 493 East 162d St., May 18, aged 76. Funeral service today.

MECABE.—Sarah E., May 17, aged 83. Funeral 954 Amsterdam Av., today, 11 A. M.

MULLIGAN.—John, 430 West 17th St., May 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

O'HARA.—Ignatius, 176 East 88th St., May 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

PENDERGAST.—John, 739 Greenwich St., May 17.

POLSTER.—Charles, 455 West 16th St., May 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

SEIDMAN.—Fannie, 1,673 2d Av., May 18. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

STEINIGER.—Francis H., 566 West 162d St., May 17.

VOGT.—John, 377 Hudson St., May 17. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

WHALEN.—Mary T., 414 East 137th St., May 18. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

Brooklyn.

ASHTON.—Irving B., 147 Washington Av., May 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ATKINS.—William, 1,000 39th St., May 18, aged 62.

BROOKS.—John, 43 Hopkinson Av., May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

BUCKINGHAM.—Henry B., 1,019 Lefferts Av., May 18, aged 61.

BURKE.—John, 493 Atlantic Av., May 17. Funeral today.

CHATFIELD.—Harriet T., 839 Park Place, May 19. Funeral notice later.

CHRISTENSEN.—Lewis, 1,264 57th St., May 18, aged 38.

CONNORS.—John, 628 Myrtle Av., May 17. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DENNY.—Eugene F., 34 4th St., May 17, aged 35.

DEWEY.—Owen G., Flushing, May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

ELSTROTH.—Emma, 53 Weirfield St., May 17. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

FERGUSON.—Sarah, 181 Montauk Av., May 18. Funeral today.

FLEMING.—Almarsia, 981 Flatbush Av., May 18. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

GILFEATHER.—Jane, 64 South Elliott Place, May 18, aged 83. Funeral today.

GOLDEN.—James E., 13 Spencer Place, May 18. Funeral service today, 2 P. M.

GROSSKOPF.—Elizabeth, 1,558 Pacific St., May 18, aged 76. Funeral tomorrow.

HOGAN.—John J., 1,213 56th St., May 18. Funeral today, 10 A. M.

HORAN.—Catherine, 449 59th St., May 19. Funeral May 22, 9:30 A. M.

KRUEPFER.—Conrad J., Jr., 185 Pearl St., May 17.

LARSEN.—Anna, 104 St. Mark's Place, May 18, aged 13. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

MEYNE.—Anna M., 6,900 3d Av., May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

MICHAELSON.—John, 185 India St., May 18, aged 40. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

MOORE.—James T., 1,965 68th St., May 18, aged 54. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

MURPHY.—William H., 256 6th Av., May 17, aged 28.

NOONAN.—Kathryn, 341 43d St., May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

O'DONNELL.—Thomas, 1,094 Prospect Place, May 19. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

OSSWALD.—Andreas, 15 Chestnut St., May 19. Funeral service tomorrow.

ROLL.—Conrad L., 314 Graham Av., May 18. Funeral tomorrow.

SCHARF.—Albert, 915 New York Av., May 18. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

SMITH.—Frank E., 611 Wythe Av., May 17.

TOMBURELLO.—Annie, 83 Douglass St., May 17, aged 18.

Hoboken, Jersey City, and Newark.

BACKUS.—Minnie, 353 8th St., May 18. Funeral service today.

BEST.—William, Jersey City, May 17.

BRENSINGER.—Ida J., 58 Van Riepen Av., Jersey City, May 19.

CLIMP.—Rachel A., 445 York St., Jersey City, May 19. Funeral service tomorrow.

DEAN.—Edith M., Newark, May 18.

GUILFOY.—James J., 215 Harrison St., Jersey City, May 17.

HERITAGE.—Ruth, 120 North St., Jersey City, May 17, aged 5.

HICKEY.—Andrew, 480 Ocean Av., Jersey City, May 18, aged 18. Funeral today, 8 A. M.

HINGSTE.—John, 110 Monroe St., Hoboken, May 17, aged 63.

KRUEGER.—Arthur J., 55 Frankford St., Newark, May 19, aged 6 months.

LENEHAN.—Mary, 382 High St., Newark, May 19.

MARSHALL.—Ellen, 1,125 Summit Av., Jersey City, May 17, aged 62. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

OLMSTEAD.—Mary J., 328 1st St., Jersey City, May 17, aged 44.

REILLY.—Bridget D., 11 Wallace St., Newark, May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 8 A. M.

RICHARDSON.—Willis S., 85 South 10th St., Newark, May 18. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

SCHNARR.—William H., 185 4th St., Newark, May 18, aged 19. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

SEEBERG.—Rebecca W., Hoboken, May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

SHEA.—Thomas, 261 11th St., Hoboken, May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

SNYDER.—Raymond, 63 Jefferson St., Hoboken, May 17.

SPADER.—Jacob P., 117 Ogden Av., Jersey City, May 17, aged 83.

TEUFEL.—Marie, Newark, May 19, aged 25.

VEGHTE. — Annie, 578 Ridge St., Newark, May 18. Funeral tomorrow.

WALSH. — John, 27 Bridge St., Newark, May 18.

WURST. — Caroline, 77 Lillie St., Newark, May 18. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

Long Island.

BICK.—Harry, Richmond Hill, May 16, aged 76.

DALY.—Catherine M., 113 5th St., Long Island City, May 16, aged 29.

DISTLER.—Charles, Rocky Hill Road, Queens, May 16, aged 12.

DORAN.—James J., Corona, May 17, aged 4.

FRICK.—Catherine, College Point, May 17, aged 3 months.

GALLAGHER.—Rebecca, Elmhurst, May 17. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.

HAUER.—Joseph J., Woodhaven, May 17, aged 62. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

IRVING.—David, 446 2d Av., Long Island City, May 17, aged 86.

JAYNE.—S. Amelia, Baldwin, May 19, aged 70. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

KROGEL.—Pauline, Corona, May 17, aged 65.

McROBERTS.—Mary T., Amityville, May 18. Funeral May 22, 10:30 A. M.

MANNING.—Thomas J., 193 William St., Long Island City, May 17, aged 60.

MAYER.—Anna, College Point, May 16, aged 3.

MEINCKE.—Marie, South Ozone Park, May 17, aged 42. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

NEGRO.—Louisa, Jamaica, May 17, aged 1.

PREDENTI.—Josephine, 57 4th St., Long Island City, May 26.

ROSS.—Clinton, Union Course, May 16.

SIMONSON.—William F., Woodhaven, May 18, aged 87. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

STEINBERG.—Bertha, Far Rockaway, May 16, aged 70.

TUCHILLA.—William, Jamaica, May 17.

In Memoriam

CHERONNET-CHAMPOLLION. — Killed in action on March 23, in the Forest of Le Pretre, France, Andre Cheronnet-Champollion, beloved husband of Adelaide Cheronnet-Champollion, in the 35th year of his age. Memorial service in St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Av. and 44th St., Thursday afternoon, May 20, at 4 o'clock.

CHERONNET-CHAMPOLLION.—Alumni Association of St. Paul's School, Concord, N. H. There will be a memorial service at St. Bartholomew's Church, Madison Av. and 44th St., at 4 o'clock of the afternoon of Thursday, May 20, for Andre Cheronnet-Champollion ('96-'98,) who was killed at the front while fighting in the French Army. The alumni of St. Paul's School are invited to be present.
J. H. COIT, Pres. N. Y. Branch S. P. S. A. A.

HARVARD CLUB
OF NEW YORK CITY.
Seats will be reserved for members of the Harvard Club at the memorial services for Andre Cheronnet-Champollion, 1902, on Thursday, May 20, at 4 P. M., at St. Bartholomew's Church. Members will meet in front of the Church at 3:50 P. M.
LANGDON P. MARVIN, Secretary.

McMAHON.—The Right Rev. Denis J., D. D., late Spiritual Director of the councils of New York, Society of St. Vincent de Paul. Solemn mass of requiem at the Cathedral on Friday, May 21, at 9:30 o'clock. Friends are respectfully invited.

SANFORD.—Sarah A., in memory of; died May 20, 1914.

VANCE.—John, at sea, Friday, May 7. A memorial service will be held at St. Peter's Church, 20th St., west of 8th Av., at 8 o'clock Friday evening, May 21, 1915. Friends are kindly invited to attend. Members of the Young Men's Bible Class and Club of St. Peter's Church are requested to be present.
EDWARD WILSON, President.
GARRET S. WRIGHT, Jr., Secretary.

CONNEELY - DALY. — Annie, mass, St. James's Church, Newark, N. J., today, 9 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL 241-3 W. 23d St.
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CEMETERIES.

KENSICO CEMETERY
Before buying see Kensico. 54 minutes' ride from Grand Central Terminal. Ask for information at City Office, 103 Park Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 1842.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley. Office, 20 East 23d St., New York.

GOLD IMPORTS FAIL TO HELP EXCHANGE

Dollar Here Worth 5.36 1-4 Francs in Paris as $2,500,000 Reaches New York.

RECORD OF A GENERATION

Bank of France Has Sent Over $9,500,000 Since May 4—War Crisis Puts Italian Lire at 5.88½.

Lazard Frères received from Paris, yesterday, $2,500,000 in gold, which was deposited at the Sub-Treasury, and they announced that $2,500,000 had been engaged at Ottawa for shipment to New York. This will bring the aggregate of gold imports since Jan. 1, up to $65,343,000. Of this, $9,500,000 has been brought from France, beginning with $2,000,000 on May 4.

Another engagement from Ottawa, from the special reserve of the Bank of England, is expected. Cables on Tuesday from London stated that the Bank of England had released $5,000,000 of its Canadian gold for transfer to New York and yesterday's consignment is understood to have been half of the specified amount. Nearly all the shipments from the Dominion's capital for several months are believed to have been for the account of the Bank of France.

The importation of gold is not advancing the rates of exchange on European centers, however. On the contrary, when yesterday's engagements were announced, Paris exchange was sinking to the lowest figure touched in a generation or more, following a substantial decline on Tuesday. A dollar, at the minimum quotation, was worth 5 francs 36¼ centimes for transfer to Paris by cable, as compared with 5 francs 34¾ centimes when business ended the day before. On May 1 the quotation was 5.32½. The Paris draft rate also declined sharply, with the lowest quotation at 5.36¾. The normal rate is 5.18½.

Demand sterling at 4.78⅝ was lower than on the previous day, although figures somewhat under this have been touched before during this year. Russian roubles were quoted at 39 cents, which is 11 cents below the normal level and a new low record for many years. Berlin exchange was steady around 82¾ cents for four marks. For weeks reichsmark rates have flutuated within a narrow limit, the explanation being that since Germany has not been able to purchase supplies on a broad scale in this country, credit relations between New York and Berlin have not been subjected to the same perplexities as those between this city and London and Paris. At yesterday's figures sight drafts on Berlin were more than half a cent to the mark above the minimum price for the year. The normal exchange rate is 95⅛. Quotations for lire moved strongly against Rome, influenced by indications that Italy would soon join the Allies. The minimum price was 5.88½, as compared with 5.85 on Tuesday.

HANVEY LIBRARY SOLD.

Collection Included First Editions and Manuscripts of Field.

The sale of first editions, manuscripts, and letters of Eugene Field and other important books and manuscripts from the library of the late Frank L. Hanvey of Washington, D. C., was sold by Scott & O'Shaughnessy at the Collector's Club, 30 East Forty-second Street, yesterday.

James F. Drake paid $39 for an autograph letter of Field, dated Chicago, June 26, 1887, and $38 for a Field manuscript, "A Diagram for the Information and Edification of Mr. B. H. Ticknor."

George D. Smith paid $195 for Field's manuscript poem, "Ye Divell & Ye Miller Hys Wiffe," accompanied by a letter of Field to the publisher of "Culture's Garland." Mr. Drake gave $80 for "Echoes from the Sabine Farm," one of only thirty copies printed on Japan paper, and privately issued for Francis Wilson for presentation to friends and autographed by him.

Mr. Drake obtained for $79 a manuscript poem of three stanzas of ten verses each, dated Chicago, Oct. 9, 1891, and entitled "The Singing in God's Acre." He also gave $151 for another manuscript poem of three stanzas of eight verses, entirely in the poet's hand, and signed by him. It is dated Hanover, Nov. 4, 1889, and entitled "Some Time." L. M. Thompson gave $42.50 for "The Symbol and the Spirit," inscribed "A Merry Christmas to you, dear Cowen. Eugene Field, 1886." It is one of only a few copies issued.

The total was $2,119.

BUSINESS MAN DISAPPEARS.

Feared Disgrace of Failure, but His Friends Paid His Debts.

A business man of Loraine, Ga., found himself facing bankruptcy last Thursday, and because the strain of the situation was too much for him he fled from his home rather than face the disgrace of a business failure.

All that his family could learn of his possible whereabouts was in a note he wrote on leaving. The note stated that he was going away to start all over again, and that when he could pay his debts he would communicate with his wife through the personal column of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE TIMES received yesterday from Watson Parker, a friend of the missing man, a letter stating that friends had paid up all of the obligations of the man's business and that his neighbors wanted him to come back and go on with his business as before.

Mr. Parker added that the man's wife was distracted over his disappearance and begged that every effort be made to find him. Mr. Parker enclosed this advertisement, which appears in the personal column of this issue of THE TIMES:

> My Darling Husband: Don't leave me in this terrible suspense. Give your address to the box number of this advertisement so I can come to you. I can't stand it much longer. X 289 Times Annex.

The missing man left, besides his wife, a number of small children, who have cried for him almost constantly since he went away.

MRS. LIEBMANN DENIES ALL.

Seeks Commission to Examine Two Men Named by Brewer.

Application has been made to the Supreme Court for the appointment of a commission to take the testimony of two persons, now in Paris, France, in the suit of Mrs. Clara Liebmann for a separation from her husband Henry, who is a member of the brewing firm of Obermeyer & Liebmann. The suit was begun last December and in his answer Mr. Liebmann denied all the accusations made against him by his wife and set up a counter-claim for a divorce, naming eight men.

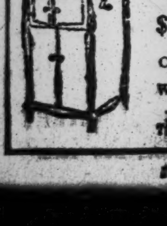
No action has yet been taken on the application for a commission. It was presented by Mrs. Harriette M. Johnston Wood, counsel for Mrs. Liebmann, who said yesterday:

"The men whose testimony we want are named Bargy and Spannuth. They are two of the men whom Mr. Liebmann named in his counter-suit. We have denied in detail every charge made by Mr. Liebmann in his answer."

Mr. and Mrs. Liebmann have three children. The wife based her claim for a separation on many alleged acts of cruelty. Mr. Liebmann lives at 170 West Eighty-sixth Street; Mrs. Liebmann's home is at 100 Cathedral Parkway.

FOR SALE.

VICTORS VICTROLAS
On Easiest Terms.
$1 Down; $1 Weekly
and up.
Complete stock of records
Open Evenings.
Write, call, phone 632 Cols.
A. H. MAYERS,
1,968 B'way, near 67th.
790 9th Av., near 53d St.



THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, May 19.—The southwest disturbance has reached Southeast Kansas with diminished intensity. The Utah disturbance persists, and there is still a third one of pronounced character over the extreme West Texas.

High pressure continues over the lake region, resulting in general rains and snows in the Rocky Mountain region, the Plains States, and the great Central Valley, with heavy rains in Missouri, Kansas, and Oklahoma.

Snow continues in portions of Wyoming, Colorado, and the west portions of South Dakota and Nebraska.

There were also scattered rains in the North Pacific States and showers in the Atlantic States. Temperatures have fallen in the South Atlantic States and in South Dakota and Nebraska, so tonight temperatures are much below the seasonal average over the entire country except the Northeast and the Gulf States.

Heavy frosts Wednesday morning in the upper lake region and the Northwest, and temperature below freezing in Wyoming, Eastern Colorado, and Western Nebraska.

There will be rain or snow Thursday in the East Plateau and the Rocky Mountain regions, the Plains States, the Central Valleys, and the lake region, and showers in the Gulf and South Atlantic States, continuing Friday east of the Missouri River and extending into the Middle Atlantic States and probably Western New England.

West of the Missouri River the weather will be generally fair Friday. Low temperatures will continue generally.

Winds for Thursday and Friday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate north to northwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate east and west.

FORECASTS TODAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Thursday, fair; Friday, rain.

New Jersey and Western New York—Thursday, fair, Friday, unsettled, probably rain.

New England—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair, except rain in southwest portion.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday. Rain at night or Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	61	48	4 P. M.	83	65
6 A. M.	62	47	6 P. M.	78	65
9 A. M.	70	53	9 P. M.	74	60
12 M.	78	59	11 P. M.	71	57

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 56; for the corresponding date last year it was 72; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 60.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 50; at 8 P. M. it was 61. Maximum temperature, 65 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 46 degrees at 4:40 A. M. Humidity, 56 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 37 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.10 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.11 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.	Loss.
12:10—505 E. 22 St.; not given	Slight
3:00—113 W. 27 St.; S. Schneir and others	$30,000
8:20—54 Rivington St.; Carl Leborwitz	Slight
3:35—32 Bethune St.; Delia McGee	$50
8:40—149 Monroe St.; David Rosensweig	Slight
5:20—312 E. 8 St.; not given	Slight
10:45—Public School 2, 3,620 3 Av.	Slight
P. M.	
12:02—698 E. 138 St.; I. Marnsack	Slight
2:35—Bronx River Bridge & Old Boston Road, (auto truck;) Leroy Broughton	$5,000
3:00—3 Van Corlear Pl.; Mrs. A. R. Thurm	Slight
3:10—90 Amsterdam Av.; Catherine Jefferies	Slight
3:25—Lafayette & Pearl Sts.; not given	None
4:30—378 E. 152 St.; Ludwig Frederick	Slight
7:45—1,590 2 Av.; Great A. & P. Tea Co.	Slight
7:50—133 Wooster St.; Union Hat Co.	$2,000
8:05—1,932 Wash. Av.; Auto 54,764, N. Y.	$500
8:30—64 E. 102 St.; Izzy Sideman	Slight
9:40—17 E. 114 St.; Joseph Totterevitch	Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Capt. W. W. Hamilton, retired, is relieved from duty at his own request at Wenonah Military Academy, N. J., June 16.

Capt. E. R. Tilton, C. A. C., to service in Q. M. C., June 19, vice Capt. S. S. Ross, Q. M. C., relieved, June 18.

1st Lieut. H. R. Weston, M. R. C., to active duty on account of an emergency, at Fort Terry, N. Y., and by letter to Commanding General, Eastern Department.

Capt. J. R. Mount, Medical Corps, from duty in Hawaiian Department, and on arrival at Honolulu, about Sept. 15, will proceed to San Francisco for further orders.

1st Lieut. E. L. Gruber, 5th F. A., will proceed on July 1 to West Point for duty at the Academy.

Leave: Maj. L. D. Wildman, Signal Corps, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.; seven days' further extension.

Navy.

Lieuts.: H. Campbell, commissioned; K. B. Crittenden, the Cleveland to the St. Louis, and E. S. Root, the St. Louis to the Cleveland.

Ensigns: C. E. Rosendahl, the Oregon to the Cleveland; F. H. Luckel and F. B. Melendy, the San Diego to the Prometheus, and H. L. Merring, the Montana to the Paulding.

Chief Machinist E. F. Holmes, the Iris, home, wait orders.

Machinist A. L. Heickel, the Maryland, to treatment, Mare Island Hospital.

Chief Carpenters: M. Pate, the Alabama, to the Dixie; J. H. Gill, New York Yard, to the Alabama, and J. N. Barton, the Dixie, to New York Yard.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived.—D-3, Yankton, Ontario, Sonoma, and Celtic, at New York Yard; Saturn, at Manzanillo; Nero, at San Diego; New Orleans, at Guaymas; Nanshan, at Mare Island; Perry and Preble, at San Pedro, and Tallahassee, off Ambrose Channel Lightship.

Sailed.—Orion and Cyclops, North River for Newport; Solace, Tompkinsville for Newport; Patapsco and Patuxent, North River for Norfolk; Tecumseh, Washington for Newport News and Norfolk; Brooklyn and Birmingham, Newport to sea for manoeuvres; Olympia, Key West for Savannah; Baltimore, Tompkinsville for Norfolk; Mayflower, New York City for Washington; Raleigh, Guaymas for Tapoca Bay; Wilmington, Hongkong for Amoy; Des Moines, Cadiz for Beirut; Macdonongh and Worden, New York Yard to sea for manoeuvres; Wyoming, New York, Delaware, North Dakota, Texas, Utah, Florida, Kansas, Michigan, South Carolina, Virginia, Georgia, Nebraska, Rhode Island, Louisiana, New Hampshire, Dixie, Warrington, Drayton, Henley, Burrows, Patterson, Paulding, Trippe, Fanning, Beale, Jarvis, Jenkins, Jouett, Prairie, Tonopah, D-1, D-2, E-1, E-2, Ozark, G-4, Fulton, K-1, K-2, K-5, and K-6, North River to sea for manoeuvres.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The eligible list for pilot is announced. Those who received more than 76 per cent. are as follows:

Albert Ackerly, 89.40; Charles J. Osterhout, 88.20; George C. Phillips, 88.20; Henry F. Hesan, 87.80; John A. Paradine, 86.20; William L. Will, 86; Herman A. Rudolph, 86; Wilfred N. Smith, 85.20; Philip Ploeser, 85.20; William G. Bridges, 84.80; John R. Fullerton, 84.40; Herbert Van Name, 84; Clarence J. Garred, 83; Joseph A. Burns, 82.60; Irving T. Stapleton, 81.20; Percy A. Haskell, 81; Charles L. Kero, 80.40; Charles W. Allison, 80.20; Charles McBride, 78.20; Leonard Bendick, 77.40; Levi R. Brodhead, 77.20; Andrew Sloss, 76.40; Charles E. Sammis, 76.40; Elias E. Scherer, 76.20.

United States.

The commission announces for June 9 a competitive examination for junior zoologist, for men only, to fill vacancies in the Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture, Washington, D. C., at a salary of $1,400 a year. The duties will be laboratory and field work in the investigation of animal parasites and routing work carried on in the Zoological Division of the Bureau of Animal Industry. Competitors will be examined in practical questions, thesis, education and experience. A bachelor's degree from a college or university of recognized standing, or the fact that an applicant is a senior student in such institution, is a prerequisite. The names of senior students will not be certified for appointment until they have furnished proof of actual graduation within three months from the date of the examination. Applicants must have reached their twentieth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained of the commission, Washington, D. C.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BOOCOCK, ADELE K., (details elsewhere.)

DALY, ROBERT F., (March 23;) personalty, $400; realty, $23,000; widow, Mary, life estate in realty; rest to children.

METZGER, IDA, (May 3;) personalty $100; realty over $2,000; all to children.

SCHWARZWALDER, HENRY, (May 10;) personalty upward of $10,000; realty upward of $10,000; Emily Stein, daughter, one-half residue; Louise Connors, daughter, 2,183-2,185 Eighth Avenue, valued at $83,000, cash bequest of $125,000, and one-half residue; four smaller bequests.

SOUTHACK, JOHN W., (May 10;) personalty under $1,000; realty under $10,000; all to mother, Florence L.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers and assignments, 4 P. M., May 20: Patrol., from precincts to D. B., designated as Acting Det. Serg., second gr.: C. A. Christensen, 145; R. W. Hamel, 151; A. W. De Voe, 145; H. J. O'Connor, 290; C. F. Vigotty, 278 to 288, to bicycle duty at Booth, Jamaica Av. and Forest Parkway; Bicycle Patrol. J. F. Archiopoli, 283 to 9 I. D., as messenger, assign. to booth, Jamaica Av. and Forest Parkway, discontinued.

Temporary Assignments: Patrol. G. J. Deppert, 2, to 4 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M. May 20; J. Imperial, 28, to B. B. H. Squad, duty in Special Squad No. 1, 15 days, 8 A. M. May 20; P. J. Sweeney, 39, to D. B., 5 days, 4 P. M. May 21; M. F. Farrell, 48, to 4 I. D., 10 days from 4 P. M. May 23; M. J. Kelly, 149, to 8 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M. May 21; Jas. Godley, 292, to D. B., 30 days, 4 P. M. May 22; G. C. Leavitt, Traf. and Marine Div., to D. B., 10 days, 4 P. M. May 20. To 15 I. D., from prects. indicated, for 30 days, 8 A. M. May 21: J. C. Jagel, 2; Jas. Vitale, 43; C. C. Kellermann, 22; T. L. Hoctor, 63.

Leaves: (without pay) Patrol. E. Schmitt, 29, 1 day, 10 P. M., May 19; T. O'Day, 65, 1 day, 4 P. M., May 29; P. M. Walsh, 65, 1 day, 4 P. M. May 29.

Amendments: So much of paragraph 1, S. O. 111, c. s., as transfers Patrol. J. W. Donaldson, 23, to 274, is amended to read: T. B. Lynsky, 22. Also, so much of paragraph 1, said order, as transfers Mtd. Patrol. J. M. Sheehan, 172, to 169, with horse and equipments, is amended to read: H. D. Minner, 171.

Fire Department.

Special leave, without pay, 15 days, 8 A. M., June 7, to Fire., 1st gr., J. C. Conners of H. & L. 20.

Resignation accepted: Fire., 1st gr., G. L. Bontz, H. & L. 20, 8 A. M., May 23.

Revocation of temporary detail while on sick report, at 8 A. M., May 20: Fire., 1st gr., J. Reilly of Eng. 202 to new Fire Alarm Station, Brooklyn and Queens.

Temporary detail while on sick report, 8 A. M., May 20: Firem., 1st gr., J. J. Brierton of Eng. 204 to new Fire Alarm Station, Malbone and Washington Sts. and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Revocation of detail due to illness, at 8 A. M., May 20: Lieut. S. A. Healy of H. & L. 25 to Bu. of Fire Prev. as Theatre Inspector.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Memorial exercises in honor of John Jasper, City Superintendent of Schools, 1879-1896, will be held in the auditorium of Hunter College at 8 P. M., on May 27.

On the evening of May 23, in the auditorium of the New York Training School for Teachers, the alumni of the school and many teachers and officers of the city schools, will meet to pay tribute to the memory of Sophie J. Nicolai, who died on April 8.

An interesting program has been arranged by the Parents' Association of P. S. 54 for the meeting this evening. It will be held in the auditorium of P. S. 165 at 225 West 108th Street. An illustrated talk on the activities of the Board of Education will be given by a member of the Bureau of References and Research. The boys' band of P. S. 165 will furnish the music. A flower drill by the girls of P. S. 54 will be given. Mrs. Cora M. Magnus, a member of the local school board will preside. Thomas W. Churchill, President of the Board of Education, will deliver an address.

Miss Jessie B. Colburn, President of the Association of Women Principals, was unable, because of illness, to attend the last meeting for the school year 1914-15. Miss Mary L. Brady, first Vice President, presided in her stead. Mr. George W. Perkins made an address. Miss Olive N. Jones spoke of the plans in contemplation for making a permanent federation of associations. Miss Brady gave an account of several pending activities of the association.

Dr. Thomas E. Finegan, Deputy State Commissioner of Education, at the dinner of the Presidents of the various associations of teachers, Principals, and Superintendents, at the Park Avenue Hotel, promised his assistance in their work in regard to all questions affecting the schools which may come before the Constitutional Convention or the Committee on Charter Revision.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

BERNSTEIN, LOUIS, (Nov. 25, 1907;) deposits, $1,680; net, $1,475; Mrs. Annie Bernstein, widow, and four children beneficiaries.

CUMING, ALLEN J., (May 18, 1914;) net estate, $13,608; Thomas B. Cuming, brother, and Anna R. C. Van Voorhis, sister, each receive $6,804; deposits and cash, $10,180; insurance, $2,000; personalty, $443; stocks and bonds, $3,833.

EAGLESON, ALEXANDER M., (Nov. 25, 1914;) estate, $2,340; William A. Eagleson, son, beneficiary; deposits, $391; insurance, $1,010; personalty, $206; stocks, $5,880.

McNALLY, ANNA, (Nov. 17, 1914;) deposits, $1,020; net estate, $678; Mary Cusick, niece, beneficiary.

NELSON, JAMES, (Aug. 17, 1900;) no taxable assets in New York.

SCHIFFMEYER, JOSEPHINE, (Aug. 27, 1914;) net estate, $17,692; Anton and George Schiffmeyer, sons, beneficiaries; equity, $15,000, in 525 E. 82 St., appraised at $21,000; deposits, $3,317; jewelry, $145.

ULMAN, ELLA M., (Feb. 12, 1911;) equity, $1,500, in 1,661 Holland Av., Bronx, appraised at $3,500; net, $1,112; four children and three grandchildren beneficiaries.

YANNANTUONO, CRISTANZIANO, (Dec. 23, 1911;) net estate, $1,792; two sons and daughter beneficiaries; deposits, $476; trust accounts, $1,460.

LATITUDE FOR PHYSICIANS.

Meeting Indorses an Amendment to the Penal Code.

A meeting was held last night at the Academy of Medicine, with Dr. A. Jacobi in the chair, to advocate the amendment of the section of the Penal Code which makes it a misdemeanor for any person to give information in the line of race suicide. It adopted a resolution authorizing duly licensed physicians to prescribe for their patients in any way.

Among those announced as supporters of the movement were Dr. Emily Dunning Barringer, Dr. Louis Bisch, Dr. Lydia Allen De Vilbiss, Miss Lavinia Dock, Miss Laura Garrett, Dr. S. Adolphus Knopf, Dr. Rosalie Slaughter Morton, Dr. William J. Robinson, and Dr. Ira Wile. It was said at the meeting that the effect of the suggested amendment would merely be to give regular physicians greater discretion, and that it would enable them in certain cases to take such steps as science and the necessities of their patients directed without fear of running contrary to an undiscriminating law.

ASK WHITMAN FOR $300,000.

State Charities Aid Association Pleads for Mohansic.

The Board of Managers of the State Charities Aid Association, of which Joseph H. Choate is President, passed a resolution yesterday earnestly petitioning the Governor to sign the Sage bill appropriating $300,000 to begin the construction of the Mohansic State Hospital for the Insane and authorizing the awarding of contracts for construction for a total amount of $1,500,000.

After recalling that the fourteen State hospitals for the insane are now overcrowded to the extent of 6,105 patients and that the overcrowding in and about New York City is so serious as to interfere with the curative treatment of curable cases, the association says that the most favorable opportunity for relieving this situation lies in the development of Mohansic Hospital.

The preamble to the resolution says that the site for this hospital was acquired during the administration of Governor Hughes and that the State has already expended approximately $500,000 on it.

RESORTS.

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ON MOOSEHEAD LAKE, MAINE

A vacation of delightful and novel pleasures.

A luxurious hotel on this famous inland sea in the midst of the
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Endless diversity of summer entertainment—finest game fishing in America, wonderful canoe trips, mountain climbing, motor boat regattas, golf and tennis tournaments, riding, bathing, archery.

Finest yacht club on inland waters. Orchestra for dinner and dancing. Cuisine under famous chef.

1000 feet above sea level. Air fragrant with spruce and pine. Especial care and sports for children. Through express trains from New York.

Season June 26—September 27

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Opens May 15th, closes Sept. 27th for early and late guests.
Send for FREE booklet "The New Mt. Kineo House"

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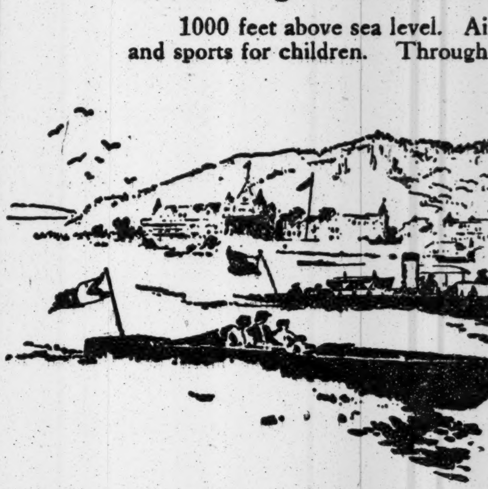

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YOU'LL need it in making your plans for the summer, for if you slight Long Island your "best vacation" is yet to be realized. Cooler in summer than any of the nearby resorts, with the finest ocean beaches along the Atlantic coast. Boating, canoeing, surf and still water bathing, golfing, tennis, fishing and all the other sports of the great outdoors.

ILLUSTRATED BOOK FREE.

It gives full information about hotels and boarding houses, their rates, etc., with numerous pictures of Real Summer Life on Long Island. FREE at ticket offices, 170 Broadway and Fifth Ave. Building (Arcade), or mailed upon receipt of ten cents by the General Passenger Agent, Long Island R. R., Room 303, Pennsylvania Station, New York City.

NEW YORK.

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ATTRACTIVE HOTELS AND BOARDING HOUSES
MANY TROUT STREAMS
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A WONDERFUL COUNTRY OF WILDWOOD CHARMS

The Ulster & Delaware R. R.
in connection with West Shore R. R., operates through trains, including Pullman service. The RIP VAN WINKLE EXPRESS will make first trip from New York Monday, May 24, leaving Cortlandt Street, 12:40 noon, West 42d Street 1 o'clock P. M. daily except Sunday.

Steamers of the Hudson River Day Line make direct connection at Kingston Point with afternoon trains for all points in the mountains.

Ticket Agents of West Shore R. R. will sell excursion tickets from New York to all points on Ulster and Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip, account of Decoration Day, giving an opportunity to select your summer home. Tickets good for going trip May 28, 29 and 30, and good for return trip until June 1st, inclusive.

The annual illustrated book with revised map of the Catskill Mountain section, and corrected list of over 1,000 hotels and boarding houses, will be sent free on receipt of 6 cents postage.

N. A. SIMS, General Passenger Agent, Kingston, N. Y.

The Highest Class Hotel in the Catskills.
New GRAND HOTEL
CATSKILL MOUNTAINS, Altitude 2,500 ft.
Opens June 17. Scenery Unequalled.
15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Perfect sanitary conditions. Cuisine and service highest standard. Pure spring water. Superior grill. Reasonable prices. Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; instructors; prizes. Golf, tennis, billiards, pool, bowling tournaments. Oscar Hauter's superior saddle horses. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up.
Special attractions and inducements for the younger set.
HARRISON S. DOWNS, Prop. Tel. Col. 3320.
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Now Open
50-minute Electric Train Service to Scarboro. Reservations made and full particulars given at New York Office, No. 402 Madison Ave. Telephone No. 7070—Murray Hill.
On Ideal, Real and Empire Tours.

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VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y., 45 minutes to 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres; park and lawns; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station; outdoor sleeping porches; rates, $8 and up. Bungalows. Booklet.
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GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND
One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found. Conducted on the American plan. There is also for the convenience of motorists
A Handsome a la Carte Restaurant
20 miles from N. Y. Frequent electric service Penna. Station. J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

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VAL. SCHMITT, Inc.
Open Over
Decoration Day
May 28, 29, 30, 31.
Booking Now.
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ALWAYS COOL
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OFF NEW LONDON, CONN.
Opens in May. Exclusive Patronage. Seashore and Country.
Sound and Ocean BOATING, BATHING.
Fine roads. Golf, tennis, all outdoor sports. Orchestra. Very accessible. Suites with baths. A most desirable place to spend the Summer Excellent water. We raise our own milk and vegetables. Diet kitchen for young children. Certified milk.
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SAG HARBOR, L. I.
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The Jackson Health Resort
Dansville, New York.
Dr. James H. Jackson, President.
Dr. Walter E. Gregory, Vice President.
Newton B. Gorham, Secretary.
Write for literature.

Red Swan Inn, Warwick, N. Y. Booklet. Berkeley A. Davis, 14 East 28th St.

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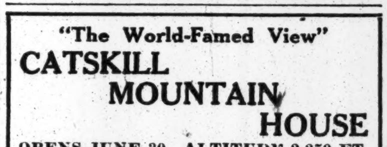
300 Acres of Chateau, Cottages and Country Club
BRISK Tennis on spacious courts that are always kept in the pink of condition.
OPEN ALL YEAR. Private Motor Bus Service without charge. Table d'hote or a la carte. Under same management as the Allenhurst Club.
GEDNEY FARM HOTEL, White Plains, N. Y.
EDWARD H. CRANDALL



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Electric light. Pure Spring water. Modern plumbing. Extensive pleasure grounds. Golf Links Free to Guests. Tennis, Canoeing. Orchestra, Dancing, Magnificent Ball Room, oak floor, 65x40 feet. "4:30 to 5:30 The Dansant." New Bowling Alleys, Billiards and Pool.
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Open June 24. Finest Hotel in the Catskills. Golf, Tennis, Boating; New Swimming Pool; Garage; 100 Rooms; 40 Bathroom Suites. Booking Office, 1,180 Broadway. Tel. 4748 Madison Square. C. W. PECK, Proprietor.

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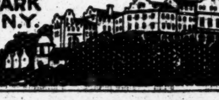
28 MINUTES FROM GRAND CENTRAL



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Open June 30. Booking Office: Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway, 67th St. 'Phone—Col. 9250.
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Asbury Park
"The Town Without a Frown"
"Everything Just Like Summer"
WHAT'S GOING ON
Fireworks, Surf Bathing, Boating, Bowling, Fishing, Canoeing, Baseball, Dancing, Trap Shooting, Tennis, Trolley Rides, Motoring, Roller Chairs, Concerts, Vaudeville, Movies, Carousels, Swimming Pool, Steeplechase, Sun Parlors, Boardwalk, Pavilions.
Write Municipal Information Bureau, 307 Boardwalk, for free folder of facts.

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Montclair, N. J.
Open Throughout the Year. Exclusive Clientele. Golf. Splendid Orchestra. Dancing. English Grill.
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Best Located Popular Price Family Hotel
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N. Y. Ave. 50 yards from Boardwalk. Overlooking lawn and ocean. Capacity 400. Elevator, private baths, running water. Special free features, lawn tennis court and dance floor. Bathing from hotel; shower baths. EARLY SEASON RATES—$9 TO $15 WEEKLY, $2 UP DAILY. American Plan. Write for free booklet and points of interest in Atlantic City. AUG. RUHWADEL.

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"A RESORT IN ITSELF."
Near all Piers and Amusements.
CAPACITY 600.
Bookings for Summer may now be made.

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Ocean front, heart of Atlantic City; Fireproof; open always. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. "Latz-keller"; grill, orchestra; dancing, garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

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Thoroughly Modern. A recognized standard of excellence. Capacity 600.
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American and European Plans. Virginia Av. and the Boardwalk. Capacity 600. Every appointment, including hot and cold sea water baths. Orchestra. Open all year.

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On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths, running water in rooms. Orchestra.
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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
America's Famous All-Year Resort.

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THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
is particularly attractive, with its two blocks of ocean frontage facing south on the sunny Boardwalk, during ATLANTIC'S
FAMOUS SPRING SEASON
extending from
FEBRUARY to MAY
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It has 400 private baths, each with sea water, and its exquisite music, every night throughout the year, with special solo week-end features, is justly celebrated. White service in both American and a la carte dining rooms. Theatres. Rolling-chairs. Golf and other amusements in full swing.
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New Hotel Merion FIRE-PROOF
Opens May 27. Vermont Av. and beach. Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, etc. Superior table. $3 up daily—$17.50 up weekly.
C. B. Prettyman, Propr., M. L. Farleigh, Mgr.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and Beach. OCEAN VIEW.
Capacity 350. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

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For Spring and Summer guests. Free Booklet.

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LAKE CHAMPLAIN
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"New York's Ideal Suburban Hotel"
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Opens Saturday, May 29.
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50-minute electric train service.
Golf links, tennis courts, club house.
Annual Dog Show, June 11-12.
Few Desirable Rooms for Spring Season.
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IN CHARGE OF MR. A. D. CUSHING.
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WATERFORD, CONN.
TWENTY MINUTES ON TROLLEY FROM NEW LONDON, CONN.
Combination seashore and country; fine salt bathing, sailing, canoeing, driving, tennis; no mosquitoes; extensive grounds; select family resort; table supplied from best markets and my farm. Beautiful New Casino, dancing afternoon and evening under the direction of Mr. William Pitt Rivers of Brooklyn, N. Y. Music by Jacobs' Orchestra. Open June 1st. Send for booklet.
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A most desirable and accessible resort. Frequent trains. Golf—Tennis—Bathing—Boating. Delightful Ballroom. Excellent Orchestra. Make early reservations. Fresh vegetables from our own farm.
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BERKSHIRE HILLS, MASSACHUSETTS
THE GREYLOCK NOW OPEN
At the Western end of the Mohawk Trail.
SEND FOR COPY OF
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Also THE COLONIAL
WATCH HILL, R. I. A. E. DICK.
MOST PERFECT SEASHORE RESORT.
Open early in June; always cool; no flies or mosquitos. Surf and still water bathing. 18-hole Golf Course. Tennis. Orchestra. A la Carte Grill. White service throughout. N. Y. Office, 1,180 BROADWAY. Tel. Madison Square—4748.

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HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Lake Spofford, N. H.
Bradbury F. Cushing, Mgr. Open June 24. Every Amusement. Booking Office, 2d Mezzanine Floor, Hotel McAlpin. Telephone Greeley 5700 Extension No 64.

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AT
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RED LION INN
NOW OPEN.

THE SIPPEWISSETT,
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Leading Summer hotel on Cape Cod. Rooms, with or without bath; golf, tennis, &c.; bathing unexcelled; sailing, fishing; fireproof garage. Write for booklet.
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Delightful Spring Resort. Dry Air. Outlook of 35 Miles. Curative and Tonic Baths. Superior Cuisine. Good Roads. N. Y. Office, 243 Fifth Ave. 'Phone Madison Square 9230.
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NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN, where you CAN catch Trout. Rooms en suite with bath. Electric Lights, Steam Heat, Garage, Golf, Saddle Horses, All Amusements. Booklet. Cresco Station, Lackawanna R. R. W. J. & M. D. PRICE, Canadensis, Pa., in the Poconos.

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Trout fishing; private bath; free garage. Open all year. W. C. & H. M. Leech.

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Illustrated Booklet. Philip F. Fulmer, Prop'r.

DEVONSHIRE PINES.—New, modern house on Knob Park; capacity 150; Spring rates. Booklet. S. A. CORNISH, Mt. Pocono, Pa.

BUCKWOOD INN, Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa. Opens May 29. N.Y. Office, [illegible]

AMERICAN SLAIN BY VILLA FORCE

Leader Says It Was an Accident, and Promises Protection in Oil District.

BAD CONDITIONS DENIED

Guarantees for Foreigners Also Obtained from Carranza General at Panuco.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Assurances have again been given to the United States Government that the Villa forces will accord full protection to American lives and property as well as to other foreign interests during the military operations in the Mexican oil fields around Tampico. These assurances had been previously given in a general way by General Villa, through his confidential agent here, and have been reiterated by General Urbina, the Villa commander in the Tampico campaign.

The matter of protection became serious with the shooting of Isaac R. Ely, an American citizen. Secretary Bryan today received advices from the American Vice Consul at Tampico saying that Ely, who was an employe of the Huasteca Petroleum Company, was shot by the Villa forces about May 7 after those forces had captured the Ebano Pumping Station. The Vice Consul made a special investigation of the case at the Villa camp and General Urbina, who commanded the Villa forces attacking Ebano, stated that the employe was shot accidentally. It was then that General Urbina, according to announcement made by the State Department today, stated that he had given protection to foreign interests and would continue to do so.

Secretary Bryan made this statement tonight regarding treatment of Americans in the Tampico district:

"On May 15 the State Department informed the American Vice Consul at Tampico of the receipt of a telegram purporting to have been signed by seven Americans, and alleging that Americans at Panuco had been subjected to extreme hardships. The message was sent from Azua and was forwarded by the military authorities at Juarez.

"The department has just received a report on the matter from Tampico, stating that the Americans who signed the telegram referred to were misinformed as to conditions in Panuco. It is stated in the report that several Americans were arrested there, but were released. No one was executed, as claimed, and General Pablo Gonzales, in giving the American Vice Consul assurances that the statements regarding Panuco were untrue, stated that he would continue to give absolute guarantees to foreigners in Carranzista territory."

The Carranza agency tonight made this announcement:

"Advices to the Constitutionalist agency from Torreon state that when Villa reached there from the south on his way to Chihuahua to bury his brother, Antonio Villa, he was almost mobbed at the station by hundreds of men and children who pitifully begged something to eat. Villa tried to calm and satisfy them with words, but they cried out that they were literally starving, and surged about him until armed troops beat them back and allowed his train to pass through."

The Carranza agency also gave out the following telegram from New Orleans:

"Colonel Julio Madero will leave on the next steamer for Vera Cruz. In view of the recent break of the Maderos with Villa, and seeing that their faction is crumbling, this move indicates that they are trying to get a foothold with Carranza."

Auctioneers

whose announcements of sales appear on the Business Page of The New York Times:

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DAVID W. BIOW & CO., 520-522 BROADWAY.

Special Sales Salvage Merchandise Only. LEOPOLD GANS CO., 46-50 Wooster St.

D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer of high-class merchandise. 15 Mercer St. Tel. Spring 4299.

HARRY M. MOSES, Auctioneer & Appraiser, 189 Broadway. Cortlandt 1233.

Chas. Shongood, Auctioneer, 539 Broadway, will buy large plants. Nothing under $1,000.

Van Praag & Co., 15-17 Greene, largest cash buyers; mdse., fixtures, machinery. Sp. 1056.

Michael M. Weisz buys all kinds mdse., machinery, fixtures. 7 Lispenard. 2847 Frank.

HENRY LILLY CO., 88-90 Reade St. Trade Sales of Shoes Every Wed. & Fri.

A. R. Gross Co., Inc., 29 Greene, Actn. & Com. Merch's. Cash buyers mchny., mdse. Fixt'r's.

National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard St., F'n 4343. Largest Cash Buyers Mdse. & Fixtures.

In BROOKLYN, It's I. SINGER, 582 Broadway. Buys mdse., all descriptions, cash.

CASH for stores, plants, mdse., &c. B. R. S. Co., 32 Greene St. Spring 358.

Factory plants and merchandise of all descriptions bought for cash. Liberal advances on consignments of merchandise. Progressive Merchandise Sales Co., 456 Broadway. Tel. 9467 Spring.

Dan'l Greenwald, Act'r. to Sheriff, N. Y. County, 23 Lispenard St. Tel Frank. 1780.

Retail.

Art, Furniture, Rugs, etc.

Highest prices furniture, pianos, antiques, &c. A. Kaliski, 88 Univ. Pl. 'Phone 2377 Stuyv.

WISE, Auctr., 428 Columbus Av., 7175 Schuyler, pays highest cash prices, furniture, &c.

J. GORDON NOAKES, Auctioneer and Appraiser, 715 6th Av. Tel. Bryant 4343.

Works of art, pianos, bric-a-brac, paintings bought, any quantity. Broadway Galleries, 1,362 B'way.

AUCTION SALES.

MERCHANDISE.

Peremptory Auction Sale
For Account of
THE M. H. PULASKI CO.
AT OUR SALESROOMS,
477-479 Broadway, N. Y. City,
Tomorrow, Friday, May 21, 10:30 A. M.,
Over $75,000 Worth of
Embroideries
FLOUNCINGS
in 18 to 45 inch
on Swiss Voile and Organdie
ALLOVERS
in 22½ to 45 inch and 54 inch
on Swiss and Nainsook
BABY SETS
On Swiss and Nainsook.
RIBBON EDGES
Beadings and Ribbon Beadings
In Swiss and Nainsook.

Also Galloons, Insertions and Edges, Net Top Edges and Flounces, Shirt Waist Allovers and Fronts, Medallions, Panels, Yokes, etc., etc.; Venice and Filet Lace Edges and Insertions; also a quantity of Art Goods, Laces and Neckwear; all to be sold without reserve and for cash. Quantities are such that manufacturers, cutting-up trade, and retailers should be interested in as this is the largest sale of its kind held this year.

Goods on Exhibition
With Catalogue Today, Thursday.
KARP BROS., Auctioneers.

Stock consisting of about
35,000 Yards Staple
Cotton Goods
SERGES, ETC.
of the most up-to-date patterns, and the most staple character.
D. HARTMANN, Auct'r,
Sells Tomorrow, Friday, May 21st, commencing at 10:30 A. M. at salesrooms, 15-17 Mercer St., near Canal St., N. Y. C., for account of whom it may concern.
Strictly without reserve.
For information 'phone Spring 4299.

VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, will sell To-mor., Friday, May 21st, at 10:30 A. M. at our salesrooms, 15-17 Greene St., N.Y.C. Removed for convenience of sale.
15,000 PAIRS
Men's, Women's, Boys' and Children's
SHOES
Oxfords, pumps, slippers, etc., all high grade welts, regular sizes, E and EE widths. 1,000 pr. boys' and children's Little Scouts. Above stock removed from a large retail store, comprising all up-to-date styles and should interest all retailers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sale advertised to take place today at No. 90 Division Street postponed to Thursday, May 27th, 1915, same time and place.
DAVID T. ROSEN, Esq., Assignee.
ARCHIBALD PALMER, Esq., Attorney for Assignee.
SAMUEL MARX, Auctioneer,
Woolworth Building,
Suite 2120-2126.
Tel. Barclay 6911-6912.

PARTITIONS, DIVIDERS, WALL CASES, mirrors, tables, chairs, desks, sample trunks, safes, typewriters, book cases, very cheap. Adler, 44 West 22d.

AMERICAN PARTY LOST.

Left Mexico City in Wagons and Carts—Near Anarchy There.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, May 18 (via Galveston, May 19.—A large party of Americans who left Mexico City in wagons and carts enroute to Puebla are missing and it is feared they have not been able to pass the Zapatista outposts.

Paul Head, who arrived this morning from Mexico City, describes conditions as on the verge of anarchy. The people are starving and there has been much fighting in the streets between followers of different chiefs. To avoid more serious trouble Gorga has ordered all military leaders to take positions outside Mexico City, but it is said no attention is paid to his orders. Many Americans are trying to leave for Vera Cruz.

It is rumored that the decisive battle between Obregon and Villa is under way at Loma, near Leon.

FIRE ON AMERICAN LAUNCH.

Mexican Port Authorities Attack Fishing Boat, but Are Driven Off.

SAN DIEGO, MAY 19.—The American fishing launch New Aucona arrived here today with bullet holes in her hull, received, her Captain, Joseph Escolanius, declared, in an attack by the Mexican patrol launch Ensenada.

Captain Escolanius said he was attacked yesterday, eight miles off shore and half way between Ensenada, Lower California, and San Diego and was flying the American flag. His crew of three men crouched behind fish nets; fired eighteen shots and the Ensenada sheered off, the Captain reported.

Ensenada port authorities and American-owned fishing boats have been at outs for some time.

Diaz Denies He Wrote to Angeles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 19.—Colonel Diaz, son of the ex-President of Mexico, called at THE NEW YORK TIMES office today on behalf of his father to request THE TIMES to print a statement about the letter which appeared in the issue of April 30 alleged to have been written by the ex-President to General Angeles. Ex-President Diaz denies he wrote the letter and repudiates the contents utterly.

SON TRIED TO SHIELD HURD.

Testifies He Paid Blackmail Without Father's Knowledge.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., May 19.—Congressman Archibald C. Hart of Hackensack was called as a witness by the defense in the trial of Postmaster George A. Hurd of Haworth, who is accused of improprieties with Miss Martha Conrad, his former assistant, who is 17 years old. The Congressman said Hurd was one of two Republicans whom President Wilson reappointed last Fall, and so far as his investigation went, Postmaster Hurd's character had not been assailed.

To offset the testimony of Mrs. Myra Jones, a daughter of the accused Postmaster, who testified that it was she and not Miss Conrad who was with the defendant at the Hotel Rudolph, Atlantic City, in September, 1913, Mrs. Sadie Werner of 527 Jamaica Avenue, Long Island City, said that Mrs. Jones had boarded with her from April, 1913, until August, 1914, and she could not recall that the young woman was ever away two days at a time.

Mrs. Catherine B. Fell, who Miss Conrad said sat in the seat on a West Shore train behind Postmaster Hurd, testified that she never saw the Postmaster and the Conrad girl together on any train.

George A. Hurd, Jr., testified that he assumed the responsibility of paying $120 to Mrs. Jessie Conrad-Vaughn, for his father was not at home when the demand was made in behalf of Martha Conrad, and the young man said he paid the money to avoid a scandal. When Postmaster Hurd learned of the matter he ordered further payments stopped. When he refused to pay an additional $30 to Harry and William Conrad they threatened him with arrest, according to young Hurd's testimony.

Several Postmasters who attended the convention in Atlantic City testified that they saw Hurd there.

BIG WOOL SALES MADE.

Market Is More Active Than It Has Been for Some Time.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 19.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"The wool market is much more active than for some time, with a total sale of 3,250,000 pounds for the week. Takings have been chiefly on Australian and Cape wools. South American crossbreds have also sold in some quantities.

"Interest in the Western clip continues with some excitement. Dealers still pay prices asked. Manufacturers, particularly those usually in the lead, have been in the market and are buying considerably. Some 50,000 pounds of Ohio fleeces and merino wools have sold during the week. The Hackness arrived Tuesday with a cargo of considerably more than 20,000 bales valued at about $2,000,000.

"Surprisingly few duplicate orders have been received in the woolen and worsted goods market. As at the time of the previous report, many more orders have been received for women's wear than for men's wear. Glen plaids appear to be desirable.

"The cotton goods market is not so satisfactory as a week ago owing to the generally unsettled conditions. Cotton fluctuations have disturbed manufacturers considerably. The fine and fancy goods situation is rather improved. Mixture fabrics have sold well."

ARREST IN GEM ROBBERY.

Police Suspect Bronx Window Cleaner Knows About McCune Jewels.

Leo Shapiro, a window cleaner employed at 135 West Seventy-ninth Street, was arrested last evening in his home at 1,844 Katonah Avenue, the Bronx, on suspicion that he knew something about the robbery of $30,000 worth of jewels from the apartment of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond McCune on Tuesday morning of last week. He was locked up in Police Headquarters, vigorously denying that he knew anything about it.

Whoever entered the McCune apartment left the marks of dirty fingers on the white woodwork and the police expect to identify the robber through these. No trace has been found yet of the jewels, which included a $15,000 pearl necklace.

NEW THEATRE PLAN FOR BARKER DUBIOUS

Founders Who Intended Reviving Project Are Said to Have Abandoned Support.

DISAGREE ABOUT PROFITS?

Otto H. Kahn Says No Decision Has Been Reached—English Director May Join with Ames.

The rejuvenated New Theatre, which gave promise of being a reality next Winter when Granville Barker's recent season in Wallack's was enjoying its first flash of popularity, has apparently been temporarily shelved. There was a rumor current yesterday in theatrical circles that the New Theatre founders, who backed Mr. Barker's season at Wallack's and who had contemplated extending that backing through a period of years with the idea of reviving the New Theatre idea on a more modest scale, had determined not to lend the English manager their financial support next season.

Otto H. Kahn, one of the group of New Theatre founders who helped finance Mr. Barker's engagement, when asked last night whether the new New Theatre plan for next year had been abandoned, said it had neither been concluded nor abandoned, that its status in fact remained the same as it had been since the proposition as first discussed.

It is known, however, that Mr. Barker has been talking terms with other managers in an endeavor to effect an arrangement for the use of a New York theatre in which to give a repertoire season next year. One of these managers is Winthrop Ames, who plans rebuilding his Little Theatre and increasing its capacity from 299 to about 1,000 persons. Both Mr. Ames and Mr. Barker were out of the city yesterday, and it could not be learned whether or not they had concluded any deal for the joint use of the enlarged playhouse or its individual occupancy during different periods of the year.

The English manager's idea of what his share of the profits should be both in New York and when his productions are sent on tour is said to be his chief stumbling block in arranging for a répertoire theatre with American backing.

LAKE HEIR A HEAD WAITER.

Actress Wife Sues Churchill Boss for a Separation.

James E. Merrill, known as "Jimmie" to those whose social position gives them the right to thus address a head waiter, is a grandson of Elijah Lake, who was famous in Fulton County of this State, and who left an estate of $35,000, in which "Jimmie" will participate when certain other heirs die. "Jimmie" is the boss of all the waiters at Churchill's. He earns there whatever he can get in tips and $125 a month besides.

These facts came out yesterday in an action begun by his wife Isabelle in the Supreme Court for a separation. She is a vaudeville actress, but she says that branch of the theatrical profession is "demoralized." She has traveled all over the world and has earned in good times as much as $225 a week.

During the good times she saved some money and bought a farm at Phoenix, N. Y., for $3,500. She sold the farm and, yielding to the persuasions of her husband, she asserts, paid him half the money received for it, $2,250. Now all that Mrs. Merrill has are two lots in Pelham Manor, and four in Jersey City. Her husband, she says, will not support her and is also cruel to her in other ways.

Justice Greenbaum is considering giving Mrs. Merrill an allowance and counsel fees pending the trial of the suit.

SING SING WARDEN REPLIES.

Osborne Answers Criticisms of Deputy Police Commissioner Lord.

Warden Thomas Mott Osborne of Sing Sing, at a meeting last night at Carnegie Hall to celebrate the first six months of the Humanitarian Cult, a movement founded for social service, answered criticisms of his regime by Deputy Police Commissioner Lord.

"One of our city officials," said Warden Osborne, "has been talking about Sing Sing, and he said punishment should be terrible and the Warden more or less of a torturer. That is not punishment; that is brutality. It doesn't pay society to brutalize its prisoners. The question is not so much what a man is doing in prison as what he will feel when he leaves prison. Fifteen hundred prisoners leave the New York penitentiaries every year, and our lives and property are dependent on their state of mind."

Warden Osborne said there had been no attempt to escape from Sing Sing from December 1 to May 1. In the first four months of 1914, there were 130 cases of confinement for offenses and 241 fines or loss of time. In the same period in 1915 there were only 6 confinements and no fines.

SHOT, BUT SEES PRIZE FIGHT

Joseph Sefcik Wounded Trying to Sneak Into St. Nicholas Rink.

Eighteen-year-old Joseph Sefcik of 331 Seventieth Street walked into Roosevelt Hospital at 9 o'clock last night to have a bullet wound in the left forearm dressed. He said he had got on the fire escape of the St. Nicholas Rink by entering a house in Sixty-seventh Street and crossing the roof, intending to steal into the rink and see the prize fights. As he neared a rear door some one opened it, and, seeing him descending, fired a shot that hit his arm. He and Albert Justice, a friend who was with him, escaped up the fire escape after the man who had fired re-entered the building and slammed the door.

Detective Scott took Justice and Sefcik to the rink, but they couldn't identify the man who had shot, and the rink officials said their watchman wasn't armed. Sefcik, however, saw the fights.

Later in the evening Detective Scott arrested John Burns, 35 years old, of 37 West Sixtieth Street, a special officer stationed in the balcony of the rink, who was charged with felonious assault on complaint of the wounded boy. The prisoner denied he had fired at Sefcik.

TOLD HIS FORTUNE IS GONE.

C. D. Miller, Blind, Asks Accounting of $80,000 Estate.

Charles D. Miller, who has been blind for twenty-four years, began suit in the Supreme Court yesterday for an accounting of his estate by the Trustee, David Laughlin. The Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland, which is surety for Mr. Laughlin to the amount of $100,000, is made a co-defendant. The plaintiff says that in 1893 he came into possession of property worth about $80,000.

The plaintiff's brother-in-law, Charles H. Van Dewenter, was appointed as Trustee, and when he died in May, 1905, Mr. Laughlin was named his successor by the Supreme Court. The plaintiff says that between June 19, 1905, and Oct. 1, 1914, the defendant paid him a total of $60,000, and then told him the entire estate had been expended.

Oklahoma Needs Harvest Hands.

Postmaster Morgan announced yesterday that the Commissioner of Labor of Oklahoma had advised the Bureau of Information of the United States Department of Labor at Washington that 16,000 to 18,000 men would be needed this season for the grain harvest in that State. The wages will range from $2 to $3 per day and board. W. G. Ashton of Oklahoma City is the Commissioner.

REFUSES TO RUN MORE CARS

Queens Railway Calls Public Service Commission's Order Confiscatory

The New York & Queens County Railway Company has declined to accept one of the first orders adopted by the Public Service Commission on the recommendation of Commissioner Hayward, on the ground that the additional service required is confiscatory. The company asks for a rehearing or a reargument.

During the recent legislative investigation of the Public Service Commission, Col. Hayward, as counsel for the committee, asked Commissioner Cram many questions concerning the Queens County Railway Company and the delays that had been permitted it in obeying the commission's order to increase its stock of cars. As soon as he was intalled in office Commissioner Hayward was appointed to take up the case with the company and one of his first hearings was on the question that had seemed to him to have dragged on too long. As a result the commission adopted the order, which the company now has refused to obey.

In a letter sent by W. O. Wood, President of the New York & Queens County Railway Company, to the commission, it is stated that to obey the order would mean the outlay of at least $215,000 to provide forty-three more cars, and of $206,580, or $120,560 for additional power equipment, according to the type of car purchased. Moreover the operating cost of the additional service, required by the commission, would be at least $200,000 a year. The company, Mr. Wood asserts, has neither the money to make the new capital investment nor the power to borrow it, and the additional operating cost would completely eliminate the profits of the line. Moreover, Mr. Wood contends that it is absolutely unreasonable to require the company to provide seats for every passenger on holidays and Sundays.

When Commissioner Hayward was asked yesterday what action he proposed to take on Mr. Wood's letter, he replied that it was for the commission to decide.

FLAG COMMITTEE CHOSEN.

Citizens Named for Celebration on Raising of City Ensign.

Mayor Mitchel has appointed a Special Citizens' Committee, of which President McAneny will be the Chairman, to arrange for a celebration of the first raising of the official city flag on June 24, the two hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the organization of the Board of Aldermen and the establishment of the present form of City Government. The members of the committee are:

John A. Alexander,
Mrs. Robert Abbe,
John Q. Adams,
Cyrus Adler,
Louis Ames,
W. L. Andrews,
F. L. Babbott,
Willard Bartlett,
H. R. Bayne,
D. M. Bedell,
Mrs. W. B. Beekman,
R. P. Bolton,
John H. Boschen,
Robert H. Bosse,
W. E. Brower,
Elmer E. Brown,
Arnold W. Brunner,
William D. Brush,
Howard R. Butler,
Nicholas M. Butler,
Beverly Chew,
Joseph H. Choate,
T. W. Churchill,
T. W. Compton,
M. E. Connolly,
R. G. Cooke,
Mrs. M. D. B. Cox,
Henry H. Curran,
Vernon M. Davis,
R. W. de Forest,
John Diemer,
F. L. Dowling,
William Dugan,
Edward Eichhorn,
C. G. Easterbrook,
J. B. Gaynor,
Cass Gilbert,
Edward H. Hall,
R. T. H. Halsey,
James Hamilton,
A. A. Healy,
Mrs. A. B. Hepburn,
C. G. Hine,
Oscar Igstaedter,
H. P. Johnston,
F. C. Jones,
Robert D. Kohn,
George F. Kunz,
H. M. Leipziger,
G. Livingston,
Seth Low,
C. J. McCormack,
St. Clair McKelway,
Mrs. J. A. Macdonald,
Marcus M. Marks,
D. Mathewson,
W. H. Maxwell,
Adolph S. Ochs,
Victor Paltsits,
W. H. Pendry,
John B. Pine,
Hyman Pouker,
Lewis H. Pounds,
F. B. Pratt,
R. E. Prime,
Ralph Pulitzer,
W. C. Reick,
Ogden Reid,
Herman Ridder,
George L. Rives,
Elihu Root,
F. A. Schermerhorn,
Miss L. L. Schuyler,
P. J. Scully,
F. H. Stevenson,
E. H. Stitt,
I. N. P. Stokes,
Mrs. W. C. Story,
C. A. Stoughton,
C. H. Strong,
H. Stuyvesant,
Mrs. E. N. Townsend, Jr.,
Guy Van Amringe,
Mrs. S. Van Rensselaer,
Oswald G. Villard,
Cabot Ward,
H. W. Watrous,
John A. Weeks,
Jacob A. Weil,
Alfred T. White,
W. G. Willcox.

The flag will consist of orange, white, and blue, the colors of the United Netherlands in perpendicular stripes, with the city's seal upon it.

HOSPITALS GET $110,000.

Annual Distribution by Saturday and Sunday Association.

A distribution of $110,000 was ordered yesterday by The Hospital Saturday and Sunday Association to the associated hospitals on the basis of the amount of free treatment given to the poor, regardless of race or creed. The distribution in detail was as follows, with odd cents omitted:

GENERAL HOSPITALS.

Mt. Sinai	$9,519	Flower	$1,334
New York	8,061	Sydenham	1,302
St. Luke's	7,490	French	1,068
Post-Graduate	5,898	Hahneman	1,047
German	4,783	St. Mark's	1,001
Roosevelt	4,746	Knickerbocker	885
Lebanon	2,952	Volunteer	400
Lincoln	2,868	Har Moriah	362
Beth Israel	2,624	Red Cross	250
Polyclinic	1,755		
Total			$58,355

SPECIAL.

Orthopaedic	$4,648	Opthalmic	$757
Rupt. & Crip'd.	2,959	Knapp Memorial	370
Deform. & Joint Disease	914	Skin and Cancer	1,058
Eye and Ear Infirmary	1,903	Gen. Memorial	1,495
Man. Eye, Ear, and Throat	1,825	House of Rest	2,148
		Neurological	250
Total			$18,931

WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Lying-In	$4,498	Woman's	$1,970
St. Mary's	2,685	Sloane	1,433
Infirm. for Women and Child.	2,095	Man. Maternity	983
Babies'	2,037	Misericordia	734
Nursery and Child's	1,572	Jewish Matern'y	374
		Hos. for Women	363
Total			$18,749

INCURABLES AND CONVALESCENTS.

Montefi. Home	$9,525	Isabella Heimath	$1,327
Home for Incur.	1,956	St. Andr. Conv.	281
Holy Comforter	871		
Total			$13,963

The basis of distribution was ascertained from uniform reports and verified by the auditing committee, Julius A. Stiersberg, Leo Arnstein and Gherardi Davis. The distributing committee was Otto T. Bannard, James Speyer, Albert H. Wiggin, Edward M. Morgan and Robert Olyphant.

BUYS INTEREST IN THE MAIL

Dr. E. A. Rumely, German University Man, Reported Investor.

A report reached this city yesterday that Dr. Edward A. Rumely of La Porte, Ind., former head of the M. Rumely Company, a $32,000,000 Indiana corporation, for the manufacture of farm machinery, had purchased a substantial interest in the Mail and Express Company, which owns and publishes The New York Evening Mail.

Directors of the Mail and Express Company who could be reached last night declined to confirm the report. John C. Cook, business manager, said that any report of the sale of The Evening Mail at this time was "premature." Other Directors referred inquirers to Henry L. Stoddard, President and editor, who lives at the Ansonia. At the Ansonia Mr. Stoddard was said to be out.

It was learned that negotiations for the paper had been going on for some time, but whatever changes took place Mr. Stoddard would continue as editor. While Dr. Rumely's interest in the publication would be large, it would not be sufficient to control the policy of the paper, it was said.

Dr. Rumely is a close friend and financial associate of James A. Patten, wheat operator. Dr. Rumely himself has spent many years in Germany. He studied in the University of Heidelberg and attended the University of Freiberg where he received his degree in medicine in 1906. He is the founder and president of the Interlaken School at La Porte.

Signs Bronx Valley Sewer Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 19.—Governor Whitman today approved the Hopkins bills placing the Bronx River Valley sewers under control of the Westchester County Supervisors and permitting them to increase the salary of John J. Brown, Superintendent, from $1,000 to $2,000.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

15 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

JOBBER LOOKING ALL WEEK, FROM 10 A. M. TO 5 P. M., LADIES', JUNIORS', AND CHILDREN'S COATS IN CLOTHS AND PILE FABRICS, FOURTH FLOOR, 28 EAST 30TH ST.

JOBS OF SILK DRESSES and cloth skirts; quantity no object; spot cash. Ben F. Levis, resident buyer, 72 Madison Av. Phone 7197 Madison Square.

WANTED AT ONCE.—Jobs ladies' and misses' apparel for chain stores; cash. N. H. Spanier, 32 Greene St. Tel. 358 Spring.

FELLOWS, 31 Union Square, wants jobs, Men's Panama Hats and Basement Merchandise.

JOBBER looking at Fall coats all week from 9 to 5 P. M. 16 West 25th St., 4th floor.

JOBBER LOOKING AT wash and silk dresses. Room 1,201, 108-110 West 34th St.

LOOKING AT ladies' Fall suits and coats; cash buyers; 8th floor. 57 E. 11th St.

CASH for dresses, suits, coats, skirts. National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard; F'n 4343.

OPEN for JOBS, SUITS, and Dresses for cash. Handel's, 236 6th Av.

JOBBER LOOKING AT FALL DRESSES. Room 810, 64 West 35th St.

WILL BUY 100 pieces French linen, all shades. Broder & Co., 28 W. 27th.

JOB 150 LINGERIE AND WASH DRESSES, FORMERLY SOLD AT $2.75 TO $5, TO CLOSE OUT AT $2 NET. SEVENTH FLOOR, 24 EAST 22D ST.

TO CLOSE OUT 400 ladies' raincoats, 300 men's top coats at sacrifice prices. J. & S. Roggen Co., 684 Broadway.

SUB-CONTRACTORS WANTED, to call with smart Fall suits and coats, from 9 to 4 P. M. 28 West 27th St., 10th floor.

JOB OF 150 all-wool challie dresses, combination with organdie waists, suspender effect, at $2.25 each. Wallach Bros., 245 7th Av., corner 24th St.

WE HAVE taffetta, crepe de chine, and crepe meteor dresses for delivery. Tip-Top Waist & Dress Company, 134 West 37th St.

WE HAVE NAVY TAFFETA DRESSES FOR QUICK DELIVERY. DICKER & GINSBERG, 142 WEST 26TH ST.

SEASIDE and genuine Palm Beach suits, $2.40 and up. Frank Wasserman, 43 W. 16th; "Chel. 2880."

WE HAVE on hand Spring goods; immediate delivery. Rettig Bros., 35 East Broadway.

WASH DRESSES; immediate delivery in all material. Denbosky Bros., 122 W. 26th St.

MEN'S and young men's suits very reasonable. Matchless Specialty Co., 817 B'way.

CLOAK SALESMAN, with executive ability, will invest $5,000, paying business. W 19 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday.3½@4 per cent. for the best names.
Tuesday...3½@4 " " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

***

New Back Collar Button.

A patented back collar button has been put on the market which is designed to do away with some of the troubles connected with using those of ordinary make. It is a flat tab of celluloid, ⅞ by 1 inch, on the style of a common collar button flattened out. The new button cannot roll under the bureau, secures the collar as well as the ordinary design, is flat and consequently permits free running of the tie and does not irritate the back of the neck.

***

The New Styles in Straws.

Whatever else is said about the present straw hat business, there can be no complaint made about the scarcity of novel styles. The season has started off as one of novelties and new shapes. The most popular idea among the medium-priced merchandise is, of course, the hat with rounded crown. This innovation has had the effect of spurring up the novelty end of the business to a marked extent. A diamond-shaped crown in a sennit has proved very popular, and telescope shapes are sold with as many as six "points." The outlook is held to be very bright in the trade, and with a continuation of warm weather a record business is anticipated.

***

Novelties in Neckwear.

The novelty that is going better than anything else at the present time with the men's neckwear manufacturers is the polka dot open end scarf with large spots. It is made in combinations of navy and white, and black and white, with spots that range in size from a "penny to a dollar." Plaid effects in taffeta with a curious weaving in blended colors are also selling very well. They were made originally to sell at 50 cents retail, but most haberdashers have been putting them out at 65 cents. A recent addition to the novelty lines is the unlined scarf made of mugadore and called the athletic tie. It is designed to be worn with the V neck athletic shirts, and, instead of being knotted, the ends are run through a ring which is colored to match or contrast with the color of the tie.

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Gray Goods Trading Limited.

Trading was again limited in the local gray goods market yesterday, but prices, which were largely nominal, were unchanged so far as first hands were concerned. Second hands were said to be offering limited quantities of printcloths at concessions, but, from all accounts, they did not find buyers anxious to take them. Some business was put through on heavy sheetings during the day and more inquiries for osnaburgs were told of. However, not a great deal of business was done on them. There was little change in the situation so far as fine and fancy goods were concerned. Standard printcloth prices, for spot delivery follow:

39-inch,	80-80s	6⅛c	38½-inch,	64-56s	3⅞c
39-inch,	72-76s	5½c	38½-inch,	60-52s	3⅝c
39-inch,	68-72s	4¾c	38½-inch,	60-48s	3⅛c
38½-inch,	64-64s	4¼c	27-inch,	64-60s	3c
38½-inch,	64-60s	4c	27-inch,	56-52s	2⅞c

***

Trip of the Credit Men.

Some very attractive plans, both from the business and social points of view, have been made for the twentieth annual convention of the National Association of Credit Men, which will be held in Salt Lake City on June 15, 16, 17 and 18. For the benefit of the local and other Eastern members of the association, a special train will be run to the scene of the meeting. At the end of the convention this train will continue to the Pacific Coast, visiting the principal cities and the expositions at San Francisco and San Diego. It is the claim of the association executives that this is "perhaps the best short 'seeing America' trip ever planned for the business man who cannot be long away from his desk." The invocation at the opening session will be offered by Joseph F. Smith, who is head of the Mormon Church.

***

Start Piece Goods Bureau.

The Clothiers' Association of New York has started the operation of a Piece Goods Bureau by which members can dispose of their surplus cloth to other members who are in need of such material. The clothiers will file lists of their surplus goods with sample swatches. The maker of the cloth, the style, number of pieces or yards, terms and delivery are filled in on a card for the purpose, and these data, together with the reference samples, are put away until such a time as inquiry is made for goods of the same specifications. Although the Bureau has been in existence only a few days, there have been requests for goods received from four out-of-town markets. The question of making the bureau of national as well as local service will be put before the convention of the National Association of Clothiers to be held next month.

***

Colored Cottons Running Low.

There has been little change in the colored cotton goods end of the local dry goods market of late. Naturally the supply of coal-tar colors is running lower all the time, the effect of which is seen in the further withdrawal of goods and the additional price advances that are being made on fabric that can still be made. Among the latest advances is one of a quarter of a cent a yard on a line of ginghams which makes considerable use of indigo. The increasing scarcity of that coloring matter is daily making the blue denim situation more unsettled. The supply of brown denims is also being sharply depleted. It is said in the market that buyers now seem more willing than heretofore to take goods in which the so-called fugitive colors have been used. Just how the consuming public will take them, however, is a problem. The big Eastern mills are doing the "missionary" work on them.

***

For French and Spanish Trade.

Robert G. Walker, recently appointed by Secretary Redfield, United States Commercial Agent at Paris, sails on the steamship Rochambeau for Bordeaux this morning. Mr. Walker will join Dr. Veditz, the Commercial Attaché stationed in the French capital. While here, the new agent conferred with manufacturers and exporters interested in French and Spanish trade. As the Paris Attaché's territory includes Spain, Mr. Walker will endeavor in conjunction with Dr. Veditz, to secure the removal of certain Spanish restrictions imposed on American trade. King Alfonso, at the solicitation of Ambassador Willard and Dr. Veditz, has already removed the burdensome transport tax levied on American coal, which has the effect of placing the commodity on a competitive basis with British coal. Mr. Walker said yesterday that, in company with Dr. Veditz, he hopes to proceed to Madrid shortly after arriving in Paris, and obtain other concessions.

***

More Novelty Hose for Men.

One of the features of the hosiery market at the moment is the increased attention hosiery buyers are giving to novelties in men's goods. Among the latest offerings of this sort are artificial silk plated "extracts," which are offered in white, black, Palm Beach tan, and other shades, the designs in each case harmonizing with the color of the body of the hose. They retail at 25 cents, while similar effects in pure silk are made to retail at 50 cents. Another offering consists of mercerized cotton hose with contrasting circular silk stripes about a quarter of an inch wide. These goods are shown in a number of attractive color combinations and retail at 25 cents. A good call for khaki-colored pure silk half hose is also reported, the demand coming both from this country and England. One firm very recently received an order for a hundred dozen of assorted silk hose from England, and twenty-seven dozen of the hose asked for were of the khaki shade.

***

Raw Silk Imports Gain.

While imports of raw silk into this country during April are shown by statistics of the Silk Association of America to be lower, so far as the number of bales is concerned, than last April, the total in pounds is in favor of the past month. The bale figures for April, 1914 and 1915 were, respectively, 15,120 and 14,977, while the respective pound figures are 2,064,596 and 2,168,076. While the great bulk of last month's 14,977 bales came from Japan, the silks from that country showed the greatest comparative loss of all. The China silks also showed quite a drop, but the increase in receipts of the European sorts nearly offset the loss on both the Japanese and China grades. A slight gain was shown in the silks known as "Cantons," and another small increase was shown in the combined imports of tussahs and doppionis. Total receipts for the ten months ended April 20 were 20,679,010 pounds, against 22,832,432 pounds in the same period in 1913-1914.

***

To Report on Minimum Wage.

A report on the minimum wage legislation of various States and nations on May 25 will be one of the features of the annual convention of the National Association of Manufacturers, which is to be held at the Waldorf-Astoria. The report, which is said to be the first on the subject of organized employers, will be made by the Committee on Industrial Betterment. In addition to the minimum wage question, it will touch on unemployment, invalidity, and old-age pensions, and sickness insurance. Other industrial relations will also be discussed in the report, barring industrial education, as a special committee will deal with that subject. It is said that the reports will be based on first-hand information and will be non-partisan. The committee in question is made up of F. C. Schwedtman, Chairman; Howell Cheney, M. W. Alexander, S. P. Bush, J. A. Carr, J. W. Furgeson, H. D. Miles, A. P. Nevin, Counsel, and Dr. A. A. Snowden, Secretary.

TRYING TO GET DYES.

Conferences on the Subject with the State Department.

Representatives of the German dyestuff importing trade who have been in Washington the last few days conferring with Department of State officials, said yesterday that while negotiations are under way looking to some arrangement whereby colors may be brought in, they are not hopeful of any definite conclusion until after the receipt of Germany's reply to the American note.

Not much progress is being made, it is understood, in getting out of Germany dyestuffs for certain domestic textile mills. While the British Government has indicated its willingness to let such shipments pass if the goods are consigned to W. A. Mitchell, of the Badische Company, cable advices state that the German producers are unwilling to pool their individual shipments in this manner. Dyestuff handlers, conferring the last few days with Secretary Bryan, Counsellor Lansing and other officials of the Department of State, have been earnest in their protests that some action be taken looking to an arrangement whereby the needed colors may come in in exchange for cotton shipments.

The importers have been insistent that Great Britain, by not closing German ports on the Baltic Sea, is not enforcing a blockade within the meaning of international law, and that consequently American importers have an undoubted right to export from Germany what they like. Importers said yesterday that they are hopeful that this feature will be emphasized in a note to be sent to England somewhat along the lines of that forwarded to Berlin after the sinking of the Lusitania.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 19.—Forecast:

N. Car. and S. Car.—Showers Thurs. and probably Fri.; warmer Thurs.; moderate n. e. an e. winds.

Ga.—Showers Thurs. and probably Fri.; moderate e. winds.

Fla.—Showers Thurs., except fair in n. w. Fri., showers, except fair in extreme s.; moderate n. e. winds.

Ala.—Fair in s., showers in n. Thurs. Fri., showers; moderate s. winds.

Miss.—Showers Thurs. and probably Fri., except fair in s. on Thurs.; moderate s. winds.

La.—Showers Thurs. in w., fair in e. Fri., showers; moderate s. winds.

East. Texas—Showers Thurs. and Fri.; moderate to fresh s. e. to s. winds on the coast.

West. Texas—Fair Thurs. and Fri., except showers Thurs. night or Fri. in the Panhandle.

Utah—Fair Thurs., except rain in extreme e.; warmer in s. w. Fri. fair.

Okla.—Fair in w., unsettled in e. Thurs.; probably showers. Fri. showers.

Ark.—Showers and cooler Thurs. Fri. showers.

Tenn.—Unsettled Thurs. and Fri., probably occasional showers.

Ky.—Rain Thurs. and probably Fri.

Ohio—Rain Thurs. and probably Fri.; moderate, possibly fresh n. e. to e. winds.

Ind.—Rain Thurs. and probably Fri.; moderate to fresh e. winds, becoming variable.

Ill.—Rain Thurs. and probably Fri.; moderate, possibly fresh n. e. winds.

Lower Mich.—Cloudy in n., showers in s. Thurs. and probably Fri.; moderate e. to n. winds, possibly fresh over s.

Upper Mich.—Cloudy Thurs. and Fri.; moderate n. e. winds.

Wis.—Rain in s. and cen., fair in extreme n. Thurs. and Fri.; moderate, possibly fresh, n. e. to n. winds.

Minn.—Fair Thurs., except rain in extreme s. Fri., fair; moderate n. e. to n. winds.

Iowa—Rain Thurs. Fri., unsettled; probably rain in s.

Mo.—Rain Thurs. and probably Fri.

N. Dak.—Fair Thurs. and Fri.

S. Dak.—Rain or snow Thurs., warmer. Fri., fair, warmer.

Neb.—Rain in e., rain or snow in w. Thurs. Fri., cloudy in e., rain in w.; warmer.

Kan.—Showers Thurs. and probably Fri.

Wool in Strong Demand.

LONDON, May 19.—At the wool auction sales today 11,700 bales were offered. The good selection met with a strong demand, with prices in sellers' favor. France was a keen buyer for crossbreds and Russia for scoureds. The withdrawals were small. The auctions will be concluded tomorrow.

WANT PICKETING STOPPED.

Cloak Manufacturers May Drop Peace Pact with 60,000 Hands.

A letter, authorized yesterday at a special meeting the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers' Protective Association, calls the attention of the Joint Board of the Cloak and Skirt Makers' Union to alleged violations by some of its members of the protocol or peace agreement in the trade.

The protest is based on the strike against the shop of A. Schwartz & Co., where pickets have been maintained. The protocol, it is asserted, provides that there shall be no stoppages of work and no picketing. In its letter the association states that the union was notified that picketing was going on, but has not issued the necessary orders to stop it.

In conclusion the letter states that under the circumstances it is impossible to see anything to be gained by further appeals or decisions of the Board of Arbitration or by conferences. This statement, it was pointed out, means that unless the union takes immediate steps to end such tactics as those said to be employed against the shop of A. Schwartz & Co. the manufacturers' association will withdraw as a party to the protocol, a severance of relations that may bring about a strike of the 60,000 operatives in the industry.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—L. J. Federman & Co.; L. J. Federman, dresses; 71 W. 23d.
ASHEVILLE—McGraw D. G. Co.; S. Philipson, jobs waists, dresses; Wallick's.
ATHENS, Ga.—A. Joel & Sons; J. B. Joel, clothing, furn. goods; Sherman Square.
AUGUSTA, Ga.—F. P. Sheron & Co.; F. P. Sheron, hats, shoes; St. Denis.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; C. Herman, housefurn. goods; S. D. Sampson, women's, misses' dresses, suits, skirts; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; E. Thiele, boys' clothing; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quellmalz, piece goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; D. A. Richards, perfumery, candies; 18 W. 35th.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; S. Lansburg, gen'l mdse; 354 4th Av.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon Co.; E. Adelberg, mdse. mgr., laces, women's neckwear, trimmings, handkerchiefs, gloves, embroideries; F. Kranson, men's furn. goods; Miss Blitz, notions, toilet articles; Mrs. Plummer, ribbons, parasols; Miss Casey, jewelry, silverware, leather goods; Mr. Lussier, linens; Mr. Cossette, silks, dress goods, piece goods; Mr. Watters, mdse. mgr., ready-to-wear; Miss Finn, women's suits, coats, skirts, dresses; Miss Golding, waists, underwear, petticoats, house dresses; Miss C. Dreyer, infants' wear; Miss S. Dreyer, corsets; Miss Hearn, juniors', misses' suits, coats, dresses; 1,133 B'way.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Kaleski, ladies' neckwear; Mr. Barrett, ladies' machine made dresses; Miss Hunter, costumes, dresses; Miss Vincent, ladies' coats; Mr. McCurdy, gloves; Mr. Blaisdell, hosiery; basement buyers; Mr. Koenigsthal, men's boys', clothing; Mr. Fanning, men's furnishing goods, knit underwear, hosiery, gloves; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; E. A. Hand, children's wear; Miss J. Canty, cotton waists, muslin underwear; Mrs. E. S. Adelson, women's, children's wear; 15 E. 26th.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; A. H. Shannon, silks, dress goods; T. Barker, housefurn. goods; G. Lessing, representing; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—G. G. Bean, silk petticoats; Latham.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; J. Lyford, furs; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Brown-Durrell Co.; J. W. Hammond, hdkfs.; 19 W. 19th.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Cronin, silks, velvets; C. R. Hoffman, housefurn. goods; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—Hamlin's; H. N. Des Marets, general mdse.; 351 4th Av.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. A. Kraus, upholstery goods; 105 Grand.
BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; S. V. Silverthorne, general mdse.; 18 W. 35th.
BUFFALO—C. H. Churchill, carpets, rugs; Breslin.
BUFFALO—Hamlin's; C. H. Peck, rugs; 351 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Maurice Hirsch & Co.; M. Hirsch, jobs Fall suits and coats; 30 West 32d St., Room 1,210.
CHICAGO—Chas. A. Stevens & Bros.; A. H. Winkler, waists, petticoats; 40 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Siegel, Cooper & Co.; H. L. Birnbaum, coats, suits, skirts; 13 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—Siegel Cooper Co.; S. Obermeyer, laces, handkerchiefs, embroideries; 15 E. 22d.
CHICAGO—A. Smith, furn. goods; Wallick's.
CLEVELAND—Root & McBride Co.; S. M. Bond, domestics; J. B. Callow, prints, wash fabrics; G. F. Smith, domestics; J. S. Littlefield, white goods, linings; F. H. Theis, silks, dress goods; 72 Leonard.
CLEVELAND—Halle Bros. Co.; Miss S. Kronthal, ladies' neckwear; 220 5th Av.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss F. Lavalley, waists; 18 W. 35th.
CLEVELAND—S. M. Hexter & Co.; S. M. Hexter, trimmings; 621 B'way.
CLEARFIELD, Penn.—A. W. Leonardson, general mdse.; 320 Church.
EASTON—Lehman Bros.; L. Lehman, muslin underwear; 41 W. 21st; Latham.
EASTON—Berg's Bazaar; L. E. Berg, ready-to-wear; Herald Square.
FAIRFIELD, Conn.—Sexton Mfg. Co.; M. Reichenbach, athletic underwear, shirtings; 1,171 B'way.
HARRISBURG—Kaufmann Underselling Store; G. Lloyd, dresses; 15 East 26th St.
HARTFORD—Hartford Hat and Cap Co.; J. J. Aischill, hats; B'way Central.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thomson & Co.; H. H. Chapman, shoes; 2 Walker.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; Miss E. Harter, ladies' wear; 1,270 Broadway.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; H. G. Munger, gen'l mdse.; 320 Church.
HOUSTON—Adoue Blaine Hardware Co.; G. C. Gillen, housefurnishing goods; Grand.
KINGSTON, N. Y.—G. A. Hart & Co.; A. K. Hart, jewelry; Continental.
LOS ANGELES—A. A. Jacob Co.; H. Jacob, millinery; 640 Broadway.
MARION, Va.—W. E. Hodges, hosiery, notions; St. Denis.
MEMPHIS—B. Lowenstein & Bros.; P. B. Sharp, silks, velvets; 22 East 17th.
MEMPHIS—J. Gerber Co.; J. Gerber, general mdse.; 1,150 B'way.
MERIDEN, Conn.—A. S. Thomas; J. J. Killeen, notions, hosiery, furn. goods; 220 5th Av.
MILWAUKEE—Herzfeld-Phillipson Co.; J. J. McDonough, wash goods, flannels, domestics; 31 Union Square.
MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; A. J. Powers, representing; 18 W. 35th.
MINNEAPOLIS—J. Rosenberg, clothing; Albert.
NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
NORWICH—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; W. E. Woods, representing; 432 4th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—F. Silberman & Son; H. Silberman, jobs in suits, silk dresses; 1,270 Broadway.
PHILADELPHIA—F. Baird Co.; F. Baird, millinery; Albert.
PHILALDELPHIA—Hirmac Waist Co.; L. W. Hirsch, waists, dresses; Aberdeen.
PHILADELPHIA—Dannenbaum Millinery Co.; H. C. Allen, hats; Broadway Central.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Mrs. M. Garretson, millinery; B'way & 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Kampman & Harris; L. Harris, piece goods; Breslin.
PITTSBURGH—W. & H. Walker Co.; J. B. Sacks, Fall mdse., cloaks, dresses, waists, skirts, flannelette, infants', children's wear; 220 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; N. Kaufmann, muslin underwear, infants' wear, negligees; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Ogus, Rabinowich & Ogus; M. Twersky, millinery; 621 Broadway.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; L. Schwartz, muslin underwear; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.; England Bros.; B. England, dry goods; 320 Church.
PITTSFIELD—England Bros.; S. England, cloaks; 1,270 Broadway.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Goldstein & Marine Co.; S. B. Marine, clothing; Albert.
SAN FRANCISCO—M. & L. Meyer; M. Meyer; Fall suits, skirts, and dresses; 18 West 27th St.
ST. LOUIS—Famous Bargain Co.; Mr. Page, jobs suits, dresses, coats, skirts; 37 West 26th St.
ST. LOUIS—Sonnenfeld's; H. Husch, cloaks, suits; 7 W. 22d.
TITUSVILLE, Penn.—Siep Bros.; J. Siep, furn. goods; Imperial.
WORCESTER—W. W. Brown, jackets; Herald Square.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 19.—The following incorporations were filed in the office of the Secretary of State today:

L. Schneider Co., Passaic, contracting, gas fitting, &c., $10,000; Louis Schneider, Samuel Schneider, Saul Schneider, all of Passaic.

West Jersey Sand and Gravel Company, Camden, to deal in gravel and sand, $100,000; Michael J. McEnery, Rodney Morrison, Jr., Roy A. Mammaring, all of Camden.

I. Grubard, the Tailor, Inc., Newark, to conduct a tailoring business, $5,000; Sander Grubard, Lillian Grubard, I. Grubard, all of Newark.

Bergen Lunch Company, Rutherford, conduct a restaurant business, $10,000; William H. Meyers, Irene Meyers, Oscar A. Campbell, all of Brooklyn.

Imperial Novelty Company, Newark, to deal in novelties, $25,000; John Schmidt, Newark; Hugo M. Harringer, Irvington; Joseph Kanzien, Newark; Charles Bruckner, Newark, Charles Wirth, Newark.

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LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Japanese Wares and Wines Among the Articles Passed On.

The William H. Horstmann Company, Philadelphia, was sustained yesterday by the Board of General Appraisers in a claim for shortage of nine boxes of trimmings. The testimony of the men who examined the goods on the arrival at the store of the importer was positive that this shortage existed; that while the case was invoiced as containing 210 boxes, it held but 201. Judge Waite ruled that the testimony was convincing that the shortage actually existed, and that the allowance should be made. The Collector was ordered to make a reliquidation of the duties collected on the missing boxes.

Morimura Brothers were sustained in claims dealing with the classification of stands, flower pots, fern pots, vases, and other articles made of colored bamboo, some of which were lined with tin. They were assessed as baskets, either at the rate of 40 per cent. ad valorem under the Act of 1909, or at 25 per cent. ad valorem under the present law. The importers claimed that assessment should be made as manufactures of wood, at 35 per cent. ad valorem, when entered under the old act, and at 15 per cent. on the goods brought in under the act of 1913. With the exception of a few items on the invoices, the Collector was reversed.

Gonnaro Petrucci, Bridgeport, imported merchandise invoiced as wine. It was taxed accordingly under the tariff. The importer, however, claimed that some of the barrels contained vinegar, calling for a lower customs tax. An official analysis was made of the contents of the containers in dispute. Judge Waite said in his decision that the paragraph covering vinegar provides that the commodity shall have such acidity as will require thirty-five grains of bicarbonate of potash to neutralize one troy ounce. As this did not prove to be the case on the test, and a heavy percentage of alcohol was found, as well as too little acidity, the board affirmed the duty levy at the rate provided for wine.

Lord & Taylor and others were given lower rates on a great variety of women's adornment articles. They were taxed at 85 per cent. under the old act for such articles, and were held by the board to be properly dutiable at either 60 per cent. as jewelry, or 45 per cent. ad valorem as paste or glass manufactures. Similar action was taken in protests by Mills & Gibb, and F. Bing & Co.'s successors.

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FLORIDA BEACH SUITS
In Stock for Immediate Delivery.
$3.50--$4.50
GLOBE DRESS & SUIT CO.,
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5c & 10c EXCHANGE
50,000 ARTICLES ON DISPLAY
GENERAL MDSE. EXCHANGE
Everything for the **Bargain Basement**
10 W. 20th St. and 11 W. 19th St., N. Y.

Wash Dress Profits Point to Royal Mfg Co.

S. STEINFELD & CO.
43-45-47 WEST 23D ST.
Offer Special Value in LADIES' LINGERIE WAISTS at $8.50 per dozen. Immediate Delivery.

Wash Skirts Gabardine and Palm Beaches. Linenes at $4.50 Doz.
HIRSH BROS., 25 West 27th Street.

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Collected in every State. Small charge. Fidelity Collection Co., 63 Park Row. B'kman 3853.

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FLYING TOYS that FLY, 10c to $20. Ideal Aeroplane & Supply Co., 84 W. B'way.

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ARTISTIC PRINTING AT MODERATE PRICES. STAR PRINTING CO., 301 W. 37th St. Greeley 883.

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Lace and Novelty Curtains, popular prices. EUGENE NEUMAIER & CO., 3 West 18th St.

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Telephone Spring 1291. 117 Spring St.

FAVORS & PAPER HATS.
Novelties for all occasions, wholesale & retail. Mrs. I. Davidsohn, 201 W. 145th St.

GIRDLES.
Newest Novelties at Slote & Schaffer, "The Belt House of N. Y.," 49 East 21st St.

LEGHORN HATS
White Hats, Milton S. Sommerich, Room 1,300, 38-40 West 32d St.

NOVELTIES.
10,000 Seasonable Favors and Novelties. B. Shackman & Co., 906 Broadway, N. Y.

OVERALLS.
"THE BOYS' FRIEND OVERALLS."
$1.50 Per Dozen.
S. COHEN, Mfr., 39 East Broadway, N. Y.

SWEATER COATS, KNIT GOODS.
ALBERTSON, BECKHARD & ALLEN, Inc., The Keetch Line, 140 Fifth Av. Chelsea 1853.

WAISTS.
BLOOM & MILLMAN
WALDORF B'LD'G.
2-16 WEST 33D ST.
$9.00 WAISTS & MIDDIES

Worombo Chinchilla Sport Coats for Women, $8.
B. ANDREWS, 172 5th Av.

5c., 10c., AND 25c. GOODS.
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange. 10-12 West 20th St.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

OFFICES and small lofts; monthly rents $15 up. 149 West 35th Street.

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The surplus earnings of the issuing company show an increase of over 100% compared with last year.

Details on request.

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Legal Investment for Savings Banks

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Further particulars on request for Circular AG 52.

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Bond and Open Market Securities Department

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Investments

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Further Contraction in Volume of Sales, While Market Waits on Germany.

From a stock market standpoint, the worst piece of news to come to light yesterday was the report that the expected break between Austria and Italy would further delay preparation of Germany's answer to the United States note on submarine war outrages. Until the uncertainty over the settlement of the differences between this country and Germany is ended, dealings in securities promise to continue unimportant. Yesterday's market saw the third successive decline in the number of shares changing hands, the total for the session falling below 200,000 shares. So much depends on the tone of the forthcoming note from Berlin that customers are being urged to withhold orders. Yesterday's list was irregular, with a few noteworthy changes in issues affected more by domestic developments than by happenings on the Continent.

A further movement of foreign exchange in this country's favor has resulted in more gold imports, despite the alternative credit arrangements which France has been seeking to provide and which England is supposed to have under consideration. There was received yesterday $5,000,000 gold, of which half came from Paris and the remainder from Ottawa, and it is expected that another $2,500,000 from Ottawa will be engaged in a day or two. There has now been received from Paris close to $10,000,000 since the beginning of the month, making the total gold imports by the United States $65,000,000 for the year to date. Arrivals of gold have not been in proportion to the increase in this country's trade balance, and foreign exchange showed further weakness. Despite the lower loaning rates obtainable in London, bankers at this centre are looking for the completion of some kind of a credit arrangement which will save Great Britain from the necessity of releasing gold to the United States to offset a further decline in sterling expected to develop in the ordinary course of trade. Imminence of war between Italy and Austria served to unsettle exchange on Rome, with rates fluctuating widely.

Missouri Pacific is again in the limelight as a result of the fresh break in the price of its shares on the approach of June 1, when $25,000,000 of one-year notes become due. The situation appears to be more critical than it was a year ago, owing to the fact that the controlling interests in the property are not showing the anxiety to ward off a receivership that they then displayed. Chesapeake & Ohio was also weak yesterday on the belief that earnings would not justify the Directors in declaring another 1 per cent. dividend today. Most transactions were unimportant, and the leading issues ended the session at slightly higher levels.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

After the German Note, What?

Traders had plenty of time yesterday to speculate in a mental way about what the market may hold for them after the reply to President Wilson's note is received. Discussions overheard in commission houses showed that a wide difference of opinion existed as to the probable effect the communication would have, although it was generally agreed that anything in the way of an abrupt refusal to recognize the claims of the United States would be likely to depress prices sharply. The chance of this occurring was ruled out of debate in view of unofficial advices from Berlin that the German Government's answer would be of a character to point the way toward further exchange of opinion between the two countries before a definite stand was taken. Working from the premise that some days and even weeks might pass before diplomatic proceedings were at an end, certain traders thought the reply would indicate Germany's course so clearly that the market would after its receipt quickly display the nature it was to adopt for an extended period. Others were equally sure that the dullness and the colorless condition which has characterized the market of late would be continued until definite relations were re-established with Germany.

⁂

C. & O. Dividend Rumors.

Chesapeake & Ohio exhibited a freak movement yesterday in dropping 2¼ points on rumors that no dividend would be declared by the Directors when they meet today. The last payment, one of 1 per cent., was declared last November. There had been absolutely no indication that another 1 per cent. would be declared. The first quarter of the year passed without any intimation of a dividend, and just why the stock should suffer a drop on rumors that a dividend which had not been expected would be passed was more than brokers could explain when the day's trading was over. The Chesapeake & Ohio has set apart $2,000,000 from earnings since April 1, 1914, in accordance with the provisions made by the bankers who floated the company's $33,000,000 notes last year.

⁂

Mo. Pac. Drops Again.

In the case of Missouri Pacific, which dropped another point yesterday, there was some explanation for the slump. It is well known that there are two opposing interests in the Missouri Pacific tangle. George J. Gould has been worsted by the new banking interests, who put him out of control of that and associated railroads. There can be no doubt about that. It is realized in Wall Street that friendly feelings cannot be counted on to settle the proposed $25,000,000 Missouri Pacific note extension. Many feel that George J. Gould, as the holder of about $6,000,000 of the railroad's notes, will be perfectly willing to run a disturbing course if he can ultimately have his own way. It is also plain that the uncertainty of the note extension affords a general opportunity for speculation. Mr. Gould has remained absolutely silent, and he has until June 1 to decide what he will do about assenting to the note extension. And Mr. Gould's silence, it appears, though perfectly in order, is a bearish argument.

⁂

Work for Extra Brakemen.

A State Executive is likely to be more concerned with the attitude of labor unions toward full-crew legislation than with the arguments of the railroads. Common sense applied to much of the full-crew evil dictates repeal of the laws without regard to any other consideration than proper economy, but legislators and Executives cannot forget that the popular vote is sensitive to the rights of every man to hold a job. Perhaps something of this was in the mind of Vice President Atterbury of the Pennsylvania yesterday, when he appeared before Governor Brumbaugh to urge the Governor to sign the bill repealing the Pennsylvania full-crew law. At any rate, Mr. Atterbury based his appeal largely on a promise that no men would be thrown out of employment by his company by reason of the reduction in train crews.

"Speaking for the railroad," said Mr. Atterbury, "I take this opportunity to assure you that the deliberate purpose of the roads is to retain excess trainmen, not in their present occupations, but in useful service."

⁂

Traffic Gaining.

Mr. Atterbury said that indications point to improved business, which will make it necessary to operate more trains. This will require extra crews, and in turn will promote the men from the extra list to the regular assignment. Thus many brakemen will cease to be passengers and will become operating men. The objection to this happy solution of the problem of keeping men employed is that if the law is not repealed and business picks up, it will not only be necessary to keep all of the extra brakemen, but to take on more to handle the additional trains.

⁂

Rumors Are Heard.

A rumor helped to batter Mexican Petroleum down more than 4 points from high to low in yesterday's market. The story went about that the company's most valuable well had caught fire, and the bears, who seem to have an eye open constantly for a chance to attack this issue, brought about considerable action before the report was officially noticed in negative fashion. Other rumors were heard, the natural product of a lifeless day in the market, although traders were too cautious to attempt to reach much profit from their influence.

⁂

The Westinghouse Report.

The Westinghouse Electric Company's annual report contains information of much interest to shareholders, but the items that they would most like to know about just at this time are not included in the abstract made public this morning. These items would have to do with war orders. It is to be assumed that in the year ended March 31 the company filled contracts for supplies for the European armies, but whether large or small the statement does not say. It was after the past fiscal year ended, however, that the company became especially prominent in bidding for orders, and it is clear from what has become public in recent weeks that the figures in the next report, whatever may be set down in the text, will show the result of foreign sales in decided fashion.

LONDON MARKET ACTIVE.

Trading Only Slightly Affected by Political Crisis.

LONDON, May 19.—Money and discount rates were easy today.

The stock market was little affected by the political crisis, and there was a good demand for short-dated gilt-edged securities and treasury bills. Oil and rubber shares showed increasing activity. Copper shares were dull and Russians ruled easy.

The American section was fairly active at a lower parity, but improved in the afternoon and finished steady. A number of dealings were made in Amalgamated Copper rights around $1.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	190,714
Same day last year	140,178
Year to date	48,231,835
Same period last year	33,089,892
Average price and change 50 stocks	66.53 + .28
Same day last year	69.22 — .20

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	73.36 Apr. 30	58.99 Feb. 24
Same period last year	73.30 Jan. 31	65.24 Apr. 25
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Note.—In stocks in which trades in odd lots were reported on the tape yesterday at prices higher or lower than the range on 100-share lots the range on odd lots is shown separately.

Closing.		Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
Bid.	Ask.							
33⅛	33¼	1,500	Alaska Gold Mines	32⅞	33½	32⅞	33⅜	+ ⅞
14⅝	15¼	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	− ⅛
45	46¼	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	45½	45½	45½	45½	− ½
65½	65¾	10,830	Amalgamated Cop	66	66½	65¼	65½	− ⅛
43½	43¾	600	Am. Beet Sugar	43½	44	43½	43⅝	+ ⅞
100	101	300	Am. B. S. & F. t.r.	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾	−1¼
148	150	300	A. B. S. & F. pf. t.r.	149¾	149¾	149	149	− ⅛
32¾	33	4,200	Am. Can	32⅛	33⅝	32⅝	32¾	+ ¼
50	50½	700	Am. C. & Fdy	50	50½	50	50½	+ ⅞
..	..	10	Am. Cities pf	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾	...
44½	46	600	Am Cotton Oil	44½	44½	44½	44½	...
5½	5⅞	100	Am. H. & Leather	5½	5½	5½	5½	+ ¼
30	30¾	300	Am. Ice Securities	30	30	30	30	...
27	29	200	Am. Linseed pf	28	28¼	28	28¼	+ ½
43	43½	600	Am. Locomotive	43½	43½	43	43	+ ⅛
4	5	10	Am. Malt	5	5	5	5	...
22	25	100	Am. Malt pf	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	−1¾
64¾	65	700	Am. Smelt & Ref	65	65⅜	64⅞	64⅞	+ ⅛
102	104	100	Am Sm. & Ref. pf	103	103	103	103	+ ⅛
105¼	105½	100	Am. Sugar Refining	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	+ ¾
118⅞	119	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	119	119	119	119	...
118⅞	119	25	Do, odd lot	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	...
31⅜	31½	2,550	Anaconda Cop. Co	31½	31¾	31⅜	31⅜	− ⅛
98¾	99	700	Atch., Top. & S. F.	98⅝	98⅞	98½	98⅞	+ ½
98¾	99¼	100	A., T. & S. F. pf	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	...
43¾	44	200	Bald. Locomotive	43	43	42¾	42¾	+ ¾
71¾	72	1,000	Balt. & Ohio	71¾	72	71¾	72	+ ¼
69	70	200	Balt. & Ohio pf	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	+1⅞
⅞	1⅛	100	Batopilas Mining	1	1	1	1	+ ⅛
132½	134	1,800	Bethlehem Steel	132	134¾	132	133	+1¾
111	111¾	100	Beth. Steel pf	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼	+ ¼
86⅝	86⅞	100	Brooklyn R. T.	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	+ ⅛
86⅝	86⅞	10	Do, odd lot	87¼	87¼	87¼	87¼	...
68	75	100	Brown Shoe pf	70	70	70	70	−2
68	75	10	Do, odd lot	73	73	73	73	...
67⅝	68¼	8,300	Butte & Superior	63	68	63	67¾	+5
157½	158½	1,600	Canadian Pacific	157½	158	157	157¾	+ ½
76	80	100	Case (J. I.) pf	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞	−3⅛
35⅝	35¾	400	Central Leather Co	35⅝	35¾	35½	35½	+ ¼
102	103	100	Cen. Leather Co. pf	103	103	103	103	+1¾
40⅞	41¼	3,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	42½	42½	40¼	41	−2¼
28¼	29⅜	100	Chicago G. W. pf	29	29	29	29	+1⅛
88½	89	500	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	89	89½	89	89	+ ¼
22	22¼	1,300	Chi., R. I. & Pac	22⅛	22¼	22	22⅛	− ⅜
42¼	42½	2,300	Chino Copper	42	42⅝	42	42⅝	+ ⅛
122	124	100	Consolidated Gas	123	123	123	123	− ¼
22⅞	23	1,100	Crucible Steel	22¾	22⅞	22½	22⅞	+ ⅞
55	57⅛	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	57	57	57	57	...
147	153	100	Del. & Hudson	147⅞	147⅞	147⅞	147⅞	+ ⅞
114¼	115	5	Detroit Edison Co	114¼	114¼	114¼	114¼	...
..	..	400	Du Pont Pow. pf	92⅛	92⅛	92	92	...
25¼	25⅝	4,900	Erie	25⅛	25½	25	25⅜	+ ⅜
39¾	40⅛	500	Erie 1st pf	40⅛	40⅛	40	40	+ ¼
202½	206	50	General Chemical	205¼	205¼	205¼	205¼	...
150¼	151	100	General Electric	150½	150½	150½	150½	+ ½
132	135½	200	General Motors	135	135	134¾	135	+ ⅝
41¾	42½	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	42	42	42	42	...
101¼	101½	200	Goodrich pf	101½	101¾	101½	101¾	+ ½
..	..	45	Granby Consol	79¼	79¼	79¼	79¼	...
116⅞	117¼	700	Gt. Northern pf	117	117¼	116⅝	117¼	+ ¾
31	32	400	Gt. North. ore ctfs	32	32	31⅛	31⅛	− ¼
56⅞	57¼	1,100	Guggenheim Expl	57⅜	57½	57	57	+ ¼
105	107	100	Illinois Central	106	106	106	106	+ ¾
28⅝	29	2,100	Inspiration Copper	29	29	28	28⅞	+ ⅜
20⅛	20¼	5,000	Int.-Met. V. T. ctfs	20⅞	21	20	20¼	− ⅛
69½	70	500	Int.-Met. pf	70¼	70⅜	69	69	−1⅛
26¼	26½	600	Kansas City So	26½	26½	26⅜	26½	+ ¼
123	123½	68	Kings Co. E.L. & P.	123	124	123	124	...
107	110	50	Kresge (S.S.) Co. pf	108½	108½	108½	108½	...
100	101	200	Laclede Gas	100	100½	100	100½	+1½
140	142	100	Lehigh Valley	140	140	140	140	...
115½	117	100	Louis. & Nashville	116	116	116	116	+2½
38¾	39	500	Maxwell Motors	38¾	39	38¾	39	+ ½
81¼	81½	600	Max. Motors 1st pf	81	81⅜	81	81¼	+ ½
32½	33	700	Max. Motors 2d pf	32⅝	33	32⅝	33	+ ½
65½	66	26,500	Mexican Petroleum	67½	68¾	64½	65⅝	−1⅜
78	79	300	Mex. Petroleum pf	75⅛	79	75⅛	79	−4
23⅝	23¾	800	Miami Copper	23⅞	23⅞	23½	23⅝	+ ⅛
10⅞	11	8,700	Missouri Pacific	11⅛	11¾	10¼	11	−1
48½	49	100	Montana Power	48½	48½	48½	48½	+ ¼
116½	122	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	118	118	118	118	+ ¼
14½	15½	100	Nat. Enam & St	15	15	15	15	+1½
56½	58	900	Nat. Lead Co	57½	58½	57½	57½	+1¼
109	112	40	Nat. Lead Co pf	109	109	109	109	...
6½	7	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf	6½	6½	6½	6½	− ½
14	14½	100	Nev. Consol. Cop	14	14	14	14	...
61¾	62¾	800	N. Y., N. H. & H.	61½	62½	61¼	62½	+ ½
102	104	100	Norfolk & Western	102	102	102	102	+1
73½	74½	400	North American	73½	74	73½	74	+2
103¾	104½	1,600	Northern Pacific	103¾	104¼	103¼	104	+ ¼
91	94	10	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf	91	91	91	91	...
106½	107	800	Pennsylvania R. R.	107⅛	107⅛	106⅝	106⅝	− ⅛
20½	21	400	Pittsburgh Coal	21	21	21	21	+1
43⅜	43½	3,500	Pressed Steel Car	42	43⅞	42	43½	+1½
95	98	100	Pressed Steel C. pf	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	−1⅞
153⅜	155	300	Pullman Company	153¼	153¾	153¼	153⅜	..
153⅜	155	25	Pullman C., odd lot	154	154	154	154	..
27	28½	100	Ry. Steel Spring	28	28	28	28	−1
22½	22⅝	1,300	Ray Consol. Copper	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	+ ⅛
142¼	142½	11,400	Reading	142	142⅞	141⅞	142⅜	+ ¼
26½	26¾	100	Republic Iron & St	26½	26½	26½	26½	..
½	⅝	1,500	Rock Island Co. pf	½	½	½	½	..
½	⅝	50	R. I. C. pf., odd lot	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	..
4¾	5	100	Rumely (M.) pf	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
4¼	4¾	300	St. L. & San Fran	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+ ¼
86¾	87	2,800	Southern Pacific	86¾	87⅞	86⅝	86⅞	+ ⅜
..	..	26	So. Pac. Tr. rcpts	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾	..
16⅛	16¼	300	Southern Railway	16¼	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	− ¼
53	54	100	Southern Ry. pf	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	+1¾
49	50	100	Standard Milling	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	+ ⅛
64	64½	900	Studebaker Co	64	64⅝	64	64½	+ ½
32¼	32½	1,200	Tennessee Copper	32¾	33	32¾	32⅞	+ ⅛
96	98	160	Tobacco Prod. pf	98	98	98	98	..
124	124⅛	11,100	Union Pacific	123⅝	124½	123⅝	124⅛	+ ⅜
16½	17¼	500	United Rys. Invest	16¼	17	16	16¼	−1¼
32	33	1,200	United Rys. Inv. pf	31	33	31	33	−2
60	60¼	1,100	U. S. Rubber	60½	60½	60	60	..
52⅜	52½	23,400	U. S. Steel	52	52⅞	52	52½	+ ½
105	105¾	740	U. S. Steel pf	106	106	105	105	−1
63⅝	63⅞	1,000	Utah Copper	63⅞	64⅛	63½	63⅞	+ ⅝
½	⅝	2,300	Wabash	½	½	⅜	½	..
⅞	1	1,700	Wabash pf	1⅛	1⅛	1	1	..
64¾	66	1,000	Western Union Tel	65	65	65	65	+ ⅛
88⅛	88½	10,100	Westing. E. & M.	87½	88¾	87½	88⅜	+1¼

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days.			
	30 or Less.	30 to 60.	60 to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	4	4	4½	5
New York	4	4	4	5
Philadelphia	4	4	4½	5
Cleveland	4	4	4½	5
Richmond	4½	4½	4½	5
Atlanta	4	4	4½	5
Chicago	4	4	4½	5
St. Louis	4	4	4½	5
Minneapolis	4	4½	5	5
Kansas City	4	4	4½	5½
Dallas	4	4	4½	5
San Francisco	3½	4	4½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days	2¼@2½
Ninety days	2½@2¾

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renew. Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	2

ON TIME.

60 days	2¾@3	5 and 6 mos	3¼@3½
90 days	2¾@3	8 and 10 mos	3¾@4
4 mos	3 @3¼	11 and 12 mos	3¾@4

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months	3@3½	6 months	3½@4
60 to 90 days			3 @3½

Other Names.

4 months	4	6 months	3¾@4¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.78⅞	$4.78 11/16	$4.78 11/16
Cables	4.79 5/16	4.79 1/16	4.79 1/16

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.78 11/16	$4.79 1/16
Paris	5.36¾	5.36¼
Berlin	.82 1/16	.82 3/16
Austria	15.50	15.55
Russia	..	39.50
Switzerland	5.29¾	5.29¼
Scandinavia	29.95	26.00
China—		
Hongkong	44.45	44.30
Shanghai	57.00	57.25
Singapore	57.50	
Greece	5.27	5.26
Holland	.39 7/16	39 9/16—1/32
India—		
Bombay	33.00	....
Calcutta	33.00	....
Italy	5.87	5.86½
Japan—		
Kobe	49.37	49.45
Yokohama	49.37	49.45
Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.62	49.75
South America—		
Buenos Aires	42.00	42.10
Rio	25.00	25.25

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.76¼	$4.75	$4.76	$4.74⅞

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $286,188,771; balance, $16,930,496; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $65,556.

The local banks have gained $933,000 on the Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres; Boston, par; Chicago, 15c premium; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 30c premium; Minneapolis, 40c premium; Cincinnati, par; Montreal, 6.25 premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 23½, off 1-16d; New York, 49⅞c, off ⅛.

Heavy Trading on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, MAY 19—Trading was heavy on the Bourse to-day. Three per cent. rentes 72 francs, 25 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 25 francs 73 centimes.

$30,000,000 BONDS AMSTER'S R. I. PLAN

Would Pay $11,000,000 Short-Term Notes and Leave Working Capital.

OBJECTIONS COME AT ONCE

Fixed Charges Would Be Increased, Critics Say — Assessment of $40 on Stock Is Probable.

A proposal to avoid an assessment on the stock of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway, now in receivership, by issuing $30,000,000 of collateral trust bonds was made yesterday by N. L. Amster, Chairman of the minority stockholders' protective committee. Mr. Amster said that if the so-called Reid-Moore interests and other interests associated with the Rock Island were to take a pro rata share of such bonds his committee would do likewise and thus assure the success of the plan.

It is proposed, by this plan, to secure the $30,000,000 collateral trust bonds with an equal amount of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway's first and refunding 4 per cent. bonds, now selling around 66, and $30,000,000 of other first mortgage and terminal bonds. The plan calls for the payment of the company's $11,000,000 short-term notes with the proceeds. According to Mr. Amster there would then be available as a cash working capital between $13,000,000 and $19,000,000, depending on the price to be paid for the new bonds.

The Amster plan was not favorably received at the railway company's offices, nor by others interested in Rock Island reorganization. It implied an increase of fixed charges, it was pointed out, and the postponement of the "inevitable real reorganization."

"Mr. Amster has criticised the management of the Reid-Moore interests because this management has increased the floating indebtedness and the fixed charges to the point where the credit of the railway company became impaired," said one of the men who is working on an independent plan of reorganization. "Now he is proposing to do just what he criticised the Reid-Moore interests for doing. He would issue bonds for which the railway would obviously have to pay a very high rate of interest and he would thus increase the fixed charges. This is not a solution of the Rock Island's problems. The plan, if carried out, would simply mean the continuance of the hand-to-mouth financing which has been so costly to the Rock Island."

Reorganization of the Rock Island, it appears, will not be accomplished for many months. The various protective committees which have been formed for the stock and bonds have not yet engaged in conferences and no definite plan has been formulated by any of them. It appears certain from a canvass of the various committees, however, that the plan to be promulgated by the majority stockholders will call for an assessment of about $40 a share on the stock. Such an assessment would raise about $30,000,000, the amount necessary, it is contended, to rehabilitate the railway property.

WESTINGHOUSE REPORT OUT

Annual Statement Shows Increase in Unfilled Orders.

Gross sales of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company in the year ended March 31 amounted to $33,671,485, as compared with $43,733,646 the year before. From this total $2,009,744 was saved as net income available for dividends, against $4,058,809 in 1914. Holders of preferred and common stock received $1,707,259 in dividends, and as the profit and loss account was charged with $444,498 for depreciation and adjustments and $126,257 for miscellaneous reserves, the net revenue was not sufficient by $268,000 to offset debits against it. The total surplus at the end of the year was $7,473,411, as compared with $7,659,130 twelve months before.

The value of unfilled orders, as set forth in a summary of the annual report issued yesterday, was $8,951,410 on March 31. On that date of 1914 they amounted to $7,951,385. The average number of employes during 1915 was 15,145, against an average of 18,635 in 1914.

The Chairman, Guy E. Tripp, informs stockholders that the sale of the French branch to the British branch of the Westinghouse interests was completed in the year. The Italian branch is now controlled also by the English Westinghouse concern. The large reduction in sales, said Mr. Tripp, was largely caused by a strike of more than a month's duration last Summer at the main works in East Pittsburgh.

PROTECTED IN CHENEY SUIT.

Columbia Trust Company Reassures Its Depositors.

To reassure its depositors and stockholders concerning the effect of the suit which has been brought against it in the Federal District Court by Benjamin F. Cheney, the Columbia Trust Company yesterday issued this statement:

> The Columbia Trust Company is fully protected with respect to the suits against Benjamin F. Cheney and his counter claims in connection with the American Silk Company and Northeastern Cuba Railroad Company underwritings, which affect reserved assets of the Knickerbocker Trust Company.
>
> At the time the Knickerbocker was merged with the Columbia Trust Company, assets of a book value of about $3,000,000 were set aside by the Knickerbocker in trust to meet any such lawsuits and other contingencies, the balance to be liquidated and distributed among the Knickerbocker stockholders. Thus the trust company can suffer no loss from these suits irrespective of their merits, and is made a party to them technically as the legal successor of the Knickerbocker.

The amount of the claim made by Mr. Cheney is about $270,000, and it concerns transactions which he had with the Knickerbocker Trust Company, which the Columbia Trust Company took over.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of these two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Railroads	70.57	70.11	70.36	+ .15
Industrials	63.03	62.41	62.71	+ .42
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
May 12	69.06	67.54	67.88	— .10
May 13	67.60	66.55	66.75	—1.13
May 14	66.41	64.21	64.62	—2.13
May 15	66.10	65.10	65.77	+1.15
May 17	67.38	66.53	66.97	+1.20
May 18	66.74	66.07	66.25	— .72
May 19	66.80	66.26	66.53	+ .28

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
May to date	72.94	May 1	64.14	May 10	66.53
May, 1914	69.75	May 18	67.48	May 9	69.17
May, 1913	71.25	May 26	69.45	May 1	69.69
May, 1912	83.17	May 2	80.08	May 31	80.19
Yr. to date	73.36	Apr. 30	58.99	Feb. 24	66.53
Year, 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.47	July 30	60.20
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.04
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

		Wednesday.		Tuesday.	
		Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1915	100 1/16	100 3/16	100⅛	100 3/16
6s	Sept., 1916	102¼	102½	102¼	102½
6s	Sept., 1917	104	104¼	103¾	104¼
4½s	March, 1963	103⅞	104⅛	103⅞	104⅛
4½s	May, 1957	103⅞	104⅛	103⅞	104⅛
4½s	Nov., 1957	103⅞	104⅛	103⅞	104⅛
4½s	May, 1917	100⅞	101	100½	101
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅞	101	100½	..
4¼s	March, 1964	99⅞	100	99⅞	100
4¼s	March, 1962	99⅝	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
4¼s	Sept., 1960	99⅝	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
4¼s	March 1930-60	99⅞	100⅛	99⅞	100
4s	May, 1959	96	96⅞	96	96⅞
4s	Nov., 1958	96	96⅞	96	96⅞
4s	May, 1957	96	96⅞	96	96⅞
4s	Nov., 1956	95½	96¼	95⅝	96½
4s	Nov., 1955	95½	96¼	95⅝	96½
4s	Nov., 1936	96	..	96	..
4s	1918-1919	99¼	..	99¼	..
3½s	Nov., 1954-5	86⅝	87¼	86⅝	87¼
3½s	May, 1954	86⅝	..	86⅝	..

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales May 19, 1915	$1,609,000
Same day last year	1,399,000
Year to date	322,333,200
Same period last year	305,742,000
Average price and change 40 bonds	82.94 — .03
Same day last year	87.38 — .09

	High.	Low.
Year's range to date	84.48 Apr. 29	81.51 Jan. 2
Same period last year	89.42 Feb. 4	86.40 Jan. 3
Year 1914	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

N Y State 4½s
5,000......108½
4s, 1959
1,000...... 96¼
2,000...... 96½
4¼s, 1960
8,000......100
4¼s, 1964
1,000...... 99¾
12,000...... 99⅞
4½s, 1963
2,000......104
4½s, Nov, 1957
2,000......104

Alaska G Mines conv deb 6s
1,000......135
Am Ag Ch cv 5s
4,000......101
Am Sm Secur 6s
1,000s80f......104¾
1,000s30f......104½

Chi, Mil & St P conv 4½s
1,000...... 96½
5,000...... 97
5,000...... 96½
1,000...... 96¾
10,000...... 97
6,000...... 96¾
cv 5s, Ser B, sub r, full pd
4,000......102⅞
5,000......103
1,000......102⅞
7,000......103
10,000......102⅞
2,000......102¾
7,000......102⅞
C & N W gen 4s
8,000...... 94
1,000...... 94⅛
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000...... 82

Laclede Gas L of St L 1st 5s
2,000......100⅝
L & N unifd 4s
23,000...... 94
St L Div 3s
2,000...... 59¼
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
1,000s20f...... 42½
5,000...... 52½
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
2,000...... 75
s f 4½s
2,000...... 65
Mo Pac 5s, 1917
1,000...... 90
1,000...... 89½
Mo Pacific 4s
7,000s30f...... 43½
1,000...... 43½
5,000...... 43⅛
4,000...... 43

Public Serv Corp sink fund 5s
6,000...... 87¼
6,000...... 87⅜
Reading gen 4s
2,000...... 94
Rome W & O con 5s
1,000......103
St L & S F R R gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs stamped
1,000...... 42½
St P, M & M 4½s
3,000......100½
6,000......100⅝
Seab A L adj 5s
1,000...... 64½
So Pacific col 4s
1,000...... 82½
conv 4s
1,000...... 81¼
7,000s20f...... 81¼

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

The Outlook For Investors

who act in a conservative and cautious way at a time like this is in our opinion anything but discouraging. We believe investors should take particular pains to keep posted regarding the prices of the best mortgage bonds, which are now selling on an attractive basis, and which may offer even additional inducements in the near future.

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By C. F. Speare

A Market Torpedoed
Why and How the Lusitania Disaster Broke the Market
By N. N. Merriman

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49 WALL STREET

Atlantic & Birmingham Construction Company

The undersigned, The Equitable Trust Company of New York, successor Trustee under an agreement dated April 30, 1910, between Atlantic & Birmingham Construction Company and the Trust Company of America, Trustee, gives notice that default having occurred in the payment at maturity of the principal of the joint notes of Atlantic & Birmingham Construction Company and Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad Company, issued under said agreement of April 30, 1910, the undersigned on June 23rd, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will sell at public auction the following securities, being part of the collateral held by the undersigned as trustee under the agreement above named:

$750,000 face value First Mortgage 5% Interim Gold Bonds of Brunswick Steamship Co., dated July 1, 1907, of the denomination of $50,000 face value each; due by their terms $50,000 face value thereof on the first day of July, 1915, and $50,000 face value thereof on the first day of July in each year thereafter to and including the first day of July, 1929, subject to prior payment as therein provided. Each of these bonds bear an endorsement by the Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines of the assumption to pay the principal and interest thereof as the same may become due and payable respectively in pursuance of the contract for the purchase of the steamships covered by the mortgage; each of said bonds bear a further endorsement of the payment of the interest due January 2, 1915;

11,000 shares capital stock of the Brunswick Steamship Co. of the par value of $100 each;

40,000 shares common capital stock of the Woodward Iron Co. of the par value of $100 each;

Demand Note of the Brunswick Steamship Co., dated August 1, 1910, in the sum of $104,166.67; reduced by indorsements of payments on account of principal to $10,090.16; with interest at the rate of 5% from January 6th, 1915;

Demand Note of the Brunswick Steamship Co., dated August 1, 1910, in the sum of $4,166.67, with interest at the rate of 5% per annum from January 6th, 1915.

Dated May 18, 1915.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By LYMAN RHOADES, Vice-President.

COTTON IS STEADY IN NARROW MARKET

Maintains a Firm Undertone in Spite of Continued Pressure by the Bears.

GAINS 3 TO 7 POINTS NET

It Is Believed the Average Holding of Farmers Is Small, and They Are Not Eager to Sell.

In a narrow market cotton yesterday demonstrated its strong technical position by maintaining a firm undertone and advancing 3 to 7 points in the face of continued pressure. In spite of the fact that sentiment was very bearish and offerings were liberal, there was no period when the market displayed even an intimation of weakness. Liverpool was lower than due. The weather was favorable, and the weekly report from the Weather Bureau showed a continuance of favorable crop conditions. It was assumed that the entrance of Italy into the war would be given a bearish construction. Notwithstanding this, all sales were readily absorbed, and the market maintained a steady tone throughout the session.

There is a disposition to believe that the uncertainties of the present foreign political situation call for caution, and this inclination tends to produce a narrowness which for a time, at least, might produce a steady market.

Reports of crop conditions in Georgia and Alabama, as gathered by the Atlantic Compress Company, are in general agreement that the season is about fourteen days late, owing to the prolonged drought. Labor is said to be plentiful, and the acreage is described as 12 to 15 per cent. less than last year. It is believed that a good season from now on will give the crop a good start. The reports of this company cover the best producing sections of Georgia and Alabama.

The summary of the weekly weather report was as follows: "The week was the most favorable of the season to date in all portions of the cotton belt. Good rains occurred in the more eastern districts, where lack of rain had retarded germination, while in the more western districts, where wet weather had delayed planting, the week was most favorable, and both planting and replanting were largely completed. Satisfactory growth is reported in the southern districts to eastward of the Mississippi, where cultivation is in progress; and in sections where germination had been delayed by dry weather, timely rains occurred and the crop is now coming up nicely."

Southern spot markets showed no weakness in spite of the decline in contracts. It is generally believed that the average holdings by farmers is small, and there is little inclination to sell on declines. The unsold stock at Memphis is only 49,000 bales out of a total stock of 127,000 bales. This state of affairs and the additional fact that the prices for cotton sold through March and April were satisfactory leaves holders somewhat independent. The unsold stock is widely distributed, and the average holding is believed to be around 1,000 bales.

Weather indications pointed to somewhat unsettled conditions over the eastern belt.

Southern spot markets, as officially reported, were unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 5 advance, 9.60 for middling upland. The range of contract prices, which closed steady, was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	9.18	9.15	9.22@ 9.25	9.15@ 9.17
July	9.45	9.28	9.43@ 9.44	9.36@ 9.37
Oct.	9.82	9.67	9.79@ 9.80	9.73@ 9.74
Dec.	10.03	9.90	10.01@10.02	9.96@ 9.97
Jan.	10.06	9.97	10.05@10.06	10.02@10.03
March	10.28	10.20	10.28@10.30	10.25@10.26

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	5,943	8,916	1,050
New Orleans	1,180	2,234	6,502
Mobile	2	42	133
Savannah	766	950	2,047
Charleston	73	357	..
Wilmington	1,240	114	4
Norfolk	279	792	319

Total port receipts, 17,972 bales, against 10,443 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	67	251	6
Memphis	598	2,418	1,915
St. Louis	136	2,792	3,391
Houston	1,583	2,825	1,305

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	2,500 to 3,500	5,084	1,409
New Orleans	300 to 700	1,980	3,717

Total exports yesterday, 16,602 bales; so far this season, 7,592,807, against 8,445,696 same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price. Middling.	Stocks. 1915.	Stocks. 1914.
665	New Orleans	9.00	283,757	145,202
25	Mobile	8.75	23,921	14,074
500	Savannah	9.25	107,794	56,284
1,168	Galveston	9.10	324,985	208,778
——	Wilmington	..	48,174	15,079
289	Norfolk	9.00	64,915	34,518
558	Augusta	9.13	108,242	29,579
450	Memphis	9.12	122,373	54,855
——	St. Louis	9.125	29,763	26,843
447	Houston	9.00	95,994	77,454

The Liverpool market opened easier. There was a moderate business in spot cotton, with middling 2 points decline at 5.21 d. Sales, 7,000 bales. Receipts, 35,000 bales, including 26,200 American. Closed quiet.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Andes	.05	Occidental Con.	.79
Best & Belcher	.06	Ophir	.07
Bullion	.01	Overman	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.11	Savage	.02
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.01
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.09
Hale & Norcross	.03	Union Con.	.16
Mexican	.34		

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.10
Belmont	4.40	D'field Daisy	.05
Jim Butler	.84	D'field B. B.	.03
McNamara	.03	Florence	.48
Midway	.16	G'field C. M.	1.42½
Montana	.35	G'field Merger	.26
North Star	.16	Jumbo Exten.	1.15
Rescue Eula	.11	Lone Star	.07
Tonopah Exten.	3.10	Silver Pick	.08
Tonopah Merger	.38	Vernal	.05
West End	.74	Nevada Hills	.20
GOLDFIELD.		Round Mountain	.41
Atlanta	.35	MANHATTAN.	
Booth	.45	Manhattan Con.	.01
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	10¼	11	Isabella	18⅜	18⅝
Elkton	42	44	Jackpot	6½	..
El Paso	102	107	McKinney	33	38
Findlay	4	4⅛	Portland	130	133
Golden C.	175	182	Vindicator	167	168
Gold Dol.	4	4⅛	Rav. B. H.	3	4
Gold Sov.	5¼	5½			

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Tuesday. Asked.
American Cigar	107	111	106	111
American Cigar pf.	98	100	98	100
Am. Mach. & F'dry	70	80	70	80
Conley Foil	300	325	300	325
Johnston T. F. & M.	130	150	130	150
J. S. Young	160	170	160	170
J. S. Young pf.	109	111	109	111
MacAndrews & F.	195	205	195	205
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	195	205	195	205
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	300	315	300	315
R. J. Reynolds T. pf.	117	119	117	120

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Receipts and expenditures:

	May 18.	This Mo.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$724,558	$9,979,491	$184,271,028
Int. rev., ord.	2,295,013	17,251,082	287,962,879
Corpor'n and inc. tax	155,933	1,462,553	14,779,445
Miscellan'ous	179,760	3,126,841	60,683,709
Total rcts.	$3,355,265	$31,819,969	$547,697,062
Expenditures	2,300,476	36,119,907	654,213,553
Deficit	*1,054,788	4,299,938	106,516,490

*Surplus.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
83	Balto. Trust	125	125	125	125
127	Con. Coal	93	93	93	93
62	Con. Power	105	105	105	105
75	Cosden	6⅞	6⅞	6¾	6¾
5	Fidel. & Dep.	136	136	136	136
4	Ger.-A. Bank	109	109	109	109
26	German Bank	123½	123½	123½	123½
18	Md. Casualty	85	85	85	85
15	Md. Motor Car Ins.	100	100	100	100
15	Penn. W. & P.	67	67	67	67
370	Un. Rys. & El.	22¾	22¾	22½	22½
15	Way. O. & G.	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
27	West. Nat. Bk.	37½	37½	37½	37½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	City Balt. 4s, '61, J. F.	95	95	95	95
1,000	City Balt. 4s, '61, S. H.	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
1,000	City Balt. 4s, '61, S. L.	95	95⅛	95	95⅛
600	City Balt. 4s, '58, C. H.	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
1,000	City Balt. 4s, '57, P. S.	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
1,000	Un. E. L. & P. 4½s	91½	91½	91½	91½
1,000	Un. Rys. & E. 1st 4s	80½	80½	80½	80½
3,000	Un. Rys. & E. inc. 4s	59½	59½	59½	59½
1,000	W., B. & A. 5s.	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
175	Adventure	2½	2½	2¼	2¼
1	Ahmeek	380	380	380	380
1,125	Alaska	33	33½	33	33⅜
75	Algomah	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
55	Allouez	52½	52½	52½	52½
224	Amalgated	66⅛	66⅛	65¾	65¾
2,428	Am. Zinc	39¾	44¾	39⅝	44½
410	Ariz. Com.	7	7¼	7	7¼
75	Butte & Bal.	3	3	3	3
17,330	Butte & Sup.	63⅛	68	63¼	68
310	Calumet & Ar.	63	63	62⅝	62¾
310	Columet & H.	563	575	563	575
875	Copper Range	50¼	50½	49⅝	50¼
50	East Butte	11½	11½	11½	11½
410	Franklin	9⅝	10	9⅝	9⅝
210	Granby	79½	79½	79	79
105	Greene-Can.	28⅛	28⅛	28	28
150	Indiana	8	8	8	8
200	Inspiration	28½	28½	28½	28½
350	Mass. Consol.	13½	13½	13½	13½
200	Mayflower	5¼	5¼	5	5
25	Mohawk	68	68	68	68
35	New Arcadian	9½	9½	9¼	9¼
20	Nipissing	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
1,405	North Butte	31	31¼	30⅛	30⅜
75	North Lake	2½	2½	2½	2½
100	Ojibway	2½	2½	2½	2½
100	Old Colony	4¾	5	4¾	5
105	Osceola	77	78	77	77
100	Pond Creek	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
70	Quincy	84½	84½	82½	82½
35	Ray Consol.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
155	Shannon	8½	8¾	8½	8¾
70	Shattuck	26½	26½	26⅛	26⅛
600	South Utah	.20	.20	.20	.20
230	St. Mary's L.	52	54	52	54
305	Superior & B.	3½	3¾	3½	3⅝
225	Superior Cop.	28	28½	28	28
70	Tamarack	33¼	33½	33¼	33½
525	Trinity	5½	5½	5¼	5½
855	U. S. Smelt.	34	36⅝	34	36¼
15	U. S. Smelt. pf.	44¼	44¼	44	44
135	Utah Apex	2¾	2¾	2⅝	2⅝
25	Utah Consol.	12	12	12	12
45	Utah Copper	63½	63¾	63½	63¾
25	Victoria	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
25	Wolverine	55	55	55	55

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
18	Boston Elev.	77	77	77	77
155	Boston & M.	33	33¼	33	33
75	Mass. Elec. pf.	39	39	39	39
287	N.Y., N.H & H.	62	62½	61¾	62⅜
10	Old Colony	151	151	151	151
5	W. End St. Ry.	61½	61½	61½	61½

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
24	Am. Ag. Chem.	51½	51½	51½	51½
55	Amoskeag	66	66	66	66
45	Amoskeag pf.	99	99	99	99
31	Am. Sugar	104½	105	104½	105
15	Am. Sugar pf.	114	114	114	114
172	Am. T. & Tel.	119⅛	119⅛	118¾	118¾
10	East Boston L.	10	10	10	10
70	Edison	235	235½	233	233
10	Gen. Electric	150	150	150	150
22	Mass. Gas	79	79	79	79
135	McElwain pf.	102	103	102	103
42	Pullman	153¼	153¼	153	153
100	Reece Folding	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
12	Swift & Co.	108	108	108	108
72	Torrington	33⅞	34	33⅞	34
127	United Fruit	133¾	134	133¾	134
1,395	United Shoe M.	60	61¼	60	60½
340	U. S. Steel	52⅜	52⅞	52⅜	52⅝
55	West. Union	65¼	65¼	65	65⅛

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$2,000	Am. Ag. C. 5s.	100½	100½	100½	100½
3,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	88	88⅛	88	88⅛
4,200	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	99¾	99⅞	99⅝	99⅞
3,000	A., G & W. I. 5s.	65⅛	65½	65½	65½
2,000	K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	82	82	82	82
1,000	N. E. Tel. 5s, 1932	101	101	101	101
2,000	Swift 5s	95⅝	95¾	95⅝	95¾
1,000	West. Tel. 5s.	96	96	96	96

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.11	.13	Houghton	.67	.72
Bay St. G.	1	1¼	Iron Blos.	.55	.59
Begole	2⅝	2⅞	La Rose	.40	.42
Bohemia	.26	.32	Majestic	.26	.30
Boston Ely	.22	.24	McK.-Dar.	.16	.17
Butte & L.	1⅞	2	Mex. Met.	2	2¼
Calaveras	.70	.80	M. of Am.	3	3½
Chief Cons.	.25	.40	N. Beltic	.70	.75
Cortez	8½	10	Nevada D.	.26	.29
Cornelia	.75	.87	Ohio Cop.	1⅝	1¾
Con. Ariz.	1¾	1⅞	Oneco	6	7
Con. Cop.	.75	.80	S. Lake	1¾	1⅞
Crown Res.	1	1 1/16	Stewart M.	2½	2 9/16
Davis-Daly	1	1¼	Utah Met.	3⅞	4
Eagle & B.	2	2⅛	U. V. Ext.	2½	2¾
First N. C.	3	3½	Yukon	5½	6¼

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Chi. T. & T.	209½	209½	209½	209½
17	Com. Edison	133½	133½	133½	133½
22	Diam. Match	95	95¼	95	95¼
40	Ill. Brick	63	63	63	63
20	Pub. Service	80	80	80	80
10	Qua. Oats pf.	106	106	106	106
17	Sears-Roebuck	133½	135½	133½	133½
20	Street's S. C.	2	2	2	2
55	Stew. Warner	63¼	63½	63¼	63½
33	Swift	107⅞	107¾	107⅞	107¾
30	Union Carbide	154	154½	154	154½

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	Armour 4½s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
8,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½
5,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96	96

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
16	Alliance Ins.	16½	16½	16½	16½
100	Amal. Copper	66¼	66¼	66¼	66¼
25	Am. Gas, N. J.	101½	101½	101½	101½
363	Camb. Steel	47½	48½	47	48½
160	Elec. Storage	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾
100	Erie	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
5	Gen. Asp. pf.	65	65	65	65
2	Gen. Elec.	150¼	150¼	150¼	150¼
200	Lake Sup.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
268	Leh. Nav. s.	72	73¼	72	72
5	Leh. Valley	70	70	70	70
100	Nevada Con.	14	14	14	14
14	North. Cent.	84	84	83½	83½
204	Penn. R. R.	53⅝	53 11/16	53⅝	53 11/16
10	Penn. Steel	90	90	90	90
1,185	Phil. Elec.	24¼	24¼	24	24
200	P. R. T. ctfs.	8	8	8	8
100	P. R. T. stock	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
29	Phila. Traction	74½	74½	74	74
50	Reading	71¼	71 5/16	71	71
270	Ton. Belmont	4½	4½	4 7/16	4 7/16
125	Ton. Mining	7	7⅛	7	7
256	Un. Gas Imp.	82½	82⅝	82¼	82¼
801	U. S. Steel	52⅛	52¾	52⅛	52½
202	Union Trac.	31	31½	31	31½
20	United Ry.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
486	W. S. C. t. c.	30	30	30	30

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$400	Am. G. & E. 5s	85½	85½	85½	85½
7,609	C. S. s. May, '17	97	97	97	97
46	C. S. s. '16	98	98	98	98
39	C. S. s., Feb., '17	97	97	97	97
200	City 4s, '42, r.	101½	101½	101½	101½
200	City 4s, '40, c.	101½	101½	101½	101½
2,000	El. & P. 4s, c.	76	76	76	76
4,000	Key. Tel. 5s	94½	94½	94½	94½
3,000	Lake Sup. inc.	28	28	28	28
10,000	L. N. com. 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000	L. V. g. c. 4½s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
100	Phil. El. g. 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½
41,000	Penn. R. R. g. 4½s, w. i.	97¼	97⅜	97¼	97¼
1,000	Penn. R. R. c. 4½s, ctfs.	103¼	103¼	103¼	103¼
83	P. Co. s., '18	93	93	93	93
1,000	Read. gen. 4s	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛	94⅛
1,000	W. N. Y. & P. 1st 5s	102	102	102	102

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Am. S. Pipe	19	19	19	19
40	Am. W. G. pf.	115	117	115	117
280	Am. W. G. M.	19	19½	19	19
420	Am. W. G. M. pf	80	80	80	80
50	Col. Gas & E.	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
20	Crucible Steel	22½	22½	22½	22½
20	Crucible S. pf.	86	86	86	86
20	Elk C. N. Gas	111¼	111¼	111¼	111¼
35	Ind. Brewing	3½	3½	3½	3½
10	Nat. Fire. pf.	18	18	18	18
64	Ohio F. Oil	12⅞	12⅞	12½	12½
20	Pitts. Brewing	5	5	5	5
100	Pitt. O. & G.	5	5	5	5
40	Pure Oil	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
15	West. Air B.	128	128	128	128
290	West. Elec.	43½	44¼	43½	44¼

BONDS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Pitts. C. db. 5s.	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Quiet, but Prices Advance on Small Dealings—Bonds Higher.

Transactions on the outside security market yesterday amounted to 154,317 shares of stock and $191,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 19,060; railroads, 1,700; oils, 1,892, and mining, 131,665; rights, $3,200. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Shares.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
9,600	Am. Zinc	*39½	44¾	39½	44¾
100	Brit.-Am. Tob. Ord. Bearer	16	16	16	16
100	†Car, L. & P.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	Emer. Phono.	11½	12	11½	12
1,000	†Int. M. Mar.	⅞	1	⅞	1
500	†Int. M. M. pf.	5½	5¾	5½	5¾
5	†Inter. Motors	13½	13½	13½	13½
10	†Inter. M. pf.	32	32	32	32
80	Kelly Sp. Tire	125	125	125	125
5	Kelly Springf. Tire n 1st pf.	82	82	82	82
1,000	Man. Transit.	¾	¾	¾	¾
200	†Pyrene M. Co.	9⅝	9¾	9⅝	9¾
700	Cor. of R. & H.	6¾	7	6¾	6⅞
200	Sterling Gum.	2 7/16	2 9/16	2½	2½
1,600	Un. C. S., n.	9½	9½	9⅜	9⅜
10	†United Cigar S. Co. of Am.	94	94	94	94
1,500	United P. S.	3 3/16	3¼	3⅛	3 3/16
800	†World Film	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25	Buckeye P. L.	101½	100	100	−2
10	Illinois P. L.	126	126	126	−1
80	Indiana P. L.	95	92	92	..
1,500	Inter. Petrol.	9	9⅛	8⅞	+⅛
150	Nat. Transit.	31	30	30	−½
41	Prairie O. & G.	305	302	303	−2
10	Prairie P. L.	129	129	129	..
13	South. P. L.	207	205	205	..
28	S. O. of N. J.	400	397	398	−2
30	S. O. of N. Y.	183	180	180	..
6	Union T. L.	80	79	79	+1
4	Vacuum Oil	199	199	199	..

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

3,000	Amal. Copper	1	1 1/16	1	1 1/16
200	Texas Oil	3½	3½	3½	3½

RAILROADS.

1,000	Int. Con., w. i.	24½	24½	24	24
200	Wabash, w. i.	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
200	Wabash pf. (a)	45	45	45	45
300	Wabash pf. (b)	23	23	22	22

MINING STOCKS.

1,000	†Alaska J., w.i.	14	14	13⅝	13⅝
3,600	†Alta-Consol.	1	1	.98	1
11,600	*†Atlanta	33	36	33	34½
8,000	*†Big C'wood	9	9	9	9
19,000	†Booth	41	45	41	45
350	Braden Copper	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
100	Canada Cop.	1	1	1	1
3,750	Cashboy	7½	9	7½	9
825	†Chile Copper	18¾	18⅞	18¾	18⅞
50	Crown Reserve	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16	1 1/16
20	Dome Mines	13½	13½	13½	13½
1,000	Cons. Nev.-U.	5/16	5/16	¼	5/16
2,400	†Emma Copper	32	32	32	32
200	*Florence	50	50	50	50
1,600	*†Genesee Cop.	41	42	41	42
260	Goldfield Cons.	1½	1 7/16	1½	1 7/16
12,700	†Goldfield Mer.	24	26	24	26
1,000	*Great Bend	9	9	9	9
14,700	Jumbo Exten.	1 5/32	1¼	1⅛	1 3/16
700	†Kewanas	15	15	13	13
100	La Rose Cons.	9/16	9/16	9/16	7/16
1,000	*McIntyre	45	45	45	45
550	*McKinley-Da.	27	27	26	26
100	Nev. Hills	23	23	23	23
500	New Utah B.	1 7/16	1½	1 7/16	1½
200	Nipis. M. Co.	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,500	*North Star	17	17	17	17
500	Ohio Copper	¼	¼	¼	¼
7,000	†*Oro	8½	9½	8½	9
400	*Porcupine V.	52	52	52	52
1,000	†Sandstorm K.	8	8	8	8
1,600	†*Sells	28	28	28	28
1,300	†*Silver Pick	6½	8	6½	8
1,300	Stewart	1¾	1¾	1 11/16	1¾
5,200	*Super. M. Co.	22½	23	22½	23
1,000	*Temiskaming	35½	35½	35½	35½
7,000	*Tono. Cash B.	7½	8½	7½	8½
3,400	Tono. Exten.	3 1/16	3¼	3 1/16	3 3/16
1,500	†Tono. Merger	39	40	39	40
2,100	*Tono. J. B.	83	84	83	84
10	Tono. of Nev.	7	7	7	7
2,000	Tri-Bullion	5/16	11/32	5/16	5/16
900	Tularosa	3/16	3/16	3/16	3/16
1,050	Tuolumne Cop.	7/16	7/16	⅜	7/16
2,400	†*Wasatch	1⅜	1 7/16	1⅜	1 7/16
3,700	West End Con.	74	76	74	77
5,000	*West End Ex.	5	5	4	4

BONDS.

$46,000	†Chile Cop. 7s.	112	113	112	112½
145,000	Pa. 4½s, w. i.	97½	97⅜	97¼	97⅝

Note.—Tuesday 100 Canada Copper sold at 1.

*Sells cents per share. †Unlisted.

⁂

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in, compared with those of previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	May 19. Bid.	May 19. Asked.	May 18. Bid.	May 18. Asked.
Amer. Writing Paper	⅞	1⅛	⅞	1⅛
Brit.-Am. Tob. Co. ord.	15¼	16½	15½	16½
Electric Boat	72	73½	72	73½
Electric Boat pf.	98	102	98	102
Fisk Tire	60	65	60	65
Inter. Steam Pump	1	3	1	3
Inter. St'm Pump pf.	..	20	..	20
Inter. Rubber	7	7½	7	7½
Kelly Springfield Tire new 2d pf.	115	130	115	130
Lehigh V. C. S. Co.	160	170	160	170
Marconi of America	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
McCrory Ctores Corp., w. i.	51	53	51	54
New York Transp.	12½	13	12¼	13
Riker & H., new	5	5½	5	5½
Tobacco Prod., com.	51	53	52	55

RAILROAD.

Inter. Con. pf., w. i.	74	76	74	75½

MINING STOCKS.

C. O. D. Cons.	5	6	5	6
Cons. Ariz. Sm.	¾	⅞	¾	⅞
Diam. Black Butte, acct. paid	3	4	3	4
Ely Consolidated	8	10	8	9
Greene-Cananea	28	30	28	30
Kerr Lake	4⅝	4⅞	4⅝	4⅞
Lone Star	6	8	6	8
Standard Silver-Lead	1 7/16	1½	1 7/16	1½
Tonopah Mining	7	7 1/16	6⅞	7 1/16
White K. Copper pf.	1	1⅜	1	1⅜
Yukon Gold Mines	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝

BOND.

Calaveras 6s	190	200	190	210

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	99½	100¼	4.55
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100½	100¾	4.15
Am. Tob. sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100⅝	101⅛	2.65
Ana. Copper	5	Mar., 1917	99⅞	100	5.00
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec. 15, '15	101	101¼	3.85
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec. 15, '16	99¾	100⅛	5.80
Argen. Gov't.	6	Dec. 15, '17	99	99¾	6.10
Argen. Gov't.	6	May 15, '20	98½	99	6.50
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1917	98¾	99	5.05
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June, 1918	97⅞	98¼	5.15
Brook. R. T.	5	July, 1918	99⅝	99⅞	5.05
Canadian Pac.	6	Mar. 2, '24	102½	103¼	5.60
Ches. & Ohio	5	June, 1919	89¾	90¼	7.75
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	100	100¼	4.20
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	95	96½	7.95
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1917	99¼	100	5.00
Con. Power	6	May 1, '17	97½	99	6.50
Con. Gas, B.	5	Mar., 1917	100	100¼	4.98
C., P. R. & L.	6	May, 1918	99	100	6.00
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1916	98¾	99⅛	5.90
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	100¼	100¾	3.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	98½	99	6.05
Gen. Rubber	4½	July, 1915	100	100⅜	2.80
Gov. of Switz.	5	Mar., 1916	99¼	99¾	6.30
Gov. of Switz.	5	Mar., 1918	96¼	97	6.05
Gov. of Switz.	5	Mar., 1920	95	96	5.80
Hav. El. Ry.	6	June, 1915	98½	99½	6.25
Hocking Val.	6	Nov., 1915	100¾	101⅛	3.70
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15, '18	98¾	99⅝	5.15
Lack. Steel	6	Mar., 1917	97½	98	7.00
L. S. & M. S.	5	Sep., 1915	100⅜	100⅝	2.85
L. S. & M. S.	5	Dec., 1915	100½	100¾	3.60
Lou. G. & El.	6	Apr., 1918	97	98½	6.55
Minn. G. El.	6	June, 1917	100	101	5.50
Mich. Ry.	6	June, 1919	98	100	6.00
Mo. Pacific	6	June, 1915	85	87	..
Mon. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	98¾	99¼	6.40
New E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	94¼	95	8.80
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep. 15, '15	100⅜	100¾	2.75
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	100½	100¾	3.00
N.Y., N.H. & H.	5	May, 1916	99⅝	99⅞	5.15
North. St. P.	6	June, 1917	97	99	6.40
Pa. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	100	100¼	3.15
P. S. C., N. J.	5	Mar., 1916	99⅞	100¼	4.70
Sea. Air Line	5	Mar., 1916	99½	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	99½	100	5.00
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	98	98¾	5.70
Sulz. & Sons	6	June, 1916	98¾	99½	6.45
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	95½	97	6.10
Union Typew.	5	Jan. 15, '16	96¾	98½	7.00
United Fruit	6	May, 1917	100¼	101½	5.20
United Fruit	5	May, 1918	97¾	98¾	5.45
Utah Co	6	Apr., 1917	98	99½	6.30
West. Power	6	July, 1915	100⅜	100⅝	3.00
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	97	98¼	6.75
West. Power	6	Mar., 1917	98	99	6.50

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
At. Coast Line	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.60	4.40
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.60	4.40
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.65	4.40
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	4.95	4.80
Car., Clinch. & O.	1915-'24	5	5.60	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'24	4½	5.00	4.70
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.50	4.25
Chi., Ind. & Louis	1914-'23	4½	5.20	4.75
C., R. I. & P. Ry.	1915-'25	4½@5	7.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	4.80	4.60
C., C., C. & St. L.	1915-'20	5	5.20	4.88
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	4.55	4.40
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.10	4.80
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	4.90	4.60
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.65	4.50
Louis. & Nash	1914-'23	5	4.55	4.30
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	6.25	5.25
Missouri Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.75	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1915-'28	4½@5	5.05	4.85
Norf. & Western	1915-'24	4½	4.55	4.40
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.05	4.80
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.50	4.25
St. L., I. M. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.74	5.00
Seaboard Air Line	1914-'23	5	5.05	4.75
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	5.00	4.70
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	4.62	4.45
Virginian Railway	1914-'19	5	5.20	4.70

NEW ANACONDA DIRECTORS.

New Yorkers Elected at Annual Meeting in Montana.

ANACONDA, Mon., May 19.—Stockholders of the Anaconda Copper Mining Company, in a special meeting today, elected as Directors Nicholas F. Brady, J. Horace Harding, and Andrew J. Miller of New York City. The board was increased from seven to nine members, and the members were classified so that terms of three Directors expire each year.

The increase in the par value of Anaconda stock from $25 to $50 a share was authorized, in accordance with a proposal made by the Directors a few weeks ago. This action will reduce the number of outstanding shares from 4,662,500 to 2,331,250. As the result of the change, the Anaconda stock held in the treasury of the Amalgamated Copper Company will be distributed to holders of Amalgamated stock share for share when the latter company goes into dissolution.

City of N. Y. Fire Ins.
Fidelity Phenix Ins.
Home Title Insurance
Hanover Fire Insurance
International Banking Corp.
Lawyers Title & Trust
Lawyers Westchester M. & T.
Mortgage Bond
Metropolitan Bank
Mechanics Bank of B'klyn
Gilbert Eliott & Co
SPECIALISTS
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 6210

Int'l Steam Pump 5% Ctfs.
Singer Mfg. Co.
Int'l Elevating Co.
Worthington (H. R.) Pfd.
Manhattan Rubber Mfg. Co.
Ward Baking Common
Am. Thermos Bottle
Syracuse Gas Co. 1st 5s
Standard Gas Light 1st 5s
Borden's Milk Common
Metropolitan Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s
New Jersey Zinc
TOBEY & KIRK
Members New York Stock Exchange
25 BROAD ST. NEW YORK.

For Sale
50 Shares
Victor Talking Machine
Common Stock
Price upon application
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phones 4001 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Du Pont Powder
Hercules Powder
Atlas Powder
Aetna Explosives
Josephthal, Louchheim & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Telephone 9300 Rector. 61 Broadway, N. Y.

We Specialize In
Int'l Mercantile Marine
Pref. and Com. Stocks
4½% Bonds and Receipts
SLATTERY & CO.
Investment Securities
40 Exchange Place New York
Telephone 4361-5 Broad.

Canadian Explo's
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Hoit & McWilliam
Phone 4744 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Standard Screw Com.
Great Western Sugar
C. C. Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. Phone 2622 Rector

Central Pacific Ref. 4s........1949
C., M. & S.P. (C.P.W. Div.) 1st 5s..1921
Japanese Gov. 2d Series 4½s..1925
Louisville & Nash. Gold 5s....1937
L. & N. (St. Louis Div.) 3s....1980
Northern Pac. Gen. Lien 3s....2047
Northern Pac. Prior Lien 4s...1997
St. Paul, M. & M. Red. 4½s...1933
E. BUNGE & CO.
44 Broad St.—Phone 6951-6 Broad.—N. Y.

Panhandle (All Issues)
Pennsylvania 4½s, 1965
Big Four (Cairo Div.) 4s
Manitoba 4½s, 1933
Geo. H. Burr & Co.
Commercial Paper & Investment Securities
Private Telephone to Boston
120 Broadway. Tel. 8740 Rector. New York.

Niagara, Lockport & Ont. Pw. 5s
West Virginia Tract. & Elec. 5s
Colorado Power 5s
Portland Ry., Lt. & Power 5s
Kansas City Ry. & Lt. 5s
Geo. Reith & Co.
50 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3665 Broad.

Bliss (E. W.)
Childs Co.
New York Shipbuilding
Scovill Manufacturing Co.
Texas & Pacific Coal
Worthington Pump Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

United Light & Railways Co.
First Preferred Yields 8%
Common earning about 5%
H. F. McConnell & Co.
25 Pine St.. Tel. 6064 John. New York

SMELTERS
Write for special letter
Morris & Wilmarth
Tel. Broad 2538. 32 Broadway.
Members Chicago Board of Trade. Consolidated Stock Exch. of N. Y., N.Y. Coffee Exch. N. Y. Produce Exch.
Established over 19 years.

Benjamin Franklin says:
"You may delay, but time will not."

OFFICERS of Corporations who are contemplating the issuance of new stocks or bonds are invited to consult us in regard to our services as *Trustee, Registrar* or *Transfer Agent.*

The location of our New York Office, in the heart of the financial district, provides a convenient place for receiving and delivering *stock certificates* and *bonds,* while the experience gained by this Company during the past twenty-seven years in acting as *Fiscal Agent* for corporations enables us to render efficient and intelligent service in handling any fiduciary business.

ESTABLISHED 1888
Franklin Trust Company
New York Office: 46 Wall Street
Main Office: 166 Montague Street Fulton St. Office: 569 Fulton Street

NEW ISSUE
$430,000
City of Utica, New York
Registered 4½s
Due serially $21,500 May 1, 1916 to 1935 inclusive
Tax Exempt in New York State
Exempt from Federal Income Tax
Legal investment for Savings Banks and Trustees in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Massachusetts
Prices to yield 4.15%
Descriptive circular on request
KISSELL, KINNICUTT & Co.
14 WALL STREET NEW YORK

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Morris and Essex Railroad Company

The undersigned, representing a large amount of stock of The Morris and Essex Railroad Company, have been constituted and are acting as a Committee under an agreement dated April 26, 1915, for the purpose of protecting the interests and enforcing the rights of the stockholders of that company under the lease of its railroad and property to The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad Company, dated December 10, 1868.

The Committee is of the opinion and has been advised that the additional dividend of one per cent. per annum provided for in the lease should not only have been paid by the D., L. & W. R. R. Co. to the stockholders of The Morris and Essex R. R. Co. for some years past, but should also be properly payable in the future, and has caused legal proceedings to be instituted against the D., L. & W. R. R. Co. to enforce the rights of The Morris and Essex stockholders.

For further particulars stockholders are referred to the Committee's circular letter of April 26, 1915.

The present officers and directors of The Morris and Essex R. R. Co. are substantially the same as those of the D., L. & W. R. R. Co., and their interest is adverse to that of the Morris and Essex stockholders. The Committee therefore deems it of the utmost importance that at the next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Morris and Essex R. R. Co. to be held on **JUNE 30,** 1915, independent directors of that company be elected.

The deposit agreement under which the Committee is acting provides for the deposit of stock and proxies. A substantial amount of stock and proxies has already been received. In view of the proximity of the annual meeting all stockholders are therefore requested, without delay, to deposit their stock and furnish the Committee with proxies to vote at the next annual meeting of stockholders.

Stock may be deposited and proxies filed with the Depositary, METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, No. 49 Wall Street, New York City, or with any of the following as agents of the Depositary:

Connecticut Trust and Safe Deposit Company, Hartford, Conn.
Bridgeport Trust Company, Bridgeport, Conn.
The Union & New Haven Trust Company, New Haven, Conn.
The Rhode Island Hospital Trust Company, Providence, R. I.
Albany Trust Company, Albany, N. Y.
Utica Trust & Deposit Company, Utica, N. Y.
Trust & Deposit Company of Onondaga, Syracuse, N. Y.
Bankers Trust Company, Buffalo, N. Y.
National Newark Banking Company, Newark, N. J.
National Iron Bank, Morristown, N. J.

Transferable certificates of deposit will be issued in respect of all stock deposited, and application will be made in due course for the listing of the certificates of deposit on the New York Stock Exchange.

Copies of the Deposit Agreement and of the Committee's circular letter of April 26, 1915, and forms of proxy may be obtained from the Depositary and its agents and also from the members of the Committee and from its Secretary and Counsel.

DATED, NEW YORK, MAY 10, 1915.

PHILEMON L. HOADLEY,
President, American Insurance Company,
Newark, N. J.

EDWARD MILLIGAN,
President, Phoenix Insurance Company,
Hartford, Conn.

GEORGE C. VAN TUYL, JR., Chairman;
President, Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York,
New York City.

A. N. WILLIAMS,
Vice-President, Aetna Insurance Company,
Hartford, Conn.

COMMITTEE.

JAMES F. McNAMARA,
Secretary,
49 Wall Street, N. Y. City.

PITNEY, HARDIN & SKINNER,
Prudential Building, Newark, N. J.

JOLINE, LARKIN & RATHBONE,
54 Wall Street, New York City.
COUNSEL.

New Orleans, Mobile and Chicago Railroad Company

To Holders of Certificates of Deposit representing First and Refunding Mortgage Five Per Centum Gold Bonds, Unsecured Debts including Deficiency Judgments on Secured Debts, and Preferred and Common Stock of the above Railroad Company, and

To Holders of said Bonds, Unsecured Debts and Stock:

Over 86% of said Bonds and a large majority of said Unsecured Debts including Deficiency Judgments on Secured Debts having assented to the Plan and Agreement for the Reorganization of the New Orleans, Mobile and Chicago Railroad Company, dated March 24, 1915, prepared, adopted, approved and filed by the undersigned Bondholders Committee under the Bondholders Agreement, dated June 14, 1913, the said undersigned Bondholders Committee acting under said Bondholders Agreement and said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, have declared the said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated March 24, 1915, operative and effective, and will proceed to act under and in accordance therewith for the purpose of carrying the same into effect.

Dated New York, May 19th, 1915.

JOHN W. PLATTEN, Chairman,
SAMUEL S. CAMPBELL,
ROBERT FLEMING,
A. H. S. POST,
FREDERIC WM. SCOTT,
T. NELSON STROTHER,
Bondholders Committee.

CHAUNCEY H. MURPHEY, Secretary,
55 Cedar Street, New York.
UNITED STATES MORTGAGE AND TRUST COMPANY,
Depositary,
55 Cedar Street, New York.
MERCANTILE TRUST AND DEPOSIT COMPANY,
Sub-Depositary,
Baltimore, Maryland.
BEEKMAN, MENKEN & GRISCOM, Counsel to Committee.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE AETNA NATIONAL BANK, LOCATED at Hartford, in the State of Connecticut, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
Dated at Hartford, Conn., April 26, 1915.
H. T. HOLT, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

MERGENTHALER LINOTYPE CO.,
New York, May 18, 1915.
A regular quarterly dividend of 2½ per cent. on the capital stock of Mergenthaler Linotype Company will be paid on June 30, 1915, to the stockholders of record as they appear at the close of business on June 5, 1915. The transfer books will not be closed.
FRED'K J. WARBURTON, Treasurer.

New Opportunities

The recent price reaction has developed many new and attractive investment opportunities. There are big money-making possibilities in carefully selected securities. Our special Circular No. 699 gives the latest information about

World Film
McCrory Stores
Emerson Phonograph
United Cigar Stores, Ltd.

and numerous active mining stocks.

More Facts About The Whelan Issues
Sent upon request.
Harvey A. Willis & Co.
(Established 1901.)
32 B'way, N. Y. Phones 127-8-9 Broad.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER OF PUBLIC FINANCES OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS, CITY HALL.

New Orleans, April 26th, 1915.

The City of New Orleans, acting under authority of Act 179 of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana for the year 1908, ratified by constitutional amendment, and now a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, will receive sealed proposals at the office of the Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans up to twelve (12) o'clock noon, on the 26th day of May, 1915, for the purchase of $500,000.00 in face value of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans, authorized by and to be issued under and subject to the act aforementioned, and the constitutional amendment ratifying same, and of the numbers, denominations and maturities of the authorized issue of $2,000,000, and in the form of and in accordance with the bond schedule of the maturities of the entire authorized issue as given and prescribed by an ordinance of the City of New Orleans, being Ordinance No. 8628, N. C. S., approved May 14, 1912, and Ordinance No. 2340 Commission Council Series, approved April 20th, 1915, of said city, authorizing the present offering.

Three hundred and fifty of said bonds are of the denomination of $1000 and three hundred of the denomination of $500, and bear interest at the rate of five per cent per annum, evidenced by coupons attached, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July, respectively of each year.

Said bonds are the second issuance out of the total amount authorized by said act and constitutional amendment and are of the numbers, amounts and maturities, as follows, to-wit:

Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($350,000) of said bonds shall be of the denomination of $1,000 each, and one hundred and fifty thousand dollars ($150,000) of the denomination of $500 each, and of the numbers, amounts and maturities as follows, to-wit:

One hundred (100) bonds, Nos. 6601 to 6700, inclusive, of the denomination of $1,000, aggregating in face value $100,000, maturing July 1, 1955;

One hundred (100) bonds, Nos. 6501 to 6600, inclusive, of the denomination of $1,000, aggregating in face value $100,000, maturing July 1, 1954;

Fifty (50) bonds, Nos. 6451 to 6500, inclusive, of the denomination of $1,000, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1, 1953;

One hundred (100) bonds, Nos. 5901 to 6000, inclusive, of the denomination of $500, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1, 1953;

Fifty (50) bonds, Nos. 6401 to 6450, inclusive, of the denomination of $1,000, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1, 1952;

One hundred (100) bonds, Nos. 5801 to 5900, inclusive, of the denomination of $500, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1, 1952;

Fifty (50) bonds, Nos. 6351 to 6400, inclusive, of the denomination of $1,000, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1, 1951;

One hundred (100) bonds, Nos. 5701 to 5800, inclusive, of the denomination of $500, aggregating in face value $50,000, maturing July 1, 1951.

Said bonds are subject to call by the City of New Orleans on the first day of July, 1939, or on any interest day thereafter, at par and accrued interest on thirty (30) days notice of its intention to so redeem, published in the official newspaper of the City of New Orleans.

They are, by the aforesaid act and constitutional amendment, exempt from all State, Parish, and Municipal taxes, and may be legally invested for the estates of minors and of interdicts, and are receivable by State, Parish, and Municipal officers, where, by law, deposits of bonds are allowed or required to be made.

The payment of the principal and interest of said bonds is made a preferential charge upon the net revenues of the Public Belt Railroad of the City of New Orleans, and are and will be issued under and subject to the aforementioned statutes and ordinances, all of which are hereby referred to and made part of this advertisement for greater certainty and particularity.

Said proposals shall be received under and subject to the following conditions, to-wit:

Proposals must be in writing, sealed, and marked on the outside of the envelope "Proposals for the purchase of $500,000 of Public Belt Railroad Bonds of the City of New Orleans," and shall likewise be accompanied by a certified check on some chartered bank in the City of New Orleans, for an amount equal to one per cent. of the aggregate amount of the bid, which said check of the successful bidder or bidders shall be cashed and the proceeds retained by the City of New Orleans as a guarantee that the successful bidder or bidders will comply with its or their bids, and the said proceeds shall be applied to the payment of the bonds last delivered to the successful bidder or bidders, respectively. In case of the neglect or refusal to comply with any bid, the proceeds of said check shall be forfeited to the Public Belt Railroad Commission of the City of New Orleans.

No sale shall be made unless the aggregate of the bids received equals the full amount of the present offering of $500,000, in face value, and the adjudication shall be made to the highest bidder, provided, however, that no adjudication shall take place for less than par and accrued interest. All matured interest coupons shall be cut from said bonds and cancelled, and the successful bidder shall pay the interest which may have accrued on said bonds up to the date of delivery. The bonds shall be paid for in cash as fast as said bonds can be signed and delivered. All bonds will be delivered within thirty days from the opening of said bids. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

Further particulars and information will be furnished on application to W. B. Thompson, Commissioner of Public Utilities, the Public Belt Railroad Commission, or to the undersigned. The final opinion of Wood & Oakley, lawyers, Chicago, Ill., as to the legality of this issue will be furnished to the successful bidder if so desired.

A. G. RICKS,
Commissioner of Public Finances of the City of New Orleans.

TO THE HOLDERS OF BINGHAM & GARFIELD RAILWAY COMPANY First Mortgage Convertible Gold Bonds, Due July 1, 1920.

REDEMPTION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN as provided by Article V. of the Mortgage Deed of Trust, dated July 1, 1910, made by the Bingham & Garfield Ry. Co. to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee, that said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee, will redeem all the remaining outstanding bonds of this issue, amounting to Twenty-five thousand five hundred dollars ($25,500) par value, on July 1st, 1915, at 110% of par and accrued interest to July 1st, 1915, at its TRUST DEPARTMENT, No. 140 Broadway, New York City. Coupons due July 1st, 1915, should be presented for payment in the usual manner. After July 1st, 1915, interest on the above bonds will cease.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
May 4th, 1915.

FIRST MORTGAGE 4% BONDS DUE JUNE 1, 1990, OF MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY CO

Your attention is called to the WARRANT attached to each FIRST MORTGAGE 4% BOND of this Company, due June 1, 1990, calling for the delivery, ON AND AFTER JUNE 1, 1915, at its office in the City of New York, of sheets of ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY COUPONS, for interest to become payable semi-annually thereafter to and including June 1, 1990.

Coupon sheets will be delivered to bondholders upon presentation of their bonds at the office of the Company, 71 Broadway, New York City, ON AND AFTER THE DATE NAMED, with the warrant attached. The sheets of coupons will be attached to the bonds, in accordance with recommendation of the New York Stock Exchange, and delivery made to the owners thereof with as little delay as possible.

J. B. BARNES,
May 1, 1915. Asst. Treasurer.

WESTERN STATES GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY FIRST AND REFUNDING MORTGAGE 5% GOLD BONDS, DUE JUNE 1ST, 1941.

Pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated June 1st, 1911, the undersigned invites tenders of the above bonds for sale and delivery as of June 17, 1915, at a price not exceeding par, accrued interest and five per cent. premium, to the extent of $40,598.12, the sum payable to the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating the numbers of bonds offered, should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund, Western States Gas and Electric Company First and Refunding Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Gold Bonds, and will be received until 3 P. M. June 3, 1915.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
GEORGE H. STUART, 3d, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., May 1, 1915.

STEEL MILLS MORE ACTIVE.

Trade Not Affected by Crisis Due to Lusitania's Sinking.

Mill activities of a number of steel companies have displayed improvement this week, according to reports from trade centres, and the possibility of serious development from the sinking of the Lusitania has apparently not affected the industry. The Iron Age says:

> It is still true that war possibilities figure but little in the steel trade. Some large negotiations have been halted for the time being and some structural contracts may be held up; but the mill operations of several companies have even been increased in the past week.
>
> Without going into the eventual costs of a severance with Germany, the steel trade sees large immediate demands upon it in such an event, also what would come to it from the extension of large credits by this country to the Allies.
>
> The Pennsylvania Railroad's orders for 14,043 cars and the indications that the distribution of 138,000 tons of rails would be made this week have had a good effect, disposing of the fear that these awards might be postponed and thus affect other railroad business.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> Possibility of a serious turn to the diplomatic relations with Germany has not had much visible effect upon the iron and steel market. In a few lines, including pig iron and structural steel, there has been some momentary pause in placing orders for future delivery, but in all products where requirements are well in hand the buying movement has not been restrained; in fact, business in some lines the past week was unusually brisk, notably in steel bars, sheets and tin plate. With the steel industry now running at 70 to 80 per cent. of capacity, it has been ascertained that export orders are furnishing about 20 per cent., or 3 to 4 per cent. better than the normal average. Recent record-breaking purchases of machine tools, mainly for war requirements, bid fair even to be exceeded by pending inquiries. One single inquiry for 1,000 machines is out, and there are a number of others aggregating well up in the hundreds.

FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Autosales Gum & Chocolate Company

6% Sinking Fund Bonds,
DUE MAY 10, 1931.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, as provided in Article VII. of the Indenture, dated May 10, 1911, securing the above bonds, that offers will be received until 10 o'clock A. M. on Friday, May 28th, 1915, at the office of the undersigned, 140 Broadway, New York, for the sale of sufficient bonds at not exceeding 107½% of par and accrued interest to exhaust the sum of Fifty thousand, one hundred and forty-one dollars and forty-seven cents ($50,141.47).

Offers should be sealed and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT,
GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By CHARLES H. SABIN, President.
May 11th, 1915.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 8th day of June, 1915, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $26,969.67. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 1st, 1915.

DIVIDENDS.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY DIVIDEND NO. 35

A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND of One Dollar and Fifty Cents ($1.50) per share on the Capital Stock of this Company has been declared payable at the Treasurer's Office, No. 165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on July 1, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business Tuesday, June 1, 1915. The stock transfer books will not be closed for the payment of this dividend. Cheques will be mailed only to stockholders who have filed permanent dividend orders.

A. K. VAN DEVENTER, Treasurer.
May 13, 1915.

White Knob Copper and Development Co., Ltd.,
43 Cedar Street,
New York.

Third Dividend: A regular quarterly dividend of ten cents a share on the preferred stock of the Company has been declared, payable on May 27th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business on May 20th, 1915.

Dividend checks will be mailed to stockholders who have filed dividend orders.

Dated New York, May 15th, 1915.
MARK M. SALOMON, Treasurer.

NEW YORK AIR BRAKE COMPANY.
Fiftieth Quarterly Dividend.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%,) payable June 25, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 3, 1915.

The transfer books will not close.

Checks for dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Office.

C. A. STARBUCK, President.
New York, May 19, 1915.

THE CUBAN-AMERICAN SUGAR CO.

A dividend of three and one-half per cent. (3½%) has been declared on the preferred Capital Stock outstanding, payable July 1, 1915, to the stockholders of record at close of business June 15, 1915, said payment being the accumulated dividends to October 1, 1914.

Checks for the payment of dividend will be mailed.

Transfer books will not be closed.

A. J. AKIN, Secretary.
Dated New York, May 19, 1915.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

SOUTH WINNIPEG, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Manitoba, Canada.)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions contained in the Trust Deed, dated tenth June, 1912, and made between SOUTH WINNIPEG, LIMITED, of the one part, and NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, LIMITED, as Trustees, of the other part, to secure an issue of Three hundred thousand Pounds Five Per Cent. Debenture Stock and/or Bonds of the Company, a meeting of the holders of the said Debenture Stock will be held at the Cannon Street Hotel, Cannon Street, London, E. C., on Friday, the twenty-eighth day of May, 1915, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing, with or without modification, as extraordinary resolutions within the meaning of the third schedule to the said Trust Deed, resolutions to the following effect, to the intent that the said resolutions shall be binding upon all the Debenture Stockholders, whether present or not present at such meeting, viz:

1. Modifying the rights of the Debenture Stockholders and the provisions of the Trust Deed, as follows: (a) The interest on the Debenture Stock as from the first of July, 1914, to be made payable at the rate of six per cent. per annum instead of five per cent. per annum, but such interest to be payable only to the extent that the Committee referred to below may certify that the Company has money available to pay such interest, any arrears of such interest to accumulate and be paid before any distribution is paid upon any shares of the Company, subject to the rights of the holders of any prior lien securities, the Company to pay to the Trustees the whole net proceeds of sale received by the Company in respect of any property or assets of the Company sold or realized, with the exception only of such sums as the said Committee may from time to time permit the Company to retain, the sums so paid over to the Trustees to be applied in paying the interest on the Debenture Stock or in redeeming Debenture Stock by purchase or by drawings, as the Committee may determine; (b) With the consent of the said Committee the Company may create and issue prior lien securities, secured upon the whole or any part of the assets of the Company, ranking in priority to the Debenture Stock; (c) Waiving all defaults by the Company in paying the interest and in providing the sinking fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and all other defaults (if any) by the Company, and authorizing the Trustees to permit the Company to hold, realize and deal with the mortgaged premises as heretofore in the ordinary course of business, subject only to the floating charge created by the said Trust Deed.
2. Appointing a Committee for the purpose of protecting the rights and interest of the Debenture Stockholders, with all ancillary provisions and with absolute discretion to settle all matters referred to them by any resolutions passed at the meeting, and finally to determine all questions that may arise out of or in connection with the said resolutions or any supplemental trust deed.
3. Authorizing the Trustees and the said Committee to concur with the Company in settling the form of and executing any supplemental trust deeds or other documents which they may consider necessary or desirable for giving effect to or embodying the intention of any resolutions passed at the meeting, with such ancillary provisions as they may respectively approve and declaring that the same when executed shall be binding upon all the Debenture Stockholders.

Dated, Fourteenth day of May, 1915.
By order of the Board,
FRED T. GRIFFIN,
President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Standard Oil Company of New York will be held at the office of the Company at 26 Broadway, New York City, on the 27th day of May, 1915, at 9:30 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing nine Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

B. C. VEIT, Secretary.

COURT QUESTIONS RIGGS BANK FINE

Intimates That Penalty Imposed by Controller Was Not Warranted by Law.

GOVERNMENT RESTS CASE

Untermyer Sums Up, Denouncing Methods of Bank and Praising McAdoo's Stand.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—Judge McCoy in the Equity Division of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia indicated today in his hearing of the suit of the Riggs National Bank to enjoin certain high officers of the Treasury Department a strong belief that there was no provision of law under which John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, could impose the fine of $5,000 around which the litigation largely centers. If this should be the court's final decision, in spite of its intimation yesterday that no conspiracy between Controller Williams and Secretary McAdoo had been proved and that it had no authority to order the approval of the bank as a reserve depository, the opinion is that the bank would win the most important of its contentions and that the Controller of the Currency might be enjoined from further fines alleged to have been threatened.

The argument in court has taken a wide range, and comparatively little attention has been devoted to the specific prayers of the bill of complaint. But gradually the discussion has narrowed down to a few points, and in his closing remarks today Mr. Undermyer, for the Government, stressed the right of the Controller to ask for such reports as his discretion suggested and to penalize the bank for failure to make such reports when called for.

Here Judge McCoy indicated his doubt of the penalties cited by Mr. Untermyer applying to defaults in these special reports. Mr. Untermyer cited the provision of Section 5,311 of the Banking acts requiring at least five reports a year from each national bank, within five days after the Controller's call. In the same section, without any reference to a time limit, the Controller is further authorized to call for "special reports from any particular association (national bank) whenever in his judgment the same are necessary in order to a full and complete knowledge of its condition." Section 5,212 requires from national banks reports on dividends "within ten days after declaring any dividend."

These are the only three classes of required reports. The penalties of $100 a day are imposed in Section 5,213 upon "every association (national bank) which fails to make and transmit any report required under either of the two preceding sections * * * for each day after the periods, respectively, therein mentioned." The court's point was that as no period was stipulated for the special reports, the penalties imposed did not lie for failure to make them.

The court's suggestion threw counsel for the Government into immediate confusion. Mr. Untermyer contended warmly that any reasonable meaning of the statute would require its construction on the assumption that penalties would lie as to all or "any" of the reports, and that "periods, respectively, therein mentioned" meant the periods mentioned in the Controller's demand, in this particular case a period of ten days.

Government Rests Case.

After listening to Mr. Untermyer, the court gave no intimation as to whether it had been convinced by his reasoning. It is probable that there will be no further intimation on this point until the court's final decision is announced, some time after the conclusion of the closing speech for the bank to be made tomorrow by ex-Senator Bailey. The Government rested its case today with the filing of a brief on the question of jurisdiction by Charles Warren, Assistant Attorney General, representing the Department of Justice.

As summarized by Mr. Brandeis yesterday, the bank presents four specific prayers for relief: (1) For relief as to the single fine of $5,000 for failure to make a special report as to loans. (2) For relief from Controller Williams's threatened withholding of approval of the bank as a reserve institution, and Secretary McAdoo's withdrawal of Government deposits from the bank. (3) Relief from the Controller's threatened imposition of other penalties analogous to the fine of $5,000, and (4) Relief in the nature of protection from alleged threats or apprehensions.

Mr. Untermyer's argument, which occupied all of the five hours of today's session, was a calm discussion of points of law, except for bitter references to acts of the plaintiff bank, and particularly to alleged acts of Milton E. Ailes, the bank's Vice President. By an extended narrative that impressed the audience that filled the litle court room he sought to show that whatever malice had been injected into the controversy arose on the part of the officers of the bank when they were deprived under the present Administration of special favors, and that this malice was evident some time before Controller Williams began his extensive and sharp correspondence with the bank's officers.

"In the old days," said Mr. Untermyer, "Officers of the Treasury held heavy loans from the Riggs Bank, and it was to sever this pipe line betwen the Treasury and the Riggs Bank and the National City Bank of New York, representing the great call loan market, that Mr. McAdoo undertook the steps now complained of. This work will go down into history as a good work.

"The present Vice President of the Riggs Bank, a few days before he resigned as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury to take up his private work, deposited with the bank to which he was at once attached $2,900,000 of the Government's money without interest. I do not care to characterize that transaction. It characterizes itself. Mr. Ailes's friends say he didn't take the Government's money, that he merely transferred it from the National City Bank. But if he transferred it, the money must have been put back into the National City's hands, as the total of his holdings was not reduced. And the delicacy of this performance cannot escape observation.

Praises McAdoo's Courage.

"Mr. McAdoo for the first time ordered that 2 per cent. interest should be paid by all Government depositories on the Government's money. The sole purpose was the collection of this interest from the banks. And there can be no more convincing proof of this man's unselfish and courageous patriotism than his willingness to incur the hostility of the banks by charging the banks the interest they paid on all deposits not from the Government.

"And this large amount of money in the City Bank was put to the worst possible use. I don't mean to say the bank's business was improper, but the money was used in the call market on speculative securities, which never should have been permitted.

"And I don't say the Riggs Bank should not have loaned money to public officers. But when the loans are to the men charged with its supervision, these loans are open to very grave misconstruction. And when they are made even to the Bank Examiners, who must certify whether the bank's business is straight or crooked, the bank lays itself open to more than criticism. This kind of thing is made a crime by the Federal Reserve act, and it ought to have been made a crime long ago. I don't say these Federal officers were influenced in their administration by the loans. But look at the kind of business the bank was doing? During the time of these loans it was doing things that ought never to have been permitted.

"The code of business morals under which these things were permitted is passing away. There has been a moral revolution in this regard. But in the old days it was regarded as the duty of bank Directors to earn dividends for their stockholders by things no respectable man would dream of doing now. It was then regarded necessary to earn dividends even if loans to Government officers had to be made to accomplish it. And no one can say what services an officer of a bank in Washington could render for a bank in New York City for which he could be paid $12,000 a year by the New York institution.

"We will try to show that the animosity of these officers was not aroused by calls for information from the Controller, but began long before that. Whether this animosity arose from the curtailment of long-enjoyed special favors I cannot say. The record of this case does not disclose it, and I have no right to say."

At one point in Mr. Untermyer's argument he aroused the mild amusement of the audience by an apparent confusion of facts as to a particular account, known as the account of "Flather & Flather." Mr. Flather, who is an officer of the bank, said he had made $5,000 a year from the account, which Mr. Untermyer said had to do with stock transactions.

"Wasn't that a real estate business?" inquired the court, who has had the papers under consideration for some time.

"Oh, no," replied Mr. Untermyer, emphatically. "It was stock, wasn't it Mr. Adkins?"

Mr. Adkins, who was once an assistant Attorney General and who represents the Treasury Department in this case, replied that the account related partly to real estate transactions and partly to stock deals.

"Oh, yes," said Mr. Untermyer, continuing his argument, "a combination of real estate and stock transactions."

"Arrogance" of the Bank.

Mr. Untermyer referred to the "supreme arrogance" of the bank officers in resenting interrogation as to the affairs of the bank.

"When questions were asked about this account," said Mr. Untermyer, "Mr. Flather made the very polite remark that the Controller could go to hell."

"If there is any malice in this case," said Mr. Untermyer, a litle later, "the record shows where it was. These bankers have magnified a fair exercise of authority into a case of persecution."

Mr. Untermyer went at great length into the practice of the bank to secure its loans by stocks and bonds, rather than by commercial paper of the more liquid forms.

"When a bank carries $900,000 of these loans as a dead weight for twelve years, said Mr. Untermyer, "it is useless for the bank to talk about its good condition. I don't doubt the bank is largely solvent, but its assets are not sufficiently liquid."

Referring particularly to the stock of a local traction company, Mr. Untermyer said the bank had practically floated the concern. Pressed by the bank's counsel, he admitted that the traction stock had proved highly profitable, and that the stock in spite of recent depreciation was good security for a bank.

"This bank," said Mr. Untermyer, concluding a paragraph of criticism, "was saved simply by its good judgment and good luck."

Mr. Untermyer referred briefly to $17,500 of Rock Island security carried on the books of the bank as a cash item.

"A good bank," he said, "should not make such loans. But in any case the loan should appear on the books as a loan and not as cash."

The bank's protest against the removal of Government deposits from it drew Mr. Untermyer's irony.

"This bank," said Mr. Untermyer, "thinks it has a royal prerogative over public moneys, which cannot be taken from it. Blinded by passion and prejudice, its officers have set themselves to depose Mr. McAdoo, for no reason except that the czars of the bank, preempting the pipe line to the Treasury, are ready to lay hands violently on any one interrupting their tenure. Because Mr. McAdoo withdrew deposits used in this way to divert the funds where they would aid the commerce of the country, President Glover of the bank refers to 'gross discrimination' and scolded the Secretary of the Treasury as if he had been a schoolboy."

Nominated by Cotton Exchange.

The Nominating Committee of the New York Cotton Exchange has presented this ticket for the annual election June 7: President, Henry H. Royce; Vice President, Archibald D. Gwathmey, Jr.; Treasurer, James F. Maury; Managers, Leopold S. Bache, Nathaniel L. Carpenter, J. Temple Gwathmey, Edward L. Hanemann, William L. Harriss, W. Hustace Hubbard, William P. Jenks, Walter L. Johnson, William H. Judson, John G. Lonsdale, Elwood P. McEneny, Clement Moore, George H. Shutt, Spencer Waters, and Philip B. Weld; Trustee of the Gratuity Fund, Walter G. Hubbard.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

The best activity in the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was early in the session. Initial prices quite generally reflected overnight gains, with moderate further improvements recorded later. Activity gradually lessened, with the market once more taking on a waiting attitude. Prices, however, generally held quite well. Trading sentiment reflected a betterment compared with the day before, despite the uncertainty as to the attitude which Germany will take in her reply to the Wilson note.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,470	Amal. Copper..	66	66½	65⅝	65¾
230	Amal. Cop. rts.	1	1⅛	1	1
40	Am. Beet Sugar	43½	43¾	43½	43¾
320	American Can.	33¼	33½	32⅝	33⅛
50	Am. Car & F..	50¼	50½	50¼	50½
100	Am. Locomo...	43¾	43¾	43⅜	43½
170	Am. Smelting..	64¾	65⅜	64¾	65¼
10	Anaconda Cop.	31½	31½	31½	31½
20	Balt. & Ohio..	71¾	72	71¾	72
50	Brooklyn R. T.	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝
20	Cent. Leather..	35½	35½	35½	35½
140	Ches. & Ohio...	41½	41½	40¾	41
10	C., R. I. & P..	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼
40	Col. Fuel & I..	25½	26	25½	26
710	Erie	25⅛	25⅝	25	25⅛
10	Goodrich Co....	42	42	42	42
20	Gt. North'n ore	31½	31½	31½	31½
10	Gt. North'n pf.	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞	116⅞
10	Inspirat'n Cop.	28½	28½	28½	28½
1,510	Inter.-Met.	20⅞	21	20	20⅜
20	Inter.-Met. pf..	70¼	70¼	70¼	70¼
20	Kan. City So..	26½	26½	26¼	26¼
1,210	Mexican Pet...	67¾	68½	64⅝	66
710	Mo. Pacific.....	11⅝	11⅝	10¼	10⅜
10	Nat. Lead.....	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾
10	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞	61⅞
20	Pennsylvania...	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞	106⅞
40	Pres. Steel Car.	48½	44	43½	43
4,080	Reading	142⅜	143	142	142⅝
80	Southern Pac..	87⅛	87⅛	86⅞	86⅞
10	Southern Ry...	16½	16½	16½	16½
10	Studebaker Co.	64½	64½	64½	64½
40	Tenn. Copper..	33¼	33¼	33	33¼
1,910	Union Pacific..	124¼	124⅜	123⅝	124
60	U. S. Rubber..	60¼	60¼	60	60
6,480	U. S. Steel.....	52¼	53	52⅛	52½
290	Utah Copper..	63¾	63¾	63½	63⅝
10	Wabash pf.....	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
30	West. Un. Tel.	65	65	65	65
820	Westing. El...	87⅞	88¾	87⅞	88⅛
20,800					

MINING STOCKS.

1,800	Atlanta	.33	.36	.33	.36
1,300	Booth	.43	.43½	.43	.43½
500	Elkton	.43	.43	.43	.43
1,100	Gold. Merger..	.24	.25	.24	.25
2,200	Jumbo Ext.....	1.12½	1.22½	1.12½	1.22½
1,000	North Star	.16½	.16½	.16½	.16½
200	Portland	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½
500	Round Mt......	.43	.43	.43	.43
300	Tonopah Ext...	3.12½	3.12½	3.12½	3.12½
500	Tono. Merger..	.39	.39	.39	.39
400	West End......	.75	.76	.75	.76
9,800					

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street:

15 shares Buckeye Pipe Line Co., $50 each, $101.50 per share.

11 shares Eureka Pipe Line Co., $100 each, 219.

12 shares New York Transit Co., $100 each, 205½.

21 shares National Butchers and Drovers' Bank, $25 each, 120.

4 shares Pacific Bank, $50 each, 201.

$349,500 Western Land and Power Co. first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due July 15, 1926; January 15, 1912, coupon, $125.

$15,000 second mortgage made by Maude Brevoort Barclay (formerly Maud Brevoort Prentice) to Sarah A. Brevoort, covering 25 and 27 Third Av. and 3 St. Mark's Place, City of New York, dated March 24, 1913; interest 6 per cent. and duly assigned, $275.

For Account of the Astor Trust Co., Executor.

5½ shares Mexican Timber Field Co., $100 each; 15 shares Sierra Madre Development Co., $100 each; 10 shares Chihuahua and Sinaloa Development Co., $100 each; 40 shares Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway common voting trust certificates, $100 each; 100 shares Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway preferred voting trust certicates, $100 each; 100 shares International Construction Co., United States Mortgage and Trust Co. certificate of deposit, $100 each, $50 lot.

$10,000 Kansas City, Mexico & Orient Railway first mortgage fifty-year 4 per cent. bonds, Columbia Trust Co. certificate of deposit, $1,240 lot.

$72,000 Brooklyn Ferry Co. first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, 1948, Knickerbocker Trust Co. certificate of deposit, $260 lot.

250 shares Greenfield Paper Bottle Co. common, $100 each, $20 lot.

7,500 shares Horn Silver Mining Co., $25 each, $475 lot.

160 shares Silver Link Mining Co., $100 each, $10 lot.

60 shares Alexandria Water Co., $100 each, $5.

$351 judgment against Elmer Isenberg and Ira J. Isenberg, $3.

$250 bond and mortgage of Thomas G. Estef on property situated on Main St., Borough of Alexandria, Huntington, Penn., 4 per cent., due June 23, 1907, $3.

$2,500 promissory note of Adam J. Latta, due July 8, 1912, $15.

VANDERBILT ESTATE FACES TAX TANGLE

State Ready to Fight Any Contention That Capitalist Was Non-Resident.

LEVY $1,600,000, OR MORE

Different Publications Give Home as Here or Newport—Precedent in F. T. Martin Case.

S. C. Carlton, attorney representing State Controller Eugene M. Travers, said yesterday that New York State would undoubtedly lose at least $1,600,000, and possibly $3,000,000, transfer taxes on the estate of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, if it was proved that Mr. Vanderbilt's legal residence was at Oakland, his farm at Newport, R. I., instead of at the Vanderbilt Hotel, as it is given in the New York City directory.

The State Controller will refuse to waive any notice that Mr. Vanderbilt was a non-resident of this State, when the executors of the will apply to him for permission to collect dividends, find bank deposits or take charge of any other property of the estate. This will bring the question up formally before Lafayette B. Gleason, attorney for the State Controller in New York, and his assistant, Mr. Carlton.

Mr. Carlton explained that if the Vanderbilt estate was appraised at $40,000,000, the transfer tax would amount to $1,600,000, but that the estate might mount to an aggregate much in excess of $40,000,000. He said he had shown that the estate of Frederick Townsend Martin was to be taxed under the New York State law, although the executors, represented by their attorney, John B. Pine, had stated that Mr. Martin's residence was in Paris, France. Mr. Carlton looked up "Who's Who in America" for 1912-1913 and found Mr. Martin's residence given as at the Knickerbocker Club in this city. He then procured a photograph of Mr. Martin's O. K. of the article in the publication stated.

F. T. Martin's Residence.

The attorney for the State even went further. He communicated with the Commissioner of Jurors here, and learned that Mr. Martin had given his residence at that official's office, as at the Hotel Plaza. Mr. Martin claimed exemption from jury duty, Mr. Carlton said, on the ground he had served his time with the Tenth Regiment and was honorably discharged. The lawyer had Mr. Martin identified by the clerks in the Commissioner of Jurors's office by showing them a picture of him in his book, "The Passing of the Idle Rich."

Mr. Carlton pointed out that the question of taxing non-residents' estates here had caused the State Controller's office much annoyance. The Fifth Avenue residence of ex-Senator W. A. Clark of Montana could not be taxed under the present transfer tax statute, which exempts intangible property of non-residents. The Waclark Realty Company owned the house, the lawyer said, and Mr. Clark owned the stock or intangible property. If Mr. Clark died a non-resident no tax could be placed on the house.

Mr. Carlton said there was an amendment to the transfer tax law, awaiting the signature of Governor Whitman, which would remedy this defect. The new law, though, would not apply to Mr. Vanderbilt's estate.

The lawyer for the State Controller will find that the publication upon which he relied partly to ascertain the residence of Mr. Martin, "Who's Who in America," 1912-1913, gives Mr. Vanderbilt's home as "Oakland, Newport, R. I." This would make all the securities and other intangible properties exempt from any transfer tax because they could not be taxed in this State, and there is no impost on such properties under the laws of Rhode Island.

Newport or New York?

The Social Register gives Mr. Vanderbilt's residence as the Vanderbilt Hotel. "Who's Who in New York" for 1914 gives both places as his residence, while "Who's Who in America" for 1914-1915 gives his "home, Oakland, Newport, R. I." "Who's Who" for 1915 gives his "address, Newport, R. I."

H. B. Anderson, attorney for Mr. Vanderbilt's estate, refused to say whether his friend and client had been a resident of this State. He took occasion to deny a rumor that there was any thought of a contest of the will by Mr. Vanderbilt's first wife, who was Miss Elsie French.

The City Record in its list of assessed valuations for 1914 shows that Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt paid taxes on the Vanderbilt Hotel as its owner and that its assessed valuation was then $2,950,000. This piece of realty will be taxed anyway, whether he was a resident of this State or Rhode Island, provided it is not owned by a realty company the stock of which was owned by Mr. Vanderbilt.

The Vanderbilt will is to be filed within a week, Mr. Anderson said.

SEEKS H. B. BALDWIN'S WILL

Safe Deposit Box of Lusitania Victim Will Be Opened.

Surrogate Cohalan yesterday signed an order permitting Joseph C. Baldwin, Jr., to open a safety deposit box in the Grand Central Branch of the Corn Exchange Safe Deposit Company, in an effort to find the will of his brother, Harry B. Baldwin, who, together with his wife, Mrs. Mary N., was lost on the Lusitania. The box is in the joint names of husband and wife.

The brother of the deceased recites in his application that Harry was a member of Austin Baldwin & Co., freight contractors, at 116 Broad Street, when he left for Europe on the Lusitania. Mr. Baldwin also recites that he has communicated with Ambassador Page, officials of the Cunard Line, and the steward of the ship who had charge of his brother's and sister-in-law's berths, and that the bodies have not been found.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Henry C. Phipps was elected a Trustee of the New York Trust Company yesterday to fill a vacancy.

Employes of the National Park Bank have organized a club with 235 members, to be known as the Park Bank Club. W. T. Ames is President.

The Dome Mines Co., Limited, is offering to shareholders for subscription 50,000 shares of stock at par, $10 a share. Shareholders of record June 25 will be entitled to subscribe on the ratio of one new share to each block of seven shares held.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the second week of May show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Eight roads	$3,284,910	+	$204,598
Six roads	3,795,991	—	1,053,740
Total (14 roads) ..	7,080,901	—	849,142

CENTRAL NEW ENGLAND reports for the quarter ended March 31—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
Gross revenue.	972,970	834,311	138,659
Oper. exp.....	503,103	642,064	*138,961
Net	469,867	192,247	277,620
Taxes	43,032	34,616	8,416
Net after tax..	426,835	157,631	269,254
Other income..	19,352	20,373	*1,021
Total income..	446,217	178,004	268,213
Int., rent, &c.	244,862	240,784	4,078
Sur. aft. chgs.	201,355	†62,780	264,135

*Decrease. †Deficit.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY OF BUFFALO for three months ended March 31—

Oper. revenue..	1,550,551	1,537,592	12,959
Net after tax..	497,826	458,815	39,011
Gross income..	504,089	463,469	40,620
Sur. aft. chgs.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

YOGI HAD NOTES OF WOMEN.

Samri Bill Ellis Held in $5,000 for Having Narcotics.

Detectives examined yesterday the books, false-bottom trunks containing narcotics and other articles found in the apartment of Samri Bill Ellis, or Charles Balwan, at 111 West 104th Street after his arrest on Tuesday night, and in a notebook found many jottings of a personal nature about wealthy women. It is believed that this information, supposed to have been obtained from domestics by Samri Bill, was to have been made use of in the event of a slump in the drug-selling business, driving the former Yogi back into the profession of palm reading and clairvoyance.

Some of Samri's entries were:

> Very jealous. Married. — yes. Has a rich uncle, Charlie—he is quite old, she is the heir. He lives in West Seventy-second Street.
>
> She has one brother who does not speak to her—he married against her wishes with the wrong girl. Her pal is Mrs. —. Her maiden name was Miss —. Banquet. Engagement to marry.

An entry following the name of a woman living in West Seventy-fifth Street noted that she was:

> Widow—has a young daughter. Very wealthy. Loves —. Was in Europe—gave information to George —.
>
> Literary—writer. Forged checks; seek revenge.

The detectives withheld names and addresses of the persons referred to in the notes. In another book were the names of about 100 men well known along Broadway. Opposite each name was a sort of code sign. Samri Bill, when questioned, positively refused to explain the meaning of these signs.

"Big people, many of whom reach very high, are with me in this," Samri confided to Detectives Riley and Finan, "but I can't afford to tell who they are."

Samri was arraigned before Magistrate Corrigan in the West Side Court charged with having narcotics in his possession and was held in $5,000 bail for further examination tomorrow.

Agree on Cleveland Station.

Officials of the New York Central Lines and the Pennsylvania Railroad and Mayor Newton D. Baker of Cleveland agreed in conference with A. H. Smith, President of the New York Central, at the Grand Central Terminal, yesterday, on the plan for a new Union passenger station at Cleveland as a part of the civic improvements on the lake front. Engineers were instructed to provide additional data for consideration at the next conference, in Cleveland, concerning the titles involved in the proposed transfer of land for the site of the station, which is to be bought by the roads.

SHORT-WEIGHT LOSS $60,000,000 A YEAR

Ex-Assemblyman Brooks Tells Association of Violation of Net Container Law.

HANDS TIED, SAYS HARTIGAN

Commissioner Asserts the Attorney General's Office Fails to Prosecute Offenders.

Addressing the Weights and Measures Association of the State of New York yesterday in the Board of Estimate room at the City Hall, former Assemblyman Franklin Brooks, author of the law governing the regulation of weights and measures, charged that the net container law was being violated all over the city. He showed what he had bought as a pound of coffee, which, upon being weighed, revealed that the buyer had lost two cents, paid for the weight of the container. Mr. Brooks estimated that at this rate the people of the State lose about $60,000,000 a year through violations of the law.

Acting Mayor McAneny welcomed the eighth annual conference of the association, which is composed of weights and measures officials. The avowed purpose of the association is to obtain honest weights and measures. Mr. McAneny said he welcomed the conference not only for the good of its deliberations, but for those whose lack of means insure them little other protection. He praised the late Mayor Gaynor for starting the real fight for honest weights and measures, and also commended Commissioner Hartigan of the Bureau of Weights and Measures for his work in relation to the period of hard times last Winter.

Lacks Means to Enforce Law.

Mr. Brooks said that the widespread violation of the law was through no lack of effort on the part of Commissioner Hartigan, who was doing his best, but had not the men and the money to see that the law was obeyed.

"We have the law now to prevent this fraud," he said, "but not the means of its enforcement. The law as originally planned put the penalty in the hands of the District Attorney, but compromise put it in the Attorney General's office. In that manner it has lost its strength. There is a manufacturer in this city who is openly violating the law in packing his products. He advertises 'cutely' that the weight of the product includes the container, but he does not mark that container when you buy it"

Commissioner Hartigan said that the defiance of the law in the city was widespread.

"We have sent to the Attorney General's office many frauds in the net weight matter," he added, "but there has not been one prosecution, I am sorry to say. Take the meat packers. Do you think that as an official I can prosecute 2,500 butchers or packers with their able attorneys? Have I a right to spend a sum necessary for such a prosecution? Only a few days ago, after sending the names of wholesale butchers violating the law to the Attorney General, I received a reply that he did not think he could successfully prosecute them. Again I sent the names of 130 bakers and was told to send them to the District Attorney. The latter told me to take my troubles to the Corporation Counsel, and there you are!"

A paper by E. O. Way, Chief Inspector of Weights and Measures Standards for Ottawa, discussing Canadian methods of handling weights and measures problems, was read at the afternoon session. This pointed out that a decided advantage on the other side of the border lay in having only one measure of capacity for both wet and dry products.

Annual Inspection Futile.

Clement J. Driscoll, head of the Department of Weights and Measures under Mayor Gaynor, said that the regular annual inspection was futile. A routine inspection of that kind only served to catch the poor woman with a small store, whose scales might be dirty, not crooked, he said. "The real grafter," he added, "is always well prepared for a visit. We know that scales are sold, in other cities at least, with the express proviso that they lend themselves to fraud."

Mr. Driscoll advocated a uniform law to regulate the scales sold throughout the country, and asked that the convention request legislation enabling Inspectors and sealers to dictate to a storekeeper where to place a scale, so that goods should be weighed in view of the purchaser.

The convention will hold its second day's session today at the Hotel McAlpin.

An exhibition of weighing and measuring appliances of all kinds, which are made in accordance with the laws of the State and Federal Governments, was to have opened yesterday morning in the Winter Garden of the McAlpin, the official headquarters of the convention, but did not get started promptly. It was said there in explanation of the small size of the exhibit that whoever had it in charge had sent many notifications to wrong addresses, and that when the addressees finally had received the communications they had not time to get their exhibits ready.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

STERN & FRANCES.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Gustav Stern, trading as Stern & Frances, manufacturer of costumes, dresses, and suits at 31 and 33 East Thirty-second Street.

MONARCH PIANO PLAYER AND ROLL COMPANY, manufacturer of piano players and music rolls at 511 West Forty-second Street, has assigned to Jonah J. Goldstein. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against it. Liabilities are said to be $10,000 and assets $6,000.

PERCIVAL K. FROWERT of 126 Riverside Drive, manager and President of an advertising agency, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $14,853 and no assets.

ANTHONY JOYCE, salesman at 1,196 Broadway, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $3,114.

HELEN MILLER of 65 IRVING PLACE, formerly a boarding house keeper, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $17,685 and no assets.

JOHN UHL, grocer of 2,062 Eighth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $4,676 and assets $2,344.

ISIDOR KURTIN, formerly of Kurtin & Safren at 162 Reade Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $5,141 and assets $695.

DAVID H. HUNT of White Plains has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $3,976 and no assets.

I. KLEIN & SON, dealers in clothing at 173 Stanton Street and 114 Ridge Street, have filed schedules showing liabilities $6,584 and assets $2,200.

ABRAHAM LEVY, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 844 Third Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities $4,499 and assets $3,517.

RIMBACH & BUGLI, manufacturers of combs at 239 Fourth Avenue, have filed schedules showing liabilities $16,095 and assets $2,744.

RELIABLE GAS LAMP COMPANY of 159 Bowery has filed schedules showing liabilities $9,111 and assets $4,546.

HERMAN CHERTOCK, dealer in dry goods at Pawling, has filed schedules showing liabilities $6,340 and assets $3,271.

MATIS HARRIS, dry goods jobber at 89 Eldridge Street, has assigned to Nathaniel Walkof.

SAMUEL REDFORD, grocer and delicatessen at 1,349 St. Nicholas Avenue, has made an assignment to Lester W. Meyers.

SAUL E. ROGERS has been appointed temporary receiver for the Century Opera Company by Judge Greenbaum of the Supreme Court in proceedings for the voluntary dissolution of the company brought by the Directors. The bond of the receiver was fixed at $5,000.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 19.—Bankruptcy proceedings were instituted today against Peter Murray, trading under the firm name of Smith & Murray, proprietors of one of the largest department stores in Springfield. The petitioning creditors and their claims are: N. A. Pelonsky, Boston, $86; Elite Mfg. Co., Boston, $70; Washington Skirt Co., Boston, $64; Horace J. H. Sears, an assigned claim of Burton Brothers, New York, $299, and William J. Sullivan, an assigned claim of Cheney Brothers, New York, $184. They allege as an act of bankruptcy that the company transferred portions of its property to certain creditors with the intention of preferring them over others.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill. — Joseph A. Sternberger, cloaks and suits; involuntary petition filed in behalf of the Philip Browes Company of New York; liabilities and assets not estimated.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Aston, William K.—M. G. Palliser, $375.89.
Breuvhaud, Jules—National Surety Co., $2,296.04.
Barker, William—Pendleton Bros., $281.01.
Blank, Samuel, and Jacob Slavin—Rollins Mfg. Co., $204.57.
Brady, Joseph L.—American Slicing Machine Co., $116.91.
Berkowitz, Isaac L.—J. Spielman, $138.53.
Brester, Lazar—G. McKesson et al., $167.04.
Business Women's Hotel Co.—Stern Bros., $318.07.
Botirnick, Nathan, et al.—J. Pirone, $220.41.
Broadhurst, George—I. R. Broadhurst, $750.
Barranger, Retta H.—James Butler, Inc., costs, $118.38.
Bergkamp Realty Corp., Bergkamp Realty Co., and George B. Bergemkamp—Renner, $7,771.84.
Chalmers, John D.—F. T. Lloyd, $163.91.
Corin, Robert A.—J. E. Russell, $776.25.
Curtis, George H.—Simplex Auto Co., $336.11.
Cohen, Benjamin—J. Schulman, $418.41.
Cobe, Andrew J.—Equities Realization Corp., $27,945.28.
Camlin, Jean, and Southwestern Surety Ins. Co.—People, &c., $1,500.
Covell, William S., and Edward Van Orden—W. H. Freedman, $295.21.
Chielacos, Charles—E. Bacola, $105.87.
Conville, William T.—A. W. Atterbury et al., $150.
City of New York—H. Van Schaick, $647.99.
Same—Union Trust Co., $612.84.
Dalton, Olinia—B. Winter, $157.96.
Dodge, Grace R.—Oliver & McNevin, $161.92.
Dzadio, Michael and Barbara—Frank Brewery, $151.62.
Dixey, Henry E.—C. J. Stewart, $133.91.
Daub Storage, Warehouse & Van Co.—J. D. Roll, $112.67.
Davis, Adolph L., and Max Rothbart—Oriental Fireproof Sash & Door Co., $167.95.
Ford, Michael—W. C. Harding, $114.65.
Fidelity & Casualty Co. of N. Y.—Rabbi Jacob Joseph School, $462.39.
Fitch, Laura B.—M. Raymond, $242.98.
Goodwin, Clifford C.—National Ulster County Bank of Kingston, $1,777.02.
Gottlieb, Samuel L.—H. P. Friedman, $121.45.
Haven, Fanny A., Edw. J. Dunn, and James B. Rathbone, exrs.—Title Guarantee & Trust Co., $17,828.14.
Heidelberger, Hattie, Maurice H. Mann, and Paul B. Moos, exrs.—I. Heidelberger, $7,336.04.
Heywood, Hermes—E. A. Rhodes, $436.31.
J. L. Kesner Co.—A. F. Jessen, $137.95.
Katonah Construction Co., Stephen G. Still, Wm. T. Hookey, and Wm. T. Hookey, Inc.—Northern Bank of N. Y., $640.56.
Katzka, Jacob, and Rebecca Dasheff—People, &c., $1,000.
Kessler, Max, and Rebecca Dasheff—Same, $1,000.
Kunstler, Jacob, by gdn.—J. P. Morgan, costs, $109.38.
Kern, James F.—Lincoln Mortgage Co., $122.16.
Lublinsky, Ike and Henry—M. J. Rubin, $199.69.
Levy, Alexander, and Harry Julius—American Lace Mfg. Co., $1,470.78.
Lehman, Herman—A. & N. Vina Arango, $131.81.
Lepe & Dulac, Inc.—Francis H. Leggett & Co., $181.49.
Lenkowsky, Morris—M. Vandeweght et al., $216.15.
M. Zeidman Haircloth Co.—I. I. Newmark, $1,840.11.
Medici, Arturo—H. E. Meeker, $5,004.91.
Mulcahy & Gibson, Inc.—National Surety Co., costs, $480.45.
N. Y. Railways Co.—S. Schutz, $792.83.
Nat Buckman Co.—Bristol Brass Co., $103.52.
North American Wall Paper Co.—Jackson Construction Co., Inc., costs, $238.91.
Neumann, Louis—C. O'Neill, $147.01.
Paulyin, Paul—Nassau Finance Co., $659.69.
Perry, Clarence E.—V. M. Kramer et al., $120.65.
Same—Same, $126.65.
Ratner, Abraham—State Bank, $470.96.
Rodgers, John C., Jr.—M. Micolino, $184.77.
Schaufler, Clifford A.—Drug and Chemical Club, $149.29.
Schaufels, Clifford A.—W. C. Ridgway, $2,092.64.
Seventy-three Fifth Av. Co.—M. O. Sage, $63,666.88.
Schey, Berthold M.—C. Vietor et al., $330.89.
Sutherland, Jane—G. W. Quintard, costs, $107.88.
Sullivan, William A. and John O. Bradley—E. Bach et al., $956.98.
Scott, Arthur—Paddock and Fowler Co., $100.12.
Simpson, Henry W.—E. Van Orden, $169.41.
Schultz, William—George C. Flint Co., $198.02.
Swift, Anna M.—Z. Poole, costs, $108.18.
Schweizer, Joseph—A. De Cicco, $2,920.08.
Southworth, Ellis B. and John G. Thomann—Nason Realty Co., $216.21.
Sandberg, Erik—H. Herrmann Lumber Co., $208.61.
Sidenberg, William and Ole Gundersen—A. Osserman, $214.91.
Suydam, Hendrick—C. P. Rogers et al., $417.54.
Shults, Bread Co.—M. Luigia Caroccio, $2,600.18.
Swezey, Arthur H.—Broadway Bargain House, $298.16.
Schor, Isidor G.—Century Bank of City of N. Y., $387.06.
Tompkins, Frank E.—West Side Construction Co., $101.09.
Trimborn, William—T. Sheldon, $1,018.22.
Uranium Steamship Co., Ltd.—M. Barbag, $800.
Van Claussen, Ida—J. F. Black, $347.68.
Tait, Edith M., and Charles E. Miles—R. C. Turnbull, $1,017.95.
Weil, Jack—H. Mee, $264.40.
Weinstein, Max—S. Heyman et al., $521.79.
Walsh, Frederick K.—F. W. Devoe and C. T. Raynolds Co., $163.41.
Weimar, Henry—J. Walter, $145.22.
Andrews, Frank M.—City of N. Y., $600.11.
Becker, Gustav—Same, $134.62.
Brock, Wesley—Same, $259.28.
Kavanagh, Jeremiah, Trustee—Same, $600.11.
Keil, Matilda—Same, $214.74.
Fox Printing House—Same, $134.62.
Parkville Sash and Door Co.—Same, $172.50.
Mead, Lewis W.—Same, $259.29.
Satz, Louis—Same, $250.98.
Sohns, Helen—Same, $259.28.
Sanders, Herman H.—Same, $134.62.

In Bronx County.

Bieber, Samuel, and Harris Kleinman—P. Mintz, $32.72.
Buckbee, George E., and Edmonson Construction Co.—Corporate Mortgage Co., $185.86.
Doyle, John—W. Sherwood, $96.72.
Desmond, Thomas E.—H. Hollander, $175.45.
Edson Building Co.—Corporate Mortgage Co., $1,039.22.
Edson Building Co., George E. Buckbee, and Inland Holding Co.—Same, $218.30.
Same—Same, $391.74.
Edson Building Co.—Same, $1,035.64.
Gawer, Albert—F. Blume, $119.42.
Henderson, James—M. A. Thake, $74.25.
Heaney, William J.—J. A. Kingsbury, $63.72.
Horn, Robert—Sherman Co., $31.65.
Kinsella, Clinton W.—E. D. Loughman, $3,535.45.
Patitiw, Hyman—J. Lichtenberg, $32.22.
Riley, William A., Mary E. Riley, John Cornacchia, Pasquilina Cornacchia, Lorenzo Scinto, and Lorenza Scinto—E. K. Dooling, $3,369.34.
Rosendorf, Hugo D.—M. Esberg, $648.93.
Same—Same, $366.18.
Soraci Contracting Co.—M. Amsler, $2,665.26.
Tiber Building Corporation—N. Di Marco, $107.80.
Wolansky Display Fixture Co., Inc.; Royal Display Fixture Co., Inc., and United Display Fixture Co., Inc.—S. Ostrov, $41.34.
West Farms Lumber Co.—B. S. Gramley, $1,361.85.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and the date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Fleischer, Sigmund L.—C. M. Blimline, May 17, 1915, $2,649.91.
Hillman, Chas. W.—A. Doering, Aug. 17, 1912, $269.57.
Kenny, John T.—F. O. Pierce, Oct. 7, 1897, $308.47.
Metz, Anna—T. B. Holland, April 30, 1915, $475.
Mautner, Samuel and Max—U. Wurman, Jan. 30, 1915, $375.90.
Biffar, Harry M., and August J. Koehler—W. Brunner, Dec. 1, 1914, $129.05.
Cohen, Aaron—Giant Silk Mfrs., Inc., May 18, 1915, $118.44.
Dickinson, Howard C., and Walter H. Kutzleb—F. C. Mearns, April 13, 1915, $17,138.25.
Detroit Steel Products Co.—J. S. Sutphen et al., May 6, 1915, $352.92.
Dillon, Wm. H., and Nathaniel B. Beam—F. O. Pierce Co., Dec. 27, 1911, $233.09.
Stein, Bernhard—Wilson Distilling Co., July 18, 1912, $767.32.
Security Bank of N. Y.—M. Abrams et al., Nov. 3, 1913, $123.38.
Donnelly, Elizabeth M., ex'x—H. Kopp, June 14, 1912, (vacated,) $1,014.59.
Ishi, Shoyaburo—T. M. Fijinari, Feb. 17, 1914, $373.61.
Brooklyn Union Elevated R. R. Co. and South Brooklyn Ry. Co.—D. P. Sullivan, Jan. 17, 1914, $5,695.57.
Burns, James, and William Hanley—E. De Wolf et al., April 15, 1915, $103.99.
Rosenzweig, Isidore and Sidney—Robert Reiner Importing Co., May 11, 1915, $823.04.
National Appraisal Co.—S. B. Shafler, March 15, 1915, $2,079.98.
Heiser, Henry A.—University Garage, Jan. 29, 1913, $278.05.

In Bronx County.

D'Andrea Construction Co.—M. Manacher et al., Nov. 30, 1914, $749.85.
Stizler, Emily, and Emily Roessler—J. Levinstim, Aug. 28, 1914, $78.02.

4,000 IN BROOKLYN PAGEANT

Review of 300 Years of History to Begin Tomorrow Evening.

More than three hundred years of the history of Brooklyn will be depicted in the Historical Pageant which will begin tomorrow evening in the Twenty-third Regiment Armory, Atlantic and Bedford Avenues, Brooklyn. The exhibition will run for two evenings and Saturday afternoon. It is estimated that 3,000 men, women and children will take part in the various episodes, and, in addition, the singing of patriotic selections will be rendered by 1,000 voices.

In the prologue, entitled "The Spirit of Nature Reigns," the characters will impersonate sprites of the woods, meadows, winds and the waters dancing on the green. There will be eight episodes, illustrating the Canarsie Indians, the aborgines of Brooklyn; Henry Hudson landing on the Coney Island shore in 1609, Bruekelen Town in 1646, the Romance of Melrose Hall in 1775, when a Tory conspiracy to seize General George Washington was frustrated by the loyalty of two young lovers, the battle of Long Island in 1776, the civil war in 1861, the calico ball in 1864, when $400,000 was raised at a fair for the relief of wounded Union soldiers, and the Greater City of New York in 1898. In addition, there will be two interludes and a postlude.

The proceeds of the pageant will be distributed 75 per cent. to the Hebrew, St. John's Roman Catholic and Howard Colored Orphan Asylums, and the Orphan Asylum of Brooklyn, and 25 per cent. to the fund for the new zoo building in Prospect Park.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY F. WELLS, Bankrupt.—No. 21,147.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

Please take notice that Richard O. Smith has filed with me his petition praying that he may be authorized to sell on sealed bids one Mercedes automobile, now located at the garage of George F. Adams, 11 South Arlington Avenue, East Orange, N. J. Bids for the said automobile should be sealed and be accompanied by at least 10 per cent. of the amount of the bid. The bids will be opened by the Referee in Bankruptcy herein at a special meeting of creditors to be held at his office, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on the 1st day of June, 1915, at 11:30 A. M., at which time creditors are requested to attend and pass upon the bids submitted.

The automobile can be inspected at the place aforesaid on any day prior to the receipt of bids.

In case any bid received is rejected, or in case no bids are received, the said automobile will be sold at the place aforesaid at public auction by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, on the 7th day of June, 1915, at 10:30 A. M.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City.
New York, May 19, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY F. WELLS, Bankrupt.—No. 21,147.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt:

..otice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt will be sold under the direction of Richard O. Smith, the Trustee herein, at public auction under the rules and practice of this Court, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at No. 539 Broadway, New York City, on the 3rd day of June, 1915, at 10:30 A. M.

The property to be sold consists of certain office fixtures, desks, chairs, typewriter, books, camera, and photographic equipment, music rolls, Victrola records, &c.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of the said property from sale, unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum of its appraised value.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
45 Cedar Street, N. Y. City.
New York, May 19, 1915.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MICHAEL BARRY and PATRICK BARRY, trading as BARRY BROS., bankrupts. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, May 20, 1915, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 2,620 3d Av. cor. of 141st St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of wines, liquors, glassware, safe, cash register, &c. FRANCIS GILBERT, Receiver.

LAWRENCE B. COHEN, Attorney for Receiver, 64 Wall St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of TUCK PRESS, INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, May 20, 1915, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 343 Greenwich St. and immediately thereafter at Hartmann's Storage Warehouse, 6 First St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of printing presses, tools, type, paper, office furniture, fixtures, &c.

BERTHA REMBAUGH, Receiver.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,847.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL PEARL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Pearl, bankrupt, has filed his petition, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DIStrict of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GUSTAV STICKLEY THE CRAFTSMAN INCORPORATED, a corporation, Alleged Bankrupt.—No. 21416.

The above-entitled proceeding has been referred to me as referee in bankruptcy under Section 12A of the Bankruptcy act, to call a meeting of creditors for the allowance of claims, examination of the alleged bankrupt, and the preservation and conduct of the estate.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, on June 1st, 1915, at 2 P. M. Said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
May 19th, 1915.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—No. 19579.—LOUIS DIENSTAG, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Louis Dienstag, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 13th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 18th, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—HENRY B. GIFFORD, Bankrupt.

Henry B. Gifford, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 30th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 18, 1915.

NO. 20969.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—SAMUEL M. HYMAN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Samuel M. Hyman, bankrupt, has filed his petition, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—No. 19846.—TRAVERS VALE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Travers Vale, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated June 22, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 18th, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—VINCENZO SELLARO, Bankrupt.

Vincenzo Sellaro, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 7th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 18, 1915.

U. S. DIST. COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—JACOB ROSENFELD COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Jacob Rosenfeld, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 5th, 1915, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy. Creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 21st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 18th, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—No. 21,623.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH J. TONER and MICHAEL TONER, individually and as copartners, doing business under the name and style of TONER BROS., Bankrupts.

Joseph J. Toner and Michael Toner, individually and as copartners, doing business under the name and style of Toner Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts on April 29, 1915, and the adjourned first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 45 Cedar Street, New York City, on June 1, 1915, at 11 A. M. Creditors may then attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of NATHAN LESE and FREDERICK LESE, individually and as co-partners trading under the name of LESE BROS., Bankrupts.—No. 21370.

Notice is hereby given that Nathan Lese and Frederick Lese, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated May 13th, 1915, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Wednesday, June 1st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated May 19th, 1915.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—FLEMINGTON CUT GLASS COMPANY, CRYSTAL CUT GLASS COMPANY, and JOSEPH FRIEDMAN, Complainants, against BAWO & DOTTER, LIMITED, Defendant.—In Equity, 12-153.

On reading and filing the annexed petition of Bronson Winthrop and William Mulveney, receivers of the property of the above-named defendant, and upon all the proceedings herein, it is

Ordered, That all of the creditors of defendant corporation shall file with the receivers at their office, No. 20 West 33rd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and Southern District of New York, on or before the 1st day of June, 1915, their claims against said defendant, a copy of this order to be mailed by said receivers to all creditors appearing upon the books of the defendant corporation in the hands of said receivers and to all stockholders of the defendant corporation on or before the 1st day of April, 1915; and it is

Further ordered, That each and every creditor who shall fail to file his claim with the receivers as required by the provisions of this order on or before the 1st day of June, 1915, shall be and hereby are forever barred from sharing in any distribution of the assets of the defendant; and it is

Further ordered, That the receivers shall cause to be published in The New York Times and in Daily Trade Record, both newspapers published in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, and Southern District of New York, a copy of this order once in each week, beginning with the 1st day of April and ending with the 27th day of May, 1915.

Dated New York, March 26th, 1915.
JULIUS M. MAYER,
U. S. District Judge.

RECEIVERS' SALES.

Receiver's sale of The S. G. V. Automobile Plant.—Pursuant to an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Berks County, dated May 3, 1915, in the case of The S. G. V. Company vs. The S. G. V. Co., No. 1,134 Equity docket, 1914, the undersigned will sell at public sale at the plant of The S. G. V. Co., 302 North Eighth St., Reading, Pa., on Thursday, May 27th, 1915, all the automobiles, parts, machinery, tools, etc. of the above plant consisting in part as follows: 34 Chassis complete, Machinery, Turret Lathes, Broaching Machines, Grinders, Milling Machines, Drill Presses, Boring Mills, Dynamos, Cold Saws, Dynamometers, &c.

Small tools: Taps, Reamers, Drills, Chucks, Collets, Arbors, etc. Materials: Rough and finished materials for S. G. V. automobiles, also A. L. A. M. standard parts, also bar stock, all sizes and grades. Bodies: Touring Bodies, finished and body shells. Office fixtures: Rolltop Desks, Adding Machines, Typewriters, Filing Cabinets, Chairs, &c. Also good-will, including drawings, patterns, use of drop forging dies now in hands of manufacturers.

The above articles and many others too numerous to mention compose a complete automobile manufacturing plant. Catalogues describing in detail the property to be sold will be furnished upon application to the undersigned.

Sale to commence at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon and will be continued from day to day until the entire plant has been sold.

R. E. GRAHAM, Receiver,
The S. G. V. Co., Reading, Pa.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 433, P. O. Bldg.
Freeman<US.
Penn Steel Co<NYC Ry.
Kennedy<Unit Cork Co.
Victor Co<Straus.
Re Linck Const Co.
Roberts<Anderson.
Read Mach Co<Jaburg.
Bush Terml<Lighter Morgan.
Gen Lighterage Co<Ferrybt New Brunswick.
Cent Trust Co<C, R I, &c, RR.
Wagner<Kohn.

DISTRICT COURT—Learned Hand, D. J.—Court Room 407, 4th Fl., P. O. Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.
De Rubes<Willis Co.
Rund<Beler Water Heater Co.
Babcock & Wilcox Co<Power Spec Co.
Power Spec Co<Babcock & Wilcox Co.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—Room 401, P. O. Bldg.—At 10 A. M.—Admiralty.
Hudson Nav Co<SS Iroquois.
Burrows<Tug H B Keene.
Ocean SS Co<Corn Products Mfg Co.
Dickinson<Tugs G H Keller, &c.
Weehawken D D Co<Scow J J F No 3.
Beard<Lighter S L Saville.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Naturalizations, at 9:30 A. M.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Equity calendar, at 10:30 A. M.
Marconi<Atlantic Com Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Ingraham, P. J.; Clarke, Scott, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ.—Enumerated motions at 2 P. M.
Dangler<Nat Surety Co
People<Thomas.
Stern<Romberg.
Lopes<Linch.
Croton Falls Const Co<CNY.
Ferris<McClenehan.
Gressing<Musical Instruments Sales.
Richmond Light & RR Co<McCall.
O'Neill<Goodman Con.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS.—Part I.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
Re Durant.
Letuchy<Letuchy.
Canty<Kelly.
Boehm<L I RR.
Re Gluck (Lightill.)
Sennert<Weisbecker (2.)
Luppin<Jacob Ruppert
Mayer<same.
Grant True Blues Loyal Orange Lodge<McAllister.
Philipson<Smith (2.)
Re Everitt.
Du Bois<Schreiner.
Cutter<N Y Fire Ins Exchange.
People, &c<D Villers.
Oppenheimer<CNY.
Gilmore<Clarke.
Schmitt<Harwood Barley Mfg Co.
Salmon<Colonial Mantel & Ref Co.
Samuels<Agricultural Ins Co.
Lamberti<Lamberti.
City R E Co<Sterck.
Boylston<Boylston.
Adamski<Sejman.
Garretson<CNY.
Solomon<Bernstein.
Olsen<Sears.
Brown, Jr<Schattman.
Re Glassman<Solinsky.
Re Comah Glove Co (Siegel.)
McCausland<Mathews.
Ryan<Ellisdale.
Whitson<Whitson.
Skinner<O'Farrell.
Lawyers Mtg Co<same
Re Kessler.
Re Wilgus Realty Co.
Meyer<Gancedo.
Schilt<Abrams.
Martin<Simon.
Ebling Brewing Co<Weiser.
Margulevsky<Glickman.
Public Ser Tel Co<Empire City Subway
Willner<Rosofsky.
Stockum<Lambert Hoisting Eng Co.
Bacca<Thos Wilson Sons Co.
Smith<Palmetto Products Co.
Hirth<Armstrong.
Schriefer<Laimbeer.
Re Conti (Conklin.)
U S Trust Co<E A L Realty Co.
McMurray<Deimel.
Re Mulstein (Nichthauser.)
Re Hanauer (Greenberger.)
Falk<Wheeler.
Murray Hill Hotel<McDonald.
Re Oglesby.
Broadway Apart Realty Co<Rickert & Finlay Realty Co.
Macdonald<Macdonald.
Sandberg<Sanberg.
Goldstein<Magnes.
Grossman<Grossman.
Steinson<Woolworth.
Re Gillard<Harris Rose Const Corp.
Re Slattery.
Abels<Abels.
Jacobson<Jacobson.
Re Paulding (Wash Trust Co.)
Brenner<Brenner.
Shaw<Fleitmann.
Re West (Glebe Av.)
Van Lennep<Dekker.
Wechsler<S J Bauman
Fair<Brick.
Gallagher<Ancient Order of Hiber (2.)
Steinberg<Kemmerich.
Bank for Saving<Martin.
Re Simplex Automatic Co.
Gilmore<Clarke.
Re Miner (Furman.)
Fisher<N Y A K J Chemical Co.
Blankfort<Fechter.
Rock Island Butter Co<Rowland.
Carosini<Angelicola.

PART II.—Donnelly, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Page, J.—At 10:15 A. M.
Motions:
Doctor<Hughes.
Bondy<Robinson.
Blumberg<Corday.
Rankin<Rankin.
Ennis<Ennis.
Am Wet Wash Ldry Co<Cooperman.
Weiss<Weiss.
Burns<Walter.
Alten Co<Golban & Co
Froelich<Froelich.
Noble<Hinds.
Schneider<Schneider.
Demurrer:
Kidder<Adrian Petrol.
Preferred causes:
Delahunty<O'Leary.
Man Mtg Co<Edwind.
Barclay<Barclay.
Undefended divorces:
Jacobson.
North.
Hepner.
Jeck.
General calendar:
D'Anci<Saitta.
Schnurmacher<Rubin.
McNulty Bros<Ford.
Ferrone<Ferrone.
Le Boutillier<Kosofsky.
Seymour<Thomas.
Stewart Iron Wks<Ocean View Cemet.
Hoffman<Fleischman Bros.
Gilbert<McNulty.
Kelsey<Gibson.
Same<Barbey.
Robertson<Houss.
Hartman<Hartman.
Wuerst<Wuerst.
Britt<Keyrouse.
O'Donnell<same.
Harrison<Harrison.
Lee<28th St & 7th Av
Rennert<Lobel Theatre
Albers<Kursheedt.
Wessels<Typewriter S Key Co.
Hawkins<MacDonald.
Casazzi<Bolognesi.
Carvalho<Sudderly.
Herbert<World Film Corp'n.
Architects & Builders Co<Hebron.
Columbia Paper Box Co.<Beck.
Markow<Masor.
Tager<CNY.
Walsh<Walsh.
Leerburger<Hennessy Realty Co.
Robinson<Robinson.
Himowich<Moore.
Jonasson<Goodman.
La Croix<CNY.
Leslie Bros Eng Co<Stokes.
Clacher<NY Co Bank.
Smith<Canton.
Schenstrom<Johansen.
Briggs<Un Shoe Mach.
Ives Mfg Co<Smith & Hemmenway.
Delzio<Palese.
Crandall<Du Vivico & Co.
Sisson<Seesselberg.
McCaddon<Central Trust Co.
Johnson<Bache.
Voss<Dunmore Rlty.
Nissbaum<Nissbaum.
Hebron<118 E 54th St.
McCormick<McCorm'k
Turek<Turek.
Keeley<Fach.
Scherbner Iron Wks<Rossell.
Cohen<Alvord.
Akron Bldg<Chapin Home, &c.
Bank of US<Goldstein.
Ginsberg<Hartmatz.
Frank<Migdalsky Bros
Gruenberg<Lowenberg.
Crenshaw<Locomotive Equipment Co.
Stern Bros<Michaelis.
Shoenfeld<R I Worst.
NY Rys<Met St Rys.
Keogh<Price.
Israel<Burke & Sons.
Mueller<S R I Com'ty.
Goldberg<Cohen.
Internat Hdchf Mfg Co<Morse.
Kuy-Scheerer<CNY.
Richardson<Cremins.
Eichner<Ventmiglia.
Rosenfeld<Rosenfeld.
Finn<Finn.
Bascou<Bascou.
Stanbury<Rice.
Schwartz<Keepsdry Const Co.
Hasbrouck<CNY.
Hays<Israel.
Case on.

PART IV.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Clear.

PART VI.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Case on.

PART VII.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERMS.—Part II.—Delehanty, J.—At 10 A. M.
Finck<Ziegler.
Wardwell<Miller.
Graham<Van Tassell.
Van Lennep<Dekker.
African Bank Corp<Riklan.
Fleming<Bowery S Bk
Case on.

PART III.—Delany, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Recess.

PART III.—Erlanger, J.—April term continued.—Recess.

PART IV.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Persion<Bonn, (2.)
D'Alessandro<same, (2.)
Persion<same.
McAllister<Munson SS Line.
De Frisco<Brendgen.
Blumenfield<CNY.
McMahon<CNY.
Brown<NY Edison Co
Schmidt<same.
Case on.

PART V.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Taparowski<Greeley Sq Hotel.
Chiller<Goldstein.
Amato<Hopper.
Frank<Borden's Cond Milk Co.
Mahoney<NY Rys.
Callahan<McGovern.
De Leva<NY C & H R RR.
Quinn<Staten Isl R T Co (2.)
Gross<Vogel Co
Scarpinato<Cosgrove Co.
Nicholoulias<Bernheimer & S Br, &c, Co.
Lopatinsky<NY & Bklyn Merc Co.
Butler<Goldberg.
Feldman<Ehrlich.
Grant<NY C & H R RR.
Bruecher<same.
Durant<Bliss.
O'Connor<Int R T Co.
Omanowitz<NY Rys.
Case on.

PART VI.—Philbin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Merritt<Slade, Jr.
Von Wannenheim<NY Stock Yards.
Mylonas<N Y Rys.
Scherer<Jacobs.
Van Saun<Cons Gas.
Murray<N Y Rys.
Dorland<CNY.
Lyman<Mundet.
Lookstein<Prince.
Miller<Gruenstein (2).
Kuhre<Atlas Safe, &c.
Peres<NY Rwys.
Dezell<Hellmers.
Murray<J J McGrath Plumbing Co.
Braeder<Reed.
Case on.

PART VII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART VIII.—Recess.

PART IX.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
La Croix<Harton.
Katz<Bakers & Cons Comp Yeast Co.
Meyer<NY Rys.
McManus<Craw Cont.
Von Nostitz<N Braid Mills.
Hofberg<Douglas.
Billek<Gollick & Smith
Randle<Brown.
Meyerowitz<Schinsky.
Clear.

PART X.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XI.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Brown<Degnon Cont.
McMahon<CNY, (2.)
Malcolm<Montana Realty Co.
Orazio<Metz.
Root<NY Cons RR.
Caudrilc<Cannizzaro.
O'Malley<CNY.
Kennedy<Reach.
Hines<Voskean.
Green<Third Av RR.
Hing<same.
Flynn<CNY.
Murphy<Shewan.
Hamilton<T Hogan & Sons, Inc.
McMurrough<3d Av RR.
Dieter<Wallace.
Slopock<Werner.
Gershinoff<Third Av RR.
Cleary<same.
Likis<Mallory SS Co.
Lofgren<A M Hayell Inc.
Straussman<Belt Line Ry.
Case on.

PART XII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIII.—Recess.

PART XIV.—Bijur, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Erland<Haight.
Filkins<New Era Prod
Lenkowsky<Altman.
Rosenberg<Kreeger.
Donnelly & Ricci<Barnard.
Battist<J & M Haffen Brewing Co.
Wood<Fiske
A V Haight<Wedekind
Rafalsky<Church.
Parlante<Albert & Son (2).
Kirschbaum<Am F Co
Warner<Bleishrode.
McCloskey<Nat Surety
Trop<Max Held. Inc.
Federal Terra Cotta Co<Patterton Bros.
CNY<Lee, (2.)
Reilly<CNY.
Guarantor Realty Co<Schiff.
Stein<Price.
Knick Ind & Educ Film Co<Ward Bank
Thermoid Rubber Co<Smith, Jr.
Genl Accid F & L Assn Corp<Kelly.
Kelly<Genl Accid F & L Assn Corp.
Case on.

PART XV.—Recess.—Causes remaining in this part have been transferred to Part XIV.

PART XVI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Leavitt<Griswold.
Windsor Const Co<Ruland.
MacDonald<CNY.
Ommen<Little.
Vermont Marble Co<Gray, &c, Co.
Hartje Paper Mfg Co<Hudson Tradg Co.
Farley<Bone.
Wheeler, Jr<Wheeler.
Loew<Miller.
Clear.

PART XVI.—Erlanger, J.—March Term Continued—Recess.

PART XVII.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Neebe<Lenene.
Nat Surety Co.<Spielberg.
Blum<Waite.
Pine Lumber Co<Ambrose Rlty Co.
Ament<Shubert Piano Co.
Bridgeport Metal Gds Mfg Co<Forsheim.
Eagle<Simplex Auto.
Scheer<Keene & Jaffe.
Toriello<Doscher.
Am Heating & Plumbing Co<Van Wagner.
Hertz<Wheelock.
Fried<Morana.
Montrose Realty Co<Greenberg.
Sheldon<Mitchell.
Hertz<Wheelock.
Wolf<Kline Rlty, &c, Co.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—Ford, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Sheridan<Delaware.
Levi<Heiss.
Standard Pneu Action Co<Fargo.
Britt<Comm'l Cas Ins.
Smith<CNY.
O'Leary<same.
Hunt<Armstrong (2).
Kirke La Shelle Co<same.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Cohalan, S.—Room 504, 5th Fl., Hall of Records Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.
Wills for probate:
Benjamin Tatham,
Nathan P. Beers,
Charles L. Hepburn,
Thomas Barry,
Annie Jacobus,
John W. Southack.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—Room 503, 5th fl., Hall of Records Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Contested will of Bridget Clancy.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.
Trystman<Grossman.
Jockel<Philips.
Richards<Lerner.
Sheffield Farms S D Co<Brown.
Grey<Eisenberg.
Eichelbaum<Schussler.
Progress Pr Co<Glazel.
Simmons & Co<Pelligrino.
Echelman<McElfatrick.
Livingston<Cohen.
Domilici<Borough Asphalt Co.
M & L Hess<Carstein & Lennekin.
Newgold<Rosenbaum.
Minkin<Lichtenstein.
Glickman<Limmer.
Egolinsky<Epstein.
Bellok<Rosenthal.
Hodge<Brookfield Holding Co.
Berganio<Uneeda Stm Laundry Co.
Smith<Schnur.
Rader<Isaacs.
Annania<Chiarello.
Miller<Isaacs.
Robillard<Thompson-Starrett Co.
Pollack<Bernanke.
Schneider<Union Dime Sav Bank.
Capotosto<Pitocchi.
Perlstein<Peck Slip Fish Co.
Raab<Nat Slavonic Society.
Weisberg<Barbati.
Hyman<Feifer.
Livingston<Cohen.
Std Met Mfg Co<Lasky & Gold.
Genna<De Marco.
Ursona<Cefola.
Tombach<same.
Krasilovsky<Gilbert.
Palmer Co<Smith.
Schneider<Union Dime Sav Bank.
Am Tube, &c, Co<Bushnell.
Carmel<Gallagher.
Voron<Voron & Chait.

PART II.—Lynch, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Glassman<Katz.
Levine<Teitelbaum.
Monolith Rty Co<Sweet.
Burton<Morris.
Kalish<3d Av R R.
Cushing<Browne.
Schoerlin<Proctor.
Grossman<N Y Rys.
Kemp<same.
Schacher<same.
Meyers<same.
Sullivan<Hay Fdy, &c, Works.
Dougherty<Weiss & Klau Co.
Watson<Keller.
Braun<Buttner.
Gordon Lumber, &c, Co<Heywood Bros, &c, Co.
Barker-Jennings & Co<Harm & Co.
Same<Perfection V Clothes, &c, Co.
Gordon<Tucker.
Malone<NY Taxicab
Tucker<NY Rys.
Rush<Terry & T Co.
Roething<NY Rys.
Evans<Ascher Det Ag.
Horowitz<Levy.
Levy<Everett Rty &c, Co.
Albanesi<Shatzkin.
Courtney<Capallaro.
Davis<Timpone.
Morgan Litho Co<Robinoff.
Kroenke<Johnson.
Novita<Wolansky.
Hyland<Sigerson.
Farrell<Metzler.
Stroud<Stevens.
Burke<Jodice.
Sicilia<Robertson.
Mincione<Pitts Con.
Buono<Walsh.
Pinto<Drograis.
Geller<Perl, (2.)
Peck<Shaw-Walker Co
Schwartz<Robinson.
Spatola<Lowen.
Zavodnick<Goldbert.
Rhine<Ellis.
Fearon-Daniel Co<Pollak.
McGee<Anchor Laundry Co.
Nathan<NY C & H R RR.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial.
Steger<Anspacher.
Talianoff<Hyman & Shevell Co.
US Litho Co<Rork.
Kreitman<Hammerschlag.
Case on.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.
Cases to be sent from short cause calendar for trial.
Case on.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, C. J.—At 10 A. M.
Commercial calendar.
Kandel<Gen Fire, &c.
McKee<Munroe.
Gable<Ernst.
Simmonds<Adams & Montant.
Corn<Horowitz.
The following cases will be called, but will be passed for the day on request of counsel:
Pein<Rodin.
Illus Postal C, &c, Co<Post C Dist Co.
Canter<St John.
Nilson<Hildreth V Co.
Gimbel Bros<Pub Serv Express.
Bader<Newman.
Rosenblum<Westin.
Clear.

PART IV.—Finelite, J.—Case on.
PART V.—Allen, J.—Case on.
PART VI.—Ransom, J.—Clear.
PART VII.—Zeller, J.—Case on.
PART VIII.—Smith, J.—Clear.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Gavegan, J.—Tax Lien Co<Gourlie et al—Reuben L. Maynard.

SUPREME COURT—Page, J.—Wolfsohn<Wolfsohn—Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.— CNY<Rofrano—Henry A. Daniel. Israel<25th Const Co.—Abraham Benedict. Trustees of the Leake & Watts Orphan House<Harris—Denis O'L. Cohalan. Rabe<McCormick—William Bernard. Warburg<Tubbs—Horace E. Deming. Swartwout<Harsell—Abraham Felt. Donohue<Hay—Thomas F. Gleason.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Rutter<Brown—Adam Wiener.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Burden<Demarest—Abraham Greenberg. Potter<Potter—Charles S. Guggenheimer.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Greenbaum, J.—Re Century Opera Co.—Saul E. Rogers.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Trustees Leake & Watts Orphan House<Jacob Harris—Charles M. Russell.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.
Mulligan<Mitchel.
Haage<Haage.
Brenneman<Geller.
Same<Levy.
Simon<De Vos.
Re O'Brien.
Detner<Nathan.
Re Gantz.
Hayes<Popper.
People<Sabatino.
Sauer<Davis.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Part I.—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Prince<B R T.
Collins<Smith.
Morley<Knick Marble.
Peterson<Union Rwy.
Chappelle<Nat Bank of North Hudson.
Schenerman<Bernheimer.
Kooden<Maker.
Koslovsky<Lehigh C & N Co.
Tuscano<Bradley Cont Co, (2.)
Restifo<same.
Petrilli<Bradley Cont Co.
Rogosin<Harlib.
Nolan<Goettle.
McGowan<I R T. (2.)
Weintraub<Tanzer.
Gillian<Rlty Hld Co.
Burke<Empire Shipping & Fwd Co.
Hampton<Finkenberg.
Maschak<Illus Postal & Nov Co.
Weber<Symers Co.
Glantz<Joel Realty Co, (2.)
Schwartz<Schwartz.
Keatney<Pittsburgh Cont Co.
Glaser<Gold.
Schroff<Schroff.
Barnett<Holbrook, C & R Corp.
Waldstein<Herzog.
McCarthy<Middleton Realty Co.
Creter, Jr<Flocke.
Minskoff<Minskoff.
Greenfield Amuse Co<Lee Lash Co.
Lefkowitz<Wanamaker NY, Inc.
Newman<Sheff Farms
Connolly<Kimball.
Weatherby<Vermilyea Realty Co.
Barry<Cicogna.
Lamanno<Solinger.
Foody<Beaver Eng & Const Co.
Solomon<Gates.
Schneider<I R T.
Schuman<Gold.
Palladino<Pitts Con.
Halberstadt<I R T.
Schiff<Harris.
Williston<Port Morris Casting Co.
Weinstein<Werner.
Tetzlaff<Sheff Farms.
Gillijamson<Empire Subway Co.
Rothbart<2d Av M Ch
Seigel<NY Con Rwy.
Sabarsky<Drew.
Wait<Tesla.
Rogoff<Kamentzky.
McGregor<I R T.
Moore, Jr<CNY.
Palansky<NY, S & W Ry.
O'Brien<Bronx Gas & Elec Co.
Tweedy<Cent U Gas.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.—Adjourned to Friday.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.
Katz<Union Rwy.
Puglesi<Gallick.
Ernst<Sproessig Stor W'house Co.
Barkin<Gerken.
Twaite<Thorn.
Andrews<Union Rwy.
Weill<Koref.
Fetyk<Page.
Marchant<Schober.
Groskof<Sachs.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Baum<Prince—Phoenix Ingraham.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. John Alex Beall<Emma M S Mestaniz—John J Leahy. Emma D'Ottillje<Herman H A Ronner—James J Donovan.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Admission to the Bar.—Candidates for admission to the Bar, whose names are appended, are notified to attend in person and file on May 22 at 10 A. M. with the Committee on Character and Fitness, at the courtroom of the Appellate Division, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, evidence of good moral character:
Harry J Ahlheim,
Thomas J Ahearn, Jr,
Newton A Burgess,
Sidney Bender,
Arthur P Coates,
Edwin W Cooney,
Wesley T Crozier,
Francis E Carberry,
Warren C DuBois,
Max Ehrlich,
Elizabeth Fay,
Arthur M Farrell,
Simon Goldowsky,
Charles A Hewlett,
Abraham J Kheel,
W A McLaughlin, Jr,
D Alex Neely,
Herbert A O'Brien,
Henry E Papenberg,
Grattan B Shults,
Joseph Streble, Jr,
Matthew Swerling,
Francis Walsh.

The following have passed the examination prescribed, and will have complied with their provisions upon producing and filing with the Court evidence that they have studied law in the manner prescribed:
Vincent J Bensi,
Joseph Bickel,
Aaron Cutler,
Herman Cohen,
James V. Di Crocco,
Samuel Fish,
Michael Gold,
Abraham J Halprin,
Oscar J Heig,
Robert X Kuzmier,
Henry W Leavy,
Herman Neuschtat,
Frederick W Schaefer,
Thomas F Twyford,
G C Wildermuth,
Max Zucker.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Benedict, J.—Motions.
Migoski<B H RR.
Mtge Holding Co<Frederick.
Re Elkema, (Buskirk.)
Re Colligan, (Williams)
Elford<L I RR.
Bessie<Blind.
Wagner<Williams.
Gregg<Gregg.
Satriani<McGovern, (2)
Re Foster Av.
Greenberg<Greenberg.
Osterhout<Williams.
Enners<Eidlitz.
Daley<Dugas Co, (2.)
Monday<same.
Buckley<same.
Doscher<Doscher, Inc.
Skelton<Smith.
Cunningham<Wilbur.
Gordon<Gordon.
Peo<Badolato.
Re 81st St, (Greenhalgh.)
Re 81st St, (Randell.)
Re 81st St, (Baureuther.)
McCaffrey<B H RR.
Salzman<Eisenbach R & Con Co.
Re CNY, (unsafe bldg Baltic St.)
Owen<Owen, (adjd.)
Glickman<Boss.
Stefane<Stefane.
Re P S Com, (NY & Q Co Ry.)
Scofield<Surrogate's Court.
Lockwood<McDonald.
Zyskind<Zyskind.
Granat<Senate.
McIntyre<Miner.
Nyblow<Cashopheco Transp, Inc.
Berger<Rifkin.
Dime Sav Bk<Behrens.
Halleeran<Straub.
Re Martense St, (Smith.)
Burt<Hudson.
O'Leary<O'Leary.
Kantor<Forman.
Woolsey<Bergen.
Re 81st St, (Roth.)
Colman<US Rty & Imp Co, (2.)
Wood<Martens.
Re Thompson Av.
Coglianese<Noschese.
McCullough<Richey.
Re 81st St, (Thomas.)
Rouxel<Rouxel.
Sikorski<Prosuh.
Fumenno<Martorella.
Badallucco<Singer S. Mach Co.
Munter<Kobre.
Newhouse<Schundler & De Sola, Inc, (2.)
John Hancock Mut L Ins Co<Brod.
Smith<Wolin.
Cunningham<Wilbur.
Adler<Winnans, (adjd.)
Rhodes<Sachse.
Re Gerschgorn, (Lenahan.)
George<Johnson.
Gordon<Gordon.
Broadhurst<Barnett.
Re Gerschgorn, (Lenahan.)

PART II.—Crane, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Manning, J.
McLaughlin Co<Casey and CNY.
St Barnabas Luth Ch<Eagan.
Taitt<Taitt.
Lipshitz<Lipshitz.
Brennan<Hickey.
Realty Assoc<Lawrence.
Cicio<Cicio.
Fisher<Fisher.
O'Malley<O'Malley.
Bristol<Zangas.
Neugass<Balanowsky.
Vyse<Vyse.
Bonoff<Eber.
Carr<Carr.
Ollendorf<Ollendorf.
Smith<Smith.
Lunger<Jones-Woods Realty Corp.
O'Reilly<O'Reilly et al, (3.)
Bavett<Bavett.
Silberman<Sachs.
Smith<Smith.
Teitle<Sand.
Jephson<Blanchard.
Gurian<Goldsmith.
Glickman<Bass.
Antanapulo<Antana'lo.
Nowak<Dubroff.
De Kalb Av<Clarke.
Porter<Porter.
Di Pasqua<Schwartz.
Smith<Smith.
Michaelson<Michaels'n
Highest number reached on the regular call, 2146.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Kelly, J.; Part III., Kelby, J.; Part IV., Aspinall, J.; Part V., Garretson, J.
Causes, irrespective of the time required for trial thereof, will be assigned on Fridays. If not finished that day, will be carried over to the following Monday.
Masmar<Nassau RR.
Hurley<B H RR.
Borough Bk<Jenkins.
Anderson<B H RR et al.
Neustadt<Soper et al.
Bell<B H RR.
Kelser<Murphy et al.
Gowland<B H RR.
Hamilton<N Y State Const Co.
Dubee<L I RR.
Thompson<Nassau RR
McArdle<Fuller Co.
Kory<C I & B RR.
Slatz et al<CNY.
Boldman<Mechanics' Bank.
Baker<L I RR.
Heath<Steeplechase Park Co.
Higgins<Hudson Riv Lighterage Co.
Bakerman<Poust.
Behlmer<Mod Woodmen of Amer.
Burns<B H RR.
McManus<same.
Gill<Nas RR.
Gallo<B H RR.
Wilson<C I & B RR.
Durward<King.
Underhill<Commercial Travelers Assoc.
Meyers<Morrow et al.
Menzer<Chafetz.
Scarperia<Margulies.
Kane<Sperry & Beale.
MacFarlane<Sharkey.
Kolacki<Amn Sugar Refin Co.
McGaughrin<Nassau RR.
Slaviz<Merendrino et al.
Burg<Mt Vernon Specialty Co.
Kascher<Jones.
Krusska<Brody.
The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call:
Steinman<Susnetsky et al.
Slaviz<Emmons.
Anderson<Levy.
Morrissey<Blake et al.
Moran<Moran.
Fels<Ingersoll.
Golden<Oxfeld & Aaron et al.
Letlow<Hamilton.
Knapik<Waterbury Co
Van Wagner<Halstead et al.
Heinen<Metzger et al.
Kesner<Finnegan.
Getzovitz<Wierk.
Palmer<B H RR.
Leyendecker<Strassburger.
Larson<B H RR.
McElraevy & Hauck Co<Kayfetz et al.
Rosen<Padernacht et al.
Russo<Feinberg et al, (9.)
Odelowitz<Sulzberger & Sons Co.
Title Guar & Tr Co<Goldberg.
Dorso<Carpenter, Boxley & Herrick.
Alimi<Castle Bros.
Schaeffer<Jones.
Fine<B, Q C & S RR.
Sullivan<Nittoly et al.
Magliulo<Morris & Cummings Dredging.
Garrott<Jansen.
Defren<N Y & N J Globe L Co.
Kremsalzuk<East N Y Laundry Co.
Evjen<Boulton & Co.
Thomson<Heidelbach.
Johnston<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Van Alen<Harding.
Hassel<N Y Rys.
Payne<N Y Telephone
Ryan<Glackin Co.
Tahanowitz<Schultz.
Henderson<Henderson.
Fleming<CNY.
Bennett<B H RR.
Judson<I R T.
Davis<Streep.
Highest number reached on regular call, 6992.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar—At 10 A. M.
Wills of:
Mary E. Whittelsey,
John Mahoney.
Acctg of:
Michael Salerno,
F. L. Matthews,
Peter Hickey,
George Loeffler,
Levi Cohen,
Adolph Paul,
Frank Hogan,
Gibson infants,
Clara Griffin,
Martha McLoughlin,
John Wortman,
F. Gottesberger, (2,)
James Surpless,
Mary Caulfield,
John Andrews.
Estates of:
Anthony Savage,
Markart infants,
Winifred Knight,
Ruth Keyes,
Lena Brown,
Charles Weinberg,
Stephen Farnham,
Gattavara infants,
Mary Doscher.

County Court.

PART IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Roy, J.—Calendar called in Part IV.
Rudeloff<Levinson.
Lerner<B H RR.
Smith<Nauck.
Goldberg<Shulz.
Barbaro<Nas E R R.
Loverro<C I & B R R.
Boh<Nas E R R.
Cohen<Margolies.
Doroughety<C I & B RR.
Costello<B E R R.
Hannessen<C I & B R R.
Canavan<B H R R.
Gunther<Eichhorn.
Aserson<Robinson.
Brown<C I & B R R.
Jacobs<Rubel.
Wysocki<Polockoki.
Moser<Lauer.
Gilhooley<Gair Co.
Cohen<B H R R.
Smith<Transit Dev Co
Alterson<B, Q Co & S
Naprano<Volke.
Friedberg<Benigsohn.
Wack<B H R R.
Myszki<Benton.
Rohr<Nas E R R.
Matteo<same.
Fleming<B H R R.
Itzirson<Frank.
Early<Nas E R R.
Penus<Lack.
Flynn<Zismer.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Part I., Tompkins, J.; Part II., Morschauser, J.; Part III., Keogh, J.—At 9:45 A. M.
Hall<McEwen.
Fast<Bugbee (2.)
Kunz<Moeller.
Wetmore<Hamilton.
Donnelly<N Y C & H R RR.
Odell<Federal Sugar Ref Co.
Schippeni<NY, NH & H RR (2.)
Alexander<Chase.
Shields<NY, NH & H RR.
Seymour<Brown.
Garry<Page & Co, (2.)
Bergin<West El RR.
Colburn<Hopkins.
The following causes must be answered ready or marked over the term.
Moran<NY, N H & H RR.
Cosby<Smith.
Thomas<Bunnell.
Russell-Miller Mill Co<Fuchs.
Burns<Rector Gas L.
Suetendeal<G Ringler & Co.
Knowles<NY, NH & H RR.
Giarra<Transit Dev.
Devine<NY, NH & H RR.
Mitchell<NY C & H R RR.
Costanzo<Deeves & Son.
Sweeney<Loew Amuse
Gagg<Smith.
Vredenburgh<O'Brien.
West Co Brew Co<Sansoni.
Murphy<Fox.
Kassler<Keller.
Wildorchic<Ellman.
Berry<Gibb.
Curnyn<Sheffield Farms, S D Co.
Myers<N Y C & H R RR.
Remington Oil Eng Co<Milton Bt Works, Inc.
Ortlieb<N Y Rys.
McIntyre<Int R T.
Aretsky<N Y Rys.
Gapyla<Prior.
Kaczanowska<Nat Conduit & C Co.
McManus<Gilsey.
Riker<Union Ry Co of N Y City.
Reynolds<Fleischmann Mfg Co.
Di Pasquale<Mullen.
Farley<Vil of Mamaroneck.
Barbarossa<Thos Crimmins Cont Co.
Highest number reached on regular call, 1215.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Scudder, J.—Calendar called in Part I. at 10 A. M.
Cases must be ready for trial when reached in their order.
Wilken, an infant<Arthur Roomhover Corp.
Natwick<Int R T Co.
Sullivan<B H R R Co
Hoffman<Hausmann.
Reilly<B H R R Co.
Carroll<West Un Tel Co.
Mulvaney<N Y & Q Co Ry Co.
Remainder of calendar passed until Friday, May 21, 1915.
Highest number reached on the general calendar is 1268.

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Taking a more optimistic view of the crop situation traders sold wheat more freely yesterday and prices gave way under the pressure, closing 1⅛@2½c net lower, although a little up from the bottom of the day. The local cash market was irregular, being quoted as follows: No. 2 red, $1.59¼, and No. 2 hard Winter, $1.60¾, cost, insurance, and freight, track; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.54⅞; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.60¾, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	..	..	1.54¼	1.56⅝	1.06
July	..	..	1.31½	1.33	97⅞

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.54	1.51	1.51¼	1.53⅝	99⅝
July	1.27¾	1.24½	1.25¼	1.26⅜	89¾
September	1.21⅜	1.19	1.19⅞	1.21	88¼

CORN.

To a moderate extent corn shared the weakness in other grains, and at the close, although a little up from bottom, was still ⅛@⅝c under the previous night. Cash corn in New York was easy, No. 2 yellow being quoted at 83¾c, prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	73⅜	72⅝	72⅝	73⅜	69⅝
July	75⅛	74⅞	75⅛	75⅞	67⅝
September	77⅛	76⅛	76⅜	76⅞	66⅝

OATS.

The market for oats closed ¼@½c net lower, and was under pressure most of the day, owing to favorable weather reports, a light export demand, and a lessened consumption on domestic account. An easier cash market prevailed here, with standard quoted at 58½c; No. 2 white, 59c; No. 3 white, 57½c; No. 4 white, 57c; fancy clipped white, 59@61c; ordinary clipped white, 58@60c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	51½	50¾	51	51⅝	41⅜
July	50⅝	47⅞	50⅛	50⅝	40
September	45⅞	45¼	45⅜	45⅜	38⅝

PROVISIONS.

Influenced by a lower hog market and the unsettled political situation provisions worked off a little yesterday followed by a slight rally near the close with grain. About 118,000 hogs were reported at all Western points, of which 32,000 were at Chicago. The estimate for Thursday was 22,000 hogs at Chicago.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
July	9.62	9.60	9.60	9.60	10.15
September	9.87	9.80	9.85	9.82	10.30
Ribs—					
July	10.50	10.47	10.47	10.50	11.35
September	10.75	10.75	10.75	10.75	11.42
Pork—					
July	18.00	17.90	17.92	17.95	20.10
September	18.25	18.20	18.22	18.25	20.02

COTTONSEED OIL.

Commission houses were rather free buyers of oil yesterday, partly on Southern account, and the market showed a good undertone, closing 3 to 5 points net higher.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.28@6.50	6.25
May	..	..	6.28@6.40	6.25
June	..	..	6.39@6.42	6.37
July	6.52	6.48	6.51@6.52	6.48
August	6.67	6.62	6.66@6.67	6.61
September	6.78	6.73	6.76@6.78	6.73
October	..	..	6.76@6.78	6.72
November	..	..	6.64@6.68	6.60
December	..	..	6.65@6.67	6.61

COFFEE.

The coffee market continued easy yesterday, with December contracts selling off to 6.65c, or nearly a cent a pound above the recent high level. There appeared to be no large amount of coffee for sale, but demand was limited, and the close was at a net decline of 8 to 16 points. Sales were reported of 24,500 bags. The local market for spot coffee was quiet at 7⅝c for Rio 7s and 9⅞c for Santos 4s.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	..	..	5.50@5.52	5.58
June	..	..	5.50@5.52	5.58
July	6.61	6.43	6.49@6.50	6.60
August	..	..	6.52@6.53	6.64
September	6.68	6.52	6.55@6.57	6.68
October	..	..	6.58@6.60	6.70
November	..	..	6.61@6.63	6.73
December	6.75	6.65	6.64@6.67	6.76
January	..	..	6.68@6.70	6.81
February	..	..	6.73@6.74	6.86
March	6.90	6.75	6.77@6.80	6.92
April	..	..	6.83%6.84	6.99

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 12,639 packages. Under the influence of further speculative buying, fair out-of-town demand, and pretty good trading on local account the market is stronger, with some of the sales showing an advance of ½c. There is a particularly good demand for qualities from 27c downward; there are fewer of these, as the quality has improved very much of late. Renovated firm. Ladles and packing stock steady. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 27½@28c; higher scoring, 28½@29c; firsts, 26½@27c; seconds, 25@26c; thirds, 23@24c; creamery, old, common to prime, 22@26c; State dairy, finest, 27½c; good to prime, 25½@27c; common to fair, 22@25c; renovated, extras, 23½@24c; firsts, 22@23c; lower grades, 20@21c; imitation creamery, firsts, 21½@22c; ladles, current make, firsts, 21@21½c; seconds, 20@20½c; lower grades, 18½@19½c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 19@19½c; lower grades, 18@18½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 36,433 cases. Arrivals liberal. Storage space is getting scarce, and the offerings on the open market are larger than can be promptly moved. Stock is accumulating, there is a strong pressure to sell, and the market is showing a generally weak tone, with very irregular values, and lower prices accepted on average good and under grades. Very fanciest qualities have some call at unchanged prices; stock grading firsts and lower are offered below recent quotations, and the trade is slow at the reduction. Near-by white eggs steady in the very finest qualities, but there is an accumulation of average good and lower grades pressing for sale at comparatively weak prices. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 22@22½c; storage packed, extra firsts, 21@21½c; storage packed, firsts, 20@21c; regular packed, extra firsts, 20½@21c; regular packed, firsts, 19@20c; seconds, 17½@18½c; thirds and poorer, 15@17c; storage packed, dirties, No. 1, 17@17½c; fresh gathered, dirties, No. 1, 16¾@17c; No. 2 and poorer, 14½@16½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 15½@16c; culls and inferior, 10@15c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23@23½c; ordinary to good, 21@22½c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 20@22½c; Western gathered whites, 20@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near-by hennery browns, 22@22½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 19@21c; duck eggs, State and near-by Indian runners, 24@25c; Baltimore, per dozen, 22@24c; Western, 18@21c; Tennessee and other Southern, 16@20c.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 19.—Twenty-two companies having aggregate capital stocks of $236,500 were incorporated today. They included:

National Abrasives Co., surgical, scientific, mechanical instruments, appliances, $75,000; H. Rubenoff, E. I. Kleinfeld, G. J. Wise, 98 Morningside Av.

Versatile Products Co., drugs, medicines, paints, oils, fancy goods, hospital supplies, $25,000; J. Volk, G. V. Sheridan, M. M. Coran, 232 Madison Av.

Pruess Laundry, $20,000; I. Jensen, H. J. Cohen, C. S. Sinsheimer, 28 Hamilton Terrace.

Broadway Subway and Home Boroughs Car Advertising Co., advertising, conduct hotels, restaurant, lunch rooms, theatres, amusement parks, $10,000; J. P. Day, J. C. and N. F. Brady, 54 Wall St.

F. S. Ferguson's Sons, express, baggage, trucking, $10,500; C. G. Ferdinand, S. and F. S. Ferguson, Jr., 26 East 29th St.

Seaboard Pulp and Paper Co., paper, pulp, kindred articles, $10,000; S. Meinhold, C. E. Demusey, E. H. Haas, Bloomfield, N. J.

Martin Bros. Plumbing Corp., Lancaster, plumbing, heating, gas fitting, lighting, ventilating, $10,000; J. A., E. J. and M. Martin, Lancaster.

Standard Union Merchandise Association, ladies', children's wearing apparel, $10,000; R. Talley, M. and I. Gordon, 75 East 121st St.

Primax Motor Co., machinery, mechanical apparatus, motors, $10,000; J. Karpa, H. Gabel, A. Kaiser, 101 West 80th St.

Bona Vida Co., sanitary rubber goods, $10,000; L. H. Harris, M. Weinberg, J. D. Jennings, Rutherford, N. J.

Manboro Realty Corp., realty, goods, wares, merchandise, $10,000; L. N. and G. W. Vanse, H. P. Freece, 655 West 177th St.

Able Realty Maintenance Co., contracting, construction, realty, brokerage, machinery, supplies, $10,000; A. H. Jackson, C. and J. Leibling, 1 Merrill Road, Far Rockaway.

Dixie Dress and Waist Co., ladies' apparel, $5,000; F. Weiss, D. Zibuleff, L. Prescow, 1,335 53d St.

O'Malley's Cooperage, Brooklyn, $5,000; M. O'Malley, W. J. and W. J. England, Jr., 565 Chauncey St., Brooklyn.

Kumaron Co., Brooklyn, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, engines, boilers, foundry, factory supplies, $5,000; B. Reese, A. Eichler, G. R. Berger, 343 East 46th St., Chicago, Ill.

Capital increases: The Butler Etates, New York, $100,000 to $200,000; the Concrete Stone and Coal Co., Niagara Falls, $30,000 to $70,000; Eclipse Sales Co., New York, $5,000 to $50,000; Meade Transfer Co., Manhattan, $50,000 to $80,000; the Gordon Engineering Corp., New York, $12,000 to $14,000; New York Pie Baking Co., Manhattan, $150,000 to $300,000; Herr Mfg. Co., Buffalo, $10,000 to $50,000; New York Sanitary Food Corp., Manhattan, $3,000 to $50,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Best Reporting Co., Manhattan; Mullen's Transfer, Manhattan.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..4:40|Sun sets..7:13|Moon sets..12:00

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:52	11:59	5:35	5:48
Governors Island	11:58	12:00	6:27	6:19
Hell Gate	1:48	1:50	8:07	7:59

Arrived—Wednesday, May 19.

SS Niagara, Bordeaux, May 8.
SS Stampalia, London, May 4.
SS Ogeechee, Sharpness, May 1.
SS Saratoga, Havana, May 16.
SS Manchioneal, Jamaica, May 4.
SS Francisco, Hull, May 4.
SS Thorsa, Philadelphia, May 18.
SS Apache, Jacksonville, May 17.
SS General Hubbard, Havana, May 4.
SS Josef Frederik, St. Thomas, May 10.
SS Rance, Bordeaux, May 1.
SS Paloma, Caibarien, May 1.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Michigan	London	April 27
Noordjk	Rotterdam	April 29
Discoverer	Falmouth	April 30
Silvercedar	Leghorn	April 28
Maryland	London	May 1
Royal Prince	Balboa	May 6
Strathallan	Rotterdam	May 2
Harkness	Colon	May 9
Ryndam	Rotterdam	May 8
Homer City	Havre	May 7
Minas Geraes	Bahia	May 4
Corozal	Puerto Mexico	May 12
Zaandyk	Amsterdam	May 6
Cornelis	Rotterdam	May 6
Comus	New Orleans	May 15
Zacapa	Kingston	May 15
Comanche	Jacksonville	May 17
Algiers	Galveston	May 13

DUE TOMORROW.

Allianca	Cristobal	May 15
Zulia	Porto Rico	May 15
El Oriente	Galveston	May 15
Comal	Galveston	May 15
City of Montgomery	Savannah	May 18

DUE SATURDAY.

Lutetian	Dartmouth	May 7
Portuguese Prince	Genoa	May 3
Minerva	Amsterdam	May 7
Isle of Mull	Oran	May 7
Lenape	Jacksonville	May 19

DUE SUNDAY.

New York	Liverpool	May 15
Adriatic	Liverpool	May 15
Ariosto	Hull	May 5
Purley	London	May 5
Escalona	Manchester	May 7
Irvington Court	Havre	May 8
Honduras	Progreso	May 15
Iroquois	Macoris	May 7
Mexico	Nuevitas	May 18
Monterey	Vera Cruz	May 14
Portland	Balboa	May 13

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Rochambeau, Bordeaux	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Kronberg, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Santa Theresa, Havana	——	12:00 M.
El Alba, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Rio de Janeiro, Santos	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Tuscania, Liverpool	——	5:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Kotonia, Santiago	——	12:00 M.

SAIL SATURDAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
St. Paul, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stampalia, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Kristianiafjord, Bergen	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Czaritza, Archangel	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Niagara, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Kroonland, Colon	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Saratoga, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Manchioneal, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Grayson, San Juan	——	12:00 M.
Medina, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Sabine, Tampa	——	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Siglo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

Pacific Malls.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, April 15; Shanghai, April 24; Kobe, April 28, and Yokohama, April 29—which arrived per steamer Yokohama, were dispatched east from Seattle on May 15, and are due in New York today.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS St. Kilda, at Buenos Aires, May 17.
SS Inveric, at Singapore, May 17.
SS Isla de Panjay, at Cadiz, May 18.
SS Denbigh Hall, at Port Said, May 18.
SS Caserta, at Genoa, May 16.
SS Gurth, at Kirkwall, May 16.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, May 17.
SS Earl of Elgin, at Gibraltar, May 17.
SS Sao Paulo, at Rio Janeiro, May 17.
SS Bratsberg, at Santa Catharina, May 18.
SS Chincha, at Payta, May 18.
SS Rinaldo, at Hull, May 18.
SS Wells City, at Bristol, May 18.
SS St. Stephen, at London, May 19.
SS Greystone Castle, at Vladivostok, May 12.
SS Indianio, at Leith, May 18.
SS Nebraskan, at Liverpool, May 18.

Sailed.

SS Teucer, from Tellicheny, May 17.
SS Hercules, from Colombo, May 15.
SS Ioannina, from Patris, May 11.
SS Naneric, from Liverpool, May 18.
SS Ioannis, from Gibraltar, May 14.
SS Idaho, from Hull, May 18.
SS Parima, from Demerara, May 18.
SS Bolton Castle, from Yokohama, May 18.
SS Tuscan Prince, from Kobe, May 18.
SS La Sicilia, from Leghorn, May 14.
SS Czar, from Swansea, May 18.
SS Camino, from Falmouth, May 19.

Passed.

SS Wells City, New York for Bristol, passed Lundy Island.
SS Kirkoswald, New York for Marseilles, passed Sagres, May 18.
SS Ocean, New York for Rotterdam, passed Prawle Point.
SS Nickerie, New York for Amsterdam, passed Isle of Wight.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 19.

SS Ryndam, Rotterdam to New York, was 480 miles E. at noon; due 21st, forenoon. Holland-America Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Lampasas, Key West to New York, crossed Tampa Bar at noon.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 113 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Valle, Galveston to New York, was 228 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 260 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Zulia, Mayaguez to New York, was 436 miles S. at noon.
SS Florida, Tampico to New York, was 210 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS El Dia, New Orleans to New York, was 168 miles N. W. of Jupiter at 6 P. M.
SS Lenape, Jacksonville to New York, was 27 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was 208 miles S. at noon.
SS Hattie Luckenbach, Balboa to New York, was 277 miles S. at noon.
SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 235 miles S. at noon.
SS Comal, Galveston to New York, was 797 miles S. at noon.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline..May 20
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra...May 20
Tahiti, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Matai ....May 21
Japan, Korea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama ....May 23
Japan, Korea, and China (via Vancouver)—Monteagle ....May 26
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Talthybus....May 27
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—Nippon Maru..May 31
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport...May 31
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia, (except West,) New Zealand, (specially addressed only) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma ....June 3
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West) (via Vancouver)—Niagara ....June 4

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. May 22, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. May 22, SS Niagara.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Gibraltar—Close at 6 P. M. June 3, SS Cretic.
Greece—Close at 12 M. May 22, SS Patris.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. May 31, SS Memmon.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. May 22, SS Stampalia.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—JENNIE SCHMIDT, Plaintiff, against JOHN J. SCHMIDT, Defendant.—Summons.—Action for an Absolute Divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

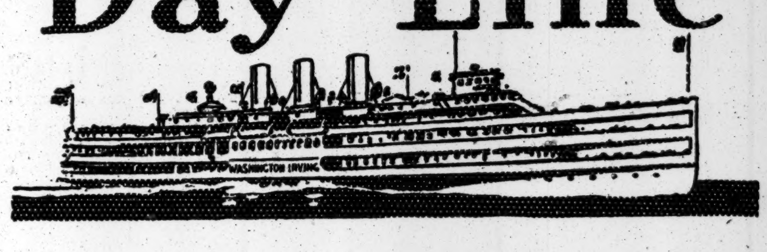
Dated April 26th, 1915.

FRANCIS P. BURNS,
Attorney for Plaintiff, 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To John J. Schmidt, defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Peter A. Hendrick, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated April 26th, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 28th day of April, 1915.

FRANCIS P. BURNS,
Attorney for Plaintiff, 154 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.



Hudson River Day Line

A fast boat to Albany every day but Sunday with direct rail connections to all points North, East and West. The time to go is NOW.

Leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Full information at Desbrosses St. Pier, New York. Tel. 4141 Spring.

One Day Outings to Poughkeepsie, Newburgh, or West Point.

Peoples Line to Albany

S.S. "Berkshire" and "C. W. Morse" alternately leave Pier 32, N. R., (ft. Canal Street,) daily, 6:00 P. M., West 132d Street Pier, 6:30 P. M. Fare $2.00 one way, $3.50 round trip.

"The Luxurious Way"

The New "Night Express"

S.S. "Rensselaer" and "Trojan" alternately leave Pier 32, N. R., (ft. Canal Street,) weekdays 8:00 P. M., Sundays, 10:00 P. M.; West 132d Street Pier, weekdays, 9:00 P. M., Sundays, 7:30 P. M. Leave Albany 11:00 P. M. daily.

Fare, $1.50 one way, $2.50 round trip. Send for booklet "Historic Hudson."

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Telephone Spring 9400.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.55
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.50.
OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.

RED BANK LINE For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 2:30 p. m.; Battery, 2:55 p. m. SUNDAYS, Franklin St., 8:30; Battery, 8:55 a. m. Round Trip 60 cents.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $4.00
Strs. lv. Pier 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
New London Line str. lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70 E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.
New Haven Line, week days only, str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 2:45 P. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 3:00 P. M.
Bridgeport Line, week days only, str. lv. Pier 28, E. R., 11 A. M.; Pier 70, ft. E. 22d St., 11:30 A. M.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON via Boat and Rail $2.80
Round Trip, $5.40.
PROVIDENCE Boat Direct $1.75
Round Trip, $3.30.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Telephone Spring 9491.

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
MANHATTAN LINE
To ALBANY
FARE $1.00 ROUND TRIP $1.50, GOOD 10 DAYS.
Dining Room Service a la Carte.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Autos and Horses at Low Rates.
Steamers leave daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 131st St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE.
*West Point, Newburgh, P'keepsie, Kingston, Franklin St., 4; W. 129th St., 4:30 P. M.; Newburgh, Highland Falls, etc., Franklin St., 5; W. 129th St., 5:30 P. M.
Saturday, May 22. *West Point, Newburgh, P'keepsie, Kingston, Franklin St., 1; W. 129th St., 1:30 P. M. Landings Highland Falls to Kingston, Franklin St., 2:30; W. 129th St., 3 P. M.
*Str. connects for return boat at New York same day. $1 round trip.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Leave Pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher st., daily except Sundays, 6:30 p. m. Phone 1097 Spring.
☞Special Excursion Over Decoration Day Information at Pier

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lve. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373.

THE SANDY HOOK ROUTE,
N. J. C., OPENS MAY 27TH.

TO FRANCE BY
LLOYD ITALIANO
Taormina....May 29 | Caserta.....June 25
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Under Italian Flag. Rates, $65 & $90 up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

"NIAGARA TO THE SEA" by Canada S. S. Lines, Ltd., 182 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

NORWEGIAN AMERICA LINE.
8-10 Bridge St., New York.

12-Day, All-Expense Northern Cruise $60. Booklet free Red Cross Line, New York.

Cruise to California
THROUGH THE PANAMA CANAL
Seventeen Days of Delight Aboard
Large American Trans-Atlantic Liners
"KROONLAND" From New York MAY 22 10:00 A.M.
580 FEET LONG 22,000 TONS DISPLACEMENT 60 FEET BROAD
Sailings every three weeks thereafter.
To SAN FRANCISCO: First Cabin $125 up. Intermediate $60 up.
Also Combination Round Trips One Way All Water—The Other Way Rail.
To ISTHMUS OF PANAMA: First Cabin $75 up. Intermediate $40 up.
Meals and Berth included
PANAMA PACIFIC LINE, 9 Broadway, N.Y.—Tel. Rector 9000

Here's a Cool Trip!
Where crisp sea breezes bring rest, health, relaxation
SUPERIOR SERVICE and LOW FARES to
SAVANNAH JACKSONVILLE MACON AUGUSTA
ATLANTA BIRMINGHAM MONTGOMERY
and all other Southern Points
CONSULT ANY TICKET OR TOURIST AGENT OR
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Savannah Line
NEW YORK OFFICE 501 FIFTH AVENUE Phone 2368 Murray Hill

AMERICAN LINE
The Only Trans-Atlantic Steamers
Under the American Flag
NEW YORK-LIVERPOOL
Every Saturday
First, Second and Third
Class Passengers
AMERICAN LINE, - - 9 Broadway, New York

American Line
AMERICAN STEAMERS
Under the American Flag
New York—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R., Noon
†St. Paul...May 22 | †New York...May 29
†Cabin and 3rd Class Passengers Only.
Commencing June 5, American Line Steamers will carry Passengers in First, Second and Third Classes.

White Star Line
N. Y.—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R., Noon
Adriatic.....May 26 | Lapland.....June 2
Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Cretic, June 3, 10 A. M. | Canopic, June 17
Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 9000 Rector.

THE GREAT WHITE FLEET
Sailing Under the American Flag
From NEW YORK to
CUBA, JAMAICA, PANAMA CANAL
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA
Sailings every Wednesday at noon to
JAMAICA, PANAMA, COLOMBIA.
Sailings fortnightly Thursday noon to
SANTIAGO, CUBA; PORT ANTONIO, JAMAICA; BARRIOS, GUATEMALA; CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.
Sailings every Saturday at noon.
HAVANA—PANAMA—COSTA RICA
Additional weekly sailings from New Orleans to HAVANA, PANAMA and CENTRAL AMERICA. Connections at Colon for Pacific Coast ports of Central and South America. Write for booklets.
United Fruit Company Steamship Service
Passengers 17 Battery Place, New York Freight

CUNARD
Established 1840
EUROPE VIA LIVERPOOL

Tuscania	Fri., May 21,	5 PM
Transylvania	Fri., June 4,	5 PM
Tuscania	Fri., June 18,	5 PM
Orduna	Sat., June 26,	10 AM
Transylvania	Fri., July 2,	5 PM
MAURETANIA	Sat., July 10,	10 AM
Tuscania	Fri., July 16,	5 PM
Orduna	Sat., July 24,	10 AM
Transylvania	Fri., July 30,	5 PM
MAURETANIA	Sat., Aug. 7,	10 AM
Tuscania	Fri., Aug. 13,	5 PM

ROUND THE WORLD TOURS
Through bookings to all principal Ports of the World.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

Largest, Finest and Fastest Vessels
SOUTH & EAST AFRICA BY
UNION-CASTLE LINE
*†‡ SOUTH AMERICA
NEW EXPRESS SERVICE
TO PERU AND CHILE
by fastest, largest vessels on West Coast
Next Sail'g S.S. "Victoria" June 7 from Panama
FIRST STOP—CALLAO
Callao, Arica, Iquique, Antofagasta, and Valparaiso only. Regular Services to Colombia, Ecuador and all other ports. Also Express Service to
Brazil and the Argentine
*The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
§The Union Castle Mail S. S. Co. Ltd.
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‡The Nelson Lines
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agts., 26 B'way, N.Y.
Or Any Steamship Ticket Agent

ITALIAN LINES
*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE (Fast Italian Line.)
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To PARIS and all other EUROPEAN POINTS
Via the MEDITERRANEAN
To Naples and Genoa.
†STAMPALIA............MAY 22, NOON
*Duca D'Abruzzi, Ju.5, n'n | ‡Ancona...June 15, noon
†Europa...June 12, noon | *Duca D'Aosta, Jun.26, n'n
New large twin-screw steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., One State St.

CALIFORNIA
AND THE EXPOSITIONS
Special-Train Tours with escort on fully equipped Pullman trains of comfortably limited capacity leave July 3, 10, 31, via Grand Canyon and California Resorts, returning via Colorado Rockies. July 10 and 31 tours include also Yellowstone Park. Fully inclusive fares, with $195 and up Pullmans, Hotels, Meals, etc.,
Early decision necessary to secure places.
Special-Car Tours de Luxe via Grand Canyon leave May 25 and weekly thereafter.
Travel Tickets only, at lowest fares by all routes, with or without Hotels, Pullmans, etc., as desired.
THOS. COOK & SON
245 B'way (Opp. City Hall Park)
264 Fifth Ave. (Cor. 29th St.)
561 Fifth Ave. (Cor. 46th St.)
2081 Broadway (Cor. 72d St.)

SCANDINAVIAN AMERICAN LINE
NEUTRAL FLAG
Route outside War Zone 250 miles north of Scotland.
Norway, Sweden, Denmark.
Daily Connections with All European Cities
United States....June 3 | Oscar II......June 10
A. E. Johnson & Co., Inc., Agts., 1 B'way, N. Y.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Sailing Under Neutral Flag.
N. Y.-London Via Falmouth Rotterdam
Twin-Screw Sailings Carry U. S. Mail.
†Ryndam..May 25, noon | *N. Amst'dam..June 15
*Rotterdam, June 1, n'n | †Noordam.......June 22
*Via Falmouth. †Rotterdam Direct.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE
Only direct line to RUSSIA
Maiden trip of New S. S. CZARITZA. SAT. MAY 22.
S. S. Czar, June 5.
S. S. Dwinsk, June 19.
1st Class $90, 2d $65.
Daily through service to Petrograd, Moscow, etc.
Regularly Fortnightly Service to Archangel.
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Agts., 37 B'way, N.Y.

SOUTH AMERICA
BARBADOS, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO & BUENOS AYRES
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Frequent sailings from New York by new and fast (12,500 ton) passenger steamers.
Busk & Daniels, Gen. Agts., 8 Broadway, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for BORDEAUX

ROCHAMBEAU	May 20,	10 A. M.
NIAGARA	May 22,	3 P. M.
CHICAGO	May 29,	3 P. M.
ESPAGNE	June 5,	3 P. M.

FOR INFORMATION APPLY
Company's Office, 19 State St., N. Y.

Portland, Me. All-the-Way by-Water
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Steamships North Land and North Star. Lve. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., 5 P. M. Tues., Thurs. and Sats. A delightful 390-mile, 22-hour trip to Portland, the CITY BEAUTIFUL. Tks. at Pier, also Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices. Phone: 8980—Cort.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION.

ANCHOR LINE
Royal Mail Twin-Screw Geared Turbines
TUSCANIA, MAY 21, 5 P. M.
Transylvania, June 4, 5 P. M.
NEW YORK to GLASGOW
Calling at Liverpool
From Cunard Dock, Foot West 14th St.
COMPANY'S OFFICE, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

New Zealand--Australia
Via HONOLULU and SUVA
PALATIAL PASSENGER STEAMERS
"NIAGARA," 20,000 tons displacement
"MAKURA," 13,000 tons displacement
Sailing every 28 days from Vancouver, B. C. Apply Canadian Pacific Railway, 458 Broadway, New York, N. Y., or to the Canadian Australasian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

FABRE LINES TO PARIS
VIA NAPLES AND MARSEILLES
SANT' ANNA..June 5 | PATRIA (new)..June 24
Via Azores, Lisbon, Barcelona, Marseilles
ROMA.......June 8 | ROMA.......Aug. 3
Jas. W. Elwell & Co., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies S. S. Lines.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, New York.

APARTMENT HOUSE FOR FIFTH AVENUE

Structure to Cost $1,500,000, to Invade Fashionable District at 72d Street.

WILL USE BURDEN SITE

Lot Held by Cornelius Vanderbilt, Taken Also for Building to Contain Luxurious Suites.

A twelve-story apartment house to cost about $1,500,000 will be erected within the next few months in Fifth Avenue in the heart of the Lenox Hill residential district. This tall structure, which marks a radical invasion of one of the finest private home centres of the city, will be built on the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-second Street. On the immediate corner is the home of the late James A. Burden, which was leased last Fall by Senator Nelson W. Aldrich. He died there a few weeks ago. The house covers a plot of 35 feet on the avenue by 125 feet on Seventy-second Street.

Below the Burden house is a large vacant plot, of which the upper half, adjoining the Burden corner, was purchased a fe wyears ago by Cornelius Vanderbilt as a site for his new home. Since the death of his uncle, George Vanderbilt, and the bequest to him, in accordance with his grandfather's will, of the former William H. Vanderbilt mansion on the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street, Cornelius is preparing to occupy that house. He, therefore, abandoned some time ago the idea of building, and he, with the estate of James A. Burden, has now sold his plot for the contemplated apartment house.

Mr. Vanderbilt's plot had a frontage of 80 feet and same depth as the Burden house, so that the entire parcel to be used for the apartment has a frontage of 116 feet on the avenue by 125 on Seventy-Second Street Mr. Vanderbilt bought his land from the estate of Seth Barton French. It was assessed last year for taxation at $600,000, and the Burden plot, with the house, was assessed at $500,000, a total of $1,100,000. The holding price of the two parcels has been $1,500,000.

Lawrence E. Elliman of the brokerage firm of Pease & Elliman, who closed the transaction, said yesterday that the buyer was a well-known builder, but until certain loans for the construction of the new building were satisfactorily arranged he did not feel at liberty to tell his name.

"The entire operation," said Mr. Elliman, "will represent an investment of close to $3,000,000. The plans are practically completed and call for six floors with one suite each, while the other six floors will be divided into two suites each. The lease of the Burden house to the Senator Aldrich family expired on May 1. The new owners will take title on July 1, when the old Burden home will be torn down. It is expected to have the new apartment ready for occupancy by the Summer of 1916."

The sale of this land for a big apartment recalls the effort made about five years ago to erect an apartment house on the same corner. A syndicate was formed in which the Burden and the Seth Barton French families were said to be interested to take over the property, and it was sai dthat a sale had been made. Cass Gilbert prepared plans for an elaborate apartment, but it never materialized. One reason was said to have been the opposition of the neighboring residents. The property reverted back to the original owners and the plan was dropped. Mr. Elliman said that those who were interested in this earlier plan had no connection with the present operation.

Less than one block below the site is the new $5,000,000 home just completed by Henry C. Frick, on the site of the old Lenox Library, and the entire Lenox block, between Seventieth and Seventy-first Streets and Madison Avenue contains some of the finest private homes on Manhattan Island. On the Seventy-first Street corner, just below the apartment house plot, is the home of N. E. Baylis. William V. S. Thorne lives at 4 East Seventy-second Street, adjoining the property sold. The opposite Seventy-second Street corner is vacant.

This new apartment house will be the second to be built on upper Fifth Avenue. The first apartment there of the modern type was erected a few years ago on the northeast corner of Eighty-first Street. Ex-Senator Root occupies an entire floor o fthis building. In October, 1913, it was purchased by Commodore Alfred Curtiss James for about $3,500,000.

PANAMA SEEKS TRADE.

Government Monopoly May Result from Porras's San Blas Trip.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, May 19.—President Porras, accompanied by William J. Price, the American Minister, has gone for a week's trip to the San Blas coast, where the Panama Government purposes to establish a trading post and to install national police, with the ultimate object of building up a Government monopoly of the Indian trade. This action was sanction by a recent Presidential decree in accordance with a law passed at the last session of the National Assembly.

Trouble is anticipated, because the San Blas Indians have never recognized the right of Panama or Colombia to interfere with their affairs, and have hitherto refused to pay import duties or other taxes.

PANAMA'S TRADE GRIEVANCE

Wants This Government to Abolish the Canal Commissary System.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, May 19.—The merchants of Panama have completed the organization of a Chamber of Commerce. The chief object of the new body is to improve business conditions in the republic. One of its purposes is to bring about the abolition of the Canal commissaries. It is argued that the system now in vogue shows a lack of good faith on the part of the United States toward Panama.

Panama's delegates to the Pan-American trade congress are instructed to take this ground in the representations which they will make to President Wilson, Secretary Bryan and the members of the United States Senate and House.

FIND ANCIENT CORINTH FORT

American Archaeologists Uncover an Acropolis of Homer's Time.

ATHENS, (via London,) May 19.—Scientists connected with the American School of Achaeology who have been excavating the site of the ancient city of Corinth, have discovered an acropolis of the Mycenaean epoch. Ruins of walls and a large quantity of pottery of the same period have been discovered on a hill near the seashore, from which it is concluded that a town existed there.

Antiquarian research has been begun on Cephalonia, one of the Ionian Islands in the Mediterranean, near the mainland. This work has been started at Palaeokastro for the purpose of discovering a Mycenaean cemetery.

PICTORIAL HISTORY.

The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial should be preserved by all who are interested in the progress of the world's greatest conflict. Graphic pictures beautifully reproduced. 10 cents a copy by mail. The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

$1,500,000 Sale on Fifth Avenue and Seventy-second Street for Tall Apartment—West Side Deal—Burton Brothers Sell Half Block in the Bronx—Brooklyn and Suburban Market.

The big feature in the realty market yesterday was the purchase by a builder of the southeast corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-second Street, 115 by 125, from the estate of James A. Burden and Cornelius Vanderbilt for the erection of a twelve-story apartment house. The deal involved about $1,500,000, and the new building will cost about an equal amount. Pease & Elliman were the brokers.

Outside of this, which is one of the most important sales of the year, there was little of importance in Manhattan. There were several good deals in the Bronx, of which the largest was the sale of a half block by J. H. and F. V. Burton, owners of the land on which the Lord & Taylor building stands, on Fifth Avenue, and who recently purchased the Calumet Club property on Fifth Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street as a site for a new building for the Burton Bros. cotton goods firm. The property included the southerly half of the block bounded by Morris and Grant Avenues, 162d and 163d Streets. The frontage of the property sold is 210 on the north side of 162d Street and 115 on both avenues. The Burton family has owned the land for about sixty years.

The buyer was the Roman Catholic Church of St. Angela, which owns the northerly portion and now controls the entire square block. It is opposite a Carnegie Library branch. The new Public School 35 covers the opposite 163d Street frontage. The site is one block north of the Mott Haven New York Central freight yards, and is in a community that is rapidly building up. The brokers in the transaction were Harris & Vaughan.

West Side Dwelling Sale.

A west side deal which seems to indicate another West End Avenue apartment operation has been closed by the Charles F. Noyes Company in the sale for James F. Cruikshank of the four-story residence at 309 West Eighty-eighth Street, on plot 19 by 100.8. It is about 141 feet west of the West End Avenue corner and is leased for a term of years with a cancellation clause. The consideration was about $34,000, and it is stated the new owner will offer it for resale as it is in one of the popular neighborhoods of the upper west side for apartment construction. Stoddard & Mark represented the buyers.

Investor Buys Seventh Avenue Corner.

Charles E. Diesel has sold to David M. Neuberger, for investment 2,245 Seventh Avenue a five-story flat on a lot 25 by 75. The property is located on the northeast corner of 132d Street and Seventh Avenue. Clarence E. Hutchinson negotiated the sale.

Recent Buyers.

Francis R. Arnold is the buyer of 65 East Eightieth Street.

Dr. Howland Elliott is the buyer of the Bright apartment house at 555 to 561 West 175th Street, giving in exchange a mansion and eleven acres at Suffern, N. Y.

John Miller is the buyer of 1,394 Franklin Avenue. The parcel was held at $35,000.

Bronx Sales.

A. & C. E. Hally have sold for Edward J. Moberg a plot of four lots on the south side of Quimby Avenue about 290 feet east of Castlehill Avenue, also four lots on the north side of Story Avenue, 290 feet east of Castlehill Avenue, to a client.

The five-story apartment with stores at 2,043 and 2,045 Washington Avenue, on plot 50 by 145, near 179th Street, has been sold by William H. Meagher for Deutsch Brothers to Abraham Halpin.

C. O. Bliss has purchased from Paul A. McGolrich, 878 and 882 Kelly Street, two five-story new law tenements on a plot 76 by 100 near Intervale Avenue.

In the upper Fordham Heights section near the Concourse the resale of the five lots at the northeast corner of Creston Avenue and 183d Street was announced by Phelan Brothers, who have been active operators there. The property fronts 122 on the avenue by 95. Richard H. Scobie was the broker. He sold it to the sellers about two weeks ago for the Richard Webber estate.

Brooklyn.

Charles E. Rickerson, has sold 54 Sidney Place, between State and Joralemon Streets, a three-story and basement brick dwelling, for Mrs. Catherine Field to a client for occupancy. This sale was made in conjunction with Howard C. Pyle & Co.

Frank A. Seaver has sold the one-family detached house on plot 30 by 100, 2,426 Eighty-first Street, Bensonhurst, for the Gibraltar Construction Company to a client for occupancy.

John Pullman has sold 765 Union Street between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, a three-story and basement brick dwelling on a plot 20 by 100, for Morris Garfunkel to a client for occupancy.

G. Tuoti & Co., has sold for the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company, the property at 913 and 915 Ryder Avenue.

$4,000 Sale in Broadway-Flushing.

Dr. C. A. Fones of Manhattan has sold to Fred A. Long of Flushing a plot with a frontage of eighty feet on the north side of Twentieth Street, 180 feet north of Broadway, Broadway-Flushing, for a consideration of about $4,000. The purchaser is having plans prepared for a residence to be erected on the property for his own occupancy.

New Jersey.

The three-story dwelling on the corner of Erwin Park Road and Erwin Park Drive, Montclair, has been purchased by Mrs. Alice Le Vay. The property has a frontage of 200 feet on Erwin Park Road. F. M. Crawley & Bros. were the brokers in the transaction.

Louis M. Brown sold to Joseph M. Huber an estate comprising thirty-six acres, fronting on the Shrewsbury River and on Riverside Drive, in Middletown township, opposite Red Bank, N. J. The property adjoins the estates of J. G. Timolat and Katherine E. Duane. Allaire & Son were the brokers.

Westchester County.

Bertrand F. Bell has purchased from the Quaker Realty Company a tract of land on the south side of Heathcote Road, Scarsdale, adjoining the section known as the Heathcote Association. The buyers will improve it for residential purposes. Fish & Marvin negotiated the sale.

Embroidery Firm Moves Uptown.

Bernard Ulmann Company, Inc., dealers in embroideries, silks, yarns and linen, has leased a large amount of space in the Victoria Building, which extends from Broadway to Fifth Avenue on Twenty-seventh Street. This concern has been located for the last sixty years in Grand Street. They move to their new quarters July 1. Carstein & Linnekin were the brokers in the transaction.

Commercial Leases.

The Maison Bernard milliners, now located at 330 to 334 Fifth Avenue, have leased a store and basement in the building erected by August Heckscher on the southwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street.

Herman A. Sherman has rented about 30,000 square feet in the Randall Building, 136 to 146 West Fifty-second Street, to the Studebaker Company.

Mark Rafalsky & Co. have leased for the James McCreery Realty Corporation, the fourth loft containing 12,500 square feet, at 112 to 114 West Forty-second Street, through to 113 to 117 West Forty-first Street, to the Orsenigo Company, Inc., who will use the entire space as a display room for furniture.

William A. White & Sons have rented the store at 1,211 Broadway, to the Columbia Trunk & Bag Company.

Realty Notes.

In the sale reported yesterday of 95 Chambers Street, running through to 77 Reade Street, Frederick Winant represented the Cutting estate.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

Service That Counts

Service, in the monetary field, is a much abused word. It may mean much or little, according to the degree of performance behind it.

In good times or bad, this firm has continued to enjoy the confidence and support of mortgagors because, regardless of conditions, it is always of real aid to the enterprise of merit, seeking capital, secured by first mortgage.

MORGENTHAU JR CO
111 BROADWAY

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Broadway, 1,744-1,748, s e corner 56th St, 131.9x122.7x120.2x88.7, seven-story Rockingham apartment house; adjourned to June 2.

61st St, 231 West, n s, 324.9 ft e of West End Av, 25.3x100.5, five-story tenement; A. R. Sprague against Samuel Rosenthal et al.; Foley & P., attorneys; H. E. Deming, referee; due, $11,224.78; taxes, &c., $1,048.50; to the plaintiff for $10,000.

By Samuel Marx.

21st St, 218-220 West, s s, 235 ft w of 7th Av, 46.10x105.5, seven-story flat; adjourned to May 26.

14th St, 58 West, s s, 125 ft e of 6th Av, 25x103.3, part five-story brick structure; Guaranty Trust Co. of New York against F. A. Cohen et al.; Stetson, J. & R., attorneys; L. C. Levy, referee; due, $123,670.75; to the plaintiff for $100,000.

By Henry Brady.

103d St, 131 West, n s, 243.9 ft w of Columbus Av, 18.9x100.11, five-story flat; adjourned to May 27.

By Henry B. Ketcham.

Canal St, 67 to 71, n e corner of Allen St, 50x54.6; two five-story brick tenements and stores; also

65th St, 170 West, s s, about 128 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5; five-story tenement; adjourned to May 26.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Whitlock Av, 856, e s, 314 ft s of Tiffany St, 39x90, five-story flat; withdrawn.

By James J. Donovan.

Vincent Av, e s, 100 ft n of Fairmont Av, 55.11x—x42.6x—; Jennie Sealy against Emma O'Donnell et al.; Benjamin Franklin, attorney; M. P. Breen, Jr., referee; due, $1,217.94; taxes, &c, $33.38; to the plaintiff for $500.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

Lenox Av, 507-9, w s, 53 ft n of 135th St, 46.5x100x irreg; two five-story flats and stores; C. M. Whelp against Caroline Henes et al.; Peter Cook, attorney, Charles O'Sullivan, referee; partition.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Fox St, 651, n s, 231.10 ft e of Avenue St. John, 40.7x125; five-story flat; Fannie Greenbaum against Gussie Friedman et al.; H. M. Greenbaum, attorney; J. T. Dooling, referee; due, $5,421.47; taxes, &c., $1,175; subject to mtg, $29,000.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Thompson St, 228, for an open-air moving picture show, 45x75; Elena Realty Co., 59 South Washington Square, owner; F. T. Vitolo, 3,156 Kingsbridge Terrace, architect; cost, $2,000.

Fairmount Place, s s, 101-103 ft w of Southern Boulevard, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x93; H. C. Jackson Realty Co., (Harry C. Jackson, 1,904 Vyse Av, President, owner;) Kreymborg Architectural Co., 1,029 East 163d St, architect; cost, $50,000.

157th St, s s, 250 ft w of Elton Av, for a one-story frame shed, 14x24; James and Mary McBride, on premises, owners; Harry T. Howell, 3d Av and 149th St, architect; cost, $100.

Beck St, s w corner of Leggett Av, for two five-story brick tenements, 55x95 and 46.8x91; Macy Construction Co., (Isaac Shiven, 574 Tinton Av, President, owner;) Jacob M. Filson 1,130 Broadway, architect; cost, $120,000.

Intervale Av, e s, 211.43 ft s of 165th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 50x87.6; Daveck Realty Co., Inc., (Hayman Eckman, 1,054 Grant Av, President,) owner; Goldner & Goldberg, 391 East 149th St, architects; cost, $45,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 19.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BRADHURST AV, 220, e s, 39.11 ft s of 153d St, 39.11x100; Lena Bloch to Blanche T. Witkind, 416 West 122d St, (mtg $39,000,) Dec. 17, 1914; attorney, Isidore Witkind, 299 Broadway $1

BROOME ST, 305 to 309, s e corner of Mott St, 72.8x103.4x70.8x108.3, (foreclosed April 27;) Andrew J. Shipman, referee, to James E. March, 233 Lafayette St, (mtg $142,500,) May 17; attorneys, Hedges, Ely & F., 165 Broadway $5,000

FORT CHARLES PLACE, s s, 105 ft e of Jacobus Place, 50x72.2x90.7x103.4; Edw. W. Burckhardt, 81 Saratoga Av, Yonkers, N. Y., to the Paulward Co., 258 Broadway, May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

HUDSON ST, n w corner of Reade St, 80.3x29.5x72x66.7; Susan M. Hunter, Newport, R. I., to Catherine T. Hunter, 482 Park Av, 4-15 part, (mtg $32,500 on whole,) all liens, May 19; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place $16,000

WASHINGTON TERRACE, 16, w s, 124.3 ft s of 186th St, 17.8x62.6; Emma L. Verran to William O'Neill, 305 West 149th St, all liens, May 18; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$1

3D AV, 366, n w s, 24.8x112 to 13-ft alley; Ella L. Hawkins, Port Richmond, S. I., individually and as commission of Annie M. Jacques et al., to Elise H. Hawkins, Germania Bank Building, Savannah, Ga., individualy and trustee of John T. Hawkins, B & S, May 6; attorney, Howard A. Sperry, 233 Broadway $1

3D AV, 408 to 412, n w s, at s w s of 29th St, 49.6x100; Elise H. Hawkins, individually and executrix of John T. Hawkins of Savannah, Ga., and another, to Annie E. Chase, 24 Park St, Newark, N. J., and another, commission, &c., B & S, May 6; attorney, same $1

3D AV, 400, n w s, 24.8x120; Elise H. Hawkins, individually and as executrix, &c.; John S. Hawkins et al. to Ella L. Hawkins, 95 Mesereaux Av, Port Richmond, S. I., B. & S., May 6; attorney, Howard A. Sperry, 233 Broadway $1

6TH AV, 939, w s, 25.1 ft n of 53d St, 25.1x100; Goodhue Livingston to Mary A. Thornton, 500 West 143d St, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway......$100

SAME PROPERTY; Mary A. Thornton to William Pollak, 323 West 83d St, (mtg $28,000,) May 18; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway $100

11TH ST, 517 East, n s, 220.6 ft e of Avenue A, 25x103.3; Ike Fenster to Charles Rubiner, 1,990 7th Av, (1st mtg $24,000, also 2d mtg, &c.,) May 18; Joseph L. Buttenwieser, 220 Broadway....$1

39TH ST, 51 and 53 West, n s, 738.3 ft w of 5th Av, 42.10x98.9; William F. Paris to Rex Sirap Corporation, 53 West 39th St, (mtg $96,000,) May 13; attorneys, Sayers Brothers, 31 Nassau St....$100

72D ST, s e corner of Park Av, 130x102.2; E. A. L. Holding Co. to William Ziegler, Jr., 40 West 57th St, (mtg $900,000,) May 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

88TH ST, 309 West, n s, 119 ft w of West End Av, 19x100.8; St. John's Park Realty Co. to 450 Broadway Corporation, 92 William St, (mtg $20,000,) May 18; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway....$100

118TH ST, 316 West, s s, 240 ft w of 8th Av, 20x100.11; John and Mary Reilly to Mary Reilly, 225 West 120th St, all liens, May 19; attorney, John W. Suling, 258 Broadway..$1

119TH ST, s s, 235 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11; Irene N. Collard to Martin B. Hofman, 161 West 56th St, (mtg $14,000,) May 12; attorney, Myron Sulzberger, 38 Park Row $100

138TH ST, 105 West, n s, 599 ft e of 7th Av, 26x99.11, (foreclosure May 12;) Charles H. Murray, referee, to Marie Brady, 264 Berkeley Place, Brooklyn, one of plaintiffs, May 18; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St $20,000

142D ST, 533 West, n s, 241.8 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x99.11; Joseph Williams to Selma Gollnik, 533 West 142d St, May 19; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$1

170TH ST, 555 to 561 West, n s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x100; Margaret Cameron to Claire J. Forshew, 524 West 169th St, (mtg $87,500,) May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Claire J. Forshew to Hiram and Anna P. Elliott, Suffern, N. Y., tenants by entirety, May 18, (mtg $100,000;) attorney, same....$100,000

177TH ST, s s, 185 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 42.6x99.11; Paulward Co. to Agnes M. Burckhardt, 81 Saratoga Av, Yonkers, N. Y., (mtg $35,000,) May 18; attorneys, Miehling & Kayser, 258 Broadway....$100

Bronx.

ANTHONY AV, e s, 250 ft n e of Burnside Av, 25.5x132.9; Marie B. Dowling to Edw. D. Dowling, 2,060 Anthony Av, April 9; attorney, Edw. D. Dowling, 280 Broadway $1

BASSFORD AV, s w corner of 183d St, 115x35.8; Phoenix Ingraham, referee, to East River Savings Institution, 293 Broadway, May 18; attorney, Omri F. Hibbard, 74 Broadway $25,000

BROOK AV, s w corner of 156th St, 40x107.11x40.1x103.1; Henry Morgenthau Co. to Max Tannenbaum, 58 East 123d St, May 18; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$100

BROOK AV, 469, n w corner of 149th St, 24.11x89.10; Sadie Silverman to Peter Doelger Brewing Co., Inc., 407 E. 55th St., May 17, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, John C. Hoenninger, 5 Beekman St....$100

CEDAR AV, 1,879-81, w s, 50.1x115.11; Frances Meiner to William Quinn, 587 Prospect Av, (mtg $4,000,) May 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

CLINTON AV, w s, 70 ft n of 180th St, 65.2x105; Seymour P. Kurzman to Adavine Construction Corp., 71 Nassau St, April 27, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$100

CLINTON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 70x107.2; Seymour P. Kurzman to Adavine Construction Corp., 71 Nassau St, April 27, (mtg $22,000;) attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$100

ELLIOTT AV, e s, 225 ft n of Julianna St, 75x125; Herman von der Heyde to John J. Knewitz, 3,731 Willett Av, May 3; attorney, E. L. Brisach, 391 E. 149th St....$1

FAILE ST, 638, e s, 20.10x100x23.10x100; Realty and Realization Co., Inc., to Lawrence Davis, 76 Greene St, Newark, N. J., May 13, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St....$100

HOME ST, n s, 100 ft w of Fox St, 27.4x64; Pietro Brescia to Jennie Wolff, 3,766 Barnes Av, May 12; attorney, Ittmann & W., 132 Nassau St $100

JACKSON AV, w s, 272.1 ft s of 165th St, 18x75; Margaret Grace et al. to Mary L. Stevens, 418 West 35th St, Sept. 26, 1914; attorney, H. O. Adams, 220 Broadway....$1

LAURIE AV, n w corner of Appleton Av, runs n 275x w 100x n 25x e 100 to Appleton Av x n 100 to Morris Park Av x w 200 to e s of Hughes Av x s 400 to Laurie Av x e 200 to beginning; William Pollak to Mary A. Thornton, 500 West 143d St, May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

LOT 15, Map of L. G. Morris Estate; Robert S. Burns to William O. Weir, Harvest St, Forest Hills, L. I., May 5; attorney, Thomas H. Ray, 42 Broadway....$100

LOT 95, Map of Allen Estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Giancinta Aliano, 1 Hancock St, May 15; attorney, Giancinta Aliano, 1 Hancock St....$1

LOT 287, Map 329, lots part Schieffelin Est.; Giuseppe Bevacqua to Harold B. Elgar, 109 W. 78th St, May 15, (mtg $600;) attorneys, Cook & E., 45 Broadway....$1

LOT 382, Block L, amended map of Mapes Estates; Clarence G. Palitz, referee, to Marie F. Gerz, 732 Van Nest Av, May 15; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St....$6,000

LOTS 92 to 94, Map Siems Estate; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Carmine Romaniello, 613 Fordham Road, May 18; attorney, Romaniello, 613 Fordham Road....$1

MORRIS AV, w s, 93.5 ft n of 150th St, 25x100; 591 Morris Av Co. to Beatrice De Figlio, 591 Morris Av, May 12, (mtg $20,000;) attorney, C. A. Weber, 391 E. 149th St....$100

MURDOCK AV, w s, 500 ft s of Jefferson Av, 25x100; Land Co. "A" of Edenwald to Michael J. Harrison, 409 East 159th St, April 23; attorney, Michael J. Harrison, 409 East 159th St....$1

PROSPECT AV, 587, w s, 20x100; William Quinn to Frances Meiner, 1,879 Cedar Av, May 19, (mtg $6,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 B'way....$100

PROSPECT AV, 699, w s, 23x95x23x94.11; Miltner Bros., Inc. to Benj. Weineman, 1,019 Longwood Av, May 18, (mtg $6,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Company, 176 Broadway $100

PROSPECT AV, w s, 50 ft n of 152d St, 37.6x95; F. & H. Realty Co. to Lawrence Davis, 76 Greene St, Newark, N. J., May 13, (mtg $24,875;) attorney, C. H. Friedrich, 35 Nassau St....$100

TINTON AV, e s, 125 ft s of 145th St, 50x100; Gustav Seidenstock to Carrie Seidenstock, 430 Wales Av, May 5; attorney, C. A. Furthman, 3d Av and 148th St....$1

133D ST, n s, 450 ft e of Cypress Av, 16.8x103.6; Harlem Savings Bank to Thomas Knoflicek, 520 East 76th St, May 18, (mtg $3,250;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1

137TH ST, 580-582 East, s s, 50x100; August Vollmar to Friedrich Vollmar, 496 East 140th St, May 18; attorney, Friedrich Vollmar, 496 East 140th St....$100

137TH ST, s s, 176.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x100; James C. Brady, referee, to Mary E. Townley, 924 West End Av, May 14; attorneys, W. B. & G. F. Chamberlin, 31 Nassau St....$5,000

SAME PROPERTY; Mary E. Townley to Robert N. Kenyon, 924 West End Av, May 14; attorney, same....$100

137th St, 580 and 582 East, s s, 50x100; Frederick Vollmar to August Vollmar, 496 East 140th St, May 18; attorney August Vollmar, 496 East 140th St....$100

147TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Willis Av, 24.1x100; also Beekman Av, w s, 25 ft s of Oak Terrace, 50x100; also Schuyler St, n e s, being east half of Lot 481, map of Melrose South, 25x100; James Turley et al. to Isabella Trainor, 2,140 Houghton Av, et al., May 18; attorney, Lawyers Title and Insurance Co., 160 Broadway $1

156TH ST, n w corner of Dawson St, 47.3x irregular; William J. Henchey to Bartholomew F. Carmody, 1,811 7th Av, Troy, N. Y., May 1; attorney, Bartholomew F. Carmody, 1,811 7th Av, Troy N. Y....$4,000

165TH ST, 792 East, s s, 20.6x100; Pauline F. Anderson and another, executors, to Pauline F. Anderson, 243A 2d St, Jersey City, N. J., and another, Aug. 5, 1914; attorney, Joseph G. Abramson, 30 Church St....$7,000

168TH ST, 456 East, s s, 24.11x42.7; Frank Netusak to Lena Stecher, 144 Columbia St, May 15; attorney, C. T. Tolleris, 132 Nassau St....$1

168TH ST, 454 East, s s, 24.11x42.7; Frank Netusak to Eva Cohen, 124 West 114th St, May 15; attorney, Charles Tolleris, 132 Nassau St....$1

228TH St, being east half of Lot 117, map of Wakefield, 50x109; George H. Janss to Benjamin Polcari, 2,532 7th Av, May 18; attorney, Benjamin Polcari, 2,532 7th Av.$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

FRONT ST, s s, adjoining land of William Janeway Van Buren, 23.9x101.11; Front St, 87, s s, 24.10x101.6; Howard C. Smith to Forrest Raynor and another, executors, Montclair, N. J., May 13, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$22,000

OLD BROADWAY, 2,376 and 2,378, e s, 52.5 ft s of 132d St, 51.6x100x49.8x112.3; Emilia Wagner to Frederica M. Adler, 1,043 5th Av, May 10, prior mtg $30,000, due as per bond; attorney, William Klingenstein, 309 Broadway....$5,700

RIVINGTON ST, 134, n s, 22x78, with rights to alley on Norfolk St, e s, 75 ft n of Rivington St, 3x78, prior mtg $26,500; Minnie E. Edelstein to Samuel Ershowsky, 175 East Houston St, May 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, D. Drangle, 90 Rivington St.$1,000

VAN CORLEAR PLACE, s e s, 105 ft n e of Jacobus Place, 50x72.2; the Paulward Co. to Frederic C. Leubuscher, guardian, 5 West 124th St, May 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$7,500

6TH AV, 939, w s, 25.1 ft n of 53d St, 25.1x100; Mary A. Thornton to Selmar Hess, 956 Madison Av, May 18, 5 years; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..$28,000

3D ST, s s, 115 ft w of 2d Av, 20x61; Elizabeth C. Green and another to August Hildebrandt, 356 55th St, Brooklyn, May 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Louis Appleborne, 150 Nassau St....$1,000

39TH ST, 417 West, n s, 200 ft w of 9th Av, 25x98.9; Frances Dunne to Florence L. McHugh, 740 East 220th St, May 15, 1 year, 6 p. c....$1,500

49TH ST, s s, 275 ft w of 9th Av, 25x100; Louis F. Sommer and another, executors, to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, May 19, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$7,500

51ST ST, s s, 93.3 ft e of 6th Av, 19.4x100.5; William H. King to Franklin Savings Bank, 656 8th Av, May 19, 1 year; attorney, W. M. Powell, Jr., 7 Wall St....$2,500

84TH ST, n s, 144.8 ft w of Columbus Av, 40x102.2; Charles Hess to Frederick Herrmann, 981 Park Av, May 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorneys, H. Herrmann & Sons, 1,451 1st Av....$2,000

95TH ST, 151 West, n s, 276 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100, prior mtg $15,000; John P. Magner to Casualty Co. of America, 68 William St, May 4, due, &c., as per bond, deed recorded as mtg....$100

117TH ST, 51 West, n s, 257 ft e of Lenox Av, 26x100.11, prior mtg $18,000; Hy Simon to Leopold Simon, 1,252 Myrtle Av, Brooklyn, April 29, due May 1, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Sulzberger, 38 Park Row..$2,000

125TH ST, n s, 200 ft e of Broadway, 25x99.11; Catharine S. Hunter to Farmers Loan and Trust Co., 22 William St, May 18, due as per bond; attorneys, Geller, R. & H., 22 Exchange Place....$12,000

138TH ST, n s, 599 ft e of 7th Av, 26x99.11; Marie Brody to American Mortgage Co., 46 Cedar St, May 18, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 46 Cedar St....$10,000

142D ST, n s, 241.8 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x99.11; Selma Gollnick to New York Edison Savings and Loan Association, 130 East 15th St, May 19, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$6,000

142D ST, n s, 241.8 ft e of Broadway, 16.8x99.11; Selma Gollnick to Joseph Williams, 440 Riverside Drive, May 19, prior mtg $6,000, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

170TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 75x100; Claire J. Forshew to Margaret Cameron, 241 West 120th St, May 18, prior mtg $87,500, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$12,500

Bronx.

ALBANY CRESCENT, e s, 100.11 ft n of Bailey Av, 112x115x99.71x68.2; Michael J. Martin Corporation to Prospect Investing Co., Purchase, N. Y., May 18, due Oct. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, S. W. Collins, 63 Wall St....$65,000

ANTHONY AV, w s, 50.10 ft n of 180th St, 25.5x83.1; Agnes Viggers to New York Edison Savings and Loan Association, 35 Duane St, May 18, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Beardsley, H. & T., 64 Wall St.$200

BARNES AV, w s, 64.3 ft s of 228th St, 50x106.4; Theresia Manko to Marie D. Altmann, 352 South 7th St., Mount Vernon, N. Y., May 18, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$2,000

CLINTON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 70x107.2; Adavine Construction Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, May 18, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St....$70,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Seymour P. Kurzman, 755 Park Av, prior mtg $70,000, April 27, due May 21; same attorney..$16,000

CLINTON AV, w s, 70 ft n of 180th St, 65.2x105; same to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, May 18, demand, 6 p. c.; same attorney....$45,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Seymour P. Kurzman, 755 Park Av, prior mtg $45,000, April 27, due May 1, 1921, 6 p. c.; attorney same....$12,000

LAURIE AV, n w corner of Appleton Av, 275x100x25x100, land Arnold Av, x 100 to Alice St x 200 to Ponton Av x 400; Mary A. Thornton to Lloyd Bick, 419 West 129th St, prior mtg $2,400, May 18, due Aug. 18, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$5,000

LOT 362, map of Lohbauer Park; Elise Bentz to Dora L. Schreiber, 1,033 Madison Av, Brooklyn, April 10, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, 2,215 Westchester Av....$3,200

LOT 382, Block L, amended map of Mapes Estate; Marie F. Gerz to Elizabeth K. Dooling, 179 East 80th St, May 15, due April 15, 1918, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St....$7,500

LOTS 374 to 376, map of Bensen Estate; Mary A. Thornton to Robert Marshall, 1,814 3d Av, May 18, due July 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $900

LOTS 377 to 381, same map; same to Frank Cotier, 1,814 3d Av, May 18, due July 1, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney same $1,500

PROSPECT AV, 699, w s, 23x95; Benjamin Wernerman to Miltner Brothers, Inc., 63 Henry St, Corona, L. I., (prior mtg $6,000,) May 18, due Nov. 18, 1917, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

TRINITY AV, e s, 127.11 ft n of 147th St, 26.9x65.5; William Nieter to William Gluth, 91 Fort Washington Av., (prior mtg $1,000,) May 18, due as per bond; attorney, William Gluth, 91 Fort Washington Av....$750

W ¼ of e of ½ lot, Q map of Unionport; William B. O'Malley to Francis Druin, 261 Alexander Av., May 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$1,800

133D ST, n s, 450 ft e of Cypress Av, 16.8x103.6; Thomas Knoflick to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St, May 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $3,250

137TH ST, s s, 176.11 ft w of Cypress Av, 37.6x100; Robert N. Kenyon to Mary E. Townley, 924 West End Av, May 14, 3 years; attorneys, W. B. & G. F. Chamberlin, 31 Nassau St....$25,000

147TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Willis Av, 24.1x100; Isabella Trainor and another to Martin H. Meyerhoff, 913 Hudson St, Hoboken, N. J., May 18, 5 years; attorney, Hy. Wendt, 99 Nassau St....$10,000

224TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of White Plains Road, 30x114; Annabella Peebles to Louisa M. Salisbury, 1,760 Topping Av., May 18, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$4,000

228TH ST, n s, being e of ½ lot 117, map of Wakefield, 50x109; Benjamin Polcari to George H. Janss, 1,057 Hoe Av., May 19, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, George H. Janss, 1,057 Hoe Av....$1,150

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

COENTIES SLIP, 4 and 6, double store and basement; Louise Mahuken, Trustee, to Frederick W. Arndt, 1,461 Minford Place, 4 4-12 years from June 1, 1915; attorneys, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av....$1,200

CORTLANDT ST, 51 East, part of basement; Maria R. Friedhoff to Peter Courlas, 53 Greenwich St, 4 6-12 years from March 1, 1915; attorney, Frederick W. Block, 150 Nassau St $1,020

ELDRIDGE ST, 202, all; Marie L. Colle, admx., to Minnie Sobel, 712 Cauldwell Av, 3 years from May 15, 1915; attorney, Otto A. Glasberg, 309 Broadway....$3,352

WARREN ST, 18, the land; Rector, &c., of Trinity Church to Max Weiss, 839 Whitlock Av, 11 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, W. B. Marx, 257 Broadway...$3,000

WOOSTER ST, 222-224, all; Lucius H. Beers et al., Trustee, to Vito Marchesi, 20 Mulberry St, 5 years from May 1, 1915; attorney, Frank Parcarella, 165 B'way....$1,500

2D AV, n w corner of 121st St, 65.11x53.11, the land; Cornelia A. Beekman to Jacob Haltzer, 543 West 125th St, 20 years from May 1, 1915....$1,400

8TH AV, 670, all; Phineas R. Young to Otto Bausch, 670 8th Av, 5 years from May 1, 1915 ....$3,000

8TH ST, n s, 185.7 ft w of Broadway, 25x93.11, the land; Trustees of Sailors Snug Harbor to Walter J. Egan, 507 East 185th St, 21 years from May 1, 1915....$1,800

117TH ST, 408 East, all; Josephine Colin to Giovanni Barba; attorney, D. P. Colin, Red bank, N. J., 2 years from May 1, 1915.$540

Bronx.

WESTCHESTER AV, 1,020, store; American Real Estate Co. to Charles Kervan, White Plains, N. Y., May 15, 1915, to Sept. 30, 1922; attorney on premises...$2,500 to $4,000

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

RUTGER PLACE, 24 to 28; Clinton St, 241 to 251, and Cherry St, 312 and 314; Joseph C. Newman against John A. Anger, owner, (renewal.)....$361.05

MONROE ST, 188 or 190; Joseph C. Newman against John A. Anger, owner, (renewal)....$70

3D AV, 1,708; Knickerbocker Chandelier and Electrical Supply Co. against George Ehret, owner; Patrick F. O'Rourke, contractor..$28

51ST ST, 511 and 513 West; Lucks Brothers against Benjamin Schneider, owner and contractor; Hemingings Contracting Co., contractor....$88

105TH ST, 146 and 148 West; Louis Stein against Harry C. Burdick, owner; Abraham I. Weinstein, contractor....$104.

Bronx.

JESSUP AV, 1,407; Christian Vorndran's Sons against Walter S. and Susan M. Auld, owners and contractors....$225

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

DIVISION ST, 242; Jacob Victor against Abraham Gottlieb et al., Jan. 9, 1915..$180

SAME PROPERTY; Knickerbocker Metal Ceiling Co. against Alter Gottlieb et al., Feb. 24, 1915....$33

SAME PROPERTY; Sam Saritzky et al. against same, Jan. 29, 1915....$150

SAME PROPERTY; Abraham Sachs against same, Jan. 18, 1915....$150

46TH ST, 14 East; Thomas Mulligan Construction Co. against Ritz Realty Corp. et al., March 12, 1915, (canceled)....$7,810

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Bronx.

ALBANY CRESCENT, e s, 100.5 ft n of Bailey Av, 68.1x112; Prospect Investing Co. loans Michael J. Martin Corporation to erect one five-story apartment......$55,000

CLINTON AV, w s, 70 ft n of 180th St, 65.2x105; City Mortgage Co. loans Adavine Construction Corporation to erect one five-story apartment....$41,000

TINTON AV, e s, 52 ft n of 166th St, 48.1x99.07; Title Guarantee and Trust Co. loans Adolphus Realty Corporation to erect one five-story apartment....$27,500

180TH ST, n w corner of Clinton Av, 70x107.1; City Mortgage Co. loans Adavine Construction Corporation to erect one five-story apartment....$51,500

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 42; Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York against Henrietta L. Brown et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. L. Allen.

3D AV, w s, 100.8 ft n of 92d St, 25x100; Benjamin C. Faulkner et al. against Michael Sheridan et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Thompson, Koss & Warren.

11TH AV, 666 and 668, and 48th St, 559 and 561 West; City Real Estate Co. against Isaac Marks et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

38TH ST, s s, 120 ft e of Park Av, 20x98.9; Bertha P. Ronalds against Joseph D. Nagel, M. D., et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

44TH ST, s s, 150 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100; Eliza J. McLaine against William G. McClane et al., (action to cancel deed;) attorney, W. F. Clare.

85TH ST, 343 East; Jacob Regensberg et al. against Dora Isaacson et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Sulzberger.

162D ST, 528 to 540 West; Otis Elevator Co. against H. P. Wright & Co. et al., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, H. L. Brant.

Bronx.

LOT 102, map of Claremont; Ephraim Adler against Nellie Wood et al., (action to compel specific performance of contract;) attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

133D ST, 747 East; City Real Estate Co. against Philip M. Grazier et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

187TH ST, n s, 23.4 ft w of Park Av, 33.4x100; Henry Hollander against Thomas E. Desmond, (action to satisfy judgment;) Sheriff.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

BROOKLYN.

Beautiful Brick Houses
FOR RENT, $30.

Semi-detached brick; 7 rooms; elegantly decorated; on new subway; some for sale, $6,000; little cash; 20 years' time. Booklet. MANAGER, 60A LIBERTY ST., N. Y. Phone Cort. 2552.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.
SEND FOR BOOKLET "T."
SUMMER HOMES FOR RENT.
E. V. PATTERSON & SON.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TODAY

At 12 o'clock noon at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., N. Y. City.

Supreme Court Partition Sale

CHARLES O'SULLIVAN, Esq., Ref.

507-509 Lenox Ave.
(Bet. West 135th & 136th Sts.)
To be sold as one parcel.

No. 507 is a five-story and cellar brick tenement with 2 stores, containing an apartment of 3 rooms and bath in rear of one store and 2 apartments of 5 rooms and bath and 1 apartment of 4 rooms and bath on each floor. Steam heat and hot water.

No. 509 is a 5-story and cellar brick tenement with store, containing 2 apartments of 4 rooms and bath on each floor.

Size of entire plot 46.5x100 x irreg.
PETER COOK, Esq., Atty. for Pltff., 258 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Further particulars from above atty., or

'Phone 744—Cort.
31 Nassau St. N. Y. City.
Joseph P. Day
Auctioneer

Bryan L. Kennelly, Auct'r,
(Bryan L. Kennelly, Inc.) will sell at auction
Friday, May 28th,
at 12 o'clock noon, at the Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., New York City,
Supreme Court Foreclosure Sale,
Dyckman St. Corner Plot.

Size of plot, 103.57 on Dyckman St. by 100 ft. in depth by 183 ft. by irreg.
Situated near new barge terminal and new ferry and only short distance from Dyckman St. Subway station.
McLAUGHLIN & MARTIN, Attorneys, 309 BROADWAY.
Further particulars at Auctioneer's offices, 156 Broadway, N. Y. City.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Brokers, Attention!
Full Commission Paid.

Prepared to erect on various plots owned by me buildings for long term tenants. Further particulars of ALFRED M. RAU, 505 Fifth Avenue.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AN ABSOLUTE SACRIFICE
Value $15,000. Price $10,000.

12 room house, nearly new, in finest section of new Rochelle, 2 baths, hot water heat, gas, electricity; land 100x172, fine shade, garage.
JAMES D. McCANN
221 Huguenot St. (Tel. 451) New Rochelle, N. Y.

FOR SALE: VIOLET OAKLEY HOUSE, BRONXVILLE, N. Y., fifteen minutes from station, in most beautiful section of Lawrence Park. Contains 18 rooms, 4 baths, electric light, steam heat, and about one acre of choice flowers and forest trees. Price $45,000. Address, LAWRENCE PARK REALTY CO., 542 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

"BONNER HOUSE," Bronxville, N. Y., for rent or sale. Distance from station 4 minutes' walk. Contains 17 rooms and 4 baths, electric light, steam heat, beautiful views, and occupies about one acre. Rental $1500 per annum. For particulars address LAWRENCE PARK REALTY CO., 542 Fifth Av., N. Y. C.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY
In Its Entirety,
SOUND—HUDSON—HILLS
Fish & Marvin 527 5TH AV.

2 ACRES Mount Kisco at $6,000.
Absolute sacrifice; modern, 10-room dwelling; spacious stable; fruit orchard; high elevation, views; excellent neighborhood; photos.
FOX REALTY COMPANY,
22 E. 42nd St. 2875 Murray Hill.

Bargains —In Choice— NEW ROCHELLE, PELHAM and LARCHMONT PROPERTY.
Rentals. Furnished and Unfurnished.
★ **O'Connor Real Estate Agency,** ★
221 Huguenot St. Tel. 594 New Rochelle, N. Y.

AT PELHAM MANOR
For rent, furnished, my 9-room cottage, bath, all modern improvements; half acre; convenient to trolley, station 5 minutes' walk; rent for season, $125 per month. Owner, 127 Times.

NEW ROCHELLE
Attractive Summer rentals in furnished homes, near water front and in beautiful [illegible] section near golf course.
MATTHEW DRUMMOND,
Huguenot St. Tel. 3242. New Rochelle.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

NEPONSIT
ON THE ATLANTIC OCEAN.
Houses, immediate occupancy, for sale or rent; furnished or unfurnished; within one hour from office to bathing suit. Frequent train service, Flatbush or Pennsylvania Stations. For information write or phone NEPONSIT REALTY CO., 1 W. 34th St., N. Y., or REALTY ASSOCIATES, 162 Remsen St., Brooklyn.

Long Term Leases
for industrial sites on remarkably advantageous terms in Long Island City, the very heart of New York's industrial centre; 8 minutes to Times Square; great transit facilities; the Barge Canal Terminal adjoining property. Ravenswood Holding Co., 1 Madison Ave. Tel. 730 Gramercy.

READY TO MOVE INTO.
ALL YEAR BUNGALOWS,
5 and 7 Rooms and Bath.
Near ocean, 45 minutes from centre of Manhattan; all improvements, gas, water, electricity, sidewalks, &c.; privilege of bathing beach, &c.; prices, $2,750 and up. TITLE GUARANTEED. EASY TERMS TO QUICK PURCHASERS. Ocean, No. 243 West 34th St., New York.

A NORTHPORT
BUNGALOW BY SOUND.
Artistically built; 7 rooms and improvements, overlooking water, splendid views; safe bathing beach; boating, fishing. Plot, 100x150, in green lawns, bathing houses, beach rights; no reasonable offer refused.
L. B. GILDERSLEEVE, Owner, East Northport, L. I.

FREEPORT
Near water and bay, brand-new six-room house, on plot 50x110 feet, with all modern improvements; hardwood trim; near trolley, stores, churches, schools, &c.; price $4,000; first mortgage $2,500, second mortgage $1,200, payable in easy monthly or quarterly installments. $300 cash makes you the owner. Write BARGAIN, Box L222 Times Downtown.

BELLEROSE
Up to date bungalow; 6 rooms and bath, large plot, 3 blocks from station; 28 minutes out; strictly high-class neighborhood, dry and healthful, tennis court; will sell at cost. Wheeler & Buchanan, 347 5th Av., or on property.

Country Estate at Huntington.
Charming, old-fashioned, homelike place; five acres fertile land, only mile from station. Homestead, 12 large rooms, bath, every convenience; outbuildings; large peach, apple orchard, lawns, shade. Desirable neighborhood, ideal for commuter. Bargain at $7,500. Terms. Theodore S. Hall, 47 West 34th St.

A Cedarhurst Bargain.
New stucco house, 10 rooms, 3 tiled baths; sun parlor; hardwood trim, parquet floors; on 100x100 corner; every city convenience; 32 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; will sacrifice.
H. G. Knowles, 23 Park Av., New York City.

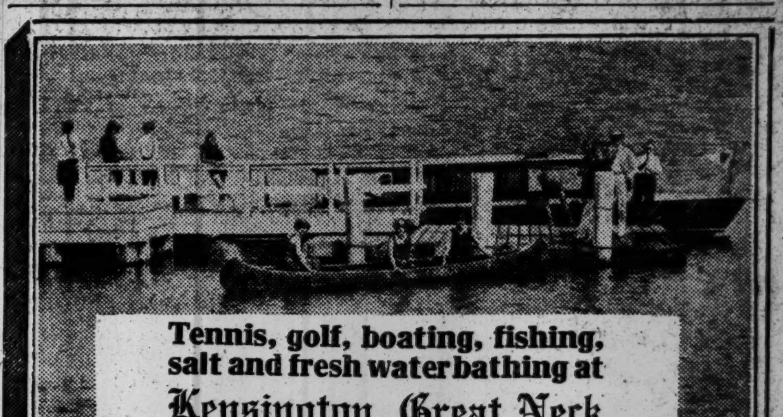
$200 CASH
and $20 monthly buys this beautiful, newly decorated 7-room house, with all modern improvements, on plot 80x125 feet, on South Shore, Long Island; full price $2,500. Great bargain. Address Home, Box L 221 Times Downtown.

A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.
Bank Clerk wishes to dispose of a small bungalow; all modern improvements; boating, bathing, and fishing; within easy commuting distance; also small waterfront building plot, easy terms; no broker. Address E. T., 84 Times.

SEE THIS HOUSE.
Six rooms; large, shaded plot; one hour from city; near station and bathing beach; sell cheap; $100 cash, balance $12 per month. B. Thomas, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

BRENTWOOD Health in BRENTWOOD PINES
New Houses for Sale. Write for full particulars.
Brentwood Realty Co., 1 W. 34th St., N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET. | LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.



Tennis, golf, boating, fishing, salt and fresh water bathing at
Kensington, Great Neck
26 minutes by express trains from Pennsylvania Station. 35 minutes by motor from the Queensboro Bridge. Send for photographs and plans of houses for sale.
Rickert-Finlay Realty Co.
Tel. 5600 Greeley 1 West 34th Street

Forest Hills Gardens
A Forward Movement in Suburban Development

Successfully meeting a growing demand for a community in which design, engineering and stability of construction are the cardinal principles.

Plots and Houses nearing completion, are offered for sale.

Transportation, booklet, or any desired information may be secured by addressing Department S, SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES COMPANY, 47 West 34th Street, New York, or—
FOREST HILLS LONG ISLAND
BY LONG ISLAND (ELECTRIC) R. R. FROM PENNA. STATION.
15 Minutes from Herald Square

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CRAFTSMAN HOMES in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; rent-like terms. Send for booklet. OTTO SINGER, on premises, E. 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Av. J Station, Brighton Beach L.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SEE Kew Gardens FIRST
15 Minutes From Herald Square.
Call, write or phone for list of new houses ready for occupancy. JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., N. Y. Telephone Greeley 5250 and 5251.

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A SNAP
On Easy Terms to Suit.
Near the city, with every city and country advantage offered by a beautiful sheet of water, fine country club; convenient golfing, tennis, boating.

Craftsman Year-Round Home
On Plot 100x175 Feet.
Stucco Construction.
BEST OF COMMUTATION, LACKAWANNA R. R., TO N. Y. CITY.
There are ten rooms, three beautifully equipped bath rooms; all modern improvements.
See this home and verify by making comparisons. Address
Room 612, 168 Broadway, N. Y.
Tel. 1523 Cortlandt.

COMMUTER'S DAINTY HOME
Beautifully situated; parklike surroundings; elevation; large plot, garden soil; attractive cottage, 7 fine rooms, 2 baths, hall, butler's pantry; steam heat; oak floors; fireplace; dining room ceiling beamed, walls panelled; built-in china closet; tiled bathroom, porcelain fixtures; expensive gas, electric fixtures; gas range; entrance porch; wide side porch; view; right in Madison, population 6,000; Lackawanna Railroad, 70 trains; less than hour Broadway; bargain; $5,500; terms.
ALLABOUGH & SON 150 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

ON THE PALISADES
Directly Opposite 110th St., N. Y. City
LOTS 25x100 FT.; 2 BLKS. FROM TROLLEY.
PRICE **$195** **Terms $10 Down. $5 Monthly**
Five-minute trolley service; 5-cent fare to Jersey City, Hoboken, Bayonne and Hudson Tubes; 2 public schools on property; convenient to churches and stores; in the most beautiful and ideal home section of New Jersey; title guaranteed. For full information, write, call or phone Greeley 3050. R. E. PENDERGRAST, Room 714, 47 W. 34th St., N. Y.

AT PICTURESQUE NUTLEY
Charming Spanish mission house, on large corner plot, in private residence section; enclosed living porch, huge living room, with open fireplace; beautiful dining room, model "all-gas" kitchen, five good bedrooms and tiled bathroom (many special features); highest class construction; price $8,000; exceptional value. Photos, terms, &c., W. A. Lambert, Architect, 233 Broadway, N. Y. 'Phone 6984 Barclay.

THIS LAKE IS BEAUTIFUL
Less than hour Manhattan; 4 miles station; 125 acre estate; most charming deep 30-acre lake, entirely within property; well stocked; 700 feet elevation; two houses; positively only lake opportunity so near New York; it's a beauty; great bargain at $13,500; photos.
ALLABOUGH & SON 150 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

CHARMING SUBURBAN HOME
Nearly two acres; right in Madison, the choice town; beautiful elevated location; quantities all kinds large and small fruits, hennery; attractive house, perfect condition; steam heat, bath, electricity, gas, city water; $6500; worth $8500. Terms.
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YOUR VACANT LOTS
taken as first payment on new house half hour out. Balance of purchase price easy monthly payments. No cash required. No letters answered, no salesmen, no free excursions. If you mean business, call on me, BECKER, ROOM 178, 50 CHURCH ST., N. Y.

$8,800 Beautiful Residence, all latest appointments, large living room, solarium, large dining room, butler's pantry, genuine tile kitchen, 6 bedrooms, 2 baths, 1 genuine tile with shower, sleeping porches, open fireplace; I consider it superior to any $10,000 house on the market. MURDOCH, Opp. Lackawanna Ter., Montclair.

$75 CASH $25 monthly, which includes taxes and interest, buys complete 6-room and bath, all-year home, half hour out. Full price $2,800. No use to write. Call at once if you want bargain.
DELMONT, Room 181, 50 Church St., N. Y.

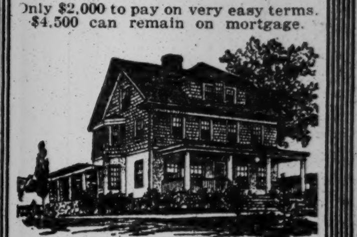
Farms Best for the money. Dairy, Grain, Fruit, Poultry and Potato. ALL SIZES. MANY BARGAINS. BUHOT FARM AGENCY, 110 W. 34th St., N. Y., or Flemington, N. J.

HANDSOME HOUSE
Six rooms and bath; price $3,200; $500 cash required; new and modern; 30 minutes from Manhattan; good location; schools, &c. Waggoner, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., City.

Long Branch—Ocean Frontage
From tidewater to Avenue, 70x500 feet, large cottage, mainly furnished, $8,000. Worth double. Bargain; act quickly.
ALLABOUGH & SON 150 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A GENUINE BARGAIN
$9,000 Home
Will Be Sold for $6,500
Only $2,000 to pay on very easy terms. $4,500 can remain on mortgage.



Beautiful nine-room Country Home on plot 100x200 feet, situated in the mountains overlooking lake—actual lake rights to purchaser; 800 feet elev.; no mosquitoes; best of water sports; electricity; parquet floors; all conveniences. Compare this house with any you have seen. Write or call for photographs.
RAYMOND BARNES,
170 B'way, N. Y. Tel. 1522 Cort.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

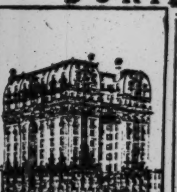
Office, Studio, TO LET **20 E. 42d St.**
LIGHT—NEW—REASONABLE
Look them over—see Supt., 2d floor.

BENNETT BUILDING,
Nassau, Fulton to Ann Streets.
Fine Suites Offices. All Outside Light.
Every Convenience, Best Service & Attention.
Fast Running Elevators.
Agent on Premises. Room 904, 93 Nassau St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

West Side.

DORILTON



MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE.
Unusual sunny exposure. Express subway station 100 feet away. Free electric light and refrigeration. One each of 7 and 9 room vacancies at $2,000 and $3,500. See resident superintendent.
BROADWAY & 71ST ST.

THE OSBORNE
205 WEST 57TH ST.
14 Room Apartment with
5 Master Bedrooms, having ideal servants' quarters.
To be rented furnished or unfurnished. Also
8 Room Apartment with
2 Baths. Extra servants' rooms.

Attractive Corner Apartments
9 ROOMS. 2-3 Baths. | Near 86th St. "L" and Subway Stations.
High class, fireproof house; selected tenants.
RENTS REASONABLE.
WILLIAM R. WARE, B'way & 86th.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

West Side, Above 110th Street.

590 West 172ND ST.
Corner St. Nicholas Ave.
ALTA VISTA
High Class Elevator Apts.
Extraordinarily Large, Airy and Sunny Rooms.
Foyer Hall in each Apt.
Supt. on Premises.
3 ROOMS $35
4 ROOMS 40
5 ROOMS 50
6 ROOMS 60

"Hillcrest" and "Pinecrest"
West Bronx Heights, corners 166th St. and Woodycrest Av.; modern apartments, three, four, five rooms, $24 to $32; all improvements, including electric light and telephone service; near new subway and Jerome Av. Take Ogden Av. cars at 155th or 181st St., Manhattan.

PORT ROYAL, 246 W. 129th
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT; OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT; MODERATE RENTS. BIG VALUE.
6 Large, Light Rooms.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—CHARLES GOODWIN EMERY ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of Joseph Atwell, Surrogate of the County of Jefferson, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Charles Goodwin Emery, late of the Town of Clayton, in said County of Jefferson, deceased, that they are required to present the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, the Executors, &c., of said deceased, at their place of transacting business at the office of James T. Kilbreth and Henry G. Schackno, No. 45 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on or before the 30th day of July next.

Dated the 25th day of January, 1915.

FRANK WHITNEY EMERY,
LUCIEN OUDIN,
Executors.

JAMES T. KILBRETH, HENRY G. SCHACKNO, Attorneys for Executors, 45 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

City Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

We offer exceptional east side site for high-class apartment; partly financed. Ewing, Bacon & Henry, 101 Park Av.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7848.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave

HOPKINS & BOYD
Real Estate Management, 5 West 89th St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

LYRIC THEATRE,
Boston Road, near McKinley Square, facing Union Av., taken in exchange by builder, will sell at big sacrifice, alteration to suit or lease long term; size 38x140. John H. Loscarn, 3,651 Third Av., near 169th St. Telephone, Tremont 2196. Hours 8:30 to 9:30, 4 to 6.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful water-front home of 7 rooms, bath, and all modern improvements; near station and bathing beach; 3 minutes from pier, float, and clubhouse; fine lawn and shade trees; makes ideal all-year home; ½ hour from city; terms easy; perfect title. R. A. Stephenson, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Phone 8690 Prospect.

Wonderful all-year home, 30 minutes out; 7 rooms and bath, all improvements; large plot; apple, peach and pear trees, shrubbery, berries, &c.; chicken house; great bargain; investigate at once; easy terms. Call till 8 P. M., B. Park, 171 Flatbush Av., Bklyn.

Forced to sell fine home of 7 rooms and bath; only 28 minutes from city; electric light, heat, &c.; on two elegant lots; need $125 cash at once; balance $18 per month; will give big bargain to quick buyer. T. B. Box 75 Times Downtown.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let

Residence, attractive bargain; 15 minutes. Apply Howard Barlow, telephone Richmond Hill 722.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$100,000 free and clear gentleman's estate; take apartment or loft building, small mortgage preferred. Owners reply, 2,840 Broadway, Room 6.

Houses and lots exchanged for income property or acreage; fine income investments. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica, L. I.

Real Estate Wanted.

HEBREW BACHELOR wishes board and room, with running water and bath, in private family; west side preferred. Write Permanent, 1,335 3d Av.

Accessible subdivisions wanted anywhere for immediate selling. Baker, 7 East 42d.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

New houses in Van Cortlandt Terrace. Rollins Bros., cor. Broadway & Oakmont Av.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

Brooklyn.

SHORE ROAD, BAY RIDGE,
Between 70th and 71st Sts.,
House, fully furnished, 11 rooms, with small garage; July, August, and September; rent, $450. Apply on premises. M. S. Lott.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty cents an agate line.

ONLY ONE FLOOR LEFT.
11,100 SQUARE FEET.
HEAVIEST BUILDING ON MANHATTAN.
MONAHAN EXPRESS COMPANY BUILDING, 216-222 WEST 18TH ST.

THE SUB-LEASING CO., 1,472 Broadway.—Offices and lofts to SUBLET at attractive rentals, all parts of city. Put it up to us. 'Phone 5785-5786 Bryant.

Offices to let—Transit Bldg. & Annex, 7 E. 42 St. & 10 E. 43 St. Homer Foote, Jr., Agt.

LOFT, light 4 sides, 14th St. & Seventh Av. E. S. Willard & Co., 52 William St.

Large parlor floor for business purpose. Apply afternoons, 159 West 44th St.

Madison Av., 180-182, near 34; parlors, basement, parquet floors; electricity, telephone.

Country Property

Thirty cents an agate line.

To Let—Furnished.

Modern cottage to rent, fully furnished, 9 extra large rooms, 2 bathrooms, electric lights, gas range, 3 open fire places; richly decorated; ½ acre ground; exceptionally beautiful location on Manhasset Bay; highly restricted development; bathing, sailing, tennis; electric express; 33 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; $800 season; to be seen any day. George Renner, Plandome, N. Y. Telephone Manhasset 341-W.

Twin Lakes, Conn., Berkshire Hills.—For rent for season, furnished cottage; 8 rooms, sleeping porch; 100 feet on lake; bathing, auto accommodation, rowing. J. Mortimer Bell, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

Sea Cliff, L. I.—Twelve-room cottage, within 500 ft. bathing; all improvements; exceptionally neat and nicely furnished; no mosquitos; $500 season. E. Vandenhove.

WYCHMERE SEASHORE COTTAGES, Cape Cod; completely furnished; all comforts; $225 up; booklet. Box 55, South Harwich, Mass.

Most beautiful house; Wendell Av., Pittsfield, Mass.; 23 rooms, furnished. Sadie T. Crane, Dalton, Mass.

Manhattan Beach.—Gentlemen can have refined, exclusive home; moderate; privacy. T 148 Times.

To Let—Unfurnished.

Rent eleven rooms; excellent location; near trains and trolleys; rent low, desirable tenant. H. A. Conway, 16th, Flushing.

Wanted.

WANTED—Cottage of 5 or 6 bedrooms, living room, dining room, and kitchen, at a high altitude and on or near a lake, preferably on Lake George or in the Berkshires; cottage to be conveniently near large hotel, from which meals can be served to the cottage when required or which would supply provisions to be cooked at the cottage when desired.
A garage is also required.
The cottage is wanted for a Cuban planter, who will furnish his own servants. L 283 Times Downtown.

Property Out of the City

Thirty cents an agate line.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

AN EXTRAORDINARY OPPORTUNITY
THE BANKING DEPARTMENT
State of New York
Offers at private sale over 1,000 parcels of real estate located at Grantwood, Morsemere, Leonia, Hudson Heights, Palisade, and Edgewater, New Jersey, (about opposite Grant's Tomb,) consisting of modern houses and bungalows and high-class building lots.
BARGAIN PRICES PREVAIL.
The above properties are owned by two corporations in process of liquidation, and the extremely low prices are calculated to bring quick sales and hasten the closing of the companies' business. Liberal terms. Title guarantee policies furnished free with all sales. Now is the time to purchase, while the range of choice is greatest. For full information address Benj. D. Haight, Special Deputy Supt. of Banks, care of Banking Department, 61 Broadway, New York City.

A REAL HOME, $6,500; EASY TERMS; beautiful homestead on Sunset Hill; plot 100x175 feet; high in Kititinny Mts.; fine old trees; superb views; overlooks the water; ten rooms, two tiled baths; huge living room, with imposing open fireplace; ceilings are beamed, walls paneled in hardwood; huge veranda on two sides; also open terrace; near express station Lackawanna R. R.; 51 minutes; commutation; house has steam heat, electricity, and every up-to-date convenience; convenient to Country Club, golf, tennis, boating; call; compare this house with any you have seen priced at $8,000 to $9,000. A. B. Mc., Suite 612, 170 Broadway, N. Y.

Unique English cottage in residential park, easy commuting distance N. Y.; express trains; large studio living room, with open balcony to bedrooms, sleeping porch, garden; beautiful mountain view; city conveniences; price $6,250, cash $500, balance easy terms; couldn't be duplicated at this price. Owner, M 32 Times.

Illness compels sale my beautiful 6-room modern house; commuting distance; 5 minutes to station, school; easy terms; cost $4,200, price $3,100. Mrs. Nichols, 2 Nagle Av. 6956 Audubon.

Bungalows and cottages; all modern improvements; large plots; excellent location; exceptional quality and price; would rent to intending buyers. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Will build house or bungalow, near New York, on large plot near station, viewing Manhattan skyscrapers, on terms like rent. Samuel Kraft, 30 Church St., New York.

Best in Ridgewood; beautiful house, ten rooms, bath, improvements; excellent neighborhood; plot 88x200; sell or rent; bargain. 160 Prospect St., Ridgewood, N. J.

JERSEY CITY HEIGHTS.—Beautiful, furnished home, 7 rooms, bath; New York 20 minutes; $50 month. 3 Emory St., Jersey City.

Bungalow plots, 50x300, on fishing, boating, bathing river; hour out; near station; $10 monthly. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

Fine sixteen-room house, opposite Grant's Tomb, overlooking Hudson River, on bluff; sale or lease. C. Stack, 406 Lafayette St.

GREATER RUTHERFORD, N. J.
Lists houses to rent, sale, free; full information. Boosters, Box 57, Rutherford.

Fanwood houses and lots for sale; easy terms. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

Westfield—Seven new houses; also lots. H. C. Lockwood Co., Woolworth Bldg.

ALL ABOUT NEARBY JERSEY.
Publicity Manager, (R. 512,) 30 Church, N. Y

Property Out of the City

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

For Sale—New 9-room concrete, hollow-tile dwelling; gas, electric light; hot-water heat; hardwood floors, open fireplace, tubs, sanitary plumbing; river view; 5 minutes to station; lot 50x124; price $7,500, cash $1,500; also same style cottage, 7 rooms, $7,000. James L. Taylor, Agent, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. Phone 124.

If you cannot find what you want, do not be discouraged; send us the details of what you are looking for and what you can afford to pay; we will try to fill your order. James L. Taylor, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. Phone 124.

Katonah, N. Y.—Attractive home, 9 rooms, all improvements; stable; assortment fruit; near schools, churches, and lakes; 1⅛ acres; $11,000. Reed & Clark Co., White Plains, N.Y.

HOUSE PLANS and specifications made according to your ideas. Rousseau, 2 E. 23d.

Homes and Home Sites; Sale or Rent.
Maxwell Smith, Greenacres, Hartsdale, N. Y.

Larchmont.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

Scarsdale.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

YOUR RENT MONEY CAN BE MADE TO pay for a beautiful Colonial brick home in JAMAICA—18 minutes from N. Y.; hundreds of trains a day. See Samuel Knopf, 220 West 42d St., or representative on premises, 55 Middletown St., two blocks north L. I. R. R. Station, Jamaica.

Beautiful bungalow of 5 rooms and bath; improvements; open fireplace, beam ceiling, &c.; spacious veranda; magnificent view of country for miles around; near beach and dock; all water sports; great bargain; terms to suit. B. Shorefront, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

$12 monthly buys this poultry farm; 6-room house; chicken house; shade trees; large plot for poultry and vegetables; can sell products right in town of 10,000; hour out; $100 down. Call till 8 P. M., D. Farm, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

FOR LOW COST, high-grade bungalows, visit Brightwaters; Booklet 3 on request. T. B. ACKERSON CO., 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

Modern cottage of 6 rooms and bath near Garden City; sacrifice at $2,300; easy terms. B. Welch, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Must sacrifice house, seven rooms, Hempstead village; $2,900; worth $4,500. Roddy, Hempstead, L. I.

Connecticut—For Sale or to Let.

For Sale.—Five beautiful estates on Connecticut coast; two near New Haven, three near New London; prices $14,000 to $70,000. Address for full particulars, E. Nordfeldt, Groton, Connnecticut.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

Apartments to let, furnished or unfurnished; high-class hotel service; Summer prices now in effect, restaurant; two rooms and bath, furnished, $40 monthly and up.
Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.
Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Lexington Av., 223, near 34th St.,
2 Rooms and Bath,
for bachelor; furnished;
to sublet at attractive price.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

EIGHT rooms, three baths, seventh floor, open Southern exposure, new apartment house, Sixties near Park Av.; Summer months reasonable. H. Wheeler, 84 Williams St.

130 East 67th St.—Handsomely furnished, cool corner apartment, five rooms and bath, to sublet at Summer rates. Superintendent, Plaza 3867.

Tastefully furnished high-class apartments to let. Inquire George Rosenfeld Co., Inc., 51 East 42d St., or telephone Murray Hill 1936.

Doctor's Office.—Desirable location; furnished or unfurnished; Summer rate; 2 rooms, bath. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

Floor, furnished, four rooms, bath; telephone; private house; $35 month. Melrose 9001.

Very attractive 2 large rooms, kitchenette, bath; quiet; will let unfurnished. Plaza 558.

West Side.

A. A.—THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
1 room and bath, $25 up.
2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $40 up. } By month
3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $45 up. } or year.
Exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable tenants. Phone, elevator service; maid service optional.
Near Subway, "L," and surface cars.
REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.
Superintendent on premises. Phone 9920 Col.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA, } 1 2 & 3 ROOMS
100 Cathedral Parkway, } SPECIALLY
110th St. and Col. Av. } ATTRACTIVE
with private bath and kitchenette, nicely furnished; $30-$40-$50 up monthly.
Complete outfit—Dishes, silver, cooking utensils.
SPECIAL CONCESSIONS
on lease and unfurnished to October 1st.
Near Subway and "L"; must be seen to be appreciated. Phone River. 3970.

THE ALCAZAR.
215-217 Manhattan Av., corner 109th.
Elegantly furnished, 2, 3 rooms, kitchenette bath; high-class elevator building; near "L," Subway, Central Park; rent, $30, upward; references essential; restaurant in building Phone River 10200 and 9735. Open evenings.

A.—A.—A.—Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th, near Riverside. Why live in hotels when you can get 2 to 5 room apartments and housekeep? Strictly high-class, cozily furnished; maid service and linen; restaurant; $10 to $20 weekly or $40 to $85 monthly.

A.—A.—A.—Schuyler Arms, 307 West 98th, near Riverside. Why live in hotels when you can get 2 to 5 room apartments and housekeep? Strictly high-class, cozily furnished; maid service and linen; restaurant; $10 to $20 weekly or $40 to $85 monthly.

77th and Broadway, (The Wellsmore.)—Sixth floor, 7 rooms, 2 baths, all outside rooms; southeastern exposure; references essential; Summer months, perhaps longer. Heine.

OPPORTUNITY.—To sublet, furnished duplex studio apartment; 7 large, light rooms, bath; West 67th St., near Central Park; July 1 to Sept. 15; rental reasonable to responsible party. W 18 Times.

ST. ALBANS, 515 WEST 110TH STREET
Handsomely furnished apartment, five rooms and bath, all outside, southerly exposure, 11th floor; June 1st to Oct. 1st. Apply Superintendent.

THE VAN DYCK AND SEVERN,
Broadway, (Amsterdam Av.,) 72d to 73d St., overlooking Sherman Square, offer apartments, furnished, of six and eight rooms and two baths. Manager, 175 West 72d St. Telephone Columbus 3547.

An exceptionally nice housekeeping apartment of four rooms, completely furnished, in West 72d St.; the rental includes the services of a capable maid, who is a good cook. Apply to Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. 'Phone 5700 John.

The Chelsea, 222 West 23d St.—Very desirable hotel housekeeping apartment, $1,000; very reasonable; bay window; southern exposure; quiet and high. E. C. Dillingham, 140 Nassau St., or The Chelsea.

ANSONIA HOTEL.—Beautiful 3 rooms and bath, 7 windows facing Riverside Drive; reasonable rent, from May 22 until Oct. 1; hotel service. Apply Apt. 1,610 before 12 noon.

Artistic, comfortable apartment, top floor modern elevator building; large living room, bedroom, bath, kitchen; all outside, newly furnished; June, October. 321 West 55th. Fancher.

A handsomely furnished 5 and 6 rooms, 2 baths, elevator apartment; northeast corner 80th St. and Broadway; overlooking Hudson; immediate possession. 3715 Schuyler. Bignell.

Handsomely furnished, unfurnished apartment, 11 rooms, 3 baths, 116 Riverside Drive, 9 windows, facing Drive. Phone Cook, 4250 Schuyler.

SUBLET FOR SUMMER.
525 West End Av. Tel. 5896 Schuyler. Handsomely, fully furnished seven-room apartment; three baths; piano; June to September.

515 West 121st St., (The Bancroft.)—Ideal Summer apartment; 3 rooms, kitchenette; exposure north, east, south; overlooking Columbia campus; to Oct. 1; restaurant service. Mariner.

Rent own home; high-class elevator apartment; two rooms, kitchenette, bath, piano, phonograph; $40. Phone 8080 Cathedral, Armstrong.

Handsomely furnished apartments, long, short leases; Summer rates. Clark Realty Co., 30 East 42d. Phone Murray Hill 5392.

112th St., West, 612.—Seven rooms, beautifully furnished; piano; reasonable. Inquire Telephone Operator.

Very desirable five-room apartment; largest and best apartment house in Washington Heights. Apply T. Light, 561 West 141st.

7 Rooms and bath, West 88th St.; handsomely furnished; low rentals; Summer or longer; references. J. T., 587 Times.

Attractice, modern apartment; large, sunny rooms; Steinway piano; bargain. Heyn 318 West 84th.

Beautiful seven rooms, two baths; sacrifice less than unfurnished; rental $75; immediate if desired. Bressler, 523 W. 112th.

Handsomely furnished elevator apartment, 203 West 81st. Coyle. Telephone 5520 Schuyler. Concessions.

Artist's Studio.—Large, fully furnished kitchenette room; suite optional. X 273 Times Annex.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Staten Island.

THE WILLOWS, Huguenot Park on the Beach.—Trees, porches; excellent cuisine; no mosquitos; select accommodations; boating, bathing, tennis; references.

Westchester.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Spring and Summer engagements now made; spacious dining room; unexcelled home cooking; river view. W. E. Robinson, 2161 Yonkers.

Long Island.

W. MacLEVY PHYSICAL CULTURE FARM, Babylon, L. I.—Nature's methods; interviews. Gymnasium, 352 4th Av., New York. Tel. 3686 Madison Square.

New York State.

Modern gentleman's place; poultry, fruit, vegetable, dairy farm; home comforts; $10-$12; booklet; 90 miles. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster Co., N. Y.

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CONVALESCENTS, invalids, elderly people; ideal conditions; near N. Y.; booklet. Dr. T. Ellis, Metuchen, N. J.

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WYKEHAM INN,
Washington, Conn.,
will open for season June 23d; finest location in the Berkshire foothills; pure air; sparkling water; broad verandas; golf, tennis; booklet.
GEO. T. SANGER, MGR.

THE GUNNERY INN,
Washington, Conn., open June 28. An ideal place for your Summer vacation. Fresh fruit, milk, and vegetables. Near country club, golf, and tennis. Same management as Wykeham Inn. Booklet. Geo. T. Sanger, Mgr.

Massachusetts.

A GRADUATE NURSE and masseuse will accommodate three or four people desiring rest, quietness, or care, with wholesome food, in the country; reasonable. Telephone 2935 Riverside. Mrs. W. B. Goodrich, 135 West 104th St.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

West Side.

Riverside Drive, 548.—Seven rooms, light and cool; unexcelled view Hudson River, Claremont grounds, Palisades Park; June to October; silver and linen supplied; $75. 5790 Morningside. Apartment 6C.

To sublet to careful parties, beautiful, bright apartment; newly furnished bedroom, living room, kitchen, bath; rare bargain; $15 week. Inquire Supt., Astor Apts., 305 West 45th, Seabury Apt.

Sublet.—Spacious 2 and 4-room apartment; completely furnished. 507 West 113th.

Furnished apartment, 3 rooms, elevator; after 7 P. M. Apt. 2A, 590 West 172d St.

Sublet, 2 beautiful rooms until Oct. 1. Apply Hotel Ansonia, Room 731.

169th, 96 West.—Two-family; eight large, light rooms, bath, all improvements; electricity; extra large sunny parlor; $40.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

122d St., 61 East.—Six rooms, private hall, bath; hot water; near Mount Morris Park; $23.

140th St., 505 East, (near Brook Av.)—Seven large, light rooms and bath; steam heat and hot water; $30-$33; concessions.

Parlor floor, with kitchenette, $65. 13 Park Av., near 33d subway.

West Side.

An exceptionally nice housekeeping apartment of four rooms, completely furnished, to sublet in West 72d St.; the rental includes the services of a capable maid, who is a good cook. Apply to Wm. A. White & Sons, 46 Cedar St. 'Phone 5700 John.

159 WEST 45TH ST.
Near Broadway; elegant apartments; 7 light rooms and bath; beautifully decorated; steam heat, electric light; hot-water supply; elevator; hall boys. Apply to Superintendent, on premises.

2, 3, AND 4 ROOMS.
Unfurnished, $40 to $75; furnished, $50 to $90.
POINCIANA, 120TH ST. AND AMSTERDAM AV., overlooking Columbia Campus.
Supt. on prem., or Bing & Bing, 119 W. 40th.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11-room apartments, $4,000-$6,000.
Apply Supt., or 'phone Col. 4020.

703-705 WEST 180TH ST.
Modern apartment for rent; five all light rooms and bath. Apply Supt., on premises.

Amsterdam Av., 573, near 88th St.—Three and four large, light rooms; steam heat and hot water; very attractive; modern flats; $19-$28.

Choice 10-room apartment, 3 baths, landing point of the fleet. 67 Riverside Drive, 79th, two blocks from subway.

15th, 229 West.—Three and four room flats; modern improvements; decorated; convenient.

5 LARGE ROOMS AND BATH, $50-$60.
City conveniences; suburban attractions.
40 Morningside Av., cor. W. 118th St.

1,911 Anthony Av. and 263 East Tremont Av., (adjoining;) 4, 5, 6 rooms; all modern improvements; $26-$38.

92d St., West, 214.—7 rooms, $1,100 up; also corner apartment. Lewis B. Preston, Inc., 165 Broadway.

12th, 132 West.—Desirable apartment, six rooms, bath; improvements; rent $45. Janitor.

ATTRACTIVE APARTMENTS TO LET.
MANCHESTER, 108TH ST. & BROADWAY.

Apartments to sublet on the upper west side, 4 to 10 rooms. Write Z, Box T 25 Times.

540 West 122d St.—Desirable five-room apartment; modern improvements. See Janitor.

Desirable west side apartments, four to ten rooms. Paterno Bros., 601 West 115th St.

127th, 79 West.—Six large rooms, bath, hot water, steam heat; near Subway; $26.

182 West 58th St.—An apartment most attractive; 14 rooms and 5 bathrooms.

Furnished and unfurnished apartments to let; Hudsonia, 815 West 79th St.

1,090 St. Nicholas Av.—Five, six, seven rooms and bath; $45 to $55.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

7th Av., 54th St.—The Adlon; high-class apartments to let.

8th Av., 152, near 17th St.—Four, five large, light rooms; $22.

Bronx.

Bainbridge Av. and 200th St.—4-5-6 rooms, $26-$34-$42; class of tenants absolutely restricted. Apply premises. Phone 3030 Fordham.

$18.00.—Elegant 3 large room apt.; steam heat, hot water, bath, electric light, phone. 1003-1005 Tinton Avenue.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park Privileges.)—Large, small, cool rooms; private bath; excellent table; references; phone.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Large and single rooms, with board.

63D, 30 EAST.—Large and single rooms; excellent board; parlor dining; reasonable.

89TH, (1,345 Lexington Av.)—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; moderate; telephone. Gross.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST.—Attractive double room; private bath; excellent table; single rooms; telephone.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

22D ST., 327 WEST.
The Elm. Telephone Chelsea 2554.
Single room, $7 to $15 weekly.
Double room, $15 to $20 weekly.
All home cooking. Table the best.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Single and double rooms; private baths; references.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful room, artistically furnished; electric light; balcony overlooking Central Park; fine Southern cooking; suit people desiring comfortable, cool home for Summer.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms, private baths; $7-$14 up; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; homelike house; table guests accommodated; references exchanged.

71ST, 62 WEST.—Double rooms; private baths; electricity; single rooms; Summer prices.

72D, 261, 263, 265 WEST.—Superior double rooms, with or without private bath; entire floor for family or for four gentlemen.

72D, 253 WEST.—Large, cool, attractively furnished rooms; superior table; $10 and $15; reasonable.

74TH ST., 131 WEST—20TH YEAR.
Sunny rooms, baths; excellent table; references.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; excellent board; refined house; table guests.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive pensions; large parlors and lounge; private telephones. Booklet on request.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; satisfaction guaranteed; reasonable rates.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; new high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Excellent accommodations; private baths; continuous hot water; excellent cuisine.

82D, 124 WEST.—(Graycourt) now open for transients and permanent residents; attractive; modern; references; table guests. Write for booklet.

82D ST., 54 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private baths; excellent table; references; table board.

82D, 174 WEST, (The Little House.)—Single room; exceedingly homey atmosphere; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; permanent, transit; table boarders.

83D ST., 17 WEST.
Large room, southern exposure; high-class Jewish house; home surroundings; moderate.

86TH, 51 WEST.—Attractive third floor front; private bath; Summer rates.

86TH, 114 WEST.—SMALL ROOM, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE; REFERENCE.

88TH, 261 WEST.—Large front room, all conveniences; table guests accomomdated; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Large, small rooms; electricity, shower; unusually fine table; Summer rates.

93D, 21 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; Park, "L"; board optional.

94TH, 18 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity; near Park; suite and single; reference.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; electricity; closets; unexcelled cuisine; references.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; closets, water; good meals; telephone.

146TH ST., 418 WEST.—Furnished room, board; moderate; small American family; electricity; phone.

A LADY having a beautiful home off Central Park West, in the 80's, would like two paying guests. Telephone Schuyler 8657.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 147, (Corner 87th.)—Ideal Summer location; beautiful rooms, single or en suite, in exclusive boarding house; private bath, electricity, elevator; garage; attractive Summer rates; board optional; gentlemen preferred. Stein.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855.—The Woodbury; 2 blocks north 157th Subway; wonderful grounds.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming Summer hotel of highest order.
Grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c. fare.
Lovely furnished rooms, suites, every comfort.
Excellent chef and service; separate tables.
Delightful atmosphere; worth investigation.
Weekly $9-$12 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.
Take Subway, "L," or trolley to South Ferry.

WEST END AV., 531.—Large and small rooms; Summer rates; electricity; Southerners catered to; excellent cuisine; references.

Brooklyn.

WOODRUFF AV., 68.—Unusually large, elegantly furnished rooms; singly, en suite; private bath; every modern convenience; exceptional board; high-class appointments; overlooking Prospect Park; twenty minutes Park Row. Telephone 7567 Flatbush.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

15th, 105 East, (overlooking park, Apt. 71.)—Parlor suite; elevators, telephone; reasonable.

29TH, 118 EAST.—Attractive rooms; private family; telephone; all conveniences; near Subway.

17th St., 130 East.—Comfortable, well-furnished rooms; bedroom floor; reasonable.

36TH, 138 EAST.—Attractice rooms; every convenience; board optional; transient; references required.

37TH, 18 EAST.—Small and large rooms, newly decorated; telephone; conveniences; reasonable.

53D, 65 EAST.—Large and small, airy rooms, all conveniences; private house; telephone.

34TH, 120 EAST.—Large, beautifully furnished room, high-class apartment, $35 monthly to couple or two gentlemen; references. Morrison.

56th, 83 East.—Elegant rooms; exclusive location; suitable couple; Summer rates; French house.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 529.—Single or suite, with private baths and phone; Summer rates.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY, residing two blocks east from park, offers large room, or wishes quiet, permanent person liking French cooking and conversation. W 20 Times.

West Side.

17TH, 56 WEST.—Beautiful, spotless clean rooms; hot water always; select house.

32D ST., Between B'way and Fifth Av.—Rooms with private bath; $9 and $12 per week; same rate for two persons in room. Hotel Aberdeen.

32D ST., (off Broadway, New Hotel Strand.)—Large, light rooms, with private bath, $9, $10, $12 per week; same rate for one or two people in room; some rooms at $7 per week.

47TH, 9 WEST.—Private home; desirable rooms; every convenience; electricity.

49TH, 47 WEST.—Doctor's office, service; suites, baths, elevator.

51ST, 72 WEST.—Single and large rooms; next to bath; all improvements.

52D, 55 WEST.—Large room; hot and cold running water; adjoining bathroom; electricity; telephone; gentleman only; reference.

53D, 62 WEST.—Attractive large room; private bath; hall room; also small rooms; reasonable.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath; gentlemen; references.

57TH, 260 WEST.—Large, light rooms; modern improvements; Subway, L; references. Hammond.

57TH, 155 WEST.—Large, small rooms for gentlemen; near all cars; Summer rates.

58TH, 346 WEST.—Elegant large room; private bath; small room; phone; references.

58TH, 49 WEST.—Furnished rooms and studios; very attractive.

68TH, 68 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath, alcove; service unrivaled.

70TH, 200 WEST.—Delightful single, double, en suite, suitable dentist or doctor; Summer rates. Lewis.

71ST ST., 236 WEST.—Beautifully furnished suite or single rooms; electricity, telephone; private house; references.

71ST, 218 WEST.—Large, small rooms, $4; electricity, shower bath, running water; no rooming house; single or couple.

72D, 253 WEST.—Cool, attractively furnished rooms; $4-$5; table optional; superior appointments.

72D, 248 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; also parlor floor; table guests. Col. 1894; references.

73D ST, WEST.
Two exceptionally attractive adjoining rooms, with bath; strictly private family; references; gentlemen; no other roomers. X 287 Times Annex.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private baths; "L," Subway express; references.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Private family; large room; high class; references; owner.

75TH ST., 46 WEST.—Comfortably furnished parlor suite; also single room; low Summer rates.

75TH, 58 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; private bath; kitchenette optional; reasonable; delightful location for Summer; convenient Subway, elevated.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Newly furnished private house; large, small rooms; private bath; breakfast.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Front room; private bath; electricity; excellently kept house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive front rooms; handsome back parlor, with private bath.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive room; all conveniences; superior house; reference; reasonable.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive double, single rooms; all conveniences; Summer rates.

78TH, 166 WEST.—Exceptionally well furnished, large, front room; electricity; telephone; Subway.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Two beautiful front rooms, well kept; reduced rates; Subway.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, cool front room; all modern conveniences; Summer rates.

81ST, 251 WEST.—UNUSUALLY DESIRABLE large, sunny front room; high-class elevator apartment. Inquire elevator man.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Large front room; private house; low Summer rates.

82D, 109 WEST.—Nicely furnished room; suitable two. Koenig.

82D, 33 WEST.—Rent beautiful front room, suitable business couple; bath; references.

82D, 152 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive rooms; southern exposure; all conveniences; terms very reasonable.

87TH ST., 138 WEST.—Beautiful, large room; electricity; parquet floor; private bath; extra lavatory; kitchenette; suitable to couple; also smaller rooms; refined, quiet house. Schuyler 3393.

87TH ST., 220 WEST.—Large, quiet room, overlooking the garden of the Belnord; bath and every convenience. Apt. D. Schuyler 10400.

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A.—HIGH-CLASS PEERLESS; SACRIFICE. Light six, 5-passenger, 1914, electric, improvements; extras include new shoes; fast, wonderful hill climber; cost $6,000; accept $850. Colgate, 305 West 79th.

SIMPLEX, 50, TOUR., 7-passenger, overhauled, repainted; electric system; practically new; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way & 63d St.

Macks, Fords, and Studebakers; trucks, delivery, and pleasure cars; in perfect condition; time payments acceptable. Lippard-Stewart Motor Sales Co., 136 West 52d St.

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ROSKAM-SCOTT CO., B'way & 63d St.

SIMPLEX ROADSTER; 38, with new body; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way & 63d St.

Reos, 1912, 1913, 1914, with and without self-starters.
Reo Motor Car Company, 19 West 62d St.

MERCER RACEABOUT, repainted, overhauled; like new. Roskam-Scott Co., B'way & 63d St.

Overlond Roadster, taken in exchange.
Big bargain..............................$350
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BARGAIN. Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

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Reo Touring, 1914, like new; BARGAIN.
Reo Co., 19 West 62d St.

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EGIDI AUTO SERVICE.
Pierce-Arrows, Packards, Renaults,
By Hour, Day, or Week.
Special Rates Monthly and Yearly Contracts.
Phone 774 Circle. 123 West 52d St.

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Pierce-Arrows, Packards, Renaults,
By Hour, Day, or Week.
Special Rates Monthly and Yearly Contracts.
Phone 774 Circle. 123 West 52d St.

Most beautiful 7-passenger Packard limousine, landaulet, in New York for season; this is an exceptionally pretty appointed car for high-class people and must be seen to be appreciated. W 14 Times.

For Rent—Packard 5-passenger landaulet or touring; reasonable. Duff, 127 East 83d St. or phone Lenox 6073.

Practically new Packard touring; $2.50 hourly; experienced owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

Packard, 1912 touring, 7-passenger; like new; special price for race track. Phone 5078 Columbus.

Packard-Pierce Arrow 1915 cars; rent month or year. Karp, 1,790 B'way. 9869 Col.

For Hire—1915 Packards, day, week, or months. Phone 7452 Plaza. Wilmarth.

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For Hire—7-passenger car, monthly; owner drives; reasonable. Kirstien. Schuyler 7169.

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Highest prices paid for Packard, Pierce-Arrow cars. Karp, 1,790 B'way. Col. 9869.

Automobile Instruction.

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 802 W. 57th St
Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. Special class for women.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

88TH, 254 WEST.—Attractive room; private house; all improvements.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, private baths; Summer rates; electricity; telephone.

253 WEST 93D, (BROADWAY.)
Handsomely furnished large rooms, adjoining bath.

94TH, 315 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Attractive rooms in elevator apartment; reasonable. Inquire Ruchmoore.

94TH, 161 WEST.—Rooms, private house, all conveniences; gentlemen.

95TH, 38 WEST.—New house, attractively furnished; private bath; electricity; phone; exclusive residential section.

97TH ST., 251 WEST.—Front parlor and bedroom; near 96th St. Subway; no other rooms. Graves.

98TH, 254 WEST.—Large room, private bath; elegantly kept; gentlemen or couple. Apt. 7.

101ST, 16 WEST.—Attractive parlor suite; rooms, $3; telephone, electricity; housekeeping, $7. McNamara.

103D, 128 WEST.—Beautiful, large; elegantly furnished; everything you're looking for; Summer rates.

111TH, 605 WEST.—Inviting, airy room; refinement; gentleman; tel. 4740 Morningside. Talbot.

111TH ST, 515 WEST.—Pleasant double room; high-class elevator. Apartment 6.

112TH, 511 WEST.—Nicely furnished, cool room; elevator; absolute cleanliness; electricity. Macdonald.

113TH, 501 WEST.—Ideal Summer rooms; single, double; housekeeping privilege; reasonable. Cochran.

115TH, 606 WEST.
Exceptionally attractive rooms; elevator apartment; all conveniences; business men preferred.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Suite, large double, single rooms; elevator; shower; reasonable. Apartment 32.

121ST, 148 WEST.—Handsome large room; southern exposure; all conveniences; Americans.

122D, 540 WEST.—Attractive corner rooms; fine outlook; elevator; references. Apt. 61.

124TH, 64 WEST.—Attractive room; elevator apartment; private family; refined surroundings. Call piano store, 313 Lenox Av., near 125th.

124TH ST., 437 WEST.—Sunny single room to refined person; every convenience; in a modern apartment. Apartment 42.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Attractive outside room; private family. Richmond.

184TH, 601 WEST.—Outside room, small family, for permanent, well-bred lodger. Wright.

"ALLERTON HOUSE," FOR BACHELORS,
302 West 22d St., also 138 East 38th St.
The delightful comforts of the home and the genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new 12-story building, roof garden, private showers, billiard room, library and lounge; no tipping; running water in every room; single rooms, $4 to $8 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $4 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 2,880, (112th.)—Two very desirable, well ventilated rooms, adjoining bath, with shower; high class apartment; gentlemen; references; reasonable. Telephone 3903 Morningside. Apartment 8.

CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS.—Beautiful bedroom, sitting room; view Morningside Park; ladies preferred; reasonable. 414 West 118th. Brewer.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, (66th St.)—Charming room, overlooking park; private lavatory; exclusive apartment building; excellent transportation. Col. 7915.

HAMILTON TERRACE, 11, near 141st, Convent Av.—Fine outside room, $2.50; residence.

ONE AND TWO ROOMS,
each with bath, at 420 West 116th St., furnished; rentals at $25 per month and upward, including service. Phone 5800 Morning.

PRIVATE FAMILY, remaining in city for Summer, would rent delightful cool room; river view; reasonable. 301 West 109th. Apt. 6B. Phone 7234 River.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (97th St.)—Corner front room, overlooking Drive; refined gentleman; breakfast. Apt. 3B. Phone 5368 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 587, (137th St. Subway.)—Rooms; high-class accommodations; hotel service. Apartment 4D.

S. E. COR. 118TH ST. AND ST. NICHOLAS Av.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without bath, from $6 to $10 per week; full hotel and elevator service; restaurant; very moderately priced.

700 WEST END AV., (94TH.)
Exceptionally attractive suite; piano; lavatory; breakfast; Summer rates; Subway. 9845 Riverside. Britten.

WEST END, 611.—Delightful room; running water, electricity; private family; 91st Subway.

WEST END AV., 543.—Room; private bath; also small room; reasonable; reference.

Bronx.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 1,019.—Large, light, airy room to let; private family; $2.50 weekly. M. Stuhrberg.

Long Island.

Edgemere, L. I.—Private family will rent 2 furnished rooms; bath; near beach. M 61 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Bachelor's room and bath; all conveniences; unfurnished. Sattler, 222 West 46th St.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

YOUNG MAN wants neatly furnished room, west side, private family; no other roomers; conveniences; best references. W 21 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

Fifteen cents an agate line.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Beginner; excellent penman, accurate at figures; moderate salary. Matilda Halperin, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2994.

BOOKKEEPER, TYPIST.—Eight years' experience corporation controlling accounts; versed up-to-date methods; Christian; $15. K 362 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; trial balance; controlling accounts; dependable; $10. L 301 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; capable, industrious; practical experience; salary, $10. S 40 Times.

COMPANION to good family; Miss Jakubowski, young, nice appearance, intelligent; European education, expert in cleaning of apartment, good companion of neat lady, looks for a position in American house; also with children. Write me, care of Mrs. Anna Mirski, 116 East 10th St.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic French dressmaker, designer, wishes work by day in private families. Mlle. Marguerite, 259 West 88th. 501 River.

GOVERNESS, German, experienced, good sewer, physical care, wishes position; highest city references. G. H., 235 East 60th.

GOVERNESS, experienced, German, English branches, French, music, physical care. Berent, 333 West 23d St.

HOUSEWORKER.—Lady giving up her home wishes a place as general houseworker for her maid, whom she can highly recommend; city or country. Walsh, 59 East 64th St. Telephone 3447 Plaza.

LAUNDRESS, first class, wants family hamper at home; ladies', children's wear specialty; prompt delivery. 469 Amity St., Flushing.

RESPECTABLE WOMAN wishes few hours' work daily; best references. 26 East 62d.

STENOGRAPHER.—Thoroughly qualified stenographer; Eastman graduate; knowledge of accounts; good handwriting; neat in appearance; hard worker; $7 per week. Miss F., 36 West 123d St. Phone 518 Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good English education; take dictation rapidly; neat, accurate typist; pleasing personality; lives with parents; $8. Miss Margaret Kavanaugh, 224 West 42d St. Phone 1319 Bryant.

STENOGRAPHER, Christian; considerable experience; competent; good speller; punctuate, paragraph letters; intelligent; good education; references; $6. A 312 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Reliable, alert, cultured, capable mastering technicalities grammatically; neat; four years' machinery, architectural experience; $10. A 311 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Knowledge bookkeeping, businesslike, quick comprehension, uses good judgment; take 100 words minute, transcribing accurately; $10. L 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, with 3 years' general experience, desires opportunity with law firm; willing to accept small salary to begin if advancement is assured. L 310 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter, experienced; takes rapid dictation; best of references; familiar with office detail. J. T., Box 125 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Age 23; Christian; accustomed responsibility; four years' technical experience; good grammarian, speller; $10; references. K 347 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; ambitious; high school graduate; six years' experience; salary, $10-$12. M. S., 155 Leonard St., Jersey City, N. J.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; American; high school graduate; six months' experience; neat, rapid, accurate; no agency; $8. L 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, 2 years' experience, wishes position with first-class concern; wages moderate. B. S., 900 7th Av.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Conscientious, reliable, original thinker; broad, practical experience; $10. T. D., 229 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; thoroughly competent; familiar office details; $12. L 300 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper; 4 years' experience; references furnished; $11. A 308 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; thoroughly competent; 7 months' experience; salary; $7. L 295 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; neat, rapid beginner; willing, intelligent worker; no agents; $6. L 244 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, American; five years' experience; salary, $10. Helen Hohly, 3,456 Broadway.

YOUNG LADY, fluent interpreter, translator, correspondent, Italian, French, Spanish, English, or office assistant. Zucchino, 39 West Washington Square.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

CAPABLE HOUSEWORKERS.—Experienced colored girls, good cooks; city, country; best references; other first-class servants supplied. Telephone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COOKS, English, Scotch, Irish, $30-$35; waitresses, chambermaids, nurses, laundresses, houseworkers; (cook, waitress, together, $30-$25.) Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., (75th St.) Schuyler 9136.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

White, Southern colored, couples; institution nurses, attendants; male and female; city or country. Noel Agency, 77 W. 11th St. 7656 Chelsea.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

A REFINED WOMAN, over 30, travel; brains more essential than experience; salary and commission; expenses advanced. Room 1,014, 225 5th Av.

ASS'T. SUPT WANTED.—A COMPETENT FEMALE ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT for the Sanitarium for Hebrew Children; no applications will be considered excepting from those who have had experience and who come properly recommended; no personal interview will be granted, but all letters of qualifications should be sent to Mr. H. N. Kohn, Treasurer, No. 356 2d Av., New York.

COLLEGE or Normal School graduate to teach primary grade in up-to-date institution school; experienced preferred; bring credentials. Apply personally at 470 West 145th St., between 6 and 7 P. M.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MAIL ORDER SHOPPERS.
Apply at Employment Office, 5th floor, 32d St. side.

TWO WOMEN wanted of strong personality, culture, and executive ability to take charge of two small groups of children in a Jewish orphan asylum of the very highest type; good salary. Apply at 6 P. M. sharp at 470 West 145th St.

WOMAN wanted to take care of two children, girl 5, boy 2 years old. Call or phone Mrs. Scribner, Bronxville, N. Y. Phone 1023 Bronxville.

WORKING HOUSEKEEPER.—Business couple; good home, small wages. Write F., 2,732 Broadway.

Employment Agencies.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

E. W. CARPENTER EXCHANGE,
SINGER BUILDING.
MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR, experienced stenographer, $15.
STENOGRAPHERS.—(1) with bank experience, $15; (1) experienced in wholesale coal, $20.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church St.
FILE CLERK with knowledge of German; $15.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES
at a reliable school. Registered and inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments.
PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country. Open all Summer.

FILING.—The only office vocation for women where the supply does not exceed the demand. Day, evening, and correspondence courses. New York School of Filing, Singer Building, New York.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Pearls, Diamonds, Silver Antiques; Provident tickets purchased. Robert Ensko, 598 Madison Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

Fifteen cents an agate line.

A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Balances, audits, $5 monthly, upward; books systematized, opened, closed. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone John 2351.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits; simplified systems installed that show earnings and expenses in detail; leaks stopped; keeps you informed of results; charges reasonable; interview solicited. Fleming, 85 Nassau St.; phone, Cortlandt 1330.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
will give all matters in the line of an accountant prompt attention. Long experience. Theodore Pentlarge, 52 Broadway. Telephone.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED,
Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

ACCOUNTANT desires connections; capable, reliable, trustworthy; excellent ability. J 479 Times Downtown.

BALLPLAYER.—23, minor league experience, wishes position with manufacturing concern; have 3 years' high school education; will play for concern's ball club. L 273 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (30;) Christian; thoroughly competent accountant; experienced pay rolls, financial statements, corporation work, signing checks; present charge accounting department; quick, accurate; no automat. W 29 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, stenographer, (28,) ten years' experience; filled executive position; thoroughly familiar with modern accounting; references. Charles Gilbert, 1,270 New York Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer, correspondent; 28; eight years' experience; capable of taking charge; references; bond; salary $20. A. Fischer, 21 West 118th St., care of Harris.

BOOKKEEPER, (33;) expert, energetic, efficient; thorough knowledge wholesale grocery prices, conditions; clean record; unemployed; moderate salary. L 300 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (A1,) OFFICE MAN, WITH SELLING EXPERIENCE; WELL APPEARING; EXCELLENT REFERENCES; AGED 27. T 157 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPER, 27; excellent ability; thoroughly capable, reliable, trustworthy; references. C 582 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Typist, bill clerk; 2 years' experience; $8; Christian. K 334 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, Credit Man, thoroughly experienced, capable; moderate salary. T 29 Times.

BUTLER and VALET, Austrian, best references, wishes position. Taschler, 165 East 88th St.

CARETAKER.—Japanese wishes take entire charge bachelor's apartment; capable; excellent reference. Write Saki, 1,335 3d Av.

CHAUFFEUR, automobile machinist, long shop and road experience, wishes change; excellent private family and shop references; does all repairs; willing and obliging; late on Packard; Pierce-Arrow, Fiat, Peerless, Benz; any car. Saas, 420 East 79th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; 5 years' experience all makes of cars; will gladly give one week's demonstration; best of reference; will go anywhere N. Y. and N. J.; hustler. Edw. Hauschild, 725 Lexington Av.

CHAUFFEUR, (28,) Swedish, desires position private family; drive and repair any car; at present employed; references. Lofgreen, 144 East 58th St. Plaza 7752.

CHAUFFEUR, seven years' experience, wishes position; city or country; do own repairs. Martin Jacobsen, 302 West 64th St., Acme Garage, city.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, electrician; 10 years' experience foreign and domestic cars; do all repairs; best references. W 22 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, Swiss, 14 years' best references, seeks first-class position only. Haltiner, 240 West 55th St.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, driver truck; Irish; good references. M. L., 136 Times.

CLEANER.—Vacuum cleaning, general cleaning; experienced cleaner; references; hour, day. Sutton, 118 West 136th. Telephone 3328 Morningside.

COLLECTOR, real estate, 22, experienced collector and general clerk; familiar with repairs; moderate salary. Schwank, 604 West 146th.

COUPLE desires positions country hotel or club; experienced typist, bookkeepers, cashiers; both good appearance and education; best references. Address Wayland, 334 West 23d St.

ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.—Experienced in steam or gas engines, motor boats, automobile and ice plants; A1 references. X 271 Times Annex.

GARDENER.—A first-class, thoroughly competent and practical man seeks an engagement. T 101 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY
to international executive desires change; college man; unusual equipment; excellent credentials; age 30; annual salary, $1,800. W 30 Times.

PUBLIC UTILITIES.
Advertiser, having considerable experience as Secretary, Treasurer, and auditor of street railway, gas, and electric corporations, also with their financing and sale of securities, wishes to connect with reliable banking or other firm controlling such companies; first-class credentials. L 311 Times Downtown.

REPORTER.—An educated, vigorously healthy young man, newspaper reporter and correspondent, offers his services, for maintenance, to any worthy project, preferably exploration or social work. X 290 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, commanding personality, speaking German language, aged 28; willing to travel; would consider advertising position—write copy, solicit, &c. O. Brinke, 200 West 96th St.

SHIPPING CLERK, experienced, capable, wishes connection with reliable concern. L 294 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, correspondent; ten years' experience manufacturing line, claim department railroad; excellent references; moderate salary. L 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and office assistant; familiar with bookkeeping; practical and varied experience; educated American; good address; $10. L 306 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wishes to connect with reliable firm; moderate salary. Charles Vavra, 37 East 58th St. Phone Plaza 2993.

STOCKS.—Position wanted in a N. Y. Stock Exchange house by man capable to fill any position in same, cashier, bookkeeper, &c.; 25 years' practical experience; married; references unquestionable. Experienced, L 304 Times Downtown.

TIMEKEEPER.—Young man, 31 years old, of very good habits, has had several years' experience as a timekeeper, would like to secure position in same line; can give first-class references from former employers. D 284 Times Downtown.

TUTOR.—College student desires tutorial position for Summer; best references. T 161 Times.

VALET.—Take entire charge of gentleman's apartment; references. Sugi, 28 East 55th.

VISITING VALET.—Englishman; will be glad to render valeting service to any gentleman residing in or near city during the Summer; can furnish a number of references. G. King, 875 Park Av.

WHAT HAVE YOU TO OFFER?
Man with thorough knowledge of department store business seeks position; have had a number of years' experience with large department stores; my references are of the best; any one desirous of securing a competent, efficient man will do well to address William A. Farrier, 822 Quincy St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) five years' experience office and sales department manufacturing concern desires position; highest credentials. W 12 Times.

YOUNG MAN (19) wishes position in hardware store or anything; experience. Roehrig, 1,910 Amethyst St., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN desires position with reliable firm; advancement. Panzer, 1,844 Crotona Av.

YOUTH, (age 16½,) desires position with firm of architects or similar occupation where expert drawing will be appreciated; highest references exchanged. W 16 Times.

YOUNG MAN, educated, versatile, seeks opening; salary subordinate; highest credentials. L 313 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

ACCOUNTANT, with credit collections and executive ability, not under 28; must be forceful and of good address. Replies should fully state business experience, personal details, and salary expected. D 285 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICITORS.—Active, intelligent men, sober and industrious, to solicit advertisements for very popular propositions; excellent opportunity; commission. Apply from 9-12 A. M., Room 1,004, 738 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

A STRICTLY COMMERCIAL STATIONERY house awaits a young man experienced in this line to assist in waiting on customers. Address, giving salary desired and past experience, Inky, L 308 Times Downtown.

ELECTRIC SIGN
salesmen with successful records; commission. W 9 Times.

MECHANIC.—A first-class, practical mechanic, competent to inspect and make repairs to conveyors and machinery in a large plant; references required. W 26 Times.

SALESMAN.—If your salary is unsatisfactory why not take up a side line? Your friends and every one needs Roasted Coffee and you can make a liberal commission; references. W 24 Times.

SALESMEN wanted for New York State, Pennsylvania, and New England; good side line; commission basis; state experience. X 291 Times Annex.

Lost and Found

Forty-five cents an agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Lady's open faced gold watch; monogram "H. H. P.," gold fob attached, on Wednesday near Pier 38, N. R. Return to D. Hallock, care Coy, Hunt & Co., 15 East 4th St., city; reward.

LOST—Sunday afternoon, between 2 and 6, at Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, gold lorgnette; reward. Return Baber, Hotel Gramatan, Bronxville, N. Y.

LOST—Plain solitaire diamond ring; valuable associations; liberal reward. Maas, 414 West 120th.

LOST—Bankbook No. 274,476. Finder kindly return to Franklin Savings Bank, 42d St. and 8th Av.

LOST—Pearl and sapphire bar pin, between Penn Station, Shubert Theatre, and Astor Hotel; liberal reward. W 23 Times.

LOST—Calibre ruby and diamond brooch; reward. Communicate with Paul Rude, 37 Wall St.

LOST—Within two weeks, 3 large pearls; reward if returned. W 15 Times.

$1,000 reward will be paid by Dominick G. Riley, 27 Cedar Street, (Phone 3213 John, Night 624 Coney Island,) for return of Fleur-de-Lys pin, lost Della Robbia Room, Hotel Vanderbilt, Friday night, April 9, 1915; no questions asked; any communication treated strictly confidential.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—A small male dog, breed Griffon, long-haired, color tan; $25 reward. Apply 54 Park Av., Manhattan.

LOST—Sunday collie dog, (male,) about five months' old; "Sandy"; reward. Whitaker, 656 West 178th St.

$5 REWARD.—Small dog, reddish brown and white hair; "Bunkie." Martin, 311 W. 94.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:
There will be exposed for sale at public auction at the office of the undersigned, Room 901, 52 William Street, New York City, May 22nd, 1915, at 10 A. M., all the right, title and interest which Burritt S. Mills had on December 2nd, 1913, in and to the estate of his grandfather, James D. Layng, deceased.
J. GARFIELD MOSES, Attorney at Law,
52 William Street, New York City.

HAVE WITHDRAWN FROM THE FIRM of H. F. & H. CLOAK CO. of 35 Goerck St. and am not responsible for any debts of Handel & Feirberg, successors.
HILLEL HANER.

MY DARLING HUSBAND, don't leave me in this terrible suspense. Give address to box number at bottom of advertisement, so I can come to you; cannot stand it much longer. X 289 Times Annex.

ROBERT DANCHIG OF FIRM HAMBURGER & DANCHIG, 2,342 1st Av., has sold his entire share to Mendel Hamburger.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BUSINESS CHANCE.—A THOROUGHLY RELIABLE MOTOR EXPRESS COMPANY WISH TO DISPOSE OF THEIR BUSINESS; THIS IS AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY AND WILL STAND INVESTIGATION; GOOD REASONS FOR SELLING; PRICE $16,000. ADDRESS BOX X 286 TIMES ANNEX.

DO YOU WANT TO SELL
YOUR BUSINESS?
We buy entire stocks of retailers or manufacturers and pay cash for same. Leases considered. All matters confidential. Write full particulars ELLIS DEPARTMENT STORE, White Plains, N. Y.

For Sale For Cash.—Owing to the dissolution of partnership, established loan office of 20 years; loans averaging $250,000 per annum; will sell at inventory price; subject to inspection; parties interested can communicate with P. O. Box 736, Baltimore, Md.

Established wholesale business, selling $30,000 yearly, rated accounts, desirous of assigning bills without notification, offers liberal proposition, affording handsome weekly income. H. G., Times Downtown.

Dealer, leaf tobacco, 25 years' experience; large connection with the cream of the trade, desires partner with financial backing; can show good profits and low risks. Box F Times, 2 Rector St.

Newspaper man of experience who can invest $10,000 to $20,000 wanted to direct flourishing suburban daily; dividends guaranteed; exceptional opportunity. T 143 Times.

Experienced sales manager wanted for manufacturer expensive product; opportunity limited only by capability; investment $2,000 required. W 17 Times.

Manufacturer of metal toys desires a partner who can invest $5,000; can show results. L 312 Times Downtown

Party with $5,000 can secure one-half interest profitable music-publishing business. Advertising Agent, Room 507, 1,416 Broadway.

Manufacturing business requires Treasurer with capital; Dun's references furnished. Excellent, X 256 Times Annex.

Successful patent, automobile wheel, very practicable, is for sale. X 288 Times Annex.

Man wanted with $8,000 for business; big returns; legitimate. W. 27 Times.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BECHET, 50 West 46th St.—Diamonds bought for cash from responsible people or estates.

Business Loans.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Printing and Multigraphing.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 200, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9. G. R. Weatherford, 120 B'way. Room 1,131 Equitable Building. Rector 4543.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Antique objects, fans, on sale, Casa Maria, 251 West 14th; property Spanish lady of noble family; seen 3 to 5.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St. }
956 Broadway, at 23d St. } TEL.
819 Broadway, cor. Thomas St. } 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. } FRANKLIN.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6358 Cortlandt.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

SALESMAN.—Experienced resident salesman wanted to represent large pencil concern in New York City; a man who can sell advertising pencils to the leading firms. Give full information, past and present employment, references, &c.; 20 per cent. commission. Address the Asst. Supt., Box 276, Johnstown, Penn.

SALESMAN, experienced, sell metal polish and cover other good household specialties to grocery, housefurnishings, hardware, stationery, automobile trade and drug trade; good opportunity; salary, commission. Address by letter, L 947 2d Av.

SALESMAN.—Energetic salesman to learn to sell bungalows and bungalow sites; near water; commission. Albert Edwards, 41 Park Row.

SALESMAN WANTED.—Japanese hemp braid; on straight commission; experienced only considered. Importers, M 59 Times.

SALESMEN, with electric sign experience; commission. W 8 Times.

SIGN SALESMEN
with electric sign experience; commission. W 10 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office work; must have high school training. State age, experience, and salary desired. L 303 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

Forty-five cents an agate line.

BOWTELL'S BUSINESS BRAIN BUREAU,
170 Broadway.
No Registration. Non-Philanthropic.
STENOGRAPHERS.—Several high-grade openings for young men; $12, $15, $18, $20, $25.

BOYS!! BOYS!!! BOYS!!
Wanted for office positions, 15, 16, 17 years; high school training; good references; good penmen; $6.00-$7.00.
WILLIS HAWLEY EXCHANGE, (Agency,)
7034 Main. 50 Court St., Brooklyn.

E. W. CARPENTER EXCHANGE,
SINGER BUILDING.
MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.—(1) for difficult sales position, West, $2,000 or over; (1) sales correspondent, $1,800-$2,000.
STENOGRAPHER, railroad office, $15.
BOOKKEEPERS, (2,) experienced, with gas or electric company, $70 to $80.

Instruction.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY, photo engraving; earn $25 to $100 weekly; practical work; installments. N. Y. Institute of Photography, 1,269 Broadway.

Men, write for free booklet, MECHANICAL DENTISTRY taught in 3 months; any hour day or night; no book study; easy payments.
THE DENTAL SCHOOL OF AMERICA.
(First and Greatest.) 27 W. 45th St.

MEN—EARN $25 TO $75 WEEKLY.
Great demand for mechanical dentists.
BODEE'S DENTAL TRADE SCHOOL.
EST. 1892. 15 West 44th. Visitors invited.
OLDEST—LARGEST—MOST RELIABLE.

SLIPS SHOW GUNMEN PHONED TO ROFRANO

Record of Messages Sent from Assassin's Hiding Place to Deputy Commissioner.

POLITICS BEHIND KILLING

Witness Repeats That Rocks Cornell Said Foley's Rival Wanted Giamari Murdered.

When the trial of Gaetano Montimagno for the murder of Mike Giamari was resumed yesterday morning in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court, Joseph La Salle, the Sing Sing prisoner who testified on Tuesday that he overheard Montimagno and others plotting Giamari's death in expectancy of pay for the murder from Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner Michael A. Rofrano, continued his testimony under cross-examination by Caesar Barra, counsel for Montimagno. The courtroom was filled with rival Foley and Rofrano adherents.

La Salle again brought Rofrano's name into the murder plot, saying that Rofrano's man, Rocco Carnivale, had told him that Rofrano wanted Giamari dead because he was swinging too many Italian votes to Tom Foley's side in the Second Assembly District. He said that Robert H. Elder, the lawyer who represented him and his brother, Anthony La Salle, when they were tried for the murder of James Minott, had told him to lie and to withhold information.

"I have not read the record of the testimony," said Mr. Elder last night, "but anything La Salle may have said in reference to myself is of no importance to me."

La Salle's Story Upheld in Part.

Pauline Samuels, who lived with Carnivale in the apartment where La Salle took refuge last January, admitted on the stand that Carnivale, Frank Fennimore, Montimagno, and La Salle had assembled in the apartment, which is at 5,211 New Utrecht Avenue, Brooklyn, but she denied that she had heard any of them plotting the death of Giamari or using Rofrano's name. The fact of the telephone conversations told of by La Salle was established by four girls employed as telephone operators by the New York Telephone Company in the Bath Beach Exchange. They identified slips made out by them showing telephone calls from Borough Park 2433, the number of the telephone in the Samuels-Carnivale flat, to Worth 4240, the Street Cleaning Department, and to Orchard 2235, the Home Rule Democratic Club.

When court opened Joseph La Salle took the stand and Mr. Barra made him repeat that part of his Tuesday's testimony in which he fixed the time of his alleged conversations with Rocco Carnivale, known as "Rocks Cornell," in which Rofrano's name was mentioned. La Salle said that these conversations had occurred in the New Utrecht Avenue Flat betwee Jan. 1 and Jan. 7, 1915 and again in the second week of February, when he returned to the flat after hiding in Troy, N. Y.

La Salle testified on Tuesday that he had killed Minott in self-defense and that he had not had a grudge against the man. Taking up a transcript of the testimony the witness gave at Anthony La Salle's trial, Mr. Barra said yesterday:

"On your brother's trial you testified that you hated Minott."

"What I testified at that time," La Salle answered, "I had been told to testify. Mr. Elder told me, 'You tell the court you disliked Jim Minott and say the reasons you got in trouble with him was on account of politicians.' He made me tell the court a whole bunch of lies. I told him he did not try Tony's case right and I told him, 'I don't want to stand trial after what you told me to testify at my brother's trial.'"

Later Mr. Barra asked the witness if at his brother's trial he had not denied seeing Rocks Carnivale and Frank Fennimore after the Minott killing, and La Salle admitted this, but added that he had followed Mr. Elder's instructions to leave the names of Carnivale and Fennimore out of his testimony. Questions by Assistant District Attorney Brothers brought out that Mr. Elder had represented Carnivale and Fennimore as well as La Salle, and that Carnivale had taken La Salle to Mr. Elder.

La Salle in Rofrano's Club.

Deputy Commissioner Rofrano's name came into La Salle's testimony shortly after this. The witness said he had known Rofrano for two years and was a member of Rofrano's Home Rule Club. In repeating his alleged conversations with Carnivale in which Rofrano's name was mentioned the witness said:

"Rocks told me Rofrano wanted Giamari killed because he was getting to be a big man and was getting all of the Italian votes for Foley."

When the murder of Giamari was under discussion at another time La Salle said Rocks warned Montimagno not "to make a bad job of it," and Montimagno replied:

"You know me, Rocks. This is not the first time. I done three or four jobs and I got away, and I'll make it my business to get away with this job. The first time I went after Mike Giamari I took a chance while he was walking with a big man. I meant to do a good job, but it didn't go right."

Charles Case, a Coney Island showman, said that La Salle spent a night or two in his house in West Sixteenth Street early in January, and again in February. La Salle had testified that he went to Case's home after leaving Carnivale's home about Jan. 7 and later before going back to Carnivale's home about Feb. 6. Matthew Ryan, the keeper of the West Side Prison, was called to testify regarding conversations he had with Montimagno in the jail, and after his brief testimony Pauline Samuels took the stand.

She said she had rented the flat in New Utrecht Avenue, Brooklyn, and that Carnivale had come to see her there frequently. She said she saw Rocks, Frank Fennimore, Montimagno, and La Salle, whom she knew as "Schepps," in the flat, but she was unable to fix the time within a month. She admitted, however, that La Salle had made one visit, and then another after several weeks' absence, and that she had learned he was a fugitive from justice.

She said that Carnivale had kept a revolver in the flat, but she could not describe the weapon further than that it was "long and black." She said she had seen the revolver every day until about two weeks before March 22, when she moved from New Utrecht Avenue, and that she had not seen it since. This testimony was in support of the State's theory that the weapon was used for the murder of Giamari on March 8 and left lying on the sidewalk near the victim. When the revolver was shown to the witness, however, she did not identify it.

"It looks something like Rocks's gun, but I'm not sure," she said.

Miss Samuels was positive that she had never overheard any of the men in her flat mention Rofrano's name or discuss the killing of Giamari. She said she had had a telephone in the apartment and that Rocks had used it, but denied that she had ever heard anything he said over it. She did not know what numbers he called, she said. She said she had never called either the Street Cleaning Department nor th Home Rule Club.

She testified that La Salle used the telephone once while hiding in her apartment, but she did not know to whom he talked or what he said.

Couldn't Identify Revolver.

At this point Mr. Barra produced a dark-colored revolver nearly as long as the one found by Giamari's body, but of .32, instead of .41 calibre. Both weapons were handed to the witness and she was asked if either was the revolver Carnivale had kept in her flat. She replied that she could not identify either, but that the revolver produced by the defense looked more like Carnivale's than the other.

Cella Golding, a telephone operator in the Bath Beach exchange, identified records showing that she had connected Borough Park 2433, the Samuels flat, with Worth 4240, the Street Cleaning Department, from 3:57 to 3:59 P. M. on Jan. 4 and again from 5:20 to 5:24 P. M. on Jan. 5.

Marguerite McConnell, another operator in the same exchange, by reference to slips, said that she had connected Borough Park 2433 with Orchard 2235, the Home Rule Club, twice on the night of Jan. 4, and that on the afternoon of that day she had connected the apartment telephone with Worth 4240.

Helen Kane, a third operator, identified a slip showing that she had connected Borough Park 2433 with Orchard 2235 on Jan. 8, and Sadie Sullivan identified two slips for telephone calls from the flat to Worth 4240 on the afternoons of Jan. 5 and 7.

When Court opens this morning at 10:30 o'clock the cross-examination of Pauline Samuels will probably be continued.

CALL FOR PEACE PRAYERS.

Bishops Appeal to Methodists—Condemn Preparedness for War.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—In behalf of the Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Bishop Earl Cranston of Washington made public today a special "Call to Prayer," appointed to be read in all the Methodist churches, in part, as follows:

"Not until we realize that, beneath all that appears, this war with its awful carnage is but a struggle for commercial supremacy, can we understand how alien to hereditary dynasties is the thought of the universal brotherhood of man. Every tradition and every instinct of imperialism is in constant friction with the rule of Christ.

"Let victory rest where it may after millions of brave hearts have ceased to beat, the vassalage of human souls to material wealth and power will remain the sure harbinger of other wars, of increasing deadliness as suborned science adds to the machinery of destruction, unless God shall mightily intervene by unseen forces whose strategies we may not discern, but whose existence and efficiency we dare not doubt.

"There are enough praying souls in America to call down a truce on every battle front if once they felt the agony of Christ's intercession. That our country is as yet free from the madness of strife should the more move us to importunate and increasing petition that God will make His voice to be everywhere heard again on land and sea.

"Only thus can we restrain among our own people the latent spirit of war that is already conjuring every untoward incident abroad into an intended insult to our flag. Only thus can we subdue the rising resentment of our own hearts against unjust foreign criticism of our nation at this crisis in its history.

"Not once a day only, nor merely when convenient, but in our every thought of God, in every pang that comes with tidings of fresh horrors, in every secret prayer for self and home and country, as well as in every public service, every session of Sunday school and Epworth League, alone or in companies, let the cry of our hearts incessantly ascend for the peace of Europe and the world. Let us teach the little children to pray for God's other little ones left fatherless, and many of them homeless.

"We want not preparedness for war, but preparedness for God and His peace, for the sheltering of our nation. We have a Christian President and about him in council are men who pray. Let our united faith also support their constant appeal to God for patience and poise and wisdom amid the storm of conflicting advices by which they are beset. Pray, pray, pray without ceasing!"

CANADIAN STEAMER SUNK.

Collides with a Government Submarine—Eight Lives Lost.

QUEBEC, May 19.—The little Government steamer Christine, which was sunk with a loss of eight lives in a collision off the Island of Orleans last night, was rammed by a Canadian submarine. Announcement to this effect was made here today.

How the submarine came to ram the steamer was not disclosed.

Captain Kennedy, who sustained a broken leg, is now in a hospital in this city. Among the dead are Odilon Larose, Michael Varon, and Willie Langlois of Levis, Quebec. The chief engineer, a resident of Montreal, is also believed to have perished.

The Christine sank within three minutes and the crew were unable to launch a lifeboat or don life preservers. Six of them were saved by another vessel.

The Christine was formerly Lord Strathcona's yacht, and was chartered by the naval authorities as an examination steamer.

DECRIES MILITANT TACTICS.

Mrs. McCormick Frowns on Badgering of President by Suffragists.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 19.—Disapproval of the attitude of the Congressional nion of Suffragists toward President Wilson was voiced today by Mrs. Medill McCormick, Chairman of the Congressional Committee of the National American Woman Suffrage Association. She said:

"Badgering of President Wilson at this time of national stress by members of the Congressional nUion of Suffragists is a form of militant activity and all good suffragists ought to protest against any such methods to obtain a hearing before the President.

"The President has too much of international importance on his mind to be worried by anything that can be spared him. He always has received delegations of suffragists most courteously when it was possible."

MENOCAL CHARGES LIBEL.

Editor Arrested for Attack on President of Cuba.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, May 19.—Enrique Mazas, editor of La Tribuna, was arrested today charged with libeling President Menocal in an article demanding that the President either resign his position as General Inspector of the Chappara Sugar Company or the Presidency of Cuba.

Mazas was sentenced to several years' imprisonment for assaulting Hugh Gibson, then First Secretary of the United States Legation. President Menocal recently pardoned him for that offense after he had served nearly two years. Mazas had just started his paper, the alleged libel appearing today in the second issue.

IN NEW JERSEY.

BAYONNE.—Following the receipt of letters demanding $2,000 blackmail, an attempt was made yesterday to wreck the drug store of Alfonso de Murcurio, at 553 Avenue C. A bomb exploded in the hallway early in the morning, arousing sleeping tenants and doing $1,000 damage to the store.

HACKENSACK.—While working about a pond near here yesterday afternoon, Thomas Zampina of Bergen Turnpike, Fairview, fell in and was drowned.

PASSAIC.—Elmer Thompson of 122 Howe Avenue committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the cafe of the Passaic City Hotel. Thompson was an engraver and unmarried. No cause can be assigned for his act.

EAST ORANGE.—"Woman Suffrage" will be the subject of a debate in the High School Friday night. As all the girls in the school are opposed to women voting, it was necessary to find young men to speak in favor of suffrage.

MONTCLAIR.—These officers of the Montclair Civic Association were elected last night: James H. Kennedy, a New York publisher, President; W. I. L. Adams, First Vice President; Mrs. James A. Ryan, Second Vice President; Dallas Flannagan, Third Vice President; W. L. Ludham, Secretary, and Ralph T. Crane, Treasurer.

SALEM.—William B. Guest, former Water Supply Superintendent here, was arrested yesterday on a charge of attempting to rob the store of T. G. Dunn & Son. He was recently paroled from State prison, to which he was sent to serve seven years for embezzling funds of the city.

TRENTON.—On Tuesday, which is New Jersey Day at the San Francisco Exposition, there will be a celebration here. At the State House arrangements have been made so that guests can hear Governor Fielder speaking at the Exposition. They will also listen to a speech by Governor Johnson of California.

TOOK A MAN'S LIFE FOR REWARD OF $200

Flack, Under Sentence of Death, Tells of Killing Marino at Jealous Italian's Behest.

SUBSTITUTE SLAYER READY

Orendack at Leggio Trial Says He Would Have Done the Murder if Flack Failed.

Two men told Judge Nott and a jury in General Sessions yesterday of their willingness to commit murder for $200. One of them, William Flack, 22 years old, acknowledged that he carried out the commission, but he never got the money. From the death house in Sing Sing Prison he was brought here under a special act of the Legislature to testify against Angelo Leggio, who is charged with hiring him to kill Giuseppi Marino at 634 East Thirteenth Street on April 8, 1914.

John Orendach, 20 years old, a friend of Flack, testified that he was ready to commit the murder "in case Willy got cold feet." Orendach will receive immunity from the District Attorney for his testimony. Since the murder he has been held as a material witness in the House of Detention.

With his father present in the court room, Flack described yesterday the killing of Marino and told of the events which led up to the murder. He said that he had decided to make a clean breast of the matter after a conference with Father Cashin in the death house, although he knew that he could expect no mitigation of the sentence which had been pronounced on him. So he sent for Assistant District Attorney Allen G. Wellman, who prosecuted him, and told his story. Mr. Wellman conferred with Governor Whitman and arranged for the passage of a law whereby for the first time in the history of the State a man under sentence of death might be taken from the death house to give testimony.

Flack told of a meeting with Leggio which was brought about by a man known as "Patsy." According to Flack, Patsy told him that Leggio wanted Marino, who had stolen his girl, Louisa Macalusa, put out of the way.

"Patsy and Leggio had a conversation in Italian," Flack said, "and then Patsy told me that I was to get $200 for the murder of Marino. They said they would let me know when to pull it off. While we were talking Leggio showed me a roll of bills and said the $200 would come out of that.

"A week later, on April 8, I met Leggio and Patsy in front of the Norwood Club, at 639 East Thirteenth Street. Patsy told me that Marino and the girl were in his rooms. We got a couple of other men, including John Orendach, and went to the place. We found Marino and the girl seated at a table. Patsy beckoned to us and we all left the room. On the street he said it was too early to do the trick and that I had better walk around for an hour or so and then return.

"About midnight we went back to the flat. I had a revolver which Leggio had given me. We listened at the door and heard no noise. Then we burst open the door, and from the light shining from the street lamps I saw Marino in bed with the girl. I fired one shot at him. Then I ran down into the street. I walked to an east side dock and threw the revolver into the river and then returned to the club, just opposite the one in which Marino was killed.

"The next morning I crossed the street and, climbing up on the transom, I saw Marino's body in the bed. There was a padlock on the door. The next day, Friday, I went over again and looked through the transom and saw the body. That night I sent two of the fellows from the club to notify the police and again went over and was there when the policemen forced in the door and found the body. They arrested me."

Flack, in reply to questions by Judge Nott, said that he never saw Leggio after the shooting and never got any of the money.

"Why did you go back to the house?" Judge Nott asked.

"Because I wanted to see if the body was still there."

"Why did you go back the second time?"

"Because it worried me. I wanted to see if the body had been taken away."

"Why did you make this confession?"

"Because I did not want to go to the electric chair with a lie on my heart."

Leggio's counsel, ex-Senator J. D. McClelland, on cross examination, made the witness demonstrate how he shot Marino. His testimony was unshaken.

John Orendach, the other candidate for the task of killing Marino, said he did not know Leggio until Leggio beckoned to him on the street about three days before the murder. At that time, he said, Leggio showed him a roll of bills. He had heard, he testified, from Patsy that Leggio wanted a man to kill Marino.

"Leggio said that he was afriad Flack would lose his nerve," Orendach said, "so he wanted a substitute. I was ready to do it in case Flack backed out."

"Would you have committed the murder if Flack weakened?" Assistant District Attorney Wellman asked.

"Sure, I would have done the job for $200."

"You don't want to see Flack go to the electric chair, do you?"

"No."

"Would you tell the truth if you saw the electric chair before you—if it meant Flack's death?"

"Yes, I have told the truth and would do so under any circumstances."

After Orendach's cross-examination Mr. Wellman announced that the people rested. The defense will begin at 10:30 o'clock this morning, and they hope to have their evidence in today.

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